WEEKLY

ANAHEIM GAZETTE.

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WEEKLY GAZETTE.

Established 1870.

SATURDAY.....JANUARY 4, 1879.

For Terms, see Fourth Page.

Dr. W. N. HARDIN,

Office and Residence, Corner Los Angeles and Sycamore Streets,

Anaheim. Cal.

J. H. YOCUM, M. D.,

Physician & Surgeon.

Office and Residence Corner Centre and Palm Streets, With office hours at Blanken's Drug Store, from 9 to 10 A. M., and 4 to 5 P. M.

Anaheim. Cal.

DR. ALICE HIGGINS,

PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON.

OFFICE—Corner of Lemon and Centre Streets

ANAHEIM.

Dr. J. N. BURTNETT.

Physician & Surgeon.

Santa Ana, Cal.

Graduate of Jefferson Medical College

DR. E. L. COWAN,

DENTIST,

HAS OPENED AN OFFICE IN THE UPPER part of Mrs. Metz's building, Los Angeles Street, Anaheim. Having had twenty years' experience, he can speak with confidence of his work. His scale of prices will be very low. He will be found in his office every day between the hours of 9 A. M. and 5 P. M.

ANAHEIM

DrugStore

IN CONSEQUENCE OF THE LARGE DEPOSITS of Gold and Silver lately discovered in the mountains close to Anaheim, the proprietor of the Anaheim Drug Store (established in 1870 by the learned Dr. D'Assenville, and so many years successfully carried on by Herman Blanken, Esq.) has made arrangements with an eminent tierman Chemist from the University of Leipsic to take charge of the Anaheim Drug Store. This gentleman will

Assay any Samples of Ore

And appraise precious stones for a small fixed sum, and during his leisure fill prescriptions at San Francisco prices. The Anaheim Drug Store, Lemon St.

RANNEY W. SCOTT. VICTOR MONTGOMERY.

SCOTT & MONTGOMERY,

Attorneys at Law.

PROBATE BUSINESS A SPECIALTY.

Anaheim.

Los Angeles County, Cal.

M. A. WICKS. MOYE WICKS.

WICKS & WICKS,

Attorneys at Law,

TEMPLE BLOCK,

LOS ANGELES, CAL.

(Dec7 2m)

R. W. SCOTT,

Notary Public.

SCOTT & MONTGOMERY'S OFFICE,

Kroeger's Block, Center Street, Anaheim.

L. GUNTHER,

Pioneer Boot and Shoe Maker,

Cor. Third and Los Angeles streets.

ANAHEIM.

GEORGE BAUER,

BOOT AND SHOE MAKER,

Los Angeles Street.

MAKING AND REPAIRING AT THE LOWEST cash prices. All orders promptly attended to. Work warranted.

P. C. McKINNIE,

Contractor and Builder.

Shop—On Centre Street, opposite residence.

CHARLES WILLE,

COOPERAGE.

Pipes, Barrels and Kegs on hand at all times. Tanks and Tubs made to order. Honey Barrels for sale cheap.

Anaheim Cooper Shop,

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J. WESTPHAL, - - Proprietor

ISAAC COHEN,

(Successor to Heimann & George),

KEEPS CONSTANTLY ON HAND THE LARGEST best and cheapest stock of dry-goods, fancy goods gents' and boys' clothing, shoes and boots, hats, trunks and valises. Also, groceries, provisions, crockery and hardware. Give me a trial. ISAAC COHEN.

A. G. BEEBE,

Commission Dealer,

AND SAN FRANCISCO

COMMISSION AGENCY,

Centre Street, - - - Anaheim

P. H. Look & Co.

PROPRIETORS OF

Washington Market

Centre Street.

Dealers in Beef,

MUTTON,

PORK, VEAL, HAMS, BACON,

Lard, etc., etc.

Highest Price Paid for Hides and Pelts

GIVE US A CALL.

Kleinigkeiten.

FROM WEDNESDAY'S SEMI-WEEKLY.

—Mr. D. W. Gelwicks returned last evening from his visit to San Francisco.

—The bell for the school house will arrive in a day or two, and be placed immediately in position.

—Anyone having a second-hand buggy which they wish to dispose of can hear of a purchaser by applying at this office.

—The regular meeting of the Magnolia Social Club, which was to have been held today, has been postponed until next Sunday at 1 o'clock P. M.

—In a contest between Los Angeles and Downey sportsmen last Saturday the former team killed 151 ducks and the Downey team 150. Each team was made up of six men.

—Wm. Bowden, formerly of the Santa Ana *News*, has commenced the publication of the *Daily Item* in San Bernardino. It is Democratic in politics.

—We regret to say that Mrs. Strodhoff is still very sick, and in a precarious condition. Mr. F. Conrad, who has been seriously ill for the past week, was yesterday decidedly better.

—Dr. Ellis has been advised by the manager of one of the large London banks of the safe arrival of a cask of Mr. Koenig's port wine. The wine was in fine condition, and gave great satisfaction.

—Mr. Ernest Ferguson will open his drug store next Monday. Mr. Boege is now painting the counters and shelves, and will probably be through in time to permit the establishment to be opened on the above named day.

—Capt. H. J. Johnston, who from time immemorial has been in command of the steamship Orizaba, died in San Francisco on Sunday. A few weeks ago he stumbled and fell, sustaining a rupture, from the effects of which he died.

—We are requested to state that the "Social," which was announced for Thursday evening, has been postponed, and will be held on Thursday week, the 9th inst., at the residence of the Rev. Mr. Trew. A cordial invitation is extended to every one.

—Henry Giroux, of Santa Monica, met with a painful accident last Friday. While building a chimney the scaffold gave way, and he was precipitated about twelve feet, breaking one of the bones in his right wrist and bruising his face.

—L. H. Titus has discovered a remedy for the red scale-bug, which is said to be effectual. A strong suds from the scrapings of a soap factory, with which is mixed a little blue vitriol, is thrown by a force-pump in a spray through the tree.—*Horticulturist.*

—The Anaheim GAZETTE, with commendable spirit, makes the most of the fact that Anaheim escaped the effects of the late frosts so destructive in other places, and it claims for Anaheim and vicinity a superiority over every other part of Southern California for the growth of orange, lemon and lime trees. —*Star.*

—To-day, resumption will be practically accomplished, and no distinction will hereafter be made between greenbacks and gold. The banks of the metropolis have notified their customers that they will make no separate deposits of gold and greenbacks, both being at par. Mr. Seibert, Cashier of the Bank of Anaheim, informs us that the same rule will also govern in that bank.

—The Cajon Irrigation Company failed to hold a meeting on last Saturday, not enough shares of stock being represented. In a letter to Mr. Langenberger, Mr. J. W. Shanklin, the President of the Company, says that it is probable he will visit the East sometime during the next month, and it is inferred that he will not come down here until his return.

—The three Chinamen who beat their fellow-prisoner in jail on Dec. 22d, had an examination yesterday before Justice Athearn. The prosecution was conducted by Messrs. Scott and Brunson and the defense by Mr. Lynill. The defendants were held over to appear before the Grand Jury, bail being fixed at $300 for each. The bail was furnished and the prisoners released.

—A San Diegan on a visit to Los Angeles writes a letter to his home paper, in which is the following paragraph: "I have failed to meet one single soul here who has not uttered complaints about the climate and the extreme changes connected with it, causing the dread diseases, known as diphtheria, pneumonia and lung fever—prevalent here at this season of the year."

—Our attention has been called to the last edition of the San Francisco Medical Directory of the Pacific Coast, and the fee bill adopted by the San Francisco Medical Society; and its publication, it has been suggested, would be of interest:

For one ordinary visit—$3 00 to $5 00.

For one night visit (from 10 P. M. to 7 A. M.—$5 to $10.

For additional patients in the same family extra charge.

For the first consultation—$10 to $20.

For each following consultation—$5 to $10.

N. B. Fees for consultation will be charged by the attending as well as the consulting physician.

For office advice in ordinary cases—$2 50

For special examination—$5 to $10.

For ordinary obstetrical cases—$25 to $50.

The above fee bill is similar to that adopted by the Medical Society of Alameda county and the Medical Society of Chicago.

The Weather.

The old year went out in a halo of glory. When one talks about "a halo of glory," he ordinarily means brilliant sunshine, Italian skies, odors of flowers and all that sort of thing, but we in Southern California know a "halo" worth two of that. Dark, gloomy days, gusty wind, and clouds copiously weeping are what in this country constitute delightful December weather, and drives away, instead of bringing on, the imaginative disease commonly known as "the blues."

Since last Friday it has been showery, although no great amount of rain has fallen. It has come down very gently, and the thirsty earth has absorbed the moisture as quickly as it fell. A heavier rain would not have done as much good, especially on the hill lands. Instead of soaking into the ground it would have run off, and failed to penetrate as deep as the gentle showers have done.

It is probable that before the skies resume their wonted brightness, enough rain will have fallen to put the most manageable land in a condition for the plow.

From Friday afternoon until 7 o'clock last evening, the rainfall was only 75-100 of an inch. If this measurement had not been made with a gauge of unimpeachable accuracy, we should be inclined to question whether it had registered all the rain. But Col. W. S. Davis, who kindly furnished us with the figures, uses the same kind of gauge as the U. S. Signal Service, and there can be no possible doubt that the figures are correct. We expect, however, to find that much more rain fell to the north of us, and it is probable that Mr. Saxton's report of the rainfall in Orangethorpe will confirm our views.

The caprice and vagaries of the rain is commented upon in the following paragraph from the *Herald* of yesterday:

"It has fallen much more heavily in some places in Los Angeles county than in others. Between Downey and Anaheim the rainfall has been at least twice that of the region about Downey. Another curious feature is that it rained for at least two days in this section while in the northern and central counties everything was clear skies."

—Some very absurd rumors have been floating around for the past few days. One of them was to the effect that J. W. Shanklin, the amiable and accomplished President of the Cajon Irrigation Company, had committed suicide. Mr. Shanklin ain't that kind of an irrigator. W. J. Shanklin killed himself somewhere in Oregon eight or ten days ago, which was doubtless the origin of the rumor. An even more absurd story is to the effect that as soon as the warm weather in Arizona compels the S. P. R. R. to abandon work in that Territory, the force will be employed to tear up the track of the Anaheim branch, and that the material will be used on a road to be built from Colton to Newport (via Santa Ana, of course). At the same time Los Angeles is to be left on one side by the Mohave "cut-off." Los Angeles could probably survive being disconnected with rail communication with San Francisco, but to be cut off from Anaheim is a "staggerer" which will probably give it its commercial quietus.

—Orders for Black Star coal have of late been coming in so briskly that the stock on hand in Anaheim has been well nigh depleted. The company, finding that the surplus was about to be exhausted, yesterday awarded a contract to take out a large amount of coal from the mine, and work will be begun immediately. A meeting of stockholders will be held on the 7th instant, at which a Board of Directors will be elected, and it is probable that the new Board will at once assume an aggressive policy. The active members of the present Board will be encouraged and re-inforced by colleagues who have faith in the mine and are willing to contribute towards developing it.

—As we said in our last paper, Henry Schwartz was taken to Los Angeles on Saturday. It was then apparent that the proper course to pursue was to send him to the State Insane Asylum. On Sunday preparations were made to take him to Napa, but he became so violent that the departure had to be postponed. Even a strait-jacket was inadequate to prevent him from injuring himself, and it took the combined strength of eight men to hold him. On Monday he was quieter, but he still made a stubborn resistance to being placed in the cars. He was finally subdued, however, and by the time this item is read he will probably be safely within the walls of the Napa Asylum.

—As far back as 1872 our City Marshal used to report as much as $1,600 as his monthly collection of licenses. Then there were no charges against real estate dealers, tailors and a number of other classes of tradesmen and artisans who all contribute now to the city's revenues. But despite the growth of Los Angeles in six years and the increase of the scope of business, the municipal revenue is only reported now at about $1,800 per month.—*Los Angeles Express.*

—G. I. Turner has rented his house in town to Col. W. S. Davis. Mr. Turner, it is said, has leased the Tivoli Gardens.

In sugar refineries large iron cylinders called boneblack filters are used. They are usually about twenty feet high and five feet in diameter. Two men went into one of these vessels in a St. Louis refinery to coat the surface with tar, as a preventive of rust during a season of disuse. They sat on a suspended board and put the tar on with brushes by the light of a lantern. The lantern fell to the bottom and broke. Instantly the cylinder was converted into a fiery furnace, the tar on its sides blazing furiously and a hole at the bottom providing a draft. The men were completely charred.

NEW YORK FASHIONS.

Out Door Garments, Novelties in Lace, Entertainments, Dinner Costumes.

CORRESPONDENCE OF THE GAZETTE.

The newest materials for cloaks are Sicilienne, showing a very heavy rep, or Matilasse which, while having a silken surface as formerly, is wrought with a rough wool lining inside, rendering it very warm and dispensing with the use of flannel. The Genovevra cloak is a handsome model recently brought out and would be suitable for either of the fabrics just mentioned. Then also, we have the Lucian coat which though in an opposite style is better adapted to some figures. It is slightly double breasted, long, and cut away over a Louis XV. vest. One of the most stylish out door costumes of the season was worn the other day by the celebrated Mrs. Hicks Lord. It is of black satin made without overskirt, demi-train, and with a close fitting basque. The lower edge of the skirt is trimmed with a deep row of chinchilla fur, sleeves and basque to match; chinchilla muff. This costume was worn when driving. Sometimes an enlivening effect is given to the costume by a bonnet of one or more of the new garnet shades. Such a one was worn the other day by Mrs. Morgan Dix, wife of the widely known Rector of Trinity church. The foundation was of garnet velvet laid plainly on, and it was finished by a rich tuft of garnet colored ostrich plames. Much interest is felt here by ladies who make their own dresses, or who have family sewing done at home, by the announcement that the Wheeler and Wilson Machine has, at the Paris Exposition, taken the only grand prize awarded for sewing machines; this being the more noticeable from the fact that there were eighty other competitors.

NEW LACES.

There was a time when ladies who made pretension to exclusiveness in dress would have scorned the idea of wearing anything but real lace. This was before the day of chromos, cheap photographs, plated ware, by courtesy called silver, and more than all before the fast succeeding introduction of new laces, productions of the loom it is true, but which are now so prettily made up into all manner of graceful ties, that they are worn by people of position. Breton lace is the most desirable novelty and has almost superseded Italian (a genteel name for cotton) or the Smyrna which flooded the market some time ago. White ties, whether of lace, muslin, or silk, are in general demand, both because they show in good relief on the dark materials of the day, and because they do not conflict with the many colored bonnet strings now tied under the chin. For, let us remember, a bonnet is not a bonnet unless provided with a pair of strings, and strings would look outlandish unless tied under the chin. Many of us have seen stowed away one of those variously colored beaded bags which very old ladies used to take pride in. Bags just like them are now the delight of the young ladies of to-day. Then again, an imitation of long ago, we see quaint looking bags made of silk or satin, with drawing string around the top, and suspended from the arms, while other styles are of velvet plain or embroidered, attached to gilt or silver clasps and suspended from the waist. In the latter case, the belt is embroidered; in the former, mounted with gilt or silver to match.

ENTERTAINMENTS.

This is the season for grand dinners, afternoon teas, etc., the ball season proper, not commencing until after New Year. As for afternoon teas, sometimes called kettledrums, they are quite the rage. The newest idea is to set out a number of rustic tables covered with cloths gayly ornamented in applique work or embroidery, and capable of holding two to four persons. Of course the tea cups are matters of great importance, and here we find the Limoges porcelain most sought after. The supply corresponds with the demand, and they are imported by dozens expressly for those afternoon teas, at prices varying from $16 to $25 for such special style of china. More costly cups and saucers are from the Royal Worcester Manufactory, and a notably beautiful set for which $200 per dozen is asked, is of green and several shades of gold on a white ground. For dinners, the different styles of menu cards are objects of great attention, and no small emulation among fashionable people, but they do not now indicate the bill of fare, but only the position of the guests at the table. Hand painted cards more or less elaborately executed are generally used, but on a recent occasion, elegant sash ribbons three yards in length and a half yard in width were suspended from the chandeleer to each lady's plate; the ends being finished with elegant floral designs, in the midst of which the lady's name was skillfully inserted.

DINNER COSTUMES.

A dinner costume recently worn was of deep garnet velvet combined with Pompadour silk covered with an effective floral pattern. It was made Genevieve train and Balzams basque. The back of the skirt was of velvet; the front of silk draped towards the sides and finished with bows of silk and velvet united. A rich fringe was run in short horizontal bars connecting this with the velvet train at the back. The basque was high at the throat with elbow sleeves, and vest; the upper portion of the vest being of the silk; the lower part of the velvet. Lace mitts, pearl jewelry and duchesse lace in the neck gave finish. The highest degree of art, and the greatest extravagance in the employment of material characterizes these elaborate dinner costumes which really are as handsome and costly as evening toilets. The dark side of the picture is that a majority of the people who give such lavish entertainments, as of those who attend them, are more or less heavily in debt, and often the house in which costly dinners take place is mortgaged not once but several times. But the supply of butterflies never gives out. If some one falls away exhausted, others rise up to take their place. So of fashionable entertainments, we have always enough and to spare.

LUCY CARTER.

Aid for the Starving Chinese.

S. Wells Williams, in a communication to the New York Tribune speaking of the recent famine in China, gives the following as the amount forwarded to Shanghai from the Eastern States, beginning with October 1st, 1877, when the first telegram announcing the failure of the crop arrived, to Nov. 9, 1878:

Messrs. Olyphant & Co. (of China)	$10,120 16
Messrs. A. A. Low & Brothers	2,134 56
Presbyterian Board of Foreign Missions	4,519 97
Am. Board of Com. Foreign Missions	2,262 27
Methodist Episcopal Board, New York	1,203 29
Protestant Episcopal Board, New York	164 50
Total	$23,670 01

Besides this sum, says Mr. Wells, other amounts were doubtless sent by individuals direct, notably by some of the Chinese themselves, which would increase the total to more than $23,000 in all. The largest donation I have heard of was $1,000 from a lady in Virginia. This total of $23,000 does not apparently include any sums sent from San Francisco; but the Chinese there would certainly do something for their starving countrymen, seeing that they contributed $12,000 to aid the sick and poor in the yellow fever districts at the South last Summer. I heard that $2,000 or so was raised in the Sandwich Islands and sent to China through San Francisco.

Another thing may be stated. Three memorials were presented to Congress last winter by eminent merchants and citizens of New York, Boston and New Haven, asking that the surplus of the Chinese indemnity fund now in the keeping of the Government, and which a committee of the Senate once reported in favor of returning to the Chinese Government, should now in this hour of suffering and death be returned. If a reply indicating any examination of the facts had been made, it would have given us some information at least: but when Mr. Baylin, the chairman of the Senate Committee on Foreign Affairs, briefly reported adversely, saying that before any food from this country could reach China all the starving people would be dead, and that it was yet a matter of doubt to whom the money rightly belonged, he proved how little thought he and the committee had given to the matter. At the estimated rate of last February that one guinea would save one life, about 100,000 lives might perhaps have been saved with this sum held at Washington. The Shanghai papers roughly estimate the deaths in all at 7,000,000, of whom 5,000,000 died in the province of Shansi; but the forthcoming Consular report will no doubt give reliable data as to these figures.

Sad Death.

A young man of about eighteen years of age, named Augustus Bates, formerly of Westminster, California, arrived in this city from Yuma about a week ago, having been brought here by the Ryland circus troupe. He and a companion had been mining on the head waters of the Colorado, where they were robbed and left destitute. They conceived the idea of reaching some settlement on the river, which they accomplished with a small raft, on which they floated some hundreds of miles down the Colorado. The expedition was more than young Mr. Bates could bear, as he contracted a terrible lung disease before reaching Yuma, from which place Ryland's troupe kindly furnished him transportation, intending to take him to his home, but the disease had too firm a hold and terminated his life on Christmas morning, at the Lyon hotel, in this city.—*San Diego News, December 27.*

NEW YORK, Dec. 27.—The *Herald* to-day says: "The problem of Chinese labor has been successfully solved at a shoe manufactory in North Adams, Massachusetts. The experiment, which began several years ago, and which led to labor complications and disturbances, has succeeded beyond the hopes of the most ardent supporters. Chinese employes walk the streets with as much freedom as any citizen. Their foreman, Ah Sing, married a Virginia girl a short time ago. The worshops are filled with an equal number of American workmen and Chinese, all working for the same pay. Quite a number of Chinese propose applying for citizenship, many of them being educated and having joined the churches.

The writer of an article giving personal recollections of the Afghan campaign in 1841, published in *Once a Week*, says: "The Afghans are a murderous race, but certainly not brave. Whenever attacked by our cavalry, no matter how superior the enemy were in numbers, they always turned tail, and the leaders were as certain to be the first to fly. The country about Kandahar is in one respect very peculiar. The irrigation of the cultivated land is admirable, and is carried on by means of a perfect network of small canals, which are deep and, in most cases, broad enough to prevent any but a very active man from jumping over them, so that one man may often be within a few yards of another and yet be unable to join him without making a detour of perhaps a couple of miles. The enemy in various ways took advantage of their knowledge of the course of their canals to commit wholesale plunder of camels, etc. The climate was cold and dry, but the sun had so little power that our parades, instead of being, as in India, in the very early morning, were in the middle of the day. There was little or no sickness either among officers or men. The latter had even less liquor than their superiors (who had next to none), but did not suffer in consequence. Of newspapers, magazines, letters, we never saw one between the first of November and the last of February."

THE FESTIVE SEASON.

New Year's Day Customs.

The observance of the first day of the year, reckoning from whatever date, seems to have been, among all intelligent nations, of a festive character. As the feast of Janus occurred on this day, the Romans made of it a high holiday, taking care, in the meantime, that all they thought, said and did should be pure, virtuous and honorable, believing that everything which occurred during this day was ominous of the events of the year it ushered in. They presented themselves in the streets and forum clad in festive attire, exchanged generous salutations, one with another, and distributed presents called *strenes*, consisting of copper coins, having on one side the double head of Janus and on the other a ship, dates, figs, and honey-cakes and other confections. By some of the Roman Emperors this bestowal of New Year's presents was made an important source of personal revenue, until modified by an edict of the Emperor Claudius, who regarded it as ill-becoming the dignity of the office to receive what came in the shape of largesses. The early Christian Emperors, however, tolerated them, notwithstanding they were condemned by ecclesiastical councils as a relic of paganism.

But the bestowal of gifts at the New Year's tide was not peculiar to the Romans. The ancient Druids, we find, cut, with appropriate and special ceremonies, tufts of the sacred mistletoe from the bark of the oaks consecrated to their great Sutates, and distributed them to the people through the Gauls. Hence, on account of the great curative virtues attributed to the mistletoe, New Year's gifts, in certain parts of France, to this day are called *Gny-l'an'-neuf.* The Saxons of the North, according to Bishop Stillingfleet, observed the New Year's festival with more than accustomed jollity; drank, sent presents from one to another, and made uproarious merriment; and, despite all the opposition of ecclesiastical councils, the anathemas threatened or executed, the practice of feasting and gift-making on New Year's day continued through the middle ages—the interchange of presents, with wines and wassail being distinguishing features of the first day of the year, even among the kings and the nobility, while their vassals imitated these practices to the extent of their ability.

Henry III., of England, is charged with having extorted New Year's gifts from his courtiers and the people; and Queen Elizabeth's wardrobe and jewelry are said to have been almost wholly supplied from these annual contributions or levies upon her subjects. From Nichol's work on the "Progresses and Processions of Her Majesty Queen Elizabeth," it appears it was anciently the custom at court for the sovereigns both to receive and give New Year's presents. He says: "The greatest part if not all the peers and peeresses of the realm, all the Bishops, the chief officers of state, and several of the Queen's household servants—even down to her apothecaries, master cooks, sergeant of the party, etc.—gave New Year's gifts to her Majesty, consisting of rich wearing apparel, money, plate, jewels, trinkets, sweetmeats and such objects of *vertu* as were then at command;" while Drake, in the generally received appreciation of the character of the Virgin Queen, says: "Although the Queen made returns of New Year's largesses in plate and other articles of value, she took care that the balance should be in her favor."

According to the *Monthly Miscellany* of date as late as December, 1692, it seems that the English nobility were accustomed "every New Year's tide" to send the King a purse with gold in it. Under the Tudors and the Stuarts the custom of exchanging presents existed, and those of the New Year's tide were given and received with mutual good wishes and congratulations among all conditions of the body-politic. An orange stuck with cloves and a gilt nutmeg were conventional presents of the period. Tenants sent landlords capons on New Year's day; tallow chandlers complimented their patrons with the best of their wares; grocers gave of the choicest dainties of their stock, while to ladies came presents of pins and gloves, or instead a small quantity of money—originating the term "pin money" and "glove money," which still attaches to the amount allowed or spent by wives and daughters in the smaller necessities of the wardrobe.

An extraordinary policeman was the late Samuel B. Wells. Fifteen years ago he was preaching to a congregation of Yankee Methodists. He had been prosperous in basket and store beyond the work of Methodist preachers in country appointments; he was the owner of a valuable farm and had everything comfortable about him. But one day—thus the surprising story runs—he became discontented with his life. All these good things—the broadcloth and white tie, the respect of the community, the easy routine of pulpit and pastoral life—oppressed his conscience. Turning them over in his mind, he decided to renounce them for a life of self-sacrifice. Leaving his wife on the farm, he came to this city and secured an appointment as policeman. Ever since, according to his surviving comrades, he has been the live saint of the force, doing his police duty, but letting no opportunity to exhort the sinners he arrested to repentance slip. Possibly the terrors of the law, as embodied in his club, secured a more attentive hearing for his expositions of the Gospel than they might otherwise have commanded. His comrades agree that he did a great deal of good, and their impression is that he has left an estate of $50,000.—*New York paper.*

A woman's rights paper declaims against the custom of giving a bride away at a marriage ceremony, declaring that it is a relic of the old opinion that daughters were slaves of a father, and could be given or sold to any suitor who pleased him. Women in England did not acquire the right of choosing husbands for themselves until the tenth century, and in other European countries much later. "No woman," says the journal in question, "of proper self-respect, will submit to be given away."

A gentleman of this place informs us that he received from a certain firm in San Francisco, a barrel of sugar containing large quantities of pounded glass, so much indeed that he cannot use it without dissolving it to free the sugar from the glass. He is willing to take oath as to the truthfulness of the matter. The manufacturers of such sugar need looking after, and ought to be published at large.—*St. Helena Star.*

The *Frankfurter Zeitung* gives the gloomiest report of trade in Berlin. Fancy custom is at a perfect standstill. Good custom-ers have been lost through inferior articles being palmed off on them. Foreigners passing through make very few purchases. The Russians especially, who formerly bought largely in Berlin, have transferred their custom to Paris, where they are better served.

The Mobile *Register* denies by authority that Jeff. Davis intends to criticise General Joseph E. Johnston severely in his forthcoming work.

A Lively Boxing Match.

[Virginia (Nev.) Chronicle, December 28.]

For some time past, Charley Wilkes, a miner employed on the Scorpion, on the shotgun shift, has been anxious to meet Harry Maynard, the boxer, in a regular prize-fight for $300 a side. Maynard declined all negotiations with Wilkes, but the latter, hearing that Maynard would box any man in town with gloves on the Alhambra stage, made arrangements to meet him on Thursday evening last. Wilkes was on hand when the time came, and the two men stripped for the fray. The rounds were short and decisive.

Round First—Maynard led off with a smack on Wilkes' nob. Wilkes sat down.

Round Second—Maynard let his right loose at Wilkes' breast. Wilkes disappeared from the stage through the wings and collided with a waiter girl who was carrying a tray of cocktails to a party of married gentlemen in one of the boxes. The girl was carried to her dressing room.

Round Third—Wilkes was knocked in various directions, to wit: N. E., S. W. by W., N. E. by E., and all other points of the compass.

Wilkes came up with a vindictive look in his eye and made a rush at his antagonist. The men closed, and for a few seconds it was nip and tuck. Wilkes finally gave Maynard a nasty cross-buttock, but Maynard turned him over after the fall. Both men rose to their feet and closed for another bout. Maynard threw Wilkes, and they both rolled over and over with wonderful rapidity, and it was hard to tell which was getting the advantage. The audience became intensely excited, and dozens of them kept rushing up to the stage and yelling themselves hoarse. Presently a stream of blood shot down Maynard's naked back, and the cry was raised that he was being bitten. Several men in the audience thereupon sprang upon the stage and the combatants were separated. Mrs. Maynard, hearing the cry raised that her husband was being bitten, rushed excitedly on the stage and seemed anxious to take a hand in the row. After the men were separated it was found that the blood on Maynard came from a reservoir in Wilkes' nose. Considerable excitement prevailed, but Maynard maintained his usual good humor and offered to shake hands with Wilkes, which courtesy the latter declined.

A Runaway Vessel Captured.

[San Diego Union.]

Last summer Mr. Chico Foster, of this county, being then in San Francisco, conceived the idea that it would be a good venture to send a cargo of produce down to Lower California. Accordingly, he fitted out the schooner "Three Sisters" with a cargo worth between $3,000 and $4,000, chartered her at $350 per month, and placed her in charge of a supercargo, with orders to trade along the coast. The schooner cleared from San Francisco in August last. Months passed, and Mr. Foster began to think it was time he heard something from the "Three Sisters." A short time ago he came across a man in Los Angeles who had been one of the crew of the schooner, and learned from him that Mr. Supercargo had been running the vessel up and down the Lower Coast for several months, apparently on his own account, having long since disposed of the cargo, and showing no present intention of returning and coming to a settlement with his employer. This state of affairs, with the vessel running up a bill of $350 per month, did not afford a pleasant prospect. Prosecuting his inquiries further, Mr. Foster at last heard that the schooner was at the port of Ensenada, about eighty miles down the coast from San Diego, and thither he at once proceeded overland. Arriving at Ensenada, he found the "Three Sisters" at anchor, waiting as the captain informed him, under orders of the enterprising supercargo, for passengers for La Paz. The supercargo, for reasons of his own, did not desire a meeting with Mr. Foster, and prudently kept out of sight. After vainly endeavoring to reach the man, Mr. Foster went on board the vessel, and ordered the captain to immediately make sail for San Diego. As the vessel was getting under way, a man came off and forbid them from sailing Mr. Foster ordered the fellow to go ashore, and the schooner proceeded to sea, arriving at this port yesterday morning.

NEW YORK, Dec. 27.—A billiard match between Sexton and Slosson, for the championship of America, the champion gold medal, valued at $600, and stakes of $1000, came off this evening at Tammany Hall before a large audience. The game, a three-ball carrom of 600 points, was commenced by Sexton making a run of 71. Slosson followed and opened his score with 6. The play was very poor until the ninth inning, when Sexton made 31 points, the game then standing 121 points for Sexton, against 29 for Slosson. In the tenth inning the latter went to work with a will and did not stop until he increased his score to 73. He made one only in the eleventh inning, but in the twelfth inning he made a run of 65, and in the thirteenth, after running up to 67 the balls "froze" and when they were spotted he failed to count. The string then showed 235 for Slosson, and only 130 for Sexton. The "Boy" retained his lead until the 16th inning, when Sexton passed him by a splendid run of 156, the best of the evening, which made the game stand 299 to 268 in favor of the champion. In the 17th inning Slosson made a run of 140 points. In the 26th inning Sexton made 108, and his opponent followed with a "miss," leaving the score, Sexton 495, Slosson 467. In the 29th inning, Sexton ended the game with a run of 96. Slosson had only 467 points to his credit. The game lasted three hours.

M. Duterte, of the School of Agriculture at Grignon, France, has invented a smoking apparatus with India rubber tents for bee-raised hives, who are thus fed, greatly to their satisfaction, four times a day.

WEEKLY GAZETTE.

SATURDAY.....JANUARY 4, 1879.

AGENTS OF THE GAZETTE.

The following gentlemen are appointed agents of the GAZETTE at the places designated. They are authorized to receive money in payment for subscriptions or advertisements:

WESTMINSTER	ROBERT STRONG
GARDEN GROVE	CON HOWE
SANTA ANA	DR. J. N. BURTNETT
ORANGE	N. D. HARWOOD
TUSTIN	C. TUSTIN
SAN JUAN CAPISTRANO	R. EGAN
NORWALK	J. E. CALLOWELL
SILVERADO	J. C. HILL
TRAVELING AGENT	A. T. FERDON

GREETING.

As the wheel of ever-moving providence has brought around again the junction point of the receding past and the advancing future of our years, it is proper that we should decipher the lesson intended and place the account before our friends. In regard to the past, we have, amid conscious failures, the satisfaction of feeling that we have in the main met fair expectation, and made honest returns for value received. Of course, it is not to be expected that in the eddies of opinion and the conflicts of parties, we should meet every one's wishes or express his ideas; but of this we are conscious, that we have sought to be true to the right, and honest in its advocacy on all occasions. Local interests of every kind have commanded our best services; and we have uniformly aimed in the peace of all to find our own, and in their happiness to find our reward. And after the experience of years it is a pleasure for us to recognize each other as friends, and under mutual obligations.

And looking towards the future, which is environed with mysteries we cannot pierce, there are pencils of light that cheer us on and gird us for the task before us. However it may unfold in some respects, we risk nothing in predicting a great future for our thrifty town. Its past gives vouchers for its future, and we cannot help taking up our parable and talking of the coming time when our produce will be increased ten-fold, and our merchants take rank with the best in the markets of the world. Coincident with this progress in material and social wealth, there will be illustrated our genius and taste in squares, avenues, and public buildings, and coming with them, such works of art and means of culture as once made Athens the glory of Greece and Rome the mistress of the world.

With such dazzling hopes luring us on, and believing that the possible can only become the actual by suitable means wisely and earnestly applied, we propose to employ all the means and energies at our disposal for the realization of our hopes.

It is now admitted on all hands that the Press is one of the great factors that evolve the forces and guide the movements of society in its march of improvement; and, therefore, we invite all who desire our material, social, intellectual and moral advancement to foster this most potent auxilliary. Whatever may be due to editorial ability, and the tact and talent of contributors, the most indispensible of all things is a competent list of subscribers, and that is what we entreat our friends and compatriots to supply. Let them combine, work and secure this essential, and we shall strive to make the blessing return to each in his basket, store, and improvement. It was by the huzzas of the multitude and their gifts that song, eloquence and art rose to distinction in other days, and became the models and teachers for all times; and if ever we shall have a name to live, and deeds to survive us, it will be through the enthusiasm and support of our friends. We have no scruple in saying then, by assisting us you are serving yourselves, as our interests are identical. If you want to find a market for your produce, win support to your enterprises, exchange ideas with your contemporaries, and know how it fares with the race of which you are a part, you need an efficient, diffusive and enlightened Press, and it ought to be your business to secure it.

Most thankful for past favors, and holding ourselves in readiness for all kinds of service, we enter upon another year of hope and endeavor, and promise that increased means shall be made to extend our usefulness; and hope that on the arrival of another anniversary we may hail all our constituents under as happy auspices as we do now wish one and all A HAPPY NEW YEAR.

THE RECORD OF THE YEAR.

Although the year that has just closed has not been one of unalloyed prosperity either to the country at large or to this locality, this town and vicinity have made much greater progress than the superficial observer would give them credit for.

In the first place, that great achievement, the Cajon irrigating canal, has been completed. Of itself, this is a work of such vast importance as to cause 1878 to be ranked as the most eventful year in our history. Not only has it brought peace of mind to those already settled here, by relieving the apprehensions born of the dread of a dry winter, but it has rendered valuable and salable a large body of land contiguous to Anaheim. The low price for which this land may be bought, its fertility, and the grand fact that it is within the circumscribed area not liable to frost, will cause it to be eagerly bought and settled upon as soon as the land buyers again make their appearance in this county. For the raising of oranges, lemons and limes, we claim that no better land "lies out of doors." For semi-tropical fruit, it is decidedly the best locality in Los Angeles county.

Another monument which will give emphasis to the departed year is the school house. In building such a noble structure, Anaheim has done itself great honor and paid the homage due from an enlightened and cultured people to the genius of education. It is the foremost building of the kind in Los Angeles county, and we have already expressed the belief in these columns that, apart from the increased comfort of the pupils, the presence of such a noble building will prove a great factor in our progress as a community. There are few things which impress parents so favorably as ample and commodious school houses, and they willingly bear with many disadvantages, and smother many prejudices, if by so doing they can place their children under the tutelage of able teachers and in comfortable school houses.

Numerous minor improvements have been made during the year; houses have been built; orchards have been laid out, and advance has been made in every respect. In the country around about, as in Anaheim, the year has seen great improvement, but we must necessarily leave to correspondents the pleasing task of recounting the advances made in their respective localities. The GAZETTE is glad to record the progress of the whole county, and has no sympathy with the petty, childish views of those who seek to array section against section, locality against locality. Having faith in Anaheim, we seek to advance its interests by a truthful exposition of its resources, and not by detracting our neighbors, publishing scurrilous or foolish squibs concerning them, or descending to buffoonery to ridicule their claims or pretensions.

WHILE almost every town in the Southwest was afflicted with yellow fever in its most terrible form, the town of Covington, in St. Tammany Parish, La., escaped entirely, although in daily communication with New Orleans, from which it is distant only thirty-five miles. During the year ending November 18th last, the total number of deaths occurring in the town was nineteen out of a population of 1,500. Of those dying seven were whites and twelve colored—fourteen adults and five children. Anaheim, also, can point with pride to a record of immunity from a contagious disease, although in daily communication with Los Angeles, at a time when smallpox was raging with great virulence. During all the epidemics of smallpox, diphtheria, and scarlet fever, this town was almost alone in its freedom from attack. Only two or three cases of the last-named disease prevailed here, and they were of a very light form. The fact is that Anaheim is an exceptionally healthy spot, and bound to become at no distant day a health resort of great note.

THE TRAVELER.

The Kind of Country one Sees on a Ride up the Coast.

CORRESPONDENCE OF THE GAZETTE.

On the principle that it is prudent to give the best last, we will for the present pass by San Gabriel with her many attractions, and give some notes on Ventura county.

Our route was across the Centinela Ranch, passing numerous well improved farms, good houses and stables, on through the Cahuenga settlement. The farms about here are mainly devoted to barley, and the best that we have seen in this lower country was raised in this neighborhood. The soil is good, and from the general lay of the land is easily worked. Some orchards are to be seen and arrangements are being made to set out a large number of trees this season. Passing numerous brea springs from which asphalt is constantly oozing out, we enter the Cahuenga canyon, and soon commence climbing the rough, rocky road through that pass. Reaching the summit, the San Fernando valley stretches out before and below us. After descending the grade, our road skirted along the edge of that valley for miles, and for some hours we hardly left the lands of Lankershim and Van Nuys. We had been told many times of San Fernando zephyrs, and were prepared for a breeze, but not for such a gale as greeted us. You will be safe in accepting as true any reports of their winds; too much cannot be said. At noon we reached Encino—where a few years ago a Frenchman, possessed of more money than brains, made very expensive improvements, investing over $10,000 in walling up and cementing the warm springs near the house, and constructing a large pear-shaped reservoir, six feet deep, with an immense capacity, and every appliance for irrigating. The same extravagance is seen in the buildings, stables, chicken house and other improvements. There is a sort of store-saloon-Postments. office-hotel-feed stable, where for a first-class price the unfortunate traveller can obtain an abominable meal. While sitting on the porch after our dinner, the bill of fare of which would turn the stoutest stomach, we saw, whirling along on the other side of the valley, nine miles distant, the San Francisco train on the S. P. R. R. The town of San Fernando and the Mission were plainly seen in the distance. So far as we could see there had been nothing grown but wheat and barley, which were almost a failure.

Resuming our ride, we drove along the valley's edge a few miles further, when the road began winding up the mountains. For some fifteen miles it was up, up, up, with here and there sharp pitches. About five o'clock we passed the county line post and entered the Conejo—a long, narrow valley near the mountain tops. Riding along this valley for ten miles, surrounded by ragged hills covered with massive oaks, we reached Newbury Park, forty-five miles from Los Angeles, just at dark. The last ten miles of the road were excellent—smooth and hard—and as we drove under famous old oaks, so thick in some places as to almost make dense groves, and enjoyed the grand scenery about, there seemed a peculiar fitness in the name of the settlement said P. O. It is a natural Park. The next morning we start out with some doubt as to being able to reach Ventura; a terrific wind was then blowing and as we neared the canyon down which the road to Santa Clara valley passed, dense clouds of smoke showed that a large fire was raging in that direction. The road down the mountain side was very steep and crooked but splendidly built; on one side of us were high steep bluffs and on the other deep precipitous ravines. As we approached the valley the heat was intense and thick black smoke made it impossible to see any distance ahead. At the mouth of the canyon stood a large rocky hill covered with cactus, over which the fire, fanned by the strong wind, was rushing with great force; frequently loud reports were heard caused by the cactus exploding and as the elements passed on we. and the force of men and boys who had gathered to fight the flames, were surprised to see that scarce a vestige of cactus remained—all had been destroyed. Here it was necessary to wait a while until the danger of being hemmed in by fire on the road was over. When it seemed safe our ride was resumed—but only to find that danger still awaited us. The ride was one never to be forgotten, and our noble horse seemed to take in the position at a glance as he raced with and around the flames. We saw settlers moving their effects from their homes, stacks on fire, stables which it seemed no human power could save, stock frantic with alarm, and all realizing the threatened danger. By a Providential change in the wind for a few moments, the general use of gang plows and back fires, the danger was averted at last; but not until great damage had been done. Slackening our speed we approached Hueneme, when food and rest were duly appreciated.

This place is the shipping point for all grain raised in the Conejo and Potrero valleys, embracing some 15,000 acres of fine land up on the summit of the mountains, and for all of the Santa Clara Valley south of that river. Perhaps we can in no way give so correct an idea of the amount of grain shipped from this port as to quote from the Wharf Co.'s books. There are three warehouses here of the following dimensions; 66x312 feet; 56x315 feet and 66x121 feet. At the time of our visit there were 147,200 sacks of barley; 44,000 sacks of corn, and 3,220 sacks of beans awaiting shipment, besides 98,300 sacks of grain stored for the season—a total of 292,520 sacks on hand. Corn was being sent in at the rate of 25,000 sacks per month, and very few producers had commenced shelling. These figures do not include a sack of the hundreds of thousands which had been shipped prior to our visit. This will enable any one to see that Hueneme ships more produce than any point on the southern coast.

Much of the soil on this side of the Santa Clara river is heavy and occasionally a little alkali is seen, but not so much as in parts of southern Los Angeles county. In many places artesian water is found—some of the wells being very large. Perhaps the most noteworthy is at the end of the wharf, where by boring 152 feet a 48 inch flow was obtained over the top of a 7 inch pipe. This well has been capped and pipes laid from it to supply the town and shipping with pure water.

The road from Hueneme to Ventura leads one past handsome farms with neat, and in some instances extensive, improvements. The same may be said of most of the farms three or four miles up the valley, but above that the land is mostly owned by large companies who rent on shares to the farmers. Generally the financial condition of the settlers is not to be envied. They are deeply involved and completely at the mercy of the merchants; but of course there are exceptions.

Freights from Hueneme to San Francisco per sail vessel are $1 80 per ton.

After crossing the Santa Clara, seven miles from Hueneme, we note a different soil, more of a sandy loam, and the corn on it this year excels in quality and yield any we have elsewhere seen. Passing on 7 miles further we reach San Buenaventura where for the present we lay down our pen. When time permits we will give you additional notes.

Wishing the GAZETTE and all of its readers a real "Merry Christmas" and right "Happy New Year," freighted with pleasure, profit and usefulness. Yours, J. T.

Alameda, Dec. 24th, 1878.

LONDON, Dec. 31.—The *Times*, in its financial summary for 1878, says that industries have been disorganized, credit shaken and failures multiplied on every side. The failures will be nearly five thousand more than last year. Not only have wages been reduced and many thousands of artisans thrown out of employment, but many thousands of those above the artisan class are either in actual want or on the confines of it. The increasing numbers driven to grant bills of sale on their effects is one significant proof of what is going on in the ranks of the middle and lower classes.

SANTA BARBARA, Jan. 2.—About 9 o'clock last evening, in the midst of the storm of wind and rain, a tornado struck this city from the southeast, and occupying a narrow path, tore through several blocks, unroofing and tearing down houses and outbuildings, and uprooting trees. Willam Goss was killed by a falling chimney. A section of about ninety feet of Stearns' wharf was carried away.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 31.—A circular from the Internal Revenue Office modifies the existing regulations concerning the payment of the tax upon brandy distilled from apples, peaches or grapes exclusively, so that hereafter Collectors will not report to the Commissioner of Internal Revenue for assessment the amount of such tax, which becomes due and payable on the 10th of the month, except in default of payment within four months from such 10th of month.

NEW YORK, Dec. 28.—O'Leary and Campana brought to a close, to-night, their six days' walk in Gilmore's Garden. Another great crowd was present. O'Leary stopped at 10:45, and made 400 1-9 miles. Campana stopped at 10:46, and covered 357½ miles. The former appeared quite fresh and agile, while the latter was utterly used up. The gate money, it is said, will amount to $20,000, $1500 of which goes to Campana, and the remainder, after deducting expenses, to O'Leary.

A gentleman exhibited at this office yesterday pieces of ice three inches in thickness which were obtained in the tule down in "the pocket." He says the ice covered the tule and was so strong that the hunters walked over it and dragged their duck boats over it. The month just closing will long be remembered as the cold December of 1878.—*Sacramento Record-Union.*

NEWBURYPORT, Mass., Dec. 31.—At south Byfield, last night, Jno. H. Caldwell, aged 45, while kneeling in family prayer, was instantly killed by his insane wife, who split his head open with an ax.

BERLIN, Dec. 31.—Deputy Most has been sentenced to six months imprisonment for insulting religion.

Advice to Fruit Tree Buyers.

EDITORS RURAL PRESS:—"When a person buys nursery trees, how is he to know whether he is getting what he calls for or not?" said a friend to me the other day. This reminds me of the "tricks of nurserymen." But let me soften this expression a little before proceeding further, for four honest nurserymen will think I mean to slur the whole profession; which I certainly do not mean to do, for I am personally acquainted with several intelligent, reliable and honest nurserymen on this coast, both in California and Oregon; and saying this much for the *honest* ones, I hope they will pardon me for saying some things about the tricks of the *dishonest* ones.

I will quote from the catalogue of an honest nurseryman: "If varieties are ordered which we cannot furnish, others equally good will be substituted." Another one says: "Persons not acquainted with the different varieties of fruit, will do well to leave the selection to us." Now I believe both of these men from whom I have quoted to be capable and fair-dealing, and ordinarily it might do to trust to their judgment, if you had none of your own. But my advice is to make up your mind, from some reliable source, before you send for trees, about what kind of trees you want, and then say distinctly that you want none others. Now suppose you trust the selection of your trees to a man that is incapable, or, which is a little worse, dishonest, what kind of an orchard would you be likely to have when it came into bearing? I think it would be a good deal like many of the old orchards that you find very common in Santa Cruz and Santa Clara counties, composed principally of worthless fruit, which was furnished by either ignorant or dishonest nurserymen, or "tree peddlers" who are nearly always frauds, unless sent as agents by reliable nurserymen, and can "show their papers." In order to show you how the confiding person may be "taken in," I will give you an incident near home. A neighbor made out a bill of trees for a peddler to fill, which consisted largely of yellow Newton pippins (the best winter apple known), and when the trees came into bearing they were generally all some worthless summer sweet apples. This is only one out of scores of similar cases I am acquainted with. I mention these facts for the benefit of confiding purchasers and reliable nurserymen.

I will now answer my friend's query, "how to obtain the kind of nursery trees that you want." First ascertain what kind of fruit is suited to your location; then select from them such as will best suit your purpose. If you want a good market apple or pear, that will bear shipping and command a good price, and your location is suited to such fruit, make out a list and send or carry it to some reliable nurseryman; and don't buy of a peddler or even take his trees as a gift, for you are sure to be cheated at that. Do not buy of an agent, unless he can show, without doubt, that he is an agent of a well-established nursery, and is honest enough not to mix worthless trees with the good. Do not buy of nurserymen that cannot show a good reputation among his oldest customers—those that have fruited his trees and found them right. I look at this matter as of such importance that I would not take $100 worth of trees as a gift unless I was satisfied that they were such as I wanted. The more I had of them the worse off I would be.

There is another consideration about this, and that is, that there are nurserymen of long standing that are not reliable; and I know some of them. Well, say you, "how are we to know who are reliable, then?" Just make inquiry among the man's customers and see how his trees have corresponded with his labels when they came into bearing. You will find that nine-tenths of the labels are lost before the trees bear, and that the purchaser has forgotten what it was, and many don't know whether they were cheated or not; and "slippery" nurserymen are aware of this fact.

A year or two ago there were some fellows going through this county offering all manner of fruit and ornamental trees for sale, which they said were from old, extensive and reliable nurseries of Ohio, and they said that they had a full variety of the choicest fruit that was grown anywhere, and could furnish you with anything you wanted at lower rates than you could get them from any of the California nurseries. They also said that they had many choice flowers that were not here. Well, they made a good many people believe all that, as unreasonable as it was, without any evidence beyond their bare word for it. Just think of it: a man going through the country with a wagon load of trees and offering to furnish any and all kinds that you want from his wagon, and that at a low figure. Take my word for it that all such men are frauds of the meanest type, for they will sell you worthless trees for you to spend money and time on for years, only to be disappointed with them when they come to bear fruit that you have no use for, and you have to graft them over or dig them up. I have given these timely hints in order that the uninitiated may be on their guard. M. P. OWEN

The Sacramento *Bee* says that the brokers of that city have signified their willingness to pay 65 cents on the dollar for all scrip issued to members of the Constitutional Convention to pay for their services after the $150,000 originally appropriated by the Legislature for the Convention's expenses shall have been exhausted.

There is nothing of interest from the railroad front the present week, save that the work is being vigorously pushed ahead as usual. Some forty miles of grading has been done and track laid eight miles beyond Gila City. Yuma is still the depot for all the supplies for construction, and long lines of cars loaded with building material continue to arrive daily.—*Expositor.*

A Washington special says Page and Wigginton announced themselves as candidates for re-election to Congress—"at the earnest solicitation of friends." We suppose the same "friends" are soliciting both, namely, the Central Pacific Railway Company, which has not strength enough in this State to elect a dog-pelter. Neither Page nor Wigginton are wanted again. Luttrell says he will accept if asked. He will not and should not be asked. Nobody has any use in this State for either of these men, nor owes them any particular thanks, but the g-r-e-a-t corporation.—*S. F. Chronicle.*

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

NEW FIRM.

HULL & LUND,

....Successors to....

Westminster Co-operative

COMPANY.

WE RESPECTFULLY SOLICIT THE PATRONage of the friends of the old firm, hoping by

FAIR, SQUARE DEALING

....AND....

LOW PRICES

To sustain the confidence of all our patrons. We have adopted the

CASH SYSTEM

of doing business, believing that it will in the end prove a benefit to ourselves and customers, and will also enable us to materially

REDUCE OUR PRICES.

☞ All accounts due the old firm must be immediately settled by cash or note. The firm of Hull & Lund will pay all debts of the Westminster Co-operative Company.

HULL & LUND,

WESTMINSTER.

A. G. BEEBE,

ORDER AND COMMISSION HOUSE.

ALL CONSIGNMENTS OF GOODS AND PRODuce of the country will receive careful attention. Orders solicited for all classes of goods. Especial attention given to the Stationery Department. All goods delivered, and satisfaction given as to quality and price.

H. J. McDERMOTT

SPRING WAGONS



Buggies & Carriages

Shop near Dr. Ellis's Sanatorium, Lemon Street, Anaheim.

CARRIAGES, BUGGIES AND SPRING WAGONS for sale. Second-hand buggies and wagons taken in trade.

Blacksmithing

In all its branches.

☞ *Prompt attention given to Repairing.* ☜

Notice.

KNOW ALL MEN BY THESE PRESENTS THAT I, Vinning Crawford, father of John W. Crawford and Joseph L. Crawford, minors, aged respectively 18 and 16 years, have this day relinquished to my said minor sons the right of controlling and receiving their earnings, under section 211 of the Civil Code, and that I will not be responsible for any debts of their contracting after this date.

Witness my hand this 24th day of December, 1878, at the town of Orange, County of Los Angeles.

VINNING CRAWFORD.

d28-4t

Good Home for Sale.

8 ACRES IN THE TOWN OF WESTMINSTER. A house with 8 rooms, including kitchen, pantry and bathroom. Stable, wagon-shed, buggy-shed, chicken-house and 3 cribs. Flowing well, water carried in pipes to the fountain, house and stable. 50 apple trees (choice fruit), 40 almonds, 20 orange trees (4 years old), pears, peaches, nectarines, apricots, plums, 200 grape vines, choice bed of strawberries, and other small fruits. Also a variety of evergreens, with a mixture of deciduous trees. The property will be sold on favorable terms. JOHN MARQUIS.

Dec14 1m

For Sale at a Bargain.

FORTY ACRES IN WESTMINSTER, SPECIALLY adapted for

Hogs, Stock and Fowls.

Small House, Flowing Artesian Well, capped at pleasure. Tule stream, never dry, crossing the land. Abundance of feed. Some good corn and alfalfa land. **Price, $1300.** One-third cash. Apply to

ROBERT STRONG.

d28-1m

A Good Chance

FOR A

COLONY

440 ACRES OF CHOICE FRUIT AND FARMING LAND,

With a certain and abundant supply of water for irrigation, for sale in lots to suit. The tract is 2 miles northwest of Anaheim on the Los Angeles road, and 2 miles from Anaheim and Costa Railroad depots. The Orangethorpe school house is on the tract, and it is the heart of an old settlement. The soil is rich and moist. For price and terms apply to

Wm. R. OLDEN, Anaheim.

Blacksmithing!

GREAT REDUCTION

—IN—

PRICES.

Wm. A. Morrison

Would respectfully inform the public of Anaheim and vicinity that he has

Reduced his Prices

—TO SUIT—

THE TIMES

And will do work at the following prices to cash customers:—

HORSE SHOEING, plain,	*$1.75*
do do rough,	*$2.00*
PLOW SHARPENING,	*25c to 37 1-2c.*

ALL OTHER WORK IN PROPORTION.

WAGONS

Of all kinds made to order and on hand at less than San Francisco prices.

PLOWS

Of every description and size on hand and for sale very cheap.

ALL WORK GUARANTEED.

W. A. Morrison

Centre Street, - - Anaheim

dec 4-3m

Wm. NILES,

IMPORTER AND BREEDER OF

THOROUGHBRED POULTRY,

and BERKSHIRES,

LOS ANGELES, CAL.



ORDERS RECEIVED FOR ALL KINDS OF LAND AND WATER FOWLS; ALSO EGGS for hatching from guaranteed stock. General Pacific Coast Agent for

American Poultry Food.

It will make your hens lay. It will prevent and cure nearly every common disease. For raising young chickens it is invaluable. Price.—Trial Package by mail, 50 cents. Ask your grocer for it. **Imported Carbolic Powder on hand.**

BERKSHIRES!

I am breeding from stock imported direct from Eurland and my stock is not excelled by any of the same class on this coast. A limited number of choice pigs for sale. Prices to suit the times. Letters of inquiry, inclosing stamp, cheerfully answered. Home Branch, Washington St., between Main and San Pedro Sts., where visitors are always welcome. dec28-6m

RESUMPTION

—OF—

CASH

BUSINESS,

....AND....

CASH PRICES,

....AT....

THE

GARDEN GROVE

STORE.

IN THE FUTURE WE WILL SELL GOODS FOR

Cash and Produce Only.

We are now receiving a fine assortment of

DRESS GOODS,

FANCY GOODS,

QUEENSWARE,

CLOTHING, etc.,

BOOTS and SHOES,

FINE HATS,

FANCY GROCERIES,

....AND....

CHRISTMAS GOODS.

All of which we will sell at a very small advance above cost. Particular attention is called to the dress goods, which were selected with great care and include all the latest styles. A fine assortment of black dress goods. Our stock of boots and shoes were selected with great care and will be sold at less than San Francisco retail prices. First class groceries at prices to suit the times. Do not fail to call on us before purchasing elsewhere.

WEBSTER, HOWE & CO.,

GARDEN GROVE.

[Dec. 7-1m]

WATER PIPE!

OF ANY SIZE FOR

Irrigation or Domestic Use.

Irrigation Ditches Piped or Lined.

CHIMNEYS, RESERVOIRS. FOUNTAIN BASINS, VASES, etc.

Special attention is invited to our system of

SUB-IRRIGATION

for Orange Groves, Orchards and Small Fruits, saving more than three-fourths the water and labor used in surface irrigation.

Asbestine Stone Co.

LOS ANGELES.

nov30 6m

RESIDENT DENTIST

DR. GULICK

HAS REMOVED HIS OFFICE TO HIS HOME IN

GARDEN GROVE,

Where he will be pleased to see his former patrons and all desiring his services. Dec14

Administrator's Sale of Real Estate.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT IN PURSUance of an order of the Probate Court of the County of Alameda, State of California, made on the 14th day of October, 1878, in the matter of the estate of Henry Jensen, deceased, the undersigned, the administrator, A. P. Lorentzen, will sell at public auction to the highest bidder, for cash in U. S. Gold Coin, and subject to confirmation by said Probate Court, on

SATURDAY, the 18th day of January, 1879, at 10 o'clock, A. M.,

at the door of the postoffice in the town of Orange, in the county of Los Angeles, all the right, title, interest and estate of the said Henry Jensen at the time of his death, and all the right, title and interest that the said estate has, by operation of law or otherwise, acquired other than or in addition to that of the said Henry Jensen at the time of his death, in and to all that certain lot, piece or parcel of land situate, lying and being in the said county of Los Angeles, State of California, and bounded and described as follows, to-wit: The north half of lot fifteen (15) in block E, as surveyed by E. R. Nichols in A. D. 1871; said land being near the town of Orange, in the rancho Santiago de Santa Ana. The title of said estate to the land herein described is derived by grant bargain and sale deed from A. P. Chapman to the said Henry Jensen, deceased, dated September 16th, A. D. 1873.

Terms and conditions of sale—Cash in U. S. Gold Coin; ten per cent. of the purchase money to be paid to the auctioneer on the day of sale, balance on confirmation of sale by said Probate Court. Deed at expense of purchaser. A. P. LORENTZEN,

Administrator of the estate of said deceased.

December 21st, 1878. Dec21w5t6t

PIANO FOR SALE.

ANYONE DESIROUS OF PURCHASING A NEW Piano at a large discount will learn of an opportunity to do so by applying at the GAZETTE office.

WESTMINSTER

NURSERY!

Good Trees, True to Name

Is the first consideration to the planter.

LOW PRICES

Is the next consideration.

WE OFFER BOTH.

Inspection and correspondence solicited. Great inducements to large planters. The smallest orders carefully attended to.

Apples, Peaches, Pears, Prunes, Plums (Wild Goose), Apricots, Nectarines, Loquats, Cherries, Quinces, Date Palms.

In the best varieties.

Japan Persimmon,

3 YEARS, HOME-GROWN.

Purchasers have our continued guarantee of care and good faith in their selections. Early engagements are a mutual advantage.

ROBERT STRONG,

Westminster.

n30-3m

Exotic Gardens,

NEW LOS ANGELES STREET,

Rear of Cathedral

LOS ANGELES.

LOUIS J. STENGEL, Proprietor.

I RESPECTFULLY INFORM THE PEOPLE OF Anaheim and vicinity that I have on hand this season the finest lot of flower plants ever brought to Los Angeles. Being a practical gardener, and having no expense for professional help, I am enabled to sell cheaper than others. Particular attention is drawn to my assortments of Magnolias, Golden Arbor Vitæ, Weeping Cypress, Auricarias (5 sorts), Camelias (50 sorts), and fine plants of the latter with buds, for $1; Cape Jasmines, Gardenia, Daphneys, etc., Dahlias, Gladiolus, Tuberoses by the hundred or thousand; Guavas, strong plants, bearing next season, at $5 per hundred; Roses, everblooming (100 sorts), 25 cents each, in pots or without; and hundreds of other varieties of flowers.

An invitation is extended to all to visit my garden, whether they purchase or not. Remember that I am selling at lower prices than has ever yet ruled in this market.

CHOICE LOTS!

—OF—

LAND

FOR SALE AT

TUSTIN CITY.

Will be sold in 5, 10, or 20 acre tracts to suit purchasers. This land is especially suited for the growth of semi-tropical and northern fruits. It is one of the finest pieces of land in the State, and has abundance of water for irrigation.

Water Right goes with Land.

A STORE BUILDING,

24x80, two stories high, also for sale. Also,

A DWELLING HOUSE

with 10 acres of land, nearly all out in fruit trees. The house is 20x26, two stories.

Fine Well, Tank, Windmill, etc.

All the above property will be sold at a

GREAT BARGAIN!

as the owner desires to remove to another part of the State.

Town Lots sold at $20 each.

C. TUSTIN,

Tustin City, Los Angeles Co.

Flax Seed and Castor Beans.

FARMERS, THIS YEAR'S EXPERIENCE PROVES that all barley does not pay. Why not go into flax seed and castor beans, for which there is a positive market and an established price?

$60 per ton, Gold, for Flax Seed, and $70 per ton for Castor Beans,

Both to be thoroughly clean and delivered at the Pacific Oil and Lead Works in San Francisco, will be paid for the crops of 1879-80. Cash advanced on shipping receipts as usual. For circular telling all about the culture of flax seed and castor beans, address

GEO. H. PECK, El Monte,

Sole Agent of Pacific Oil and Lead Works, S. F.

THOROUGHBRED

Poultry!

116 Acres Devoted to Fancy Poultry.

Unlimited Range. Healthy Stock

Largest Yards on the Coast.

Brahmas, Leghorns, Plymouth Rocks, Bronze Turkeys, Geese, Pekin Ducks, Guinea Pigs, etc.

☞ Safe arrival of Fowls and Eggs guaranteed. ☜

Pamphlet on the care of Fowls—hatching, feeding, diseases and their cure, etc., adapted especially to the Pacific Coast, sent for 15 cents. Send stamp for price list. The Centennial Incubator; any eggs can hatch eggs with it. Address, M. EYRE, Naga, Cal.

(Please state where you saw this advt.)

Patents.

F. A. LEHMAN, SOLICITOR OF AMERICAN AND Foreign Patents, Washington, D. C. All business connected with Patents, whether before the Patent Office or the Courts, promptly attended to. No charges made unless a patent is secured. Send for circular.

WEEKLY GAZETTE.

SATURDAY.....JANUARY, 4, 1879.

Church Meetings.

FIRST PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH. REGULAR services at 11 A. M. and 7:30 P. M. Sunday School 10 A. M. Meeting for preaching in Congregational lecture room every Wednesday at 7:30 P.M. Prayer meeting and for Bible study, on Wednesday at 7:30 P.M.

EPISCOPAL CHURCH, REV. A. G. L. TREW, Pastor. Regular services every Sunday morning at 11 o'clock. Sunday School at 3 P. M. Afternoon services at 3:30 P. M.

Financial.

The following quotations are furnished to the Gazette by the Bank of Anaheim:

Silver—Buying, 1¼ selling, 1½

Gold—Buying 105, selling 106.

Kleinigkeiten.

—The Los Angeles *Star* reappeared as a daily on Wednesday.

—There are 87 applicants for the 13 positions to be filled on the Los Angeles police force.

—The stated meeting of Anaheim Lodge No. 207, F. & A. M., will be held on Monday evening.

—A very enjoyable time was had at the ball on New Year's Eve, and the band never played better. It was "5 o'clock in the morning" ere the company dispersed.

—The attention of our readers is called to the change in the advertisement of Mr. A. G. Beebe. He has a tasty, well-stocked store, and orders for any kind of goods will be filled promptly and at low figures.

—From the records of the Roman Catholic Church of Los Angeles, the *Herald* learns that, during the year 1878, there were 63 marriages, 308 baptisms, of whom 14 were converts, and 182 deaths.

—For the next two months no business will be transacted at Anaheim Landing. The lighters, etc., will be overhauled and put in thorough repair, preparatory to resumption of business in March.

—Among the freight received at the depot on Thursday night was a very massive monument of California granite, weighing over three tons. The inscription read:

E. B. KELLOGG.
Born, July 24, 1795.
Died, February 7, 1878.

—Attention is directed to the advertisement of Messrs Hull & Lund, who have succeeded to the business of the Westminster Co-operative Company. They will endeavor to always keep on hand a good supply of merchandise, and by doing a strictly cash business they will undersell all competitors.

—New Year's evening was so stormy that it was thought to best to postpone the benefit entertainment at Orange, which the people at that place had tendered to the Baseball Club. The entertainment will come off this evening, and the "boys" hope and expect that their friends in Anaheim will do them the honor of being present.

—Mr. H. J. McDermott, whose advertisement will be found in another column, has workmen engaged in building spring wagons, buggies and carriages, and in a few days will have an assortment ready from which purchasers can make a selection. The workmen in Mr. McDermott's establishment are all men of experience, and as particular attention is given to the quality of the material used the result is that the wagons made at his shop are strong and durable. Mr. McDermott also does all kinds of general blacksmithing at low prices.

—Business at the railroad depot has been remarkably brisk of late, especially in the wine shipments. Eight carloads of wine have been shipped during the week—five consigned to B. Dreyfus & Co. and three to L. J. Rose. Since the rains grain is also being sent forward to market. The probabilities of a good season have lossened the prospect of advance in the price of grain, and holders seem disposed to sell even at the prevailing low rates.

The Rainfall.

The rainfall of Wednesday night was the heaviest of the season, the rain gauge in town marking 1.05 inches, making a total of 1.80 inches since Friday. Mr. Saxton, of Orangethorpe, reports as follows:

Rainfall, Dec. 24th, shower	1-16
" from Dec. 28th to 7 o'clock Thursday A. M., Jan. 2d	1 15-16
Total	2 inches

He adds: This is not so much as many might expect from the duration of the storm. But the ground is well saturated. Tried in several places and find none but are wet to the depth of a foot or more.

Mr. Darling reports the rainfall at the depot 1.80 inches,—the same as in town.

The Signal Service officer in Los Angeles reports 6.55 inches as the rainfall in that city.

Our Missionary Work.

HUNTSER, Ventura Co., Dec. 28, 1878.

EDITOR GAZETTE.—By your request I report my success with the Algaroba seed you sent me last April. I have delaying to report for want of time. I received the seed in good condition and planted according to instructions. I succeeded in getting only four seeds to sprout, and lost two of them. The two remaining grew well; they are three and eight inches high, respectively, and are very pretty trees. I prize them highly. I would like to get some more seed, for myself and a friend in Florida.

I also saw an article taken from the GAZETTE last Fall about a kind of corn some one in your vicinity was raising. I do not remember the name, but the corn was said to produce from five to ten ears to a stalk. I hope you can help me to some seed.

Respectfully, HENRY P. FLINT.

It will be remembered that in the early part of last year we published several articles in regard to the Algaroba tree and the supposed value of the pods as food for cattle. In response to demands for seed from various parts of the country, we procured some from Mr. Metcalf and supplied the demand as far as we could. As yet Mr. Flint is the only one who has reported progress.

The corn mentioned by Mr. Flint is probably the "Centennial" variety. We hope that one of our readers will send a few seed to Mr. Flint, who seems to be a gentleman capable of appreciating such a favor.

Westminster Items.

REGULAR CORRESPONDENCE OF THE GAZETTE.

After commenting on the dry weather last week we purposely left a loophole for any rain that might come, and with the usual perversity of California rains it found that very loophole, and by January 1 an unusual amount has fallen, one and six-tenth inches by our gauge, which is simply a tin tube one foot long and about three inches in diameter, strengthened to avoid flattening, and set perpendicular on the ground at a distance from trees or buildings. Ploughing begins now in earnest.

The Casebeer brothers left this morning for the Mesa west of us, where they propose to put in some 400 acres in wheat and barley.

The annual reunion was very thinly attended, owing largely to muddy roads and frequent showers during the morning. Short speeches were made by several of the gentlemen present, and a selection was charmingly read by Miss Allie McFadden. It was proposed and resolved to change the day to the second Wednesday in October, and to hold an exhibition or fair at the same time with premiums to the best exhibitors. The following committee was appointed to take charge of it: John F. Marquis, chairman; Robert Strong, Mrs. S. Lyman, Mrs. R. Larter, Mrs. Geo. C. Mack, with liberty to change the day if advisable, so as not to interfere with the County Fair.

Samson Edwards has on his hands about 16,000 pounds of hogs, most of which has become first class bacon, ham, lard, and sausage meat by this time. We hope he will see his way to enlarge his business another year.

A suggestive article in last week's Rural Press on "Frands in Fruit Trees," gives point to the comparison that nurserymen are like physicians: they work in the dark, though a few years tests them. It is easy for a nurseryman to be dishonest—easier than it is to be accurate and fair; but we are persuaded that very few deliberately fall under the temptation. Tree buyers must use their judgment just as in the selection of doctor or merchant. Mistakes in naming trees may occur in the best nursery, but they ought to be very rare and rectified with the utmost liberality. The season for planting has now begun, and we repeat our advice to plant early to gain all the benefit of the after rains. R. S.

—The ladies of the Presbyterian Society of Westminster will give a pie social in their church next Tuesday, January 7th, to which all are cordially invited.

Garden Grove Items.

REGULAR CORRESPONDENCE OF THE GAZETTE.

News items are very scarce. The damp weather has caused many people to stay at home and prepare for work. The farmers are putting the plows into the field and preparing the ground for barley and alfalfa. The area sowed to barley will not be nearly as large as it was last year.

Several parties who have large quantities of corn on the ground are looking for the man that predicted a dry winter—the fellow, you know, who said we would have no rain until March. The rainfall here is about two and one-half inches for the season.

The lectures by Dr. Gulick have been indefinitely postponed.

Hon. A. G. Cook will return to San Francisco in a few days.

Our young friend George Clement stole a march on us and in fact the whole community by getting married very quietly about Christmas and taking his bride home. Very few knew it for several days.

Contractor Hannon is building a house for Mr. Averill on the land purchased from Deacon Howe.

We understand that the storms have completely closed the channel at the Landing, so much so that it is impossible to get the lighters in or out, if they contain any load. The closing of the Landing will be a serious misfortune to all the people in this portion of the county. JAMES.

Norwalk Items.

REGULAR CORRESPONDENCE OF THE GAZETTE.

Mr. Hargrave's mill was burned on the night of Dec. 20. Mr. H. was working in the mill at nine P. M. and left everything all right, and persons who were passing half an hour later, reported everything as it should be. About ten o'clock, however, the neighbors were awakened by an unusual light and crackling of flames. They all rushed out, half dressed (it will be remembered the night was a bitter cold), and fought the flames valiantly. The wheel was not entirely consumed, and it is thought the burrs may be safe. Mr. and Mrs. Loveall, the nearest neighbors, were at the scene of action first of anyone, and saved a wagon-bed of corn that had been taken that day for grinding. A wagon of Mr. Hargrave's, which stood in front of the mill, was partly burned, and several persons lost grists. The loss is a severe one to Mr. H., who is an old man, and invested his all to establish the mill, which he has succeeded in doing in the face of opposition in every direction; everyone telling him that it was impossible to build a mill that would do satisfactory work. The tune was completely changed, however, as he proved to everyone's satisfaction that his mill not only would work, but that it did good work. Everybody who had any grinding to do there say that it was the best they ever saw. The fire was without doubt the work of an incendiary, as those who were first there say that the floor and the whole inside seemed to have been sprinkled with kerosene, and the fire must have been set in the roof, which was one whole sheet of flame when first seen. There was no insurance.

"Merrie Christmas" was joyously celebrated in this vicinity. The tree at Little Lake school house drew forth an assembly that filled that building to its utmost capacity. After songs and the distribution of the gifts, many proceeded to Mr. Hawkins's, where old Santa Claus had another tree. About seventy-five couples "tripped the light fantastic" until daylight did appear. It is said that all enjoyed themselves, although several slight accidents occurred, such as a few overcoats, hats and shawls betaking to themselves wings, taking a Christmas trip and forgetting to come back again. Also one Baker by name (not by trade) forgetting that he was in the second story, opened the outside door and descended to the ground at one step. Not having the benefit of the seven-leagues boots, he was somewhat jarred by the sudden stopping, even to insensibility, or as an eye-witness gave it, "He just lay still and slept, and he didn't wake up when they took him up." His injuries, however, were not of a serious nature, and at last accounts he was around attending to his duties.

A party was projected for New Year's Eve at the same place, but the heavy storm prevented it.

The rain began here on Saturday and continued pretty heavily until Wednesday, Jan. 1st. Tuesday was a thoroughly stormy day; the wind blew a gale all day and the rain fell heavily without intermission till into the night. The dry winter seems to get a sprinkling. People were so certain of a dry dusty winter that they had vigorously strawed the roads in all directions, finishing just in time for the rain. Now they wish they had'nt.

The day after Christmas, at Devil's Gap, in Arroyo Seco Canyon, long icicles hung from the flume and the plants were covered with a thick solid coat of ice at 10 o'clock A.M.

"Indiana Colony" up there is a pretty place; the country is rolling, the houses very pretty indeed, the concrete ditch handsome, the hill-tops gardened with flowers and young orange groves, all rigorously cultivated, evergreen hedges, etc. Doesn't it make a lovely picture!

By the way, while the thought is in mind, there is a field between Norwalk and Los Angeles, from which a crop of barley was threshed, a crop of corn ripened and harvested and as a third and good crop, potatoes were dug, "all same ground" and it is now plowed ready for action again.

Oh, yes, there is something else of importance. Several couples of the young people around here and New Riverwards were so well pleased with themselves and this Christmas that they concluded to spend all the rest of their Christmases together. May their's always be Merry Christmas with plenty plum pudding and pie'n things.

WILLMETTE.

Thermometrical Record.

The following is our record for the week ending Wednesday P. M., January 1, giving lowest point by night preceding date, and highest by day:

DATE.	Lowest.	7 A.M.	Highest.	7 P.M.	DATE.	Lowest.	7 A.M.	Highest.	7 P.M.
Dec.	26	35	61	60	48	Dec. 30	44	66	54	65
"	27	37	37	60	50	" 31	48	50	56	54
"	28	43	46	57	50	Jan. 1	52	52	59	55
"	29	44	44	57	49					

Average Temperature.....49
Average highest and lowest.....56
Average for month December.....50
Average for month December 1877.....54

Conveyances of Real Estate.

Reported for the GAZETTE by Brooks, Clarke & Russell, Searchers of Records, Los Angeles.

Llewellyn Bixby and Thomas Flint to Jonathan Bixby—All interest in real property in Los Angeles county except the Cerritos Rancho; $5000.

W C Trask to W W Hickey—Part lot 16, blk 11, Santa Ana; $1000.

J H Fruit to W W Hickey—10 acres in Rancho Santiago de Santa Ana; $500.

J. H. Fruit to Samuel C. Shale—Lot N, side Fruit street, Santa Ana; $125.

J. H. Fruit to Frank Monaghan—Lot adjoining above; $150.

A. Robinson, Trustee, to Daniel Williams—E ½ of SE ¼ Sec 17 4 S R 11 W, in Los Coyotes Rancho, 80 acres; $776.

A Robinson, Trustee, to Samuel N. Cochran—S ½ of NE ¼ Sec. 31 T 4 S R 11 W, Alamitas Rancho; $2,100

Andrew Mills to James McFadden—30 acres in Rancho Santiago de Santa Ana; $1.

Wells, Fargo & Co.

The following packages remain uncalled for at Wells, Fargo & Co's Express:

PACKAGES.

B. F. Seibert, Miss M. Tompkins H. McDermott, J. S. Baldwin J. W. Jones, Mrs. M. A. Brown.

LETTERS.

John Fischer, Frank Floyd, Otto Esch & Co, Mrs. Pearson, S. Torres, John P. Zeyn.

Post Office Letter List.

Letters for the following persons remain uncalled for at the Anaheim Postoffice:

E. B. Bryan, J. A. Brown, Mrs. Wm. Cook, Mrs. E. Davidson, J. Johnson, Joseph W. Jones, Mrs. L. M. Johnson, J. W. Miller, Geo. L. Stevens, Oren Smith, Stiling F. Tungate, John Tierney, Wm. Wiley,

A Card.

The undersigned, having assumed sole control of the blacksmithing and wagon business in the shop on Lemon street, desires to thank the public for past patronage, and hopes by close attention to business to merit its continuance.

I have on hand and for sale Spring Wagons, Buggies and Sulkeys, and will take orders for any design that may be required in the carriage or spring wagon line. I have working in the shop wood-workers, painters, blacksmiths and trimmers, and am thus able to *complete* a spring wagon or buggy—the only shop in the place that can do so. My workmen are all thoroughly experienced in their branches of business, my wood-work man having been at his trade for 42 years. I am thus enabled to guarantee satisfaction, and I warrant all my work. Should anything made by me be misrepresented, or should the purchaser not be satisfied with the workmanship, I will replace the same free of charge. All I ask is for the public to visit my shop and inspect my workmanship and my facilities for turning out spring wagons, buggies, etc.

Hoping to retain the patronage of the public, I am, Respectfully,

H. J. MCDERMOTT.

Frank Ey

Has received a choice lot of new brands of A 1 smoking and chewing tobacco. The best lot ever brought to Anaheim. Also fine *imported* and domestic cigars and cigarettes. A good stock of meerschaum pipes, cigar holders, cutlery, etc. Subscriptions received for all the leading San Francisco papers. Subscribers to the *Bulletin* receive a large, elegant chromo. Call and see samples.

A Remarkable Result.

It makes no difference how many physicians, or how much medicine you have tried, it is now an established fact that German Syrup is the only remedy which has given complete satisfaction in severe cases of lung diseases. It is true there are thousands of persons who are predisposed to throat and lung affections, consumption, hemorrhages, asthma, severe colds settled on the breast, pneumonia, whooping cough, etc., who have no personal knowledge of Boschee's German Syrup. To such we would say that 50,000 dozen were sold last year without one complaint. Consumptives try just one bottle. Regular size 75 cents. Sold by all druggists in America.

—If you want a first-class 4 spring wagon or an iron Backboard cheap for cash, call on CULTER & PARKER, of Westminster, before sending your money out of the country for Cheap John work. Sel-6m.

Prevent Decay of Teeth.

With their surest preservative, aromatic SOZODONT. Whiteness of the dental row, a healthful rosiness and hardness of the gums, a sweet breath, an agreeable taste in the mouth,—all these are conferred by SOZODONT. Does not such an invaluable toilet article, one so pure as well as effective, deserve the popularity it enjoys? Most assuredly. It has no rival worthy of the name. The ordinary powders and pastes are nothing to it, and since its appearance, have rapidly lost ground. Sold by Druggists.

Children do not die of the croup to whom Dr. Wm. Hall's Balsam for the lungs is administered. Parents will do well to remember this fact and keep a medicine, which saved so many lives, in the house ready for an emergency. The Balsam overcomes a tendency to consumption, strengthens weak and heals sore lungs, remedies painful and asthmatic breathing, banishes hoarseness and cures all bronchial and tracheal inflammation. If you have a cough, use it "early and often." All Druggists sell it.

A painfully pensonstial pilgrim's progress is made by persons who are troubled with corns. Tanner's German Ointment is the thing to remove corns and bunions. This renowned preparation, which has been before the public fifty years, also cures with promptitude and thoroughness, old sores, burns, scalds, granular eruptions, and abrasions of the cuticle. It is not, like many ungents and lotions, a powerful astringent of the skin, but us a gentle but potent healer, without a single objectionable property. If the directions for its use are observed, curative results are sure to be produced. Sold by druggists.

Dec7 1m

Inventors and Patentees

Should send for instructions, terms, references, etc., to Edson Brothers, Solicitors of Patents, Washington, D. C., who furnish the same *without charge*. Edson Brothers is a well-known and successful firm of large experience, having been established since 1866. tf.

MARRIED.

SNYDER—KUELP—In Los Angeles, December 26th, by the Rev.—Mr. Bollinger, Mr. Adolphius Snyder, of Los Angeles, to Miss Lillie Kuelp, of Anaheim.

MILLER—INMAN—In Los Angeles, December 22d, by Rev. M. M. Bovard, Mr. Samuel T. Miller and Mrs. A. A. Inman, both of San Juan, Cal.

WOOD—WOOD—In Los Angeles, December 24th, by Rev. M. M. Bovard, Mr. J. A. Wood and Miss Lucy Wood, both of Santa Ana, Cal.

DIED.

ALLEN—At San Gabriel, Dec 20, Edward Martin Allen only child of Peter and May Anna Allen, aged 2 years 7 months and 24 days.

HALPIN—At Rancho Rodeo de las Aguas, Dec. 30, Patrick Halpin.

LEWIS—In West Los Angeles, December 25th, Estelle, daughter of F. W. and L. L. Lewis, aged 6 years and three months.

DORN—In Los Angeles, December 31st, Charles, son of Charles and Amelia Dorn, aged 10 months and 10 days.

Notice.

A GENERAL MEETING OF THE STOCKHOLDERS of the Anaheim Water Company will be held at the Town Hall of Anaheim, on Jan. 11, 1879, at 3 o'clock P. M. for the purpose of hearing the proposed change of the by-laws of the Company.

By order of the Board of Trustees.

JOHN FISCHER, Secretary.

THE

Pacific Coast Steamship

COMPANY.

GOODALL, PERKINS & CO., Agents, San Francisco

SAN FRANCISCO

AND

Los Angeles,

Express Line.

JANUARY SCHEDULE

STEAMERS.	Leave San Francisco	Arrive San Pedro	Leave San Pedro	Arrive San Francisco
	——Coming South——		——Going North——	
Orizaba	Dec. 31	Jan. 2	Jan. 5	Jan. 7
Ancon	Jan. 5	" 7	" 9	" 11
Orizaba	" 10	" 12	" 14	" 16
Ancon	" 15	" 17	" 19	" 21
Orizaba	" 20	" 22	" 24	" 26
Ancon	" 25	" 27	" 29	" 31
Orizaba	" 30	Feb. 1	Feb 3	Feb. 5
Ancon	Feb 4	" 6	" 8	" 10

Both steamships call at Port Harford, (San Luis Obispo), and Santa Barbara; also on down trip at Anaheim Landing for freight only.

Passengers for San Francisco take the train for Wilmington that leaves Los Angeles at 3:00 P. M., Los Angeles time.

LOS ANGELES AND SAN DIEGO.

The Steamers

ANCON and ORIZABA

Leave San Pedro for San Diego January 2, 7, 12, 17, 22, 27, and Feb. 1, 5.

Passengers take the train that leaves Los Angeles for Wilmington at 3 P. M., Los Angeles time.

RATES OF FARE FROM LOS ANGELES.

(Payable in Gold.)

	CABIN.	STEERAGE
To San Francisco	$15 00	$10 00
To Port Harford	12 00	9 00
To Santa Barbara	8 00	6 00
To San Diego	8 00	6 00

Plans of steamers' cabins at agent's office, where berths may be secured.

For Way Ports.

The Steamer CONSTANTINE leaves San Buenaventura and Santa Barbara for San Francisco every Saturday, calling at way ports.

Freight Steamers leave San Francisco for San Diego and way ports, about every ten days, carrying stock, combustibles, etc.

For passage or freight, as above, or for Tickets to and from

EASTERN CITIES

And Principal European Ports,

Apply to H. McLELLAN, Local Agent.

OFFICE—Over Commercial Bank, No. 465 Main Street, Los Angeles.

Notice to Shippers

Great Reduction in Freight.

ANAHEIM LIGHTER COMPANY.

This Company is now prepared to receive and deliver freight at

Greatly Reduced Rates.

SHIPPERS WILL PLEASE SEND BILLS OF Lading by Steamer and mark freight "Care Anaheim Lighter Company." GEORGE HULL, Agent Anaheim Lighter Company.

J. W. Lowe

BLACKSMITH

SANTA ANA, - - CAL.

Horse Shoeing and General Jobbing

Done at prices that defy competition.

I guarantee satisfaction in every instance, and for proof of the quality of my work, I refer to my patrons all over the Valley.

GIVE ME A CALL

LADIES!

ATTENTION, PLEASE.

If you want a fashionable hat or bonnet at low figures, The latest thing in veils, neck-ties or bows, Your last season hat remodelled, Silk, satin, silk velvet, velveteen for trimming, Double-faced ribbons, new feathers, flowers, ornaments Machine needles for all machines, The perfect-fitting Domestic patterns, Splints, spirals, embossed pictures, or hundreds of other pretty things, call at

MRS. FLORA BROWN'S

MILLINERY STORE

Centre Street, Anaheim.

PEACE!

WAR having been carried on in Anaheim for months without result

I have decided that

PEACE,

PEACE,

Peace,

Is the best policy, and to insure it I offer all my stock, especially

DRY

AND

FANCY

GOODS,

Clothing!

Furnishing Goods,

Boots and Shoes

HATS AND CAPS,

At Prices lower than the lowest.

Hippolyte Cahen

KROEGER'S BLOCK,

CENTRE STREET, ANAHEIM.

A NEW DEPARTURE!

PRICES

TO SUIT

THE TIMES.

GOODS

almost

GIVEN AWAY.

D. & G. D. Plato

have reduced the price fully 25 per cent on their

Immense Stock

OF

CLOTHING

Dry Goods,

HATS,

Ladies Fancy Goods

Boots & Shoes,

Yankee Notions,

CROCKERY,

Groceries,

ETC., ETC., ETC.

The public are requested to call and examine our stock before purchasing elsewhere, as we are certain that our prices are the cheapest of any store in town. We have one of the largest and finest assortments of

Ladies' and Children's Gaiters

Also men and boys' wear, which we have reduced to Low following prices:

Ladies' Gaiters, $1.00,
Ladies' Kid Fox Gaiters, $1.25,
Ladies' all cloth Gaiters, $1.50,
Ladies' Buttoned Gaiters, $2.00.
Misses' Gaiters, $1.25.
Children's Shoes, 50c@$1.

PRODUCE TAKEN IN EXCHANGE.

D. & G. D. PLATO.

Corner of Los Angeles and Centre Streets.

A. Langenberger,

—DEALER IN—

Groceries,

Hardware,

PAINTS AND OILS

Center Street, Anaheim.

EVANS BROS.

HAVE OPENED THE

FAIRVIEW STORE

And will keep constantly on hand

FRESH GROCERIES, ETC.,

They hope by fair dealing and low prices to merit their share of the public patronage.

Anaheim, Dec. 20th, 1878.

WAR!

The Merchant Tailoring Emporium has declared war against

High Profits on Goods

AND NOW OFFERS

$5,000

WORTH OF

CLOTHING

AND GENT'S

Furnishing Goods,

From 15 to 25 per cent. less than any other house in town. Especial attention is invited to the fact that none but the

VERY LATEST STYLES

Of goods will be sold.

In Men's and Boys' HATS

very taste can be suited at the Emporium, in styles as well as in prices. An

Inspection

OF

Goods and Prices

Is kindly solicited by all who desire to buy fine goods at low figures. It is my object to make the Emporium one of the best and cheapest places to buy goods in this vicinity.

M. A. Mendelson

Importer and manufacturer of

Clothing

AND GENT'S

FURNISHING GOODS,

Centre Street. Anaheim.

GOODMAN

AND

RIMPAU

Are now offering, at greatly reduced rates, their new stock of

Winter Goods

Consisting of a general assortment of the latest styles of

DRESS GOODS.

WOOLENS,

MOHAIRS, PONGEES,

—AND—

SILKS

TRIMMINGS

IN ALL VARIETIES.

Ladies' Underwear.

A FINE STOCK OF

EMBROIDERY

LACES.

Fringes, Corsets, etc,

LINEN AND LACE

HANDKERCHIEFS,

Kid and Lisle Thread

GLOVES,

For ladies and gentlemen.

HOSIERY,

A general variety for ladies, misses and children.

House Furnishing Goods,

Such as Table Linen, Towels, Napkins, Sheetings of al widths, Curtain Laces, Carpets, Mattings, Oilcloths.

TRUNKS and VALISES,

White Goods, Flannels, Cheviots, etc

CASSIMERES and TWEEDS,

A full variety of Gent's, Boys' and Youths' CLOTHING and Furnishing Goods.

HATS IN GREAT VARIETY,

A general assortment of men's, ladies' and children's Boots, Shoes and Slippers.

The above is but a partial list of articles in stock. It is impossible to enumerate one-fourth of the goods with which our shelves are filled; but we will be pleas ed to show our goods to all who may favor us with visit.

Goodman & Rimpau,

Centre Street, - Anaheim.

Notice.

Office of the Black Star Coal Mining Company.

THE ANNUAL MEETING OF THE STOCKholders of the Black Star Coal Mining Company for the election of five directors for the ensuing year and for the transaction of such other business as may be brought before the meeting, will be held at the office of the Company, in the town of Anaheim, on Tuesday, January 7th, 1879.

S. P. SEIBERT, President.

Anaheim, Dec. 20th, 1878.

NOTICE.

ANAHEIM, AUG. 15th, 1878.

WE TAKE THIS MEANS OF INFORMING OUR CUSTOMERS AND THE PUBLIC GENERALLY, THAT FROM THIS DATE WE WILL SELL LUMBER AND MERCHANDISE STRICTLY FOR CASH AS IT LEAVES OUR YARDS AND MILLS.

WE ARE LED TO DO THIS FOR THE REASON THAT WE ALREADY HAVE MANY THOUSANDS OF DOLLARS DUE US, AND ARE NOT WILLING THAT THE AMOUNT SHOULD BE INCREASED UNDER ANY CIRCUMSTANCES.

WE THEREFORE HAVE ALSO CONCLUDED TO REDUCE OUR CASH PRICES FOR LUMBER FROM $2 TO $5 PER M, ACCORDING TO VARIETY, AT YARDS BOTH IN ANAHEIM AND AT ANAHEIM LANDING.

A. GUY SMITH & CO.

LUMBER YARD.

PLANING, SAWING,

—AND—

MOULDING MILLS.

All Varieties of Pine, Redwood, and Spruce

LUMBER!

Doors, Sashes, and Blinds, Grape Boxes, Fruit Boxes, Bee-Hives, and Fruit Dryers.

Builders' Hardware and Nails.

Plain and Fancy SCROLL SAWING at Short Notice.

Anaheim Grist Mill!

Grain, Feed, Meal, etc, of all Varieties.

CORN SHELLED AND SHIPPED.

ANAHEIM STORAGE

WAREHOUSE.

GRAIN, WOOL, AND GENERAL MERCHANDISE TAKEN ON STORAGE.

GRAIN SACKS and TWINE constantly on hand.

CONSIGNMENTS SOLICITED

Of all kinds of PRODUCE. Advances made, MERCHANDISE forwarded and sold on Commission in best Markets.

A. Guy Smith & Co.

Anaheim,

NEAR THE RAILROAD DEPOT

Chevalier Seed

BARLEY!

ALWAYS SELLS FOR ONE-THIRD MORE, AND yields better than any other. It is the best barley to raise for hay. A limited quantity of seed for sale at the storehouse of A. GUY SMITH & CO., if applied for soon. D. W. C. DIMOCK.

House for Sale or Rent.

THE HOUSE AND LOT AT CORNER OF AUGUSTA and Hedwig streets, Anaheim, opposite new school house. Dwelling nearly new; contains four rooms; surrounded with fine shade trees. The property will be sold for $700, on the following terms:

$100 Cash; balance in Monthly Installments of $12 each, with interest on unpaid balance at 1 per cent. per month until paid.

A. GUY SMITH & CO.
Near Railroad Depot.

R. LUEDKE.

Watch Maker and Jeweler,

Centre Street, Anaheim.



EVERY DESCRIPTION OF WATCHES, CLOCKS, and Jewelry carefully repaired and warranted. A fine assortment of

ELGIN WATCHES.

JEWELRY AND CLOCKS ALWAYS ON HAND



P. Pellegrin

Practical Watch Maker

Centre St.

ANAHEIM, CAL.

WATCHES, CLOCKS

—AND—

JEWELRY

Repaired.

O. Warling,



SADDLE AND Harness MAKER.

CENTRE STREET, ANAHEIM.

Opposite Planters' Hotel.

AN ASSORTMENT OF SADDLES, HARNESS, whips, spurs, bits, etc., etc., constantly on hand, and for sale at the lowest living prices. Repairing promptly done. The patronage of the public is solicited.

NEW

Stationery Store!

Centre Street, : : : Anaheim.

H. COHN, Proprietor.

I HAVE OPENED THE ABOVE STORE WITH A new stock of Stationery and Fancy Goods, and intend to deal in that line exclusively. I solicit the patronage of the people of Anaheim and vicinity, and hope they will sustain me in my venture.

Subscriptions taken for any Paper or Magazine.

Anaheim Lodge No. 207

F. & A. M.

REGULAR MEETINGS MONDAY ON OR PRECEDING the full moon in each month. Sojourning brethren in good standing are respectfully invited to attend.

D. E. MILES, W. M.

D. G. PLATO, Secretary.

WEEKLY GAZETTE

Published Every Saturday.

Richard Melrose,

EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

OFFICE—In Conrad's brick building, Los Angeles street, Anaheim.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION:

One year.......................$3 00
Six months.....................2 00
Three months...................1 00

TRANSIENT ADVERTISING:

SPACE.	1 week	2 weeks	3 weeks	4 weeks
1 square......	$1 00	$1 50	$2 00	$2 50
2 squares.....	2 00	3 00	3 50	4 00
3 squares.....	3 00	4 50	5 00	5 50
4 squares.....	4 00	6 00	7 00	8 00

All legal advertisements must be paid for before affidavits are given.

Advertisements must reach this office on Thursday to secure publication on the Saturday following.

THE SEMI-WEEKLY GAZETTE,

IS PUBLISHED EVERY WEDNESDAY AND SATurday. It contains the latest telegraphic and general news, and its local intelligence is always fresh and complete.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION:

one year, in advance.....................$5 00
For six months...........................2 50
For three months.........................1 50
Single copies.............................10
By Carrier, 50 cents per month, payable monthly.

TOWN AND COUNTY DIRECTORY

TOWN BOARD OF TRUSTEES.

L. W. Kirby, Chairman; Tim Boege, J. H. Yocum, F. H. Look, I. Cohen.

TOWN OFFICERS.

Treasurer.........................Theo. Rimpau
Assessor..........................John Fischer
Marshal...........................L. Wartenberg
Recorder..........................A. Bailey
Clerk of Board of Trustees........E. F. Cahill

POST-OFFICE DIRECTORY.

Northern and Eastern mails arrive at 6:10 P. M. Leave at 6:45 A. M. Mail closes, 9 P. M.

Southern Mail arrive at 7:10 A. M. Mail closes, 5:30 P. M.

WM. M. HIGGINS, Postmaster.

COUNTY OFFICERS.

District Judge....................Y. Sepulveda
County Judge......................A. M. Stephens
Sheriff...........................H. M. Mitchell
County Clerk......................A. W. Potts
Recorder..........................C. E. Miles
Treasurer.........................E. E. Hewitt
Auditor...........................A. E. Sepulveda
District Attorney.................C. E. Thom
Court Commissioner................G. C. Gibbs
Assessor..........................A. W. Ryan
Surveyor..........................J. E. Jackson
Superintendent of Schools.........W. P. McDonald
Public Administrator..............C. C. Lamb
Coroner...........................Dr. J. Hannon
Tax Collector.....................M. Kremer

First Mondays in January, April, July and October regular meetings of the Grand Jury.

First Mondays in February, May, August and November, regular terms of the District Court.

BOARD OF SUPERVISORS.

District No. 1....................Chas. Prager.
District No. 1....................J. D. Young
District No. 1....................J. J. Morton
District No. 2....................J. C. Hannon
District No. 3 (Chairman).........J. D. Ott
District No. 4

Regular Meetings—First Monday in each month.

CHAMBER OF COMMERCE.

President.........................S. Lazard
Secretary.........................W. J. Brodrick
Treasurer.........................S. B. Caswell

DIRECTORS—R. M. Widney, E. E. Hewitt, J. De B. Shorb, H. D. Barrows, I. W. Lord, J. G. Downey, M. J. Newmark, Eugene Meyer.

FEDERAL OFFICERS.

Register Land Office..............Alfred James
Receiver Land Office..............J. W. Haverstick
Deputy Collector Int. Rev.........Thos. S. Hall
U. S. Gauger......................Ivar A. Weid
Deputy U. S. Marshal..............S. D. Dunlap
U. S. Commissioner................B. C. Whiting
Register in Bankruptcy............J. J. Warner

Kleinigkeiten.

[FROM LAST SATURDAY'S SECOND EDITION.]

—Another invoice of smoked Salmon has been received by Messrs. D. & G. D. Plato.

—The two Chinamen concerned in last Sunday's row have been held over in bonds to appear before the next Grand Jury.

—Josefa Peters, an Indian woman, who was supposed to be over 124 years old, died at San Luis Rey, San Diego county, on the 23d instant.

—Under the caption "A District Singularly Exempt from Frost," the San Francisco *Bulletin* published our article in which we spoke of the immunity enjoyed by Anaheim during the late "cold spell." We are glad to note that this gratifying fact is likely to receive extended notice, as it will do much toward inducing people to settle here and engage in orange growing.

—The following officers of Anaheim Lodge No. 207, F. & A. M., were installed at a meeting held last evening: D. E. Miles, W. M; A. W. Steinhart, S. W; T. S. Grimshaw, J. W; M. L. Goodman, Treasurer; G. D. Plato, Secretary; Frank Ey, S. D; C. S. Miles, J. D; T. A. Darling, Marshal; David Evey, F. A. Korn, Stewards; R. D. Curtis, Tyler.

A Blue Law Case.

The following law and law case, taken from the records of the New Haven colony in 1660 are strange reading in these times. The statute says: "Whoever shall inveigle or draw the affections of any maide or maide-servant, either for himself or others, without first gaining the consent of her parents, shall pay to the plantation for the first offense, 40s.; for the second, 4£; for the third, shall be imprisoned or corporally punished." Under this law, at a court held in May, 1690, Jacobeth Murline and Sarah Tuttle were prosecuted for "setting down on a cheste together, his arme about her waiste and her arme upon his shoulder or about his neck, and continuing in that sinful posture about half an hour, in which time he kyssed her and she kissed him, or they kissed one another, as ye witnesses testified."

At the recent Massachusetts election Mr. Lawson Sibley was chosen Commissioner of Hampden county. He now declines the office, and in a card to the public states his reasons. They do him credit. It seems that in one of the towns a number of ballots were cast for L. Clark—the name of Mr. Sibley's competitor being Leonard Clark. The Board decided that these ballots could not be counted. Had they been counted, Clark would have been elected. Mr. Sibley, although believing himself to have received a majority of the votes legally cast, now says to his fellow citizens and neighbors: "I am aware that if I should take the office there would always be individuals in the community who would believe that I was holding an official position to which I had no moral right. I am not willing to occupy such a position, and have, therefore, determined not to accept the office."

Starving Orchards.

A ton of dry, unleached ashes per acre will furnish nearly the same ingredients advised by the *Scientific Farmer* for the fertilization of orchards, which is 200 to 250 pounds of bone dust and 300 to 400 pounds of sulphate of potash per acre. This gives some 70 or 80 pounds of potash, 50 or 60 pounds of lime (from the bones), and 10 to 20 pounds of nitrogen, and some magnesia in the potash and fertilizer, all of which are called for to nourish orchards on insufficient soil, as the flesh of most fruits contains much potash as well as lime, in combination with the fruit acids, and the seeds, phosphoric acid. Whether the ingredients required are applied in the formula given or in the unleached ashes suggested, it is recommended to sow broadcast and lightly harrow in, leaving to rain to more thoroughly incorporate with the earth. Such treatment has proved successful in orchards showing signs of decay both in this country and Europe. Coal ashes and salt are employed with great benefit to some soils, especially in orchards bearing sour fruits. Orchards, the soil in which, from close pasturing or other causes, is nearly destitute of humus, will gradually deteriorate and finally die, unless restored to that state of fertility which is necessary for the thrifty growth of the tree and its existence in a healthy and vigorous state. Such orchards are greatly benefited by a top dressing of leaf-mold, rotten chip manure, muck from a creek, broken bones, animal hair of all kinds and similar material, generally at hand on farms, which can be applied without other expense than the time and labor expended. When manures are used they should be well decomposed. Fresh farm manure excites young trees into a very rapid growth, but the wood is watery and feeble. A dry soil of moderate richness is the one that produces and sustains hardy trees. Their wood is firm, and the buds are plump and close together and the parts well proportioned.—*Round the World.*

The Subdivision of Lands.

Ten families of immigrants, consisting of fifty-six persons, from Henderson, Tennessee, arrived at Stockton last week, direct from their former homes. They are looking for a tract of land on which to establish a Tennessee colony. Los Angeles county ought to make a liberal bid for that colony. But we do not suppose it will be done. There are a number of localities in this county, now vacant, upon which prosperous settlements could be established in a short time. And this could be done, too, with a positive gain to the owners of the land. There's the Cienega ranch between here and Los Angeles, the Dominguez ranch near Wilmington, the Alamitos ranch near Anaheim Landing, the Ceritos ranch in the vicinity of Downey, Laguna ranch east of Los Angeles, the Stearn's ranch near Anaheim, the Puente ranch near El Monte, and many others, all good land and well adapted for farming purposes. Those who hold the larger tracts could dispose of alternate sections, at a mere song, and find themselves in a little while made richer by an enterprising, liberal movement in this way. We notice that in many parts of the State this plan is taking hold of the minds of large land-holders; and we doubt not the result will be such as to induce its general adoption all over California. Los Angeles county will probably be the last to fall into line. But she must come to it at last, or suffer herself to be left far behind in the race of prosperity, by many sections not half so rich in resources or so delightful in climate.—*Santa Monica Outlook.*

The Milk of the Cow Tree.

No tree aroused the imagination of Humboldt so keenly as the *Broximum galactodendron*, or *Palo de leche*, or cow tree, which grows upon the slopes of the Cordilleras of Venezuela. As the nutritious juice of the tree is allied very closely to the rubber tree of Brazil—and, indeed, may yet come to supply a rubber to the European markets—the following account of its composition, communicated to the French Academy of Sciences by M. Boussingault, may not be without interest. The cow tree grows to a height of from 15 to 20 meters, its leaves are oblong, alternate, and terminated by points. The creamy juice is obtained by cutting into the inner bark. It is used by the natives in place of cow's milk. The analysis of 100 parts of the milk, containing 42 parts of fixed matter, is as follows:

Wax and saponaceous matter, 35.2; sugary substances, 2.8; caseine, albumen, 1.7; earths, alkalies, phosphates, 0.5; indeterminate substances, 1.8; water, 58.0—100.0.

The cream of the cow, according to an analysis by Jeannier, contains:

Butter, 34.3; milk sugar, 4.0; caseine and phosphate, 3.5; water, 58.2—100.0.

It will be observed that wax appears in the vegetable milk in about the same proportion as butter in the animal.

Quinces.

The quince tree does not require more room than the average dwarf pear. The orange variety is the best. It can be grown anywhere where the soil is rich and not too wet. Along a wall or fence is a good location. The trees should stand about eight feet apart and be set rather deep. See that there are no worms in the stem, at the ground, a little below and above the surface, at planting. These pests will attack every tree, and should be ferreted out in spring and fall; but they will probably get the upper hand and finish the tree in from six to nine years. This must be expected and provided against, by having another batch of trees coming on and ready to take the place of those now bearing. This is better than attempting to keep alive old sickly trees, whose usefulness is over.—*Germantown Telegraph.*

Herschel V. Johnson, who ran for Vice President with Stephen A. Douglas in 1860, is a Judge of one of the Superior Courts in Georgia. Thanksgiving Day came during a recent term of his Court, and the local paper states that "instead of adjourning over until Friday in observance of Thanksgiving—a proceeding which would have caused much inconvenience to witnesses, jurors, and litigants—he had the Court opened on Thursday with religious services, conducted by Rev. Mr. Jordan, of the Methodist Church. After this the court proceeded with its regular business."

Directions for Pruning.

M. Boreuil, in a work on pruning and training fruit trees, published in France, lays down the following rules based on the fundamental principles underlying the whole method:

1. The permanency of form in trained trees is dependent on the equal diffusion of sap.
2. Prune the strong branches short, but allow the weak ones to grow long.
3. Depress the strong parts of the tree, and elevate the weak branches.
4. Suppress the useless buds on the strong parts as soon as possible, and as late as possible on the weak parts.
5. Nail up the strong parts very early and very close to the wall.
5. Delay nailing the weak parts as long as possible.
7. Suppress a number of the leaves on the strong side, and leave them on the weak side.
8. Allow as large a quantity of fruit as possible on the strong side, and suppress all upon the weak side.
9. Bring forward the weak side from the wall and keep the strong side to it.
10. The sap develops the branches much more vigorously upon a branch cut short than one left long.
11. The more the sap is retarded in its circulation, the less wood and the more fruit buds will develop.
12. To retard excessive growth, either, during Autumn, root-prune or remove the trees, or in the spring expose the roots to the sun, and keep manure and water from them; retarding the excessive vigor of the tree leads to its fruit bearing.
13. Keep the fruit as far as possible vertical, and their stems lowermost.
14. Let the leaves lap over the fruit till nearly ripe, when the light as well as heat must be allowed to bear on the fruit.

Among the quiet little manufactures of the country is that of chewing gum. Only one factory exists in New York, and the few others are in New England, New York State, Ohio, Illinois and Tennessee. The gum is sold by druggists, grocers and confectioners in cities, and any country grocery that hasn't it is considered incomplete. Gum from spruce trees was exclusively used until recently, when it found a rival in gum mastic, a white and attractive article made from paraffine, which is sweetened. The consumption of this chewing gum in the United States is about thirty tons yearly; that of spruce gum somewhat less, and that of a gum made in Tennessee from balsam tolu, and sold in the Southern States, about twenty tons. Lately a material has been used styled "rubber gum." It is from the sap of the sapotæ tree of South and Central America. The sap, like that of the India rubber tree, has a milky look. The gum was first imported into the United States with a view of melting it with India rubber, in order to produce a cheaper article than the latter. It was found to be impliable, and therefore useless for that purpose. It had long been chewed by South and Central American Indians, and found useful in allaying thirst. Experiments were therefore made here in purifying it for chewing, and with final success. It is tasteless, and has a merit of lasting longer than other gums, which more quickly dissolve and crumble in the mouth. So great is its ductility that a piece half an inch long, after being heated in the mouth can be stretched into a thread a hundred feet long. Its consumption is about fifty tons a years. Chewing gum does not, like tobacco, require that the saliva shall be expectorated; it does not, like smoking, excite the nerves, nor like a superabundance of food or drink, hurtfully overload the stomach.

SAN LUIS OBISPO, Dec. 23.—Harvey Bancroft Blake, an old and esteemed resident and well known in this and Santa Barbara counties, died here yesterday. He has been a member of the Legislature, Mayor of Santa Barbara and held several very prominent positions. The funeral to-day was largely attended.

The Galveston *News* says that lemons brought to its office, grown by Mr. Deats of Dickinson Bayou, lately, weighed 17½ ounces. It has lately been found that the "tide water" district of Texas is unsurpassed for raising oranges and lemons.

☞We solicit the patronage of those who require anything in the job printing line. We have hundreds of dollars invested in job printing material, and our facilities are such that we can afford to do every kind of printing at the shortest notice and at prices defying competition.

J. BENNERSCHEIDT,

—Proprietor of the—

Anaheim Tin Shop,

Centre Street, Anaheim:

Begs to inform his friends and the public that his stock of Tin, Copper and Sheet-iron Ware, and

HOUSE FURNISHING GOODS,

is now complete in every respect. The best Stoves the market, including

The Medallion Range, Superior and other Stoves Geared Honey Extractors, Strainers, Tanks and Cans, Pumps, Water and Gas pipe all sizes and Fittings. Artesian Well Pipe a Specialty and a good fit guaranteed.

Jobbing done promptly and at low rates. Parties in want of anything in the above line will find it to their advantage to call and examine my stock and prices.

The New Tinshop.

CENTRE STREET, BETWEEN KROEGER'S Hall and the Anaheim Hotel.

W. FESENFELD

Begs to inform the public of Anaheim and vicinity that he has commenced business as above, and hopes by first-class workmanship and moderate charges to merit a share of their patronage. Artesian well pipe, water and gas pipe fittings, etc. Stoves, tinware, copper and sheet iron work. Particular attention given to repairing of pumps and general jobbing at low rates. Give me a call.

Notice.

ALL OWNERS OF STOCK OF ANY KIND, HORSES, cattle, sheep or hogs, are hereby cautioned against allowing their animals to range on the Stearns' Ranchos, without authority from the undersigned, as they will be proceeded against for so doing, as trespassers, under the No Fence Act. Under no circumstances will hogs be permitted to range on the said ranchos.

All parties are also cautioned against cutting and removing from said ranchos wood of any kind, either for fire-wood or fencing purposes, and are hereby notified that the section of the Trespass Law relative to such acts, will be rigidly enforced against them.

J. E. TUFFREE.

Agent for leasing unsold lands on the Stearns' Ranchos, for pasturage. Office in Langenberger's store, Centre street Anaheim.

FOR THE BEST

Wines and Brandies

GO TO

THEO. REISER,

Cor. Santa Ana and Olive Sts.

Anaheim.

BANK OF ANAHEIM.

Capital Stock, - - - $100,000 00

S. H. MOTT - - PRESIDENT.

B. F. SEIBERT - - CASHIER.

DIRECTORS.

H. MABURY, E. F. SPENCE,
B. F. SEIBERT, S. H. MOTT,
O. S. WITHERBY.

This Bank receives Deposits, loans Money, Buys and sells Exchange and Currency makes Collections and transacts a General Banking Business.

Correspondents:

Pacific Bank, San Francisco; First National Bank, New York.

Banking House

....OF....

P. DAVIS & BRO.,

Anaheim, Cal.

A. W. Steinhart - *Cashier.*

CORRESPONDENTS:

First National Gold Bank, San Francisco.

Farmers' and Merchants' Bank, Los Angeles.

EXCHANGE FOR SALE ON

San Francisco,
New York,
London,
Paris,
Berlin,
Frankfort

This Bank is prepared to receive deposits on open account, issue Certificates of Deposit and transact a General Banking Business. Collections made and proceeds remitted at current rates of exchange. On all moneys left as **Term Deposits** interest will be allowed.

The Commercial Bank

Of Los Angeles.

Authorized Capital, $300,000

J. E. HOLLENBECK...............President
E. F. SPENCE...................Cashier

DIRECTORS:

A. H. WILCOX, S. H. MOTT,
I. LANKERSHIM, E. F. SPENCE,
J. E. HOLLENBECK, O. S. WITHERBY,
H. MABURY, W. WOODWORTH.

THE BANK IS PREPARED TO RECEIVE DEposits on open account, issue certificates of deposit and transact a general Banking business. Collections made and proceeds remitted at current rate of exchange.

The Stearns' Ranchos

Alfred Robinson, Trustee.

120 Sutter Street, San Francisco, Cal.

NINETY THOUSAND ACRES OF LAND FOR sale in lots to suit. Suitable for the culture of Oranges, Lemons, Limes, Figs, Almonds, Walnuts, Apples, Peaches, Pears, Alfalfa, Corn, Rye, Barley, Flax, Ramie, Cotton, etc. Also many thousand acres of

Natural Evergreen Pastures!

suitable for Dairying. Good water is abundant at average depth of six feet from the surface. On almost every acre of this land flowing

Artesian Wells

Can be obtained, and the more elevated portions can be irrigated by the water of the Santa Ana river. Most of these lands are naturally moist, requiring only good cultivation to produce crops.

TERMS;—One-fourth cash, balance in one, two or three years, with ten per cent. interest.

I will take pleasure in showing these lands to parties seeking land, who are invited to come and see this extensive tract before purchasing elsewhere.

W. R. OLDEN, Agent,
Anaheim Los Angeles Co.

Building Lots

FOR SALE

The undersigned has subdivided that portion yard lot D6, fronting

On Centre Street,

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It soothes and heals the membrane of the lungs, inflamed and poisoned by the disease, and remedies the night sweats and tightness across the chest, which accompany it.

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It is of selected alcoholic strength and free from added flavoring oils, acids, metals, or other deleterious substances. This whisky is pure, of superior quality, and suitable for dietic and medicinal purposes.

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Elegant Suites of Rooms, with Fire-places, and all the modern improvements, calculated to insure the comfort of guests.

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As well as the general management of the Hotel, will be under the supervision of Mrs. GRAHAM, a lady of experience in hotel keeping for the past twelve years.

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