ANAHEIM GAZETTE.

WEEKLY

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WEEKLY GAZETTE.

Established 1870.

For Terms, see Fourth Page.

Dr. Reginald A. Fergusson

Docter of Medicine and Master of Surgery of the Queen's University, Ireland; Licentiate of the Royal College of Physicians and of the Royal College of Surgeons of Edinburgh; Licentiate of the Society of Apothecaries of London; late Senior Resident-Surgeon, Resident-Physician and Assistant Pathologist, Glasgow Royal Infirmary; and lately Resident in the Rotunda Hospital, (for diseases of women only) Dublin—

HAVING PURCHASED FROM DR. JAMES ELLIS the Anaheim Sanatorium nd Drug Store may be consulted on all Medical and Surgical cases. Diseases of Women and Children a specialty.

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OFFICE—Corner of Center and Lemon Streets,

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DR. E. L. COWAN,

Dentist,

Has opened an office in the upper part of Mrs. Matz's building, Los Angeles Street, Anaheim. Having had twenty years experience, he can speak with confidence of his work. His scale of prices is very low. He will be found in his office every day between the hours of 9 A. M. and 5 P. M.

GEO. B. SHAFFER,

NOTARY PUBLIC.

OFFICE—BANK OF ANAHEIM.

VICTOR MONTGOMERY,

ATTORNEY AT LAW AND NOTARY PUBLIC, Anaheim, Cal. Office at Santa Ana on Tuesdays and Fridays. P. O. address, Anaheim, Cal.

ROBT. W. SCOTT,

ATTORNEY AT LAW AND NOTARY PUBLIC, Commissioner of Deeds for Arizona Territory. Krecker's Block, Anaheim, Cal.

M. L. WICKS,

Attorney-at-Law,

ROOMS 86 and 87 TEMPLE BLOCK,

LOS ANGELES.

H. M MITCHELL,

Attorney and Counselor at Law,

Office—Rooms 76 and 77 Temple Block,

LOS ANGELES.

H. J. STEVENSON,

Deputy U. S. Land and Mineral Surveyor,

OFFICE: Room No 4, Downey Block,

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BOOT AND SHOE MAKER,

Los Angeles Street.

MAKING AND REPAIRING AT THE LOWEST cash price. All orders promptly attended to All work guaranteed

CHARLES WILLE,

COOPERAGE.

Pipes, Barrels and kegs on hand at all times. Tanks and Tubs made to order. Honey Barrels for sale cheap.

MILES BROS.

WAREHOUSEMEN AND COMMISSION MERchants. All consignments of produce shipped through us will be sold at the highest market rates. Liberal cash advances will be made. Sacks, twine and hale rope sold at low figures. Agents for all kinds of farming implements. Also agent for the Phœnix and Home Insurance Co.'s. Office at Warehouse, near Railroad depot.

F. & J. BACKS,

Importers, Manufacturers and Dealers in

Furniture, Bedding, Paper Hangings, Picture Frames, etc,

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Agents for the Howe, Eldredge and Victor Sewing Machines.

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INTERNATIONAL

BREWERY,

T. P. HINDE, Proprietor.

Orders from Town and Country promptly attended to

CITY

DRUG STORE!

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Centre Street (Opposite Planters' Hotel),

ANAHEIM.

A choice variety of perfumery, toilet articles, etc., pure and fresh Drugs, patent Medicines, etc. Physicians' prescriptions carefully compounded at all hours.

IF YOU WANT

TO GET RID OF

SQUIRRELS AND

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USE CARBON BI-SULPHIDE

Everybody who has used it recommends it as the

ONLY SURE EXTERMINATOR

Of this vermin. For sale by

A. LANGENBERGER,

Dealer in Groceries, Hardware, Paints, Oils and Crockery.

Len. J. Thompson & Co.,

—DEALERS IN—

GROCERIES, PROVISIONS,

ETC. Wholesale and Retail Agents for the

Celebrated ANCHOR CHEESE.

36 SPRING Street,

Los Angeles, - Cal.

City Stables,

Corner of Los Angeles and Center Sts.

ANAHEIM.

L. F. Lewis, - - Proprietor.

THESE STABLES ARE THE BEST VENTILATED and most commodious in the town, and special attention will be paid to Boarding and Grooming horses. The charge in all cases will be reasonable.

Single and Double Teams

Furnished at short notice, and careful drivers, familiar with the country, supplied when required. The patronage of the public is respectfully solicited.

BLACKSMITHING

—AND—

WAGONMAKING!

Removal.

MR. H. A. STOUGH DESIRES TO INFORM THE public that he has removed his blacksmith shop to the shop on Lemon Street, formerly occupied by H. J. McBernutt, and respectfully solicits the continued patronage of his many customers.

One part of the shop is occupied by Mr. T. L. GANNON, Wagonmaker, who is prepared to do all kinds of woodwork in a thorough manner and at cheap rates. Messrs. Stough and Gannon are jointly agents for

The Osborn Farm Machinery,

Consisting of Mowers, Reapers, Self-Binders, etc. Also agent for the Studebaker and other celebrated

FARM WAGONS.

W. A. MORRISON,

BLACKSMITH

AND WAGONMAKER.

At the old Stand on Center St., Anaheim.

ALL KINDS OF WAGONS, CARRIAGES AND Buggies built to order from the best timber and at the lowest prices. Repairing of all kinds done promptly, and the charges in all cases will be moderate.

CULTIVATORS

For Vineyard and Orchard on hand and made to order

HORSESHOEING

A Specialty.

I respectfully solicit the patronage of my old Customers and the public in general.

A. E. WHITE. E. A. WHITE

BLACKSMITHING

—AND—

Wagonmaking!

All Work Warranted.

Prices as low as the lowest.

Center Street, Anaheim.

The Old German School.

GERMAN, FRENCH, GYMNASTICS AND PENCING, Book-keeping, single and double entry and all School Studies taught, according to improved methods. Mathematics (method of Sonnenschein) a Specialty.

Jan 1-6m A. T. JULIUS VOIGT.

THIS PAPER [illegible] Advertising Bureau (10 Spruce St.), where advertising contracts may be made for it IN NEW YORK.

HOW TO PREVENT DROWNING.

Henry Maccormac, in *Nature.*

I wish to show how drowning might, under ordinary circumstances, be avoided, even in the case of persons otherwise wholly ignorant of the art of swimming. The numerous frightful casualities render every working suggestion of importance, and that which I here offer I venture to think is entirely available.

When one of the inferior animals takes the water, falls into or is thrown in, it instantly begins to walk as it does when out of the water. But when a man who cannot "swim" falls into the water he makes a few spasmodic struggles, throws up his arms and drowns. The brute, on the other hand, treads water, remains on the surface, and is virtually insubmergible. In order then to escape drowning it is only necessary to do as the brute does, and that is to tread or walk the water. The brute has no advantage in regard to his relative weight, in respect of the water, over man, and yet the man perishes while the brute lives. Nevertheless any man, any woman, any child who can walk on the land may also walk in the water just as readily as the animal does, if only he will, and that without any prior instruction or drilling whatever. Throw a dog into the water, and he treads or walks the water instantly, and there is no imaginable reason why a human being under like circumstances should not do as the dog does.

The brute, indeed, walks in the water instinctively, whereas the man has to be told. The ignorance of so simple a possibility, namely, the possibility of treading water, strikes me as one of the most singular things in the history of man, and speaks very little indeed for his intelligence. He is, in fact, as ignorant on the subject as a new-born babe. Perhaps something is to be ascribed to the vague meaning which is attached to the word swim. When a man swims it means one thing, when a dog swims it means another and quite a different act. The dog is wholly incapable of swimming as a man swims, but nothing is more certain than that a man is capable of swimming, and on the instant, too, as a dog swims, without any previous training or instruction, and that by so doing, without fear or hesitancy, he will just be as safe in the water as the dog is.

The brute in the water continues to go on all fours, and the man who wishes to save his life, and cannot otherwise swim, must do so too, striking alternately one two, one two, but without hurry or precipitation, with hand and foot, exactly as the brute does. Whether he be provided with paw or hoof, the brute swims with the greatest ease and buoyancy. The human being, if he will, can do so too, with the further immense advantage of having a paddle-formed hand, and of being able to rest himself when tired by floating, a thing of which the animal has no conception. Bridget Money, a poor Irish emigrant, saved her own life and her three children's lives, when the steamer conveying them took fire on Lake Erie, by floating herself and making them float, which simply consists in lying quite still, with the mouth shut and the head well thrown back in the water. The dog, the horse, the cow, the swine, the deer, and even the cat, all take to the water on occasion, and sustain themselves perfectly without any prior experience whatever. Nothing is less difficult, whether for man or brute, than to tread water, even for the first time. I have done so often, using the feet alone, or the hands alone, or the whole four, many times, with perhaps one of my children on my back. Once I recollect being carried a good way out to sea by the receding tide at Boulogne, but regained the shore without difficulty. A drop of water once passed through the rima of the glottis, and on another occasion I experienced such sudden indisposition that if I had been unable to float it must, I think, have gone hard with me.

Men and animals are able to sustain themselves for long distances in the water, and would do so much oftener were they not incapacitated, in regard of the former at least, by sheer terror, as well as complete ignorance of their real powers. Webb's wonderful endurance will never be forgotten. But there are other instances, only less remarkable. Some years since, the second mate of a ship fell overboard while in the act of fitting a sail. It was blowing fresh; the time was night, and the place some miles out on the stormy German Ocean. The hardy fellow nevertheless managed to gain the English coast. Brock, with a dozen other pilots, was plying for fares by Yarmouth; and as the mainsheet was belayed, a sudden puff of wind upset the boat, when presently all perished except Brock himself, who, from four in the afternoon of an October evening to one the next morning, swam thirteen miles before he was able to hail a vessel at anchor in the offing. Animals themselves are capable of swimming immense distances, although unable to rest by the way. A dog recently swam thirty miles in America in order to rejoin his master. A mule and a dog washed overboard during a gale in the Bay of Biscay have been known to make their way to shore. A dog swam ashore with a letter in his mouth at the Cape of Good Hope. The crew of the ship to which the dog belonged all perished, which they need not have done had they only ventured to tread water as the dog did. As a certain ship was labering heavily in the trough of the sea it was found needful, in order to lighten the vessel, to throw some troop-horses overboard which had been taken in at Corunna. The poor things, my informant, a staff-surgeon, told me, when they found themselves abandoned, faced round and swam for miles after the vessel. A man on the east coast of Lincolnshire saved quite a number of lives by swimming out on horseback to vessels in distress. He commonly rode an old gray mare, but when the mare was not to hand he took the first horse that offered.

The loss of life from shipwreck, boating, bathing, skating, fishing, and accidental immersions is so disastrously great, that every feasible procedure calculated to avert it ought to be had recourse to. People will not consent to wear life-preservers, but if they only knew that in their own limbs, properly used, they possessed the most efficient of life-preservers, they would most likely avail themselves of them. In every school, every house, there ought to be a slate tank of sufficient depth, with a trickle of water at one end and a siphon at the other, in order to keep the contents pure. A pail or two of hot water would at any time render the contents sufficiently warm. In such a tank every child from the time it could walk ought to be made to tread water daily. Every adult, when the opportunity presents itself, should do so. The printed injunction should be pasted up on all boat-houses, on every boat, at every bathing-place, and in every school. "Tread water when you find yourself out of your depth" is all that need be said, unless, indeed, we add, "Float when you are tired." Every one, of whatever age or sex, or however incumbered with clothing, might tread water with at least as much facility, even in a breaking sea, as a four-footed animal does. The position of a person who treads water is, in other respects, very much safer and better than is the sprawling attitude which we assume in ordinary swimming. And then the beauty of it is that we can tread water without any preliminary teaching, whereas "to swim" involves time and pains, entails considerable fatigue, and is very seldom adequately acquired after all.

The Indians on the Missouri River, when they have occasion to traverse that impetuous stream, invariably tread water just as the dog treads it. The natives of Joanna, an island on the coast of Madagascar, young persons of both sexes, walk the water carrying fruit and vegetables to ships becalmed, or that may be lying to in the offing, miles away. Some Croomen whose canoe upset before my eyes, in the seaway on the coast of Africa, walked the water to the safe keeping of their lives, with the utmost facility; and I witnessed negro children on other occasions doing so at a very tender age. At Madras, watching their opportunity, messengers, with letters secured in an oilskin cap, plunge into the boiling surf, and make their way, treading the water, to the vessels outside, through a sea in which an ordinary European boat will not live. At the Cape of Good Hope men used to proceed to the vessels in the offing through the mountain billows, treading the water as they went with the utmost security. And yet here, on our own shores, and amid smooth waters, men, women, and children perish like flies annually, when a little properly directed effort—treading the water as I have said—would haply suffice to rescue them every one.

The Deadly Kerosene.

Los Angeles Express, August 12.

Yesterday afternoon about 6 o'clock, an eleven-year-old daughter of Mrs. R. Roberts, who resides on Sainsevain street, was attempting to build a fire by the use of kerosene oil, the mother being near by. The fire failing to start readily, the girl took the can and attempted to pour on some more of the fluid, when the blaze communicated, with a flash, to the can. The girl threw the can from her and it struck her mother, exploding and enveloping her in burning oil. Mrs. Roberts rushed out of doors, when detective Emil Harris and another neighbor named E. C. Davis hurried to her assistance, tearing off the burning clothing. Mrs. Roberts was frightfully burned about the limbs and chest. Dr. Kurtz was summoned, doing all that medical skill could suggest to alleviate the unfortunate woman's sufferings, but she died this morning.

VISALIA, August 11.—About 4:30 o'clock yesterday afternoon, Miss Maggie Blain, a young lady of sixteen, attempted to start a fire in a stove with coal oil, when the can exploded and she was immediately enveloped in the flames. No one was at home, and she ran out screaming with pain and terror. C. Krader, a neighbor, saw her and shouted to her to lie down in the grass. She obeyed and a lady brought a quilt and threw it over her, smothering the flames. The girl was taken into the house, her clothing falling off and the flesh peeling in strips. She was thoroughly burned above the knees and below the face. At 11:30 she died.

Important to Settlers.

United States Attorney-General MacVeagh has just made a decision of much importance to those who intend to make their homes on the public domain. It is this in brief: That the President may establish a military reservation on the public lands whenever and wherever he shall elect, regardless of the claim of any pre-emption settler on such land, up to the time that such pre-emption settler shall have made his last payment and proved up his right to the *fee* in the land. But as to homestead settlers the case is different. From the instant that a homestead entry is made the land settled on is segregated from the public domain, and the right of the settler to remain and complete his title cannot be disturbed. This is in conformance with many United States Court decisions. It gives so great an advantage to homesteading over pre-emption as to make the latter practically an obsolete law.

Postmaster-General James is about to adopt a plan for transmitting small sums through the mails, which to newspaper subscribers and other persons to whom indebtedness often reaches fractions of a dollar, will be very welcome. It is an improvement on the new English system, and consists of a postal order on which there are three columns of figures—dollars, tens and units. There are two denominations, one with a maximum of $2.50, the other of $5. The postmasters who issue them will designate the amount they call for by punching out the figures required. They are to be sent like fractional currency, the Government not being responsible for them any more than for any other money sent by mail. A record of the amount and date of issue is kept upon a "stub" by the postmaster issuing them, but not of the name of the person buying them. In order to prevent their use as currency, they cease to be redeemable three months after their issue. They will cost from three to five cents each, according to the amount.

PIPES AND OPEN DITCHES FOR IRRIGATION

The Riverside *Press* shows in the following article how to make a limited amount of water go furthest in irrigation:

The late B. D. Wilson, who was formerly owner of the Jarupa Rancho, where Riverside is located, and afterwards a large land owner and orchardist in the San Gabriel valley, was wont to say that water was worth $1,000 an inch for iarigating purposes in Southern California. If this figure is not too high, the Riverside settlement is losing property valued at a million of dollars by its abominable system of open ditches. Is that estimate too high? Let us see.

Pasadena has under cultivation 1,000 acres of land that is worth in its wild state to-day $100 per acre or $100,000. Without water it would be valueless. Whatever value it has is given it by its supply of water. The water used in the Pasadena settlement only amounts to twenty inches, under a four-inch pressure, which, at $1,000 an inch, is worth $20,000, only one-fifth the value of the wild land of the Pasadena settlement. Pasadena uses only one inch of water on fifty acres of land.

Riverside needs more water than Pasadena. The climate here is dryer than it is there, and the rainfall is less, but does it need as much more than Pasadena as the present amount in use would indicate? Riverside to-day uses what is not wasted of a supply that measures at the head of the ditch in the dryest part of an ordinarily dry season, 2,000 inches of water on 4,000 acres of land. Suppose one-half of that supply is wasted in the main ditches—and this estimate is not far from the truth — we then have 1,000 inches on 4,000 acres, or one inch to every four acres. The estimate at Orange is one inch for every ten acres, and at Pasadena one inch for every fifty acres. Pasadena makes water do the greatest duty possible by piping and saving every drop. Riverside wastes a million dollars' worth continually.

Let Riverside pipe and save its water as it should do, and eventually must do, and there will be plenty to irrigate every inch of irrigable land below the upper canal between the head of the canal and the Temescal wash, and land owners will then have water to spare.

At the last meeting of the St. Helena Viticultural Society (we copy from the *Star*) the effect of frost on vines was discussed. Thos. Greer said his vines looked well last year, but the frost in the fall cut off the second crop. Pruned them this spring and they looked well, but when the time came for coming out they did not come except a little at the bottoms. Thought it the result of the freezing last year. They are eight years old; what shall he do with them?

Remedies for cases of this nature were discussed at some length. The general plan was to saw off the old stock and either put in a graft or leave a sucker to form a new cane. Some favored one, some another. Sheehan trained up suckers; they did well and bore the second year; got good fruit. Field's experience was that suckers are too liable to break off; did better with graft; got 30 or 40 pounds of grapes the second year. Cruey's experience was that the graft will double the productiveness of the sucker. Ewer preferred the sucker. Schram said in any event, cut off the old stumps below the ground; want no stumps sticking out in the way. Hastings had had some bad experience in the same line. Took 144,000 cuttings to Lake last year, and only a small percentage grew. Drying out in transportation partly the fault; they should have been sacked and kept moist.

Edwards asked, what is a sucker? The term is understood differently by different people. Some discussion on this followed, in which it was generally concluded that a sucker is anything coming out below the head of the vine. Edwards also proposed a better way of keeping cuttings than tying them up in bundles. The inside canes in a bundle do not bud; put them in thin rows, so the earth shall touch all of them. Of 1,600 thus kept this spring not a dozen failed.

Norton found that freezing, with 5 or 6-year-old vines, caused black knot.

CHICAGO, August 13.—During the session of the Irish Convention here it was stated that one of the trustees of the Skirmishing Fund was Alexander Sullivan. That gentleman having his attention called to the statement to-night, said he had never been connected with the fund in any respect whatever. The names of the trustees are well known in New York. He says also that the Convention was not discordant, as reported, but was harmonious. Fully one-third of its membership were professional men, and one-third were engaged in the civil war of 1861 in this country. The Convention had no possible sympathy with Rossa, and abhorred the idea of dynamite being used against non-combatant American passengers on English ships, when the memory of American kindness to Irish sufferers is so fresh. They believe that the time will be ripe to strike for independence, as America did, when England shall become involved in foreign difficulties, and that then they will have a full right to wage war.

BURTON, Mo., Aug. 11.—A vagabond named Jackson having insulted Mrs. Langford, her husband attempted to chastise him, but was stabbed nearly to death. Mrs. Langford then appeared on the scene and shot Jackson in the breast, who then tried to stab her, but fell from loss of blood. Langford and Jackson will die.

PACIFIC COAST NEWS.

Louis Duchin, a native of France, aged about 45 years, committed suicide at Napa on Friday by taking strychnine.

James Hart of Santa Barbara was found dead on the highway, a demijohn of whiskey by his side.

Maurice Bremond, aged 11 years, residing in San Francisco, attempted to leap on a truck but slipped and fell. The hind wheels passed over his body, killing him.

The supply of white labor is insufficient to harvest the hop crop near Healdsburg, and one farmer has employed a hundred Coast Indians to work in his field. The crop is very abundant.

A strawberry patch of five acres, in the Pajaro District, Santa Cruz county, has been entirely destroyed by a small beetle, less than half an inch long. The loss is at least $1,500. This is a new enemy to the vines.

A fire started by careless hunters has been raging in the Gabilan mountains, fifteen miles south of Hollister, for three or four days. It burned over 3,000 acres of Government land, and 350 acres belonging to Jesse D. Carr, destroying a great amount of valuable timber and stock feed.

A telegram from San Jose dated August 12th says: A meeting of viticulturists was held this afternoon to devise ways and means to destroy the phylloxera, which has made its appearance among the vines in this valley. Charles A. Wetmore, of the State Board, made a lengthy address and advised the formation of a society. A Committee on Permanent Organization was appointed, to report next Saturday.

Johnny Skae, for many years identified with the mining interests of the Comstock, and who at the time of the Sierra Nevada boom could have sold out for millions, went on a glorious drunk in San Francisco, on Friday morning, and made himself so hilarious on Kearny street that Officer Rainsbury was compelled to arrest him on a charge of intoxication. The only property in the fallen Comstock king's pocket was a bunch of keys; and so utterly poverty-stricken was he that he was unable to produce $5 bail, and was compelled to doze off the effects of his potations until some sympathizing friend, who heard of his misfortune, appeared and bailed him out.

It seems that some dangerous species of thistle is in the Coos Bay country, Oregon. A Coquille City correspondent informs this department that some farmers in his vicinity have a great deal of work to destroy them, and their purposes are frustrated by the carelessness of neighbors who let them grow in waste places. The thistle which is so obnoxious is known as the "bull" thistle, and is a biennial, and very large and thrifty. The winds blow the seeds over the whole region. There has never been a thistle law in California, though the question was at one time agitated somewhat.

In his detail of Indian horrors that came under his notice, Mr. Markley, the New Mexico Indian killer, stated that in 1867 he gave an Indian half a dollar for a hair rope ten feet in length and about the size of his little finger. He untwisted the end and found that it was made of auburn and black hair, which, from the length of each hair, was that of a woman. He questioned the Indian, who told him the rope was made from the hair of the women and girls slain in the Mountain Meadows massacre, for complicity with which murder John D. Lee, the Mormon, was tried and shot a few years ago. The place where he purchased the rope was at Paleronsagote, sixty-five miles from Mountain Meadows, where the most harrowing and brutal massacre of modern times occurred.—*Pioche Record.*

The Southern California Horticultural Society is determined to outdo all previous efforts in its Fourth Annual Fair, to be opened at Los Angeles on the 1st of September, and continue six days. Some half-dozen counties will take an active part in the exhibition, but it is announced to be "open to the world." The programme of exhibits is divided into six departments and thirty-four classes, which take in a wide range of articles, including grains, fruits, minerals, agricultural implements, and the products of growth and industry in every material branch, but omitting the arts in their numerous attractive varieties. Arrangements have been made with the steamship and railroad companies for cheap fares, and the attendance, from all the inducements offered, will, it is expected, surpass in numbers anything that has been witnessed in the "City of the Angels."—*Call.*

On last Wednesday night, one of the prettiest steamers ever constructed in this city was launched from a shipyard at the Potrero. The boat was built for the Pacific Coast Steamship Company, and will be employed as a freight boat between this city and the south coast ports. The vessel was built almost entirely of Oregon pine, the stern and rudder posts being of hard wood. She is 160 feet in length, 27 feet beam, 16 feet hold, and is 600 tons burthen. The engine is a compound surface condensing one, high pressure 18, and low pressure 34 pounds. Some of the single timbers composing the keleon and water-ways are 110 feet in length. The vessel is lying at Main street wharf, receiving the finishing touches, and will be ready for use in about 8 days. Her very pretty appearance and graceful lines attract considerable attention, and Captain Goodall was so struck with her beauty on first seeing her that he promptly decided to christen her the *Beatie*, which is acknowledged to be most appropriate. The entire cost of the steamer, ready for use, will amount to about $70,000. —*Call.*

Supremacy of California Fruit.

A curious idiosyncrasy of some Californians is their disposition to underrate the flavor of the fruits grown in this State. It is more pronounced in the pioneer than the late-comer from the East. It is not unusual to hear a "forty-niner" intimate that our peaches do not begin to compare with those of New Jersey and Delaware, and that there is an indescribable something missing from our pears, etc. In refreshing contrast to this is the following frank testimony from the New York *Express*. That journal says: "The Tokay and Muscat grapes of California surpass, to a great degree, the flavor, size and general quality of the Eastern or European grape." "The pears," it adds, "are a little larger than the Eastern varieties, but they retain the exquisite flavor which has made them so popular." But when the pioneer sees the indorsement of our peaches, which are pronounced "large, and of exquisite flavor," and reads the added comment that "it is thought that they will eventually crowd the New Jersey and Delaware fruit out of the market," he will certainly think his palate is slightly out of order, or that he lacks appreciation. Nothing could prove more satisfactory to Californians than the closing remarks of the article in the *Express* from which we have quoted:

The Pacific Slope west of the Sierra Nevada will in the course of a few years supply all the demands of the Eastern markets. The produce can be transported from San Francisco to New York for about $700 a carload, and the excellence of the fruit is such that competition would be almost madness. The favor with which Western fruit is received in the East shows conclusively that the land of the setting sun is the El Dorado of fruiterers and the land of promise to epicures.

The superiority of California fruit must be conceded beyond any cavil when it is asserted that it would be madness to try and compete with it in the markets of New York, even when handicapped by freights amounting to $700 per carload.—*S. F. Chronicle.*

OTTAWA, August 12.—James Wetherell, aged 70, and Margaret Depoty, aged 50, having married, some roughs charivaried them from 11 P. M. till 2 this A. M., and then broke in the door and demanded money. The old man beat them off and then followed them out. This morning his dead body was found by the roadside with his head crushed.

Accounts from Lancaster, O., where the largest vineyards in the State are located, represent the vines to be in splendid condition, and that the grape crop will be the largest ever known. All varieties are loaded with fruit, perfectly free from mildew, rot, rust and curculio. One grower expects to make 50,000 gallons of wine.

Some of the parents at Cambridge City Ind., blew up with dynamite the saloon in which liquor had been sold to their children.

Enterprising Druggists.

Mr. A. Langenberger, the live storekeeper of the town, is always up to the times and ready to meet the demands of his many customers. They have just received a supply of that wonderful remedy that is astonishing the world by its marvelous cures, DR. KING'S NEW DISCOVERY for Consumption, Coughs, Colds, Asthma, Bronchitis, Hay Fever, Phthisic, Croup, Whooping Cough, Tickling in the Throat, Loss of Voice, Hoarseness, or any affection of the Throat and Lungs. This remedy positively cures, as thousands can testify. If you do not believe it, call at Langenberger's store, Anaheim, and get a Sample Bottle *free of cost* or a regular size bottle for one dollar. As you value your life, give it a trial and be convinced, as thousands already have been. Wholesale by Redington & Co., San Francisco.

Oh, What a Cough!

Will you heed the warning? The signal perhaps of the sure approach of that more terible disease, Consumption. Ask yourselves if you can afford for the sake of saving 50 cts., to run the risk and do nothing for it. We know from experience that Shiloh's Cure will cure your Cough. It never fails. This explains why more than a million Bottles were sold last year. It relieves Croup and Whooping Cough at once. Mothers, do not be without it. For Lame Back, Side, or Chest, use Shiloh's Porous Plaster. Sold by Wm. M. Higgins, Anaheim, Cal. Wholesale by Crane & Brigham, San Francisco.

Dyspepsia & Liver Complaint.

Is it not worth the small price of 75 cents to free yourself of every symptom of these distressing complaints? If you think so call at once at our drug store and get a bottle of Shiloh's Nitaliser. Every bottle has a printed guarantee on it. Use accordingly, and if it does you no good it will cost you nothing. Sold by Wm. M. Higgins, Anaheim, Cal.

We have a speedy and positive cure for Catarrh, Diphtheria, Canker mouth and Head Ache in SHILOH'S CATARRH REMEDY. A nasal injector free with each bottle. Use it if you desire health and sweet breath. Sold by Wm. M. Higgins, Anaheim, Cal. Wholesale by Crane & Brigham San Francisco.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

The Best Salve in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns and all kinds of Skin Eruptions. This salve is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction in every case or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by A. LANGENBERGER, Anaheim, wholesale by Redington & Co. S. F. 6m1-1y

Sore Throat, Diphtheria, Quinsy, are different forms of congestion, the result of "catching cold." Trask's Magnetic Ointment will never known to fail in immediately relieving the congestion and curing these forms.

As a mild, but effectual laxative; as a safe, but sure tonic, blood purifier and general strengthener, use King of the Blood. See advertisement.

WEEKLY GAZETTE.

County Official Paper.

SATURDAY.....AUGUST 20, 1881

In the suit of C. P. Huntington against C. E. Palmer, Tax Collector of Alameda county, Judges Sawyer and Hoffman, of the United States Courts, have found for the defendant by sustaining his demurrer. This was a suit brought by the railroad companies to enjoin the Tax Collectors of the various counties in the State from collecting the State and county taxes for the past year, and the effect of the decision is to compel the companies to pay their taxes. Judge Sawyer, however, said that the other cases (to enjoin other Tax Collectors of the State) would stand over to give plaintiff an opportunity to take this case to the United States Supreme Court, which would be in session in about six weeks, but if it is not speedily carried up, the other cases would be disposed of.

GREENFIELD, who was hanged at Syracuse on the 5th instant, for wife murder, was born in the town of Orwell, Oswego County, N. Y., a locality which has a reputation not to be envied. The year's records show that of the great caravan of convicts which goes up to Onondaga Penitentiary from Oswego County, the town of Orwell contributes a large third. Yet there are only two less densely populated towns in the county than this. In Orwell the sanctity of the marriage tie, the rights of property, the honor of the home find few respecters. The youth learn vice more rapidly, the old practice it more openly, than elsewhere in the vicinity. Ask any citizen of Oswego what Orwell is and he will either shake his head in expressive silence or tell you it is the worst place in the State. As a matter of fact both the prosecution and the defence were seriously embarrassed during Greenfield's last trial, by the number of Orwell witnesses who had been sent to State prison during the interim for grand larceny, rape and other felonies.

AT a meeting of Socialists in Chicago, Secretary Blaine was denounced in a set of resolutions as everything that was despicable, because of some utterances of Mr. Hitt, Assistant Secretary of State. Mr. Hitt was asked what would be the probable action of this Government in case the Russian authorities demanded Mr. Leo Hartmann, who confesses to having attempted the murder of the Czar. Mr. Hitt's reply to the newspaper correspondent who asked the question was to the effect that this Government would probably surrender Hartmann. Alarmed at this, the latter individual fled to Canada, and his attorney, Mr. Wehle, wrote to Secretary Blaine, calling his attention to the newspaper interview with Hitt, and asking whether he (Blaine) subscribed to the views therein expressed. Mr. Blaine writes in reply that he received by the same mail with Mr. Wehle's letter a letter from an eminent citizen of Pennsylvania, urging that the Government make known to Russia its willingness to surrender Hartmann on demand. He says:

In both these communications I am asked to violate official propriety and disregard the traditions of the Department of State by declaring in advance what would be the action of the Government in a hypothetical case involving grave legal principles and important personal rights. You suggest that it is the duty of the Department of State to deliver its conclusion on this case because one of its assistants is reported, without authority, to have expressed his own personal views in a casual conversation on the subject. There is no citizen of the United States to-day, native born or a naturalized, who has the right to demand from any national tribunal its opinion in a hypothetical case on the plea that it involves a principle which might affect his personal rights. Can you assign any reason why Mr. Leo Hartmann, who is not a citizen of the United States, should, the moment he sets foot on American soil, have the right to demand a ruling from one of the executive departments of the National Government upon a question of international jurisprudence that may affect his personal liberty when there is no case pending before the Department involving the issue? A half million immigrants from Europe will probably arrive in the United States during the current year. Can you indicate to me any reasonable ground on which Mr. Hartmann should be excepted from out that vast number and the special protection of the Government vouchsafed and voluntarily guaranteed to him in advance of any case arising in which his name is even mentioned? It may, perhaps, be unnecessary to advise you that the conclusions and decisions of the Department of State on important legal and diplomatic questions are not made prematurely public through the medium of newspaper interviews, nor in response to the attorneys of interested parties.

WE do not know the reasons which impelled the Board of Supervisors to deny the request of the petitioners who asked that a County Board of Horticultural Commissioners be appointed, but as similar petitions have been denied in several other counties, it is to be inferred that the county authorities had good grounds for their refusal. It is said that one objection to appointing such a Board is that the powers conferred upon them by law are so arbitrary that, unless composed of the very best material, they would be apt to make themselves even more obnoxious to the fruit grower than the pests which infest the orchard. That there are good grounds for this apprehension is proved by the following instance: Mr. Hastings has a large vineyard in Napa county, and is considered one of the most progressive fruit growers in the county. There appeared in his vineyard one day a Mr. Morse (the same gentleman whose examination of the Anaheim vineyards the GAZETTE once severely criticized). Mr. Morse is an agent of the Viticultural Commission, and his special business is to discover phylloxera. He reported to his chief that phylloxera had appeared in Mr. Hastings' vineyard, whereupon that officer, by virtue of the power vested in him, told Mr. Hastings that he must use bi-sulphide of carbon on his vines, notwithstanding that Mr. H., who is as capable as anyone of determining the presence of phylloxera, contended that there were no signs of the pest in his vineyard. He pointed out to the Commissioner that the suspected spot was the site of a former grove of madrones, which had exhausted the soil, and that the sickly appearance of the vines was due to that cause. His protests availed nothing, and, to use his own words, "the ratio of expense entailed [in the attempt to exterminate a pest which was not present] was far greater than he valued the whole vineyard at."

Mr. Hastings' case is probably not an isolated one, and it serves to illustrate the danger of surrendering the control of our property into the hands of five men, appointed by a power which cannot possibly know much about their qualifications.

The question to be considered is whether it is advisable to run the risk pointed out in order to secure the benefits which might possibly result from the appointment of a Commission.

AT the meeting of the Academy of Sciences in San Francisco the other day, Dr. Stout read a paper on artesian wells. He condemned the use of artesian water, but his remarks applied to the artesian wells of San Francisco only, and were undoubtedly inspired by the Spring Valley Water Company—a corporation which naturally desires to create a distrust of artesian water and to discourage the sinking of wells. In the course of his address, Dr. Stout gave a list of some noted wells, which will prove interesting. He said:

True artesian wells are "water springs rising above the surface of the ground by natural hydrostatic pressure on boring a small hole down through a series of strata to a water-carrying bed inclosed between two impervious layers." In them the water rises from a considerable depth to the surface of the ground, and usually spouts to a greater or less height above it.

The bore of these wells is not limited to a few inches in diameter. The well of La Chapelle, Paris, was 5½ feet, being larger than that of most ordinary surface wells. The boring chisel weighed 4 tons, and was lifted by steam power and made from 20 to 25 falls or strokes per minute.

The well of Grenelle, requiring 7 years, reached the depth of 1798 feet, yielding 600 gallons per minute at 82 degrees Fahrenheit.

The Kissingen in Germany, salt, 1878½ feet deep, spouts 58 feet high in the air.

The Passy, near Paris, is 1923 feet deep, has a bore 2 feet 4 inches at the bottom, furnishes 5,582,000 gallons a day, and spouts 54 feet high.

La Chapelle is 1811 feet deep, has a bore 5 feet 7 inches.

The Butte aux Cailles has a bore of 6½ feet to 90 to 2900 feet.

The London basin, perforated with innumerable bores, all smaller than the former, shows signs of exhaustion, the spouting wells having now their water level below the surface and requiring pumps. These signs, therefore, are significant in regard to the small basins in the peninsula of San Francisco.

At Chicago there are two wells, 400 and 1000 feet, supplying 800,000 gallons a day (1,200,000 shufeldt).

The St. Louis well has a depth of 3147 feet, but gave brine and was abandoned.

The Louisville well has a bore of 3 inches, is 2086 feet deep, and has a supply nearly equal to that of Grenelle.

At Charleston, S. C., there is a well 1250 feet deep which spouts 10 feet, and gives 1200 gallons an hour.

Neusalwerk, Germany, 2288 feet.

STRAWBERRY CULTURE.

BY GRATICS.

[CONCLUSION.]

EDITOR GAZETTE.—In setting out a bed of strawberry plants, it is of primary importance to see that the rows are so laid out that when they have to be irrigated there will not be too great a fall. The longer time it takes the water to run the length of a row, the better will the ground be soaked, and if well soaked, that is all they will probably require (unless the ground is very poor or sandy) to mature a crop of berries, supposing the plants are blooming when irrigated. I have found it a good plan to set out the plants in double rows two feet distant, with the plants 12 or 15 inches apart in the rows. If the entire surface of the ground has not been deeply plowed, it is a good plan to mark out where the plants are to be set, and taking a hoe, draw away on each side the soil till there is a good ridge thrown up, 18 or 20 inches wide at the base. This ridge will constitute a raised walk between each double row of plants, and also keep the water in each row in irrigating. Between these ridges the ground must be well and deeply dug, and if some well rotted fine manure is added, the product from the plants will be all the greater, and they will continue to bear a greater length of time. Another important point consists in pinching off all runners when going around every couple of days picking the fruit. Done at such a time, the labor is easier—it is like killing two birds with one stone. I find it an excellent plan to spread some fine kind of mulching, like hay that has been well trodden on a road or in a corral by horses' feet, or dried leaves raked up from under trees, and spread over the entire beds an inch or so thick. This mulching keeps in the moisture around the plants and by shading the ground from the sun's rays, it perfectly prevents the weeds from starting after each irrigation, which is an easy matter seeing that the ground is always ready for it. With such management I do not hesitate to say that an astonishing amount of large, good fruit will be raised.

The five leading varieties brought forward as the best (the names of which I gave in my last article) are the very best, tested alongside of scores of other varieties, proving themselves to be superior and worthy of occupying a leading place among the standard varieties. The high prices of these are as yet forbidding. For keeping up a good supply of fruit all through the spring, summer and fall, it is well to set out an early, medium and late variety, and the three best are doubtless the Duchess, the best early standard; the Cumberland Triumph, the largest and most easily grown medium berry; and the Sharpless, the largest late strawberry. The first of these varieties is said to be very productive, as many as 237 berries having been counted upon one plant. The Cumberland Triumph is said to be the delight of the amateur, which is doubtless true since it is a sort that is easily raised with little care, and produces fruit of a large and uniform size, beautifully colored, and quite a picture when in full bearing. The Sharpless is an exceedingly fine large berry, many specimens picked during the past season measuring seven inches in circumference. A leading grower of undoubted probity of character says he has had specimens of this variety that measured nine and ten inches in circumference. It is not only large and productive, but its flavor is exquisite. The usual price of these and other standard varieties is about a cent each plant, but they can be got for half that price in lots of one thousand or more plants. Nothing would give the writer greater pleasure than to see inaugurated the time when every garden and each homestead will be embellished by its strawberry patch, as it is in the old country, where its culture is attended with far greater difficulties and its products reduced fully fifty per cent.

A FISHY COMMUNICATION.

BOLSA GRANDE, August 18.

RELIEVED EDITOR:—Since my last communication I see you have had a "let up" in the heated term, and while we have held on the even tenor of our way with a thermometer whose daily track is from 68° to 80° on the sunny side of the house, we have by contrast felt the lower figure to be the average. "All is not gold that glitters," and we find it comes too true at times when old ocean turns each surge into a reflector and every ripple into a mirror to send back the rays of the summer sun, glancing up under the brim of the widest hat and searching the depths of the deepest sun bonnet to brown the fairest cheek and raise in gentle undulations the blistered cuticle of the nasal appendages—pug, roman or acquiline—irrespective of sex, previous condition, etc. We cannot have everything just as we would have it in this world, but we can make the most of what we have; and if it is almost "fifteen miles to a lemon," and one's vine and fig tree are an equal distance away, we can lie in the white sand among the dunes and kick our heels under our individual umbrellas and enjoy the fresh air of the Pacific and the freedom from cares of business, and work up an appetite for the next meal, which never comes amiss, and just do nothing but enjoy the absence from that which tires, enervates and takes the life out of one—the daily tread-mill of home life or business cares, added to the monotony of the unchanging though delightful climate.

But fish! I said fish would be my next theme. Fish it is—not Izaak Walton's brook side, tree-shaded pole and line angling, but trowsers in boots, flannel-shirted, high tide, six inch mud fishing, a hundred yards of seine and five hundred pounds of living, leaping, wriggling, jumping mullet, the sweetest, fattest morsel the Pacific holds in its broad bosom. Unknown on this coast until two or three years since, Bolsa Grande now swarms with them. To one who thinks a fish is a fish, all I can say is don't eat mullet, for you will never enjoy other fish after. With the tender firmness of a brook trout, the sweetness of an April shad and a double line of leaf fat running along each side the ribs in which to cook it. Does your mouth water? Go down and get Major Wicks to take you in his boat, and Capt. Boshard to show you how to pull out the seine, set the fike net, bide your tide and haul in the struggling appetizers, and then go home and enjoy it.

I take it all back about the stingrays. There are stingrays at this beach also, as one young Miss found to her pained astonishment—the first and only one seen, or rather felt, this season. "There is never a rose without its thorn," and she rose on the billow and came down on the thorn. It was a very low tide and far out in the deep, and no more bathing will be found necessary this season at that stage of the tide.

Take it altogether, Bolsa Grande is preferable in many respects to any other of our seaside resorts, not the least of which are the good, because comparatively little used, roads, and the convenient freedom from dust; and the roads running due north and south, they can be traveled "with the wind abeam" instead of directly in a line with it, throwing what wind there is to one side.

Yours enjoyingly, C. BREES.

SAN JOSE LETTER.

SAN JOSE, Cal. Aug. 9, 1881.

EDITOR GAZETTE.—The State Normal School opened to-day with a larger number of old pupils and new comers than ever before. About one hundred and sixty new pupils presented themselves for examination to-day, and more are coming during the next two or three weeks. The total number of punils assembled at the opening of the school was about four hundred and fifty, and when the seniors and new ones that are coming are here, it will readily be seen that the attendance is very much greater than at any previous time. It gladdened the soul to see the merry faces and the pleasant warmth of greeting from teachers to pupils, and from pupils to mates—more like a "happy band of brothers" or a family reunited after a much longer separation than vacation has proved. The faculty occupied the platform. The school sang "Majestic Sweetness Sits Enthroned." Principal Allen read a short scripture lesson, which was followed by a beautiful chant, and then a kindly address of welcome.

The Horticultural Society are hard at work, and have made a great number of tests with several kinds of scale destroyers, some of them proving tree destroyers as well. High-grade kerosene finally being considered safer than crude petroleum as it evaporates too rapidly to injure the tree while it effectually destroys the scale. Also in using the sacks for the codling-moth a double thickness has proved more satisfactory than a single thickness on account of the extra warmth, protection and darkness for the cocoon. No. 22 of the Committee's experiments, or soft soap, sulphur and tobacco of each 1 lb to 3 gallons of water, to be used while the tree is growing. Perseverance and patience applied with thoroughness, the Society seem to feel satisfied, will exterminate the present fruit-pests of this valley. JENNIE R. BUSH.

ORANGE ITEMS.

Mr. George Hagar returned from his fishing trip (trout) looking fine and feeling ditto.

Mr. Peter Fickus returned home last Tuesday, from a trip to the old country. We expected him to come in on a honeymoon but were disappointed.

John Cordis expects to visit friends and relatives in Wisconsin this fall.

Mr. Amos Travis is having a well bored by Parker & Ward. Rocks are hard on tools and patience, so they say.

Charles Clough, a fine young man from Ohio, has carried the mail for three years and has never missed the train yet. Pretty good we think for a boy.

Mr. Sam. Shrewsbury, we learn, has succeeded in burning a kiln of first-class lime, in the Silverado canyon. He thinks there are 130 barrels in the kiln. Now for concrete houses.

Mr. O. H. Lockhart of Los Angeles paid his relatives a flying visit on last Saturday. He is some on the mash, as of yore.

Mr. Arthur West of San Francisco is as genial a gentleman and thorough sportsman as one often has the pleasure of meeting. Hope he will stay with us.

Mr. D. C. Hayward lost a valuable Irish setter by poison, through the wickedness or carelessness of his neighbors.

The Ladies' Aid Society had an ice cream social at the Hotel on Wednesday night, to raise money for the Presbyterian organ. Socially it was a grand success, financially we have not learned.

Mr. George and Mark Putman, of San Diego, are visiting their father. They expect to take down two loads of grapes to the San Luis Rey centennial. They were told down there the bull fighting was to go on regardless of the San Diego authorities.

The Chicago ditch was cleaned last Monday, so were the vineyards on each side. Nothing like thoroughness.

Mr. T. B. Hulse, a light-footed Orangeite, will run any man, boy or child as far as they can run, and for love, money or marbles. We go love on Tom.; marbles on t'other fellow. ORANGE.

WESTMINSTER ITEMS.

A party of our young folks left to-day for Laguna on a "pasea."

The Rev. Robertson and family are expected this week and will occupy Mr. J. F. Marquis's house. Mr. Marquis has moved to Los Angeles.

We are at last to have a mail route established. We see by notice posted at Post-office that tenders are to be sent in by 26th inst.

We were shown a few days ago a piece of recrossed bone 5 inches long, removed from the radius of Jimmy Tetlow's left arm by Dr. A. J. Howe, and which has been a source of anxiety for the past 10 years.

Gen. Shields spoke in the Hall here on Monday evening on his new railroad scheme. We have been unable to learn particulars of his address, as we were unavoidably absent.

Mr. Clausen has moved into the Bingham house. P.

GARDEN GROVE ITEMS.

Mr. and Mrs. Hough are in Ventura county visiting relatives, but they like our section of country best.

Henry Silkwood has recently purchased 15 acres of land of Mrs. Bibbs. It formerly belonged to the Gregg place.

Next Wednesday evening, the 24th instant, there will be an entertainment at the church, at which time Rev. W. Nixon will give a talk on the Yosemite Valley, which he visited this summer. There will be music, ice cream and cake, and a good time generally. Everybody is invited. Admission ten cents.

O. Witham will return from his trip North in a few days and will then be ready for work in his shop again.

Some of the young men who have been absent from our midst for some weeks are again seen on our streets.

D. Webster has commenced his house, and will soon have a cozy little home near the church. BETH.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Social Entertainment

UNDER THE AUSPICES OF

Sedgewick Post No. 17,

G. A. R.

WILL BE GIVEN AT

Layman's Hotel, Santa Ana, on

Thursday Eve., Sept. 1st.

MR AND MRS. RICE, AND MRS. FOSTER AND her talented daughter, GERTIE, have kindly volunteered their services. Music for dancing will be furnished by Wanguman's Los Angeles band. Admission, $2 50.

PIGEON SHOOTING

BOAT-RACING,

SWIMMING,

And other amusements at

ANAHEIM LANDING, on

Sunday, August 28th.

☞ Pigeon-shooting will begin at 10 a. m. sharp. ☜

A good time promised to all who come.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS.

Estate of FRIEDRICH HARTUNG, Deceased.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN BY THE UNDERsigned, executor of the last will and testament of Friedrich Hartung, deceased, to the creditors of and all persons having claims against the said deceased, to exhibit them, with the necessary vouchers, within ten months after the first publication of this notice, to the said executor at his residence on Sycamore street, in the Town of Anaheim, County of Los Angeles, State of California.

FREDRICK HARTUNG,
Executor of the last Will and Testament of Friedrich Hartung, deceased.
Dated at Anaheim, August 20th, 1881. te24

Delinquent Notice.

Cajon Irrigation Company.

Location of Principal place of Business, Anaheim, Los Angeles County, California.

NOTICE.—THERE ARE DELINQUENT UPON the following described stock on account of the assessment levied on June 28th, 1881, the several amounts set opposite the names of the respective shareholders.

Names of Shareholders.	No. Shares.	No. Cert.	Amt. Due.
F L Floyd	2	41	$20.00
J B Pierce	2	68 and 75	20.00
C F Bassett	1	59	10.00
S Litt Ielfeld	31	58,60,70,73	32.50
T P Hinde	½	5	5.00
J J Guinn	4	53	40.00
W Hetebrink	1	—	10.00
R W Scott	½	—	5.00
Carl Hansen	2	18	20.00

And in accordance with law and an order of the Board of Directors made on June 28th, 1881, so many shares of each parcel of such stock as may be necessary will be sold at public auction at the office of the company on

SATURDAY, SEPTEMBER 24th, 1881,

to pay said delinquent assessments, together with costs of advertising and expenses of sale.

W. M. McFADDEN, Sec. C. I. Co.

Anaheim, August 16th, 1881.

FRESH BREAD.

MR GEORGE SCHIRM, OF SANTA ANA, DEsires to inform the people of Anaheim that he will deliver fresh bread to his customers in this place three times a week. He will also leave bread with Mr J. Helmsen, where it can be procured at all times. a13-1m

J. C. BRIGHT,

THE FAMOUS

CHEAP STORE

Is the place to buy your

Dry Goods, Boots,

Hats, etc.,

Cheaper than any place in America.

No. 53 Main Street,

Los Angeles - Cal.

Sealed Proposals.

Clerk's Office, Board of Supervisors,
Los Angeles, August 13th, 1881.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT SEALED proposals will be received at this office until Monday, September 5th, 1881, at 10 o'clock A. M., for the purchase of $5000 of El Monte School District bonds. Ten bonds of $500 each, bearing interest at 8 per cent per annum, interest payable annually. Bonds to run for ten (10) years (from the 5th day of September, 1881, until the 5th day of September, 1891) both principal and interest payable in gold coin of the Government of the United States, out of the building fund of said El Monte School District.

The Board reserves the right to reject any or all bids

By order of the Board of Supervisors.

A. W. POTTS, Clerk.

EXCURSION TRAIN

—TO—

Santa Monica

And Return the same day,

Sunday, August 21st,

From Santa Ana, Anaheim, and Way Stations.

Fare from Anaheim for Round Trip, $2 50.

Train Leaves on Regular Time.

Excursionists will have seven hours at the Long Branch of the Pacific.

Procure tickets in time. For sale at Depot and at Planters' Hotel.

Goodman & Rimpau.

Will have an important announcement in this space next week.

The Latest Arrival!

I have received and am now ready to sell

BUNTING (all shades),
WHITE PIQUE of the latest styles,
GINGHAM PRINTS,

DRESS LINEN, HANDKERCHIEFS, GLOVES.

Buttons, Fancy Striped Hose,

CELLULOID BRACELETS & SHAWL PINS,

Men's, Boys' and Children's Suits!

STRAW HATS AND PARASOLS,

And one thousand and one articles too long to enumerate.

FIRST-CLASS GROCERIES ALWAYS ON HAND.

Hippolyte Cahen,

Center St., Anaheim.

There are many ways of conducting a grocery store; but to be successful in these days of close competition and with an exacting and discriminating public, certain essential points are required which few possess. The great success of my

AMERICAN CASH STORE,

48 & 50 Spring St., Los Angeles, Cal.,

Is due to the fact that it commands in an eminent degree every advantage necessary to make it the leading grocery store on the southern coast. The heavy business I am doing enables me to keep my stock always fresh and clean. I buy my goods only for

CASH, from FIRST HANDS,

And in a WHOLESALE WAY. I am enabled to do so by having my house in San Francisco to do my buying and to there dispose of any surplus stock over and above the requirements of the Los Angeles store. To further facilitate and insure the safe handling of wholesale quantities of merchandise, I have just opened

ANOTHER STORE in STOCKTON,

And am now in position to buy largely enough to insure the lowest cost on every article bought. Those dealing with me will share these advantages, in being

SERVED PROMPTLY

—WITH—

FIRST-CLASS GOODS,

—AND AT—

LOWER PRICES!

Than they can buy for elsewhere. It is of course quite in the range of possibilities that some one of our neighbors on whose toes I may happen to tread, will "get up his back" and try to sell at my prices; but as he can do so only at a loss to himself, whilst I am making a small profit, such "spurts" are of a short duration, and in fact at no time do they cover the whole ground, since such reductions are always confined to a few staples, merely to catch the eye. Since the prices of the AMERICAN CASH STORE have justly become

THE STANDARD

By which those of other concerns are measured, it is evident that it must be to the interest of the consumer to at once

GO TO HEADQUARTERS,

And not uselessly risk having to pay more for his goods than they are worth.

Respectfully,

C. W. GIBSON.

GET YOUR JOB **PRINTING** At the GAZETTE Office

WEEKLY GAZETTE

SATURDAY.....AUGUST 20, 1881

Kleinigkeiten.

—The Union Brass Band has been engaged to play at the Centennial Celebration in Los Angeles, September 5th.

—Little Lake School District, near Fulton Wells, has voted to issue bonds in the sum of $2,000 for the erection of a school house.

—Mr. C. H. Zeyn had the misfortune to fall from the roof of a wine shed he was repairing, suffering a dislocation of his shoulder.

—Walter Riley, a sailor belonging to the ship *Three Brothers*, now lying at Wilmington, was drowned on last Saturday while deserting from the ship. He endeavored unsuccessfully to swim ashore.

—Louis Guttman has been arrested in Los Angeles on a charge of forging the name of L. J. Rose to a check for $37 on the First National Bank.

—The Ashcraft brothers, of the Holiness Band, pretended to cure diseases by anointing and laying on of hands. So says Rev. Featherstun, of Wilmington.

—It will be seen by the announcement of the Great Eastern Auction Store that they intend to remain permanently in Anaheim, being pleased with the patronage given them.

—It will be seen by advertisement elsewhere that there will be great attractions at Anaheim Landing on Sunday, the 28th instant. This place is steadily working its way into favor as a public resort.

—Mr. Fred. Hartung is making a substantial improvement on his vineyard—a stable 30x40 feet, two stories. It will afford room for six horses and all the feed and paraphernalia connected therewith.

—Pierre Billiard, who was sent to State Prison from this county for killing a man, and who was pardoned out a few weeks ago, is making bad use of his liberty. He has been arrested in Los Angeles for threatening to kill Jacques Oddus.

—At a bull fight at Marseilles on last Sunday, twelve persons were killed and one hundred and fifty injured by the fall of some seats in the amphitheater. This is a warning to those Anaheimers who are going to San Luis Rey next week to witness the bull fight. Don't go up in the gallery—stay in the dress circle.

—The people who go to Santa Monica to-morrow on the excursion train will have an opportunity to witness a tournament for $100 a side between J. W. Waters of San Bernardino and B. F. Reid of Santa Monica. Return tickets from Anaheim cost only $2 50, and can be procured at the Planters' Hotel or at the railroad depot.

—J. Fleetwood Brown, he of the aristocratic mien and gold-headed cane, has been fleecing the San Diegans by collecting money for firms whom he was not authorized to represent. He done the same thing in Anaheim, but not to any great extent. He has been arrested in San Francisco and will be taken to San Diego to answer for his peculations.

—An entertainment under the auspices of Sedgewick Post, G. A. R. is advertised today. Each member of the Post has constituted himself a committee of one to see that the entertainment will be the best ever given in our sister town, and we hope that their efforts will be so far appreciated by Anaheim as to cause a big delegation to be present from here.

—The report of a burglary in town on Monday night proved, to the chagrin of the despairing itemizer, to be without foundation. The manner in which things pursue the even tenor of their way is highly creditable to the community, but is dreadfully wearing on the individual from whom is expected several columns of local news every week.

—Judge Sepulveda will call the trial calender in his court on Monday, the 22d of August, at 10 A. M. Criminal cases will be tried up to the 18th of September, and between this date and the 25th of September will be tried all cases originally triable in the Superior Court where a jury is demanded. Appeal cases where a jury is required will be tried between the 25th and 30th of September. Cases without a jury will be tried after this last date.

PERSONAL.—Mr. Goldsmith of Santa Ana, done us the honor of a call on Monday, and invoked the aid of our press to announce his grand semi-annual clearance sale of dry goods, etc. Mr. J. E. Stackpole of Santa Ana and Mr. C. E. Miles of Los Angeles were among our visitors during the week. Mr. Fred. Smythe is now officiating as clerk in Mr. Langenberger's store. The San Diego *Union* says: "Judge Edward Evey, of Anaheim, who was one of the staunch framers of the New Constitution, is at present in this city, keeping books for one of the large contracting firms on the California Southern." Mr. B. Dreyfus is at the San Juan Hot Springs. Mr. Con. Howe, of the famous Garden Grove Store, was in town on Wednesday. He reports prospects good for that thriving settlement. Mr. and Mrs. A. Guy Smith went to San Francisco on Tuesday. They will return in a few days. Mr. A. Langenberger will leave for a recreative visit to San Francisco to-day. He will be gone ten or twelve days.

—The grapes are fast ripening, and the vintage is expected to begin about the middle of September. Whether the average yield will come up to the phenomenal product of last year is a question that is very hard to answer. Some vineyards will yield much more than last year, others an equal amount, and still others much less. As a rule, the grapes are smaller than last year, but this deficiency is counterbalanced by the fact that the bunches are generally larger. Of one thing we have ample proof—the vineyards of Anaheim are healthier and thriftier than those of either San Gabriel or Los Angeles. In the former place no irrigation, in the latter place too much irrigation. These, we think, are the reasons, succinctly stated, which make the vineyards inferior to those of Anaheim. Here, for two or three years past, the great bulk of irrigation is done in winter; some of the largest vineyards never receive a drop of water later than March, and this system has been found to give the best results. Our more pretentious but less sensible neighbors should profit by our example.

—At none of the Fairs held in Los Angeles has Anaheim had as large and distinctive an exhibit as was due from it. This was no doubt due to the fact that no one person made any special effort to get an exhibit together, for we produce enough in the way of semi-tropical and northern fruits, cereals, wines, etc. to make a larger display than any other section of the county. We are glad to know that Mr. S. B. Smith has been appointed Assistant Superintendent of the Fair, his principal duty being to see to the exhibits from Anaheim. He will take charge of all the articles sent from this place, and see that they are returned to the owners in good shape. Exhibitors can send their contributions to the Fair free of charge, by simply leaving them with Mr. Smith, the railroad and express companies having offered to transport without charge articles intended for exhibition. It is to be hoped that Mr. Smith's endeavor to have this place handsomely represented will be warmly seconded by our people.

—On Friday last, Leslie, eight-year old son of C. E. Smith, of Orangethorpe, fell head foremost into a well twenty feet deep. A little sister immediately gave the alarm, when the father, who had been ill of typhoid fever nearly three weeks, sprang from his bed and in half a minute was in the bottom of the well after his boy, whom he expected to find lifeless or with a broken head or back. But the little fellow's cries of "Papa don't come down, you'll be so sick," assured him that he was not seriously hurt. Father and son soon emerged from the well, the latter sustaining only slight bruises and the former none the worse for the sudden egress from his bed.

—J. J. Guinn died in Los Angeles on last Saturday evening as a result of the injuries received on the 5th instant, as detailed in the GAZETTE last week. He was buried on Sunday afternoon by Pentalpha Lodge, F. and A. M. the services at the grave being conducted by Mr. W. M. McFadden, W. M. of Anaheim Lodge, of which the deceased was a member. The news of his death did not reach Anaheim until 8 o'clock on Sunday morning, and hence only a few of the members of the Lodge here could attend the funeral.

—At the opening of the Anaheim Public Schools on Monday 28 pupils were in attendance in the first department, 47 in the second department, 43 in the third department and 40 in the fourth department — a total attendance of 152. This is an increase over the attendance of last term, and the number will undoubtedly be augmented when the families which as yet tarry by the seashore or in the mountains return to their homes.

—Rev. F. H. Robertson, formerly of New York State, more recently from the Sandwich Islands, has accepted the pastorate of the Anaheim and Westminster Presbyterian Churches, and will preach in each place every Sunday, alternating the morning and evening services. Mr. R. is expected to preach in Anaheim to-morrow morning and at Westminster in the evening.

—On the first page of to-day's paper will be found the details of two fatal cases of burning by reason of the careless use of coal oil. Another death, caused by the explosion of an oil lamp, has occurred—Mr. Burrows having died at his home in Downey on Wednesday. The details of the explosion were given in the GAZETTE at the time of the accident.

—Attention is called to the new advertisement of the California Windmill. A good idea of the style of the mill is given in the accompanying cut. Those desiring to put up a mill should by all means consult Mr. S. B. Smith, the agent, before purchasing.

—Mr. R. J. Northam gathered from his trees a basketful of peaches, all of them measuring eleven inches and over in circumference. This rather beats the nine-inch peach with which a Los Angeles editor was presented.

—Mr. Barham received a telegram yesterday morning which bore two words of deep import. They were, "No election." This means that the Supreme Court has decided that no election is to be held this year for county officers.

—The track of the Wilmington extension of the S. P. R. R. is now laid to the beginning of the wharf at Fayal. The wharf will be completed and track laid thereon probably about the latter part of September.

—Marshal Barham desires to give notice to property-owners that unless they remove weeds and rubbish from the sidewalks in front of their property he will have it done at their expense.

Buy your groceries at Cohen Bros.' They sell cheaper than anybody else and their stock is new and fresh.

—The Executive Committee on State Division held a meeting on Monday afternoon in the parlors of the First National Bank, Los Angeles, all the members but two being present. The committee adopted a resolution instructing the Secretary to invite the Chairmen of the Democratic and Republican County Committees of the several counties proposed to be embraced in the new State to each appoint two delegates to a Conference Convention to be held in Los Angeles on Thursday, September 8th, proximo, said Convention to take such measures as may be necessary for calling a State Convention to frame a constitution for the State of South California.

—Rev. Mr. Washburne desires us to say that he will preach his last sermon, before Conference, to-morrow morning at Westminster. He will preach in the Tabernacle at Los Angeles on Saturday night, the 27th instant, and on the succeeding Sunday afternoon at 3 o'clock. On Monday, the 29th, he will leave for Santa Barbara to attend the Conference, which convenes on September 1st.

—A correspondent says that laboring men are very scarce at Palos Verdes. Captains of vessels are paying $3.50 per day for laborers.

Frank Amidor, an Indian desperado confined in the County Jail at Hollister, charged with an assault to murder Mrs. Joseph Wilda in April, made his escape by digging through the jail wall on Monday. Three men assisted him from the outside. A young man discovered them just as Amidor was being pulled through the opening, but by the time he gave the alarm the four men had escaped. It will be remembered that Amidor ordered Mrs. Wilda to stop as she was riding on horseback past the camp where he was herding sheep in the Gabilan mountains, about fifteen miles south of here. His actions were such as to cause the lady to fear evil at his hands. Accordingly she whipped up her horse and escaped, Amidor firing two shots after her from a Sharp's rifle, one bullet cutting a ribbon off her hat. Amidor was captured by the Sheriff of Monterey county about three weeks ago. He is a dangerous character to be at large.

The condition of the President is such as to cause great apprehension. He was so low on Tuesday and Wednesday that the report of his death found credence, and several newspapers on both sides of the Atlantic announced his dissolution. But he rallied again, and the latest telegrams are of a more hopeful tenor. The trouble is with his stomach, which refuses to retain nourishment. Many surgeons believe that blood poisoning has set in; this, however, is denied by the attending physicians. The President, at the time he was shot, weighed 210 pounds; now he weighs about 70 pounds less.

A Sacramento paper says: The recent greatly increased cost of administering the county government will require a tax of not less than 2 per cent for county purposes the present year, making the total tax upon property within the city 4 per cent, or more. Moreover, it is stated that this rate of taxation must continue for years to come. Every fund in the County Treasury is now entirely exhausted, and the county, in consequence, must pay 7 per cent upon all its delinquent payments until the next quota of taxes are paid in at the close of this year.

—The following real estate transaction occurred during the week:

Estate of Charles Wagner to Josephine Wagner, Charles Wagner, Lucy Wagner, John Wagner and Jos Wagner—Decree of distribution—2 tracts in Rancho Santa Gertrudes, 53 acres.

Thermometrical Record.

The following is our record (taken 1½ miles North of town) for the week ending Wednesday P. M. Aug. 17th, giving lowest point by night preceding date and highest by day:

DATE.	Lowest. 7 A. M.		Highest. 2 P. M.	
Aug.	11	68	70	84	74
"	12	67	68	82	70
"	13	64	64	79	70
"	14	65	65	80	69
"	15	65	65	79	69
"	16	66	66	81	69
"	17	60	64	81	69

Average Temperature.....70½
Average highest and lowest.....72⅛

Post-Office Letter List.

There are letters in the Anaheim post-office for the following persons:

Godfrey Altezschner, Miss Lettie Bowers, Mrs M C Bynum, B Blockburger, Miss Lottie D Curtis, Malthea A Daris, Christ Ganz, Agnes Greenwood, Mrs Nellie Gibson, M C Grares, Emma C Harbert, Thomas Harris, Charles Johnson, Pet Levy, R A Meredith, Peter Merrelsen, W W Porter, A C Robey.

WM. M. HIGGINS, P. M.

Wells, Fargo & Co.

There are packages in Wells, Fargo & Co. office for the following persons.

Mrs Libbie Clark, Rudolph Luedke, C M Crane.

BORN.

In Los Angeles, August 14, to the wife of Remi Olivier, of Lompoc, a son.
In Los Angeles, August 11th, to the wife of A. Hanniman, a son.
In Los Angeles, August 17, to the wife of Fred. Doha, a son.

MARRIED.

In Los Angeles, August 9, Mr. A. J. Horn, of El Monte, and Miss Mary Vic. McCarty, of New Orleans.
In Los Angeles, August 15, M. E. Curran and Miss Mary Coyle.
In Los Angeles, August 15, T. Miramondes and Miss Libbie Bradley.
In Los Angeles, August —, W. M. Hopkinson and Miss Ida Estella Thomas.
In Los Angeles, August 15, Tomas Valencia and Miss Natalia Badilla.

DIED.

Suddenly at Napa, Cal. August —, of congestion of the lungs, Dr. Thos. B. Elliott, of Pasadena, aged 57 years.
In Los Angeles, August 13, Mr. J. J. Guinn, a native of Ohio, aged 47 years.
In Los Angeles, August 17, Mrs. D. C. Johnson, wife of David Johnson, aged 71 years.
In Los Angeles, August 17, Walter B., eldest son of E. H. Workman, aged 14 years.

BUNDY & MCFADDEN, the hardware dealers of Santa Ana, have just received, direct from the East, another large lot of STOVES. They now have the largest stock in Southern California, and as they purchase everything from Eastern manufacturers they can undersell all other dealers in their line.

FOR SALE OR RENT.

THE UNDERSIGNED HAS TEN ACRES OF LAND one and one-half miles west of town which he offers for sale very cheap, or he will give a free rental of it to anyone who will take good care of the place. The tract is enclosed with a rabbit-proof fence, and, in addition, a great part of it has a cypress hedge.

There is one acre of gum trees, 1000 rooted vines of assorted varieties, and 200 assorted fruit trees. The house has three rooms, is substantially built, and there is a deep well of artesian water on the premises with horse-power and pump of large capacity. This is a good opportunity to purchase a well-improved home very cheap. Apply to

S. B. SMITH,
At the lumber yard of A. Guy Smith & Co.

FOR SALE OR RENT.

A COMFORTABLE, SUBSTANTIALLY - BUILT house containing six rooms, within five minutes walk from the center of town. Large stable, chicken house, etc., and a good well. The whole enclosed with fence. Will be sold cheap or let at a low figure to a desirable tenant. Apply at this office.

THE SEASHORE.

The undersigned call the attention of the public to the advantages offered by

ANAHEIM LANDIMG

As a cool resort during the heated summer term. Situated on the edge of the ocean, the cool winds tempper the heat of the sun, making the place one of the most delightful resorts in the county. The

SHELTERED BAY

Affords a safe and pleasant place in which to bathe, and it possesses many other advantages which should commend it to public favor.

We have opened a hotel for the accommodation of visitors and the table is supplied with the best of everything in the market and on very reasonable terms. A limited number of

ROOMS AND COTTAGES

Are to let, but as there is a great demand for them, it would be well to engage rooms some time in advance. Parties are constantly going and coming, and applicants for rooms will be accommodated in the order in which their applications are received. Everything which we can do for the amusement and comfort of visitors will be done. HULL & EDWARDS.

Anaheim Landing, July 7th, 1881.

Delinquent Notice.

ANAHEIM WATER COMPANY.

NOTICE—THERE ARE DELINQUENT UPON the following described stock on account of Assessment No. 15, levied on June 4th, 1881, the several amounts set opposite the names of the respective shareholders:

Names of Shareholders.	No. Cert.	No. Shares	Amt due
Francisco Arvallo	156	1	$ 2.00
James Hautington	160	8	16.00
Padderatz Estate	213	10	20 00

And in accordance with law, and an order of the Board of Directors, made on June 4th, 1881, so many shares of each parcel of such stock as may be necessary will be sold at public auction at the office of the Company on

SATURDAY, AUGUST 6th,

1881, at 3 o'clock P. M. of said day, to pay said delinquent assessments, together with costs of advertising and expenses of sale.

R. MELROSE, Secretary.
Anaheim, Cal., July 6th, 1881

By order of the Board of Directors the sale of the above described delinquent stock is postponed until Saturday, August 13th, 1881, at the same hour and place. RICHARD MELROSE, Secretary.

By order of the Board of Directors, the sale of the above-described delinquent stock is postponed until Saturday, August 20th, 1881, at the same hour and place. RICHARD MELROSE, Secretary.

JOHN HANNA,

Real Estate Agent.

Live Stock Bought and Sold on Commission.

ANAHEIM.

GOING TO STAY

The Great Eastern!

To remain in Anaheim permanently!

The proprietors of the Great Eastern Auction Store desire to announce to the people of Anaheim and surrounding country that in accordance with the request of numbers of their patrons, they have decided to remain permanently in Anaheim. The immense patronage which has been given them shows that their efforts to serve the people by selling goods at bed-rock prices are appreciated. They will, therefore, continue to keep a full line of

Dry Goods,
CLOTHING!
Boots and Shoes,
FANCY GOODS, &c

They will receive in eight or ten days, direct from the East, an immense stock of goods, and we shall continue to sell at much lower rates than any other store in the county. Until we receive our Eastern invcice, we keep up our assortment by receiving goods daily from our headquarters at Los Angeles.

Thanking the people for their patronage, we hope to receive a continuance of the same.

Great Eastern
Auction Store
Los Angeles Street,

LUMBER YARD

PLANING, SAWING,
—AND—
MOULDING MILLS.
—OF—
A. Guy Smith & Co.
Anaheim,
NEAR THE RAILROAD DEPOT

All Varieties of Pine, Redwood, and Spruce

LUMBER!

Doors, Sashes, and Blinds, Grape Boxes, Fruit Boxes, Bee-Hives, and Fruit Dryers.

Builders' Hardware and Nails

Plain and Fancy SCROLL SAWING at Short Notice

Anaheim Grist Mill!

Grain, Feed, Meal, etc, of all Varieties.

CORN SHELLED AND SHIPPED.

ANAHEIM STORAGE
WAREHOUSE.

GRAIN, WOOL, AND GENERAL MERCHANDISE TAKEN ON STORAGE.
GRAIN SACKS and TWINE constantly on hand.

CONSIGNMENTS SOLICITED

Of all kinds of PRODUCE. Advances made, MERCHANDISE forwarded and sold on Commission in best Markets.

LEOPOLD COHEN. ISAAC COHEN

BEST STOCK OF

Groceries,
Provisions,
Cigars, Tobacco, and Gents' Furnishing Goods,

ALWAYS ON HAND.

THE CHEAPEST STORE IN TOWN

COHEN BROS.

Planters' Hotel,

ANAHEIM, CAL.,

ED. DUNHAM - Proprietor.

EVERY ROOM IN THIS HOUSE HAS BEEN RE-furnished and re-carpeted, and it is now the most comfortable stopping place in Southern California. Strangers visiting this county in search of homes would do well to make this house their stopping place as every part of the southern portion of Los Angeles county is accessible in a few hours' drive from town. Great pains are taken to supply the table with fruits and vegetables at all times of the year, and wild game is almost constantly served up for guests.

MONEY
TO LOAN.

Apply to R. W. SCOTT, Attorney at Law

Pacific Coast Steamship
COMPANY.

GOODALL, PERKINS & CO., General Agents, San Francisco.

SAN FRANCISCO
AND
Los Angeles

SCHEDULE FOR AUGUST.

STEAMERS	Coming South—Leave San Francisco	Coming South—Arrive San Pedro	Going North—Leave San Pedro	Going North—Arrive San Francisco
ORIZABA	Aug. 1	Aug. 3	Aug. 5	Aug. 7
ANCON	" 6	" 8	" 10	" 12
ORIZABA	" 11	" 13	" 15	" 17
ANCON	" 16	" 18	" 20	" 22
ORIZABA	" 21	" 23	" 25	" 27
ANCON	" 26	" 28	" 30	Sept. 1
ORIZABA	" 31	Sept. 2	Sept. 4	" 6
ANCON	Sept. 5	" 7	" 9	" 11

Both steamships call at Port Harford (San Luis Obispo) and Santa Barbara.

The Company reserve the right to change the steamers, or their days of sailing.

Passengers for San Francisco take the train for Wilmington that leaves Los Angeles at 10:50 A. M., Los Angeles time.

LOS ANGELES AND SAN DIEGO.
THE STEAMERS
ORIZABA and ANCON

Leave San Pedro for San Diego Aug. 3, 8, 13, 18, 23 28 and September 2 and 7.

Passengers take the train that leaves Los Angeles for Wilmington at 3:45 P. M., Los Angeles time.

RATES OF FARE FROM LOS ANGELES.

	CABIN.	STEERAGE
To San Francisco	$15 00	$10 00
To Port Harford	12 00	9 00
To Santa Barbara	8 00	6 00
To San Diego	5 00	4 00

Plans of steamers' cabins at agent's office, where berths may be secured.

For Way Ports.

The Steamer Senator leaves San Buenaventura and Santa Barbara for San Francisco every Friday, calling at way ports.

The Steamer NEWPORT, Plummer, commander, runs between San Francisco and Newport Landing, calling at Santa Cruz, San Buenaventura, Hueneme, San Pedro and Anaheim Landing, for coal-bottoms, way freight and passengers; leaving San Francisco about every ten days, as tides serve on the Newport bar.

For passage or freight, as above, or for Tickets to and from

EASTERN CITIES

And Principal European Ports,

Apply to H. McLELLAN, Agent.

OFFICE—Over Commercial Bank, No. 65½ Main Street, Los Angeles.

AMERICAN
Cash Store.

METZ HALL, LOS ANGELES STREET.
ANAHEIM.

COSTA RICA COFFEE, No. 1, 8 lbs	$1 00
LIGHT BROWN SUGAR, 8 lbs	1 00
CHEESE, 8 lbs	1 00
GOOD JAPAN TEA, new crop, per lb	50
BEST GROUND COFFEE, 3-lb cans	50
" 5-lb cans	85
CREAM TARTAR, per lb	25
BAKING SODA, 5 packages	25
SALERATUS, 5 pkgs	25
WASHING SODA, 5 lbs	25
CORN STARCH, 3 pkgs	25
CLOTHES PINS, 5 dozen for	25
AMBER CANE SYRUP, per gallon	50
FLAVORING EXTRACTS per bottle	15
BACON, per pound	11½
KINGSFORD'S LAUNDRY STARCH, per lb	10
CHOCOLATE, per lb	20
COAL OIL, 5-gallon can	1 15
do Best do	75
NAILS, 20-penny, 20 pounds	1 00
" 12-penny, 18 pounds	1 00
" 10-penny, 16 pounds	1 00
CARPENTER'S HAMMER, each	25
GOOD CALICOES, 18 yards for	1 00
GOOD BLEACHED DOMESTIC, 1 yard wide, 10 yards	1 00
EXTRA HEAVY UNBLEACHED DOMESTIC, 10 yards	1 00
HEAVY, STRIPED, WIDE SHIRTING, 8 yards for	1 00
COTTON TOWELING, 12 yards	1 00
HEAVY, WIDE LINEN TOWELING, 8 yards	1 00
LADIES' HOSE, fine quality, 8 pairs for	1 00
COTTON BATTING, best quality, per lb	20
OVERALLS, light, per pair	50
do heavy do	75
UNDERSHIRTS, each	50
DRAWERS, per pair	50
HATS, at greatly reduced prices	
LADIES' KID FOXED BALMORAL SHOES, per pair	1 00
LADIES' LEATHER SHOES, per pair	1 15
MISSES' IMITATION GOAT SHOES, per pair	1 00
CHILDS' LIGHT OR HEAVY SHOES, per pair	75

GREAT BARGAINS

Read These Prices
Read These Prices

E. E. & C. C. DUNCANSON.

J. H. Steinart,
—Proprietor of the Store at—
WESTMINSTER!

Desires to inform the public that he receives constantly from San Francisco and the East new additions to his stock of

GROCERIES, DRY GOODS,
CLOTHING, BOOTS & SHOES,
Hardware, Patent Medicines,

And everything kept in a first-class country store.

I do not advertise promises which I can't perform.

My stock speaks for itself, and I invite the public to come and take a look at my stock and ascertain prices. If they will only do so, I can be certain that they will patronize me.

PRODUCE TAKEN IN EXCHANGE
—AT THE—
HIGHEST MARKET PRICE.



The Boss Windmill

TO ALL PARTIES DESIRING WINDMILLS I would say that for the best combination of

Strength, Power and Durability

By all means get the

CALIFORNIA WINDMILL.

It is made of the best of material, is simple in construction, perfectly noiseless in running, self-regulating in storms and is sold at prices which defy competition. It is without doubt

The Best Mill on the Coast,

Yet it is sold at the remarkably low price of $75 for the 10 ft wheels, $85 for the 12 ft and $100 for the 14 ft. For further particulars call upon or write to S. B. SMITH, at the lumber yard of A. Guy Smith & Co., who is sole agent for Anaheim and vicinity.

LOS ANGELES
PRICES!
—PAID FOR—
BUTTER
and EGGS!
—AT THE—
GARDEN GROVE
STORE!
CASH
—PAID FOR—
Butter, Eggs & Poultry

Con. Howe, Proprietor.

P. PELLEGRIN,



PRACTICAL Watchmaker and Jeweler,

CENTER ST., - ANAHEIM

Repairing of Watches, Clocks and Jewelry done promptly and warranted.

Sole Agent for the Johnston Optical Co.'s Improved Spectacles and Eye-Glasses (Interchangeable). Improved Eye Tubes to perfectly suit the eye.

FOURTH ANNUAL FAIR
—OF THE—
Horticultural Society!
—AND GRAND—
Centennial Exposition
And Celebration at the Pavilion, Los Angeles, Cal., commencing on
Monday, SEPTEMBER 5, 1881
And continuing six days.

THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS INVITE THE hearty co-operation of every citizen who is interested in the progress and welfare of Southern California to make exhibits, as well as attend the coming Exposition and Celebration. From arrangements already consummated the Fourth Exposition of the Society will be equal in variety and magnitude in every particular, and in many departments superior in point of interest to any former Exposition. A special and interesting Programme will be presented each afternoon and evening.

FARE AND EXPRESS.

The Southern Pacific Railroad will issue round-trip tickets from all stations to Los Angeles at greatly reduced rates. Wells, Fargo & Co.'s Express will carry all packages weighing 20 pounds or less, intended for the Fair, free. The Society will pay the freight on all exhibits, and deliver them at the Pavilion free.

For full particulars and Premium Lists address the Secretary. J. DeBARTH SHORB, President.
GEORGE RICE, Secretary.

BUCKS FOR SALE

I OFFER FOR SALE THREE HUNDRED
THOROUGHBRED and GRADED
Spanish Merino Bucks. The stockmen of this county know that these bucks rank with the finest in Southern California, and therefore any special mention of their good points would be superfluous.

I will be pleased to show the animals to all who will visit the ranch.

The prices have been fixed very low, and no bucks of a like quality could be bought as cheap in any other part of the State. Apply to

EDWARD NEWHAF,
At Wagner's ranch, 5 miles northeast of Anaheim.

WEEKLY GAZETTE.

Published every Saturday.

Richard Melrose,

EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION:

One year	$2 50
Six months	1 25
Three months	75

OFFICE—In Conrad's Brick Building, Los Angeles Street, Anaheim.

TRANSIENT ADVERTISING:

SPACE.	1 week	2 weeks	3 weeks	4 weeks.
1 square	$1 00	$1 50	$2 00	$2 50
2 squares	2 00	2 00	3 50	4 00
3 squares	3 00	4 50	5 00	5 50
4 squares	4 00	6 00	7 00	8 00

All legal advertisements must be paid for before affidavit of publication is given.

Advertisements must reach this office not later than Friday morning in order to insure their appearance on the day following.

Brief communications on current topics are respectfully solicited from all parts of the county.

NIHILISM.

Its Birth, Rise and Progress.

Nihilism in Russia was first promulgated a few years previous to the accession of Emperor Nicholas in 1825. The revolution of that year was caused by it, although the association was popularly known as the "Decemberists," from the month in which the riot of St. Petersburg occurred. The followers of this organization established a paper in London called the *Bell*, with the famous revolutionist, Hertzen, as editor. His chief object was to bring about a regeneration of the people and to sweep from the face of the earth every member of the Czar's family, the titled aristocracy and the priests, and to make an equal division of all lands. He was remarkably able, and his productions, called "Letters from This Side," produced a profound impression upon the youth of Russia. He unveiled the secrets of the Czar's household, and painted him in the most frightful colors. His agents penetrated the seclusion of the highest circles of Russian society and made converts everywhere, but chiefly in the universities. His influence continued until 1848. He died in Switzerland a few years since an exile on whose head a price had been set for half a century.

Societies under various names sprung up, all having Hertzen's views as their fundamental doctrine. The chief of these was the "Society of Young Russia." They went further than Hertzen, and in their journals, published secretly in Russia, they even denounced the *Bell* as "old fogy." Among the advocates of the new doctrine were Mikhailoff, the great poet, and Tzernyshevski, of Naples. In 1870 the publications were suppressed and the writers exiled. But this mattered little, because their views had gained so strong a hold upon the Russian mind that leaders were unnecessary. In June, 1872, the Czar issued a ukase, giving power to the Minister of the Interior to punish any undue freedom of the press, and since that time there has been an unceasing round of persecution. In the midst of it all, however, the doctrines of the revolutionists have been gaining steadily, until they have honeycombed the Russian empire from end to end. The name Nihilists was first given to them in 1864, in a series of letters by Antovitch, and was immediately adopted, and is now universally recognized by revolutionists of every grade.

In 1870 the Nihilists began to take decided and important action. Young men and young ladies, even in the highest ranks of society, dressed themselves as peasants and sought menial employment, going everywhere and submitting to any sacrifice, that they might propagate their doctrine. The ladies have been especially efficient. They cut off their long hair, and entered the professions. Some of them became physicians, and followed recklessly the examples of the men, and they became equally dangerous to the permanence of the empire as the most flagrant among the revolutionists. Out of their extreme notions of liberty they adopted a form of free-love, abrogating the rite of marriage, and dressing in peculiar forms somewhat similar to the Bloomer costume of this country.

The strength of the secret Nihilist Government, known as the Society for General Freedom, can hardly be overestimated. It has its followers in every circle of society and in every household. Its organization is marvelously perfect and compact, while its mysteries are surrounded by the most awful oaths, with immediate death as the penalty for their violation. Beside these, there are some 14,000,000 of the Starovier (old-faith men). These declare the Czar and his family to be agents of the devil. They endure every form of persecution, and can always be relied upon as the firm friends of the Nihilists. They employ agents who go from village to village spreading their doctrine. They are all able to read and write, and among them are multitudes of Poles and exiles. By the Nihilists and Staroviers assassination is regarded as a justifiable means of ridding the country of tyrants.

The Lord's Prayer Revised.

The following are the changes made in the text of the Lord's Prayer in the revised version of the New Testament:

REVISED VERSION.	COMMON VERSION.
Matthew vi., 9-13: Our Father which art in heaven, Hallowed be Thy name. Thy kingdom come. Thy will be done, as in heaven, so on earth. Give us this day our daily bread. And forgive us our debts, as we also have forgiven our debtors. And lead us not into temptation, but deliver us from evil.	Matthew vi., 9-13: Our Father which art in heaven, Hallowed be Thy name. Thy kingdom come. Thy will be done in earth, as it is in heaven. Give us this day our daily bread. And forgive us our debts, as we forgive our debtors. And lead us not into temptation, but deliver us from evil.

A SUSPICION is a feeling that impels you to try to find out something that you don't wish to know.

New York city has been for the last twenty years a good deal of an Irish republic; but the New York *World* calls attention to the fact that the great bulk of its higher office holders, its Mayors, Controllers and Judges, have been American born, usually city bred and educated in city schools. For a city which has a larger Irish population than Dublin and more Germans than any but three or four German cities, the fact tells its own story of the extent to which the office-holding class in this country is American.

Henry Augustus Distillhurst was found dead in a street in Benicia last week. Cause, alcoholism.

USEFUL HINTS.

TO KEEP seeds from the depredations of mice, mix some pieces of camphor with them. Camphor placed in trunks or drawers will prevent mice from doing them injury.

TO KEEP your knives and forks from rusting, make a flannel bag, and stitch from top to bottom, an inch and a half apart, a dozen times, making a receptacle for each. Boil and keep in a dry place.

A TEASPOONFUL of black pepper will prevent gray or buff linen from spotting, if stirred into the water in which they are washed. It will also prevent the colors running, when washing black or colored cambrics, or muslins, and the water is not injured by it, but just as soft as before the pepper was put in.

IT is always best to wash flannels, calico dresses and aprons before the white clothes are wet, especially if the day is cloudy and threatening. Then if it rains the white clothes can be rubbed, scalded and left in the rinsing water, and it is a small matter next day to wring them out, blue them, and hang them out to dry.

TO MAKE the hair stay in crimp, take 2 cents' worth of gum arabic, and add to it just enough boiling water to dissolve it. When dissolved, add enough alcohol to make rather thin. Let this stand all night, and then bottle it to prevent the alcohol from evaporating. This put on the hair at night after it is done up in paper or pins will make it stay in crimp the hottest day, and is perfectly harmless.

ONE can tie the hands in soap suds with soft soap without injury to the skin, if the hands are dipped in vinegar or lemon juice immediately after. The acids destroy the corrosive effects of the alkali, and make the hands soft and white. Indian meal and vinegar or lemon juice used on hands when roughened by cold or labor will heal and soften them. Rub the hands in this; then wash off thoroughly and rub in glycerine. Those who suffer from chapped hands in the winter will find this comforting.

MOST persons, when they come in from the rain, put their umbrellas in the rack with the handle upward. They should put it downward, because when the handle is upward the water runs down inside to the place where the ribs are joined to the handle, and cannot get out, but stays rotting the cloth and rusting the metal until slowly dried away. The wire securing the ribs soon rusts and breaks. If placed the other end up the water readily runs off.

Edwin Booth.

Edwin Booth, when not on the stage, is a great smoker. He never drinks any alcoholic liquors. Tea is his only stimulant. He never attends late dinners or suppers, and never has an "out." After acting he is very much depressed and likes to lie abed to recuperate during much of the next day. In the parlance of the day, Edwin Booth is a "reformed" man. From the time Junius Brutus Booth—his father—died in 1852, until the assassination of President Lincoln by his brother John, in 1865, Edwin drank and drank hard. During the greater portion of that time the three most prominent, most talented and most dissipated young men upon the American stage were Wm. Goodall, H. A. Perry and Edwin Booth. Billy Goodall and Harry Perry are both dead—victims of drink. The terrible act of his brother John roused Edwin from folly. It is generally believed that John Booth, the assassin, was a very intemperate young man, but such was not the case. It was Edwin who "tossed the ruby"—John's weakness was women. From the gay, roystering, reckless young madcap of twenty years ago, Edwin Booth is now, and has long been, one of the sobcrest and gravest of men. He is naturally of a morbidly melancholic temperament, and, since his change in habits, is delights in nothing but his professional duties on the stage, and the companionship of his family in the seclusion of his home. Upon the street or in mingling among men he is habitually wrapped in gloom. That he does not attend dinner parties and the like is not strange to those who know him, for he does not care for society, and never did—not even in his youth. His resting the day is simply a custom observed by nearly all great actors. Celebrities like Mr. Booth, when in their own country, seldom attend rehearsals—the only daily duty they may have. Such work is attended to for them by a subordinate, in the same manner as John McCullough used to rehearse for Mr. Forrest, in the closing years of that great tragedian's life, and as Mr. James Cathcart did for the late Charles Kean. —*Exchange.*

ALL the year round—The earth.

Darby Tackles the Spanish Outrages.

"Maria," said Darby, as he laid down the paper, "it makes my blood boil to read about the way the Spaniards insult our Government. Do you know that they hang away at the American flag whenever they choose, and do so with perfect impunity?"

"No, I don't know anything about it," replied his wife; "let them shoot each other if they want to."

"Let them shoot each other, eh!" growled Darby. "Let the goggle-eyed, saffron-colored, bandy-shanked Spaniards shoot into our ships on the high seas? Why, Maria, I'm surprised to hear you utter such sentiments."

"Look here, John Darby," snapped his wife, "I've got too much work to do to waste any time in watching what the Spaniards or the Chinese are doing. When I get through cleaning up this house during the day, and lugging you up the stairs at night, I don't feel interested in the affairs of the nation—not much."

"Maria," said Darby, as he wheeled his chair around in disgust, "when I cease to be patriotic I want to die. My ancestors fought the battles of their country, their blood dyed a score of fields, and when it comes my time to bleed for my country I'm ready to do it. We've got to whip the Spaniards, and I'm ready to help. The old war spirit which distinguished our race is in me, and it's bound to show itself."

"Oh, yes, you are brave, John Darby; you are a fierce, untamed warrior. When the burglars got into the house last fall you got the hysterics, and during the summer you tore your pants getting on a fence, because a poor little dog showed symptoms of madness. You are too lazy to talk about fighting, and should have sense enough to know that you couldn't whip an old woman with the palsy."

Darby buried his face behind the paper and said nothing more about the Spaniards.

A scrub race—Floor washers.

A correspondent of a French paper, commenting on the number of "mysterious disappearances" constantly occurring, not only in France, but also in England, starts a curious theory. He maintains that death occasionally is actual dissolution. Persons attacked by this form of decease suffer no previous illness, have no warning of their approaching end, but suddenly cease to exist and as immediately fade from sight. He asserts that some years ago he actually witnessed this phenomenon. He was out walking with a friend, with whom he was engaged in an interesting discussion on a political question of the day, when instantaneously his companion vanished, and from that hour to the present time has never reappeared. He has little doubt that many of the missing persons so anxiously searched for by their friends and by the police have in like manner "melted into thin air." At the moment of his friend's disappearance a strong sulphurous odor was noticed, but beyond this nothing remarkable was to be observed. The question is, he thinks, worthy of medical investigation.

STATEMENT

OF THE CONDITION OF THE

Bank of Anaheim,

At the close of Business

ON THURSDAY, JUNE 30th, 1881.

ASSETS.

Cash on hand	$ 7,554 03
Bills receivable	39,101 41
Miscellaneous Stocks	22,002 00
Furniture and Fixtures	3,500 00
Other Assets	1,489 81
Real Estate taken for debt	19,347 21
	$93,994 46

LIABILITIES

Capital paid in Coin	$20,000 00
Surplus—Reserve fund	4,000 00
Due depositors	54,740 28
Due Banks and Bankers	5,126 18
Profit and Loss	128 02
	$93,994 46

State of California,
County of Los Angeles.

I, S. H. Mott, and I, B. F. Seibert, the President and Cashier of the Bank of Anaheim, being duly sworn, do each depose and say that the above statement is true as we each verily believe.

S. H. MOTT, President.
B. F. SEIBERT, Cashier.

Subscribed and sworn to before me, this 18th day of July, A. D. 1881.

G. B. SHAFFER,
Notary Public.

STATEMENT

....OF THE....

Bank of Anaheim,

Of the amount of Capital paid up in Gold Coin.

Capital paid up in Gold Coin $20,000 00

State of California,
County of Los Angeles.

I, S. H. Mott, and I, B. F. Seibert the President and Cashier of the Bank of Anaheim, being duly sworn, do each depose and say that the above statement is true as we verily believe.

S. H. MOTT, President.
B. F. SEIBERT, Cashier.

Subscribed and sworn to before me, this 18th day of July, A. D. 1881.

G. B. SHAFFER,
Notary Public.

WASHINGTON

Meat Market!

CENTRE STREET, ANAHEIM,

C. E. LEONARD, Proprietor.

THE PATRONAGE OF THE PEOPLE OF ANAheim and vicinity is respectfully solicited.

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Commercial!

Los Angeles, Cala.

WILLIAM H GOULD,

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The Leading Republican Daily in Southern California.

The Daily Commercial

Is published every morning except Monday at

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Postage paid. By carrier 25 cents per week

This Journal is Republican in Politics but is mainly devoted to the Agricultural, Mineral, Educational and Intellectual Development of the great Southwestern portion of the Union.

It advocates Southern California as a separate Commonwealth; Gold and Silver for a circulating medium of currency.



Malaria is an Unseen, Vaporous Poison, spreading disease and death in many localities, for which quinine is no genuine antidote, but for the effects of which Hostetter's Stomach Bitters is not only a thorough remedy but a reliable preventative. To this fact there is an overwhelming array of testimony, extending over a period of thirty years. All disorders of the liver, stomach and bowels are also conquered by the Bitters.

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B. F. SEIBERT.....CASHIER

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NATIONAL

BANK

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J. E. Hollenbeck.

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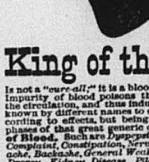

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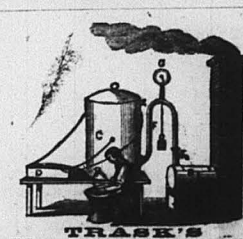

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SOCIETY MEETINGS.

Anaheim Lodge No. 85, A. O. U. W. Meeting every Saturday night. Richard Melrose, Master Workman. T. S. Grimshaw, Recorder

Anaheim Lodge No. 207, F. and A. M. Meeting the Monday preceding the full moon in each month. W. M. McFaddin, Worshipful Master D. E. Miles, Secretary.

Anaheim Lodge No. 109, I. O. O. F. Meeting every Tuesday evening. John F. Zeyn, Noble Grand. J. Gooch, Secretary.

Orpheus Lodge No. 237, I. O. O. F. Meeting every Thursday evening. H. A. Boege, N. G. R. Meusel, Secretary.

Orion Encampment, No. 54, I. O. O. F. Regular meetings on the first and third Fridays in each month. W. J. Hill, C. P. F. A. Korn, Scribe.

Anaheim Fire Company No. 1. H. A. Stough, Foreman. N. A. Bittner, Secretary. Regular meetings on the last Saturday in each month

Anaheim Viticultural and Horticultural Society. Theo. Reiser, President; Richard Melrose, Secretary. Regular meetings on the Wednesday of or preceding the full moon in each month, at 7:30 P. M.

Anaheim Land League. Regular meetings at Grange Hall on the first Sunday in each month at 2 o'clock P. M. President, Edw'd. Evey. Secretary, J. J. Bodkin.

St. Michael's Church, Rev. J. A. Emery, Missionary. Services at 11 o'clock every Sunday morning. Sunday school at 10 A. M. Evening service on the first and third Sundays in every month at 8 o'clock.

Evangelical Association—German. Preaching on the first and third Sundays in each month at 3 o'clock P. M., at the Presbyterian Church. Sunday school every Sunday at 2 o'clock P. M. All are invited. R. Staehli, Pastor.

Ladies' Aid Society. Meetings on first Wednesday of each month at 2 P. M. at residence of Mrs. Dreytus. Mrs. B. Dreyfus, President; Mrs. J. A. Emery, Secretary.

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