



VOL. XII.

ANAHEIM, CALIFORNIA: SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 26, 1881.

NO. 7

WEEKLY GAZETTE

Established 1870.

For Terms, see Fourth Page.

Dr. Reginald A. Fergusson

Doctor of Medicine and Master of Surgery of the Queen's University, Ireland; Licentiate of the Royal College of Physicians and of the Royal College of Surgeons of Edinburgh; Licentiate of the Society of Apothecaries of London; late Senior Resident Surgeon, Resident Physician and Assistant Pathologist, Glasgow Royal Infirmary, and lately Resident in the Glasgow Hospital, (for diseases of women only) Dublin.

HAVING PURCHASED FROM DR. JAMES ELLIS the Anaheim Manicure and Drug Store may be consulted on all Medical and Surgical cases. Diseases of Women and Children a specialty. Office hours from 7 A. M. to 12 M., and from 5 P. M. to 8 P. M.

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Physician and Surgeon

Office at the drug store of W. M. Higgins.

ANAHEIM.

A. J. HOWE M. D.,

Physician and Surgeon.

SANTA ANA.

DR. E. L. COWAN,

Dentist,

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NOTARY PUBLIC.

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SANTA ANA, CAL.

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J. GUNTHER,

Pioneer Boot and Shoe Maker,

Cor. Adelaide and Los Angeles streets.

ANAHEIM.

GEORGE BAUER,

BOOT AND SHOE MAKER,

Los Angeles Street.

MAKING AND REPAIRING AT THE LOWEST

cash price. All orders promptly attended to.

All work guaranteed.

CHARLES WILLE,

COOPERAGE.

Pipes, Barrels and kegs on hand at all times. Tanks and tubs made to order. Heavy Barrels for sale cheap.

F. & J. BACKS,

Importers, Manufacturers and Dealers in

Furniture, Bedding, Paper Hangings, Pic-

ture Frames, etc.,

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Agents for the Howe, Eldredge and Victor Sewing

Machines.

Los Angeles Street. : : Anaheim.

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BREWERY.

T. P. NINDE, Proprietor.

Orders from Town and Country promptly attended to.

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USE CARBON BI-SULPHIDE

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ONLY SURE EXTERMINATOR

Of this vermin. For sale by

A. LANGENBERGER,

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DEALERS IN

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Celebrated ANCHOR CHEESE.

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Los Angeles, - Cal.

City Stables,

Corner of Los Angeles and Center Sts.

ANAHEIM.

L. F. Lewis, - Proprietor.

THESE STABLES ARE THE BEST VENTILATED

and most commodious in the town, and special at-

tention will be paid to Boarding and Grooming horses.

The charge in all cases will be reasonable.

Single and Double Teams

Furnished at short notice, and careful drivers, familiar

with the country, supplied when required. The pas-

senger of the public is respectfully solicited.

BLACKSMITHING

AND

WAGONMAKING!

Removal.

MR. H. A. STOUGH DESIRES TO INFORM THE

public that he has removed his blacksmith shop to

the shop on Lenon Street formerly occupied by H.

J. McFarland, and respectfully solicits the continued

patronage of his many customers.

One part of the shop is occupied by Mr. T. L. GAN-

NON, Wagonmaker, who is prepared to do all kinds of

wheeled vehicles in a thorough manner and at cheap rates.

Messrs. Stough and Gannon are jointly agents for

The Osborn Farm Machinery,

Consisting of Mowers, Reapers, Self-Blinders, etc.

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BLACKSMITH

AND WAGONMAKER.

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ALL KINDS OF WAGONS, CARRIAGES AND

buggies built to order from the best timber and

at the lowest prices. Repairing of all kinds done

promptly, and the charges in all cases will be moder-

ate.

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For Vineyard and Orchard on hand and made to order

HORSESHOEING

A Specialty.

I respectfully solicit the patronage of my

old Customers and the public in general.

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AND

Wagonmaking!

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ing. Back-keeping, stunts and double

entry and all school and college games, according to

modern methods. Mathematics (method of

Socrates) a specialty. A. T. JULIUS YOGT.

Jan 1st

Knabe

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"For beauty of tone, touch and action, I

have never seen their equal."

CLARA LOUISE KELLOGG.

"The Knabe"

Is absolutely the best Piano made.

A. L. BANCROFT & CO.,

721 Market St., San Francisco,

Sole Agents for the Pacific Coast.

C25-2m

A BATTLE IN THE SNOW.

In the winter of 1864 Cole's Cavalry was

encamped on the east face of London

Heights, a little more than two miles by

road from Harper's Ferry, but, "as the

crow flies," not more than half that distance.

London county was the home of many of

Mosby's most daring officers and men.

Every path, ravine and declivity in the

neighborhood of this isolated camp was,

therefore, as familiar to Mosby and his men

as the high-road.

The 9th of January was very cold and the

night which followed intensely dark. The

snow carpet which covered the camp was

the only relief to the great black veil which

seemed to be drawn over the face of all na-

ture. It was upon this night that Mosby

had determined to attack and if possible

capture this battalion of cavalry, which,

often than any other, had met him in bat-

tle and dealt him hard blows. He selected

about 400 of the best of his command and

left camp, crossing the snow-clad mountains

to the right of Major Cole's camp. They

came by by-paths and through ravines,

avoiding the pickets on the Hillsborough

Road and finally capturing them from the

rear before they had a chance to fire a shot

or alarm the camp. It was between 2 and 3

o'clock on the morning of the 10th of Janu-

ary that Mosby captured the pickets and

prepared his plan of attack upon the slum-

bering camp. His command was quietly

posted along the lines of tents where the

Union cavalrymen were sleeping in fancied

security, without even suspicion that an en-

emy was near.

At a given signal a deadly fire was open-

ed upon them. Naturally, all was confu-

sion. The volley, which killed some of the

men in their tents and wounded others, was

the first warning of danger. There had

been no call to arms. Boots and saddles

had not been sounded to prepare the men

for duty. The crack of the enemy's guns

was the stern call to arms made upon these

sleeping men, with no time to reach their

clothing and almost less to grope for their

arms in the dark. To be sure they had

been used to hardships, and had never failed

to respond to the call of duty. Their pluck

and endurance were now subjected to the most

severe test known in modern war, and yet

they did not flinch or hesitate. Almost

without waiting for the orders of their of-

ficers the men turned out in the bitter cold

and snow ankle deep, in their night clothes,

and in most instances without shoes. They

responded to the attack with a determina-

tion which astonished their assailants, who

had expected to have an easy capture.

"Fire at every man on horseback!" was

almost the first order of the commanding of-

ficer. "Men, do not take to your horses!"

The men obeyed both orders, and directed

their fire upon every man on horseback, and

his judicious action won them the day.

When the Confederates found that they

were to be resisted to the death, Captain

Smith, one of the principal officers in com-

mand of the attacking force, shouted to his

men: "Fire the tents and shoot 'em by the

light!" He was sitting on his horse near

the head of the row of tents occupied by

Company A. A sergeant of that company

who had been groping for his carbine had

found it, and was just pushing his head

through the tent when the order was given.

He dropped on his knees, raised his piece

to his shoulder, and fired at the officer giving

the command. The ball struck him near

the eye and crashed through his brain, and

he fell dead into the mouth of the tent, al-

most upon the man whose bullet had killed

him.

For three-quarters of an hour this fight in

the snow continued, with varying chances

of success. What the brave men were

doing battle in the bitter cold, without

clothing, suffered no man can tell, and yet

they never wavered. The scene during the

night was simply indescribable. The men

on both sides fought like tigers, and vol-

ley after volley was exchanged, the flash of

the guns as each was discharged being the

only relief to the sombre darkness of the

night. The shouts of the men engaged could

be heard above the din of battle, and the

groans of the wounded mingled strangely with

the confusion of the strife. As each fresh vol-

ley would for a moment light up the camp

with its sickening, death-like glare, some

comrade would fall and a fresh stream of

blood crimson the snow. How the men

fought and how they stood out during that

hour was a marvel even to themselves, and

the history of the war within all the tide

of time cannot produce a more striking evi-

dence of bravery and devotion.

Hardly had the flash from the first volley

died and the fight actually begun before

they heard the long-roll beat in the camps

as Harper's Ferry, and the struggling men

knew that if they could hold out for a little

while relief would come. The troops at

Harper's Ferry could see the flash of every

gun and hear the crack of every death-deal-

ing carbine. There was no relief there ex-

cept inanity, and it was two miles, so there

was for a whole hour and more the conflict

of emotions of hope and fear as to the fate

of the courageous little band of veterans on

the mountain. The Thirty-fourth Massa-

chusetts was ordered to the rescue on a

"double quick" as soon as it could be or-

dered into line. But before it could reach the

summit of London Heights the Confederates

had been repulsed, and Cole's Cavalry had

won the fight upon the snow-clad mountain

top that added much to the name and fame

it had already gained.—Philadelphia Press.

SILK CULTURE.

I. M. Scott delivered a lecture in San

Francisco last week in aid of the Califor-

nia Silk Culture Association. The proceeds

of this lecture will be devoted to aiding a

new and most important industry likely to

prove of profit to our merchants, calculated

to enrich small farmers, whose wives and

daughters, by a little attention at the pro-

per season of the year, can each earn enough

to clothe their entire families, and acquire

many home comforts now beyond their

means. To produce our own silk will make

our country and State more independent of

foreign supplies, and when manufactured here

into either sewing silk or dress goods will

largely increase our productive industry.

The special object to which the ladies intend

to apply the proceeds realized from this lec-

ture is to establish a

FLYING SCHOOL TO TEACH CHILDREN

How to reel silk from the cocoons. The

Society has imported silk worms eggs of most

approved varieties, and have sent these,

with cuttings and seeds of mulberry trees,

to cultivators throughout the State; and to

afford all possible aid, they have sold them

at cost where farmers could afford to pay

for them, and freely given them away to

those without funds to purchase, who ex-

WEEKLY GAZETTE.

County Official Paper.

SATURDAY.....NOVEMBER 26, 1891

VITICULTURAL GLEANINGS.

A Mass of Items Interesting to Vine-Growers.

R. J. Baldwin, alias Lucky, is going to plant 200,000 vines this winter on his Santa Anita property.

On account of the dry, hot summer, the failure of the American corn crop is going to have a destructive effect upon the vintage of heavy wines in the south of France.

The total production of wine in Napa county this season is 2,016,000 gallons, a falling off of 894,750 gallons from last year, when the amount was 2,910,750 gallons. This wine is contained in fifty-four cellars.

Mr. R. Nadeau, of Florence, intends to plant 400,000 foreign grape vines and 600,000 Mission vines this winter. We hope Mr. Nadeau's unfortunate venture in sugar beets will be more than compensated for by his vineyard venture.

The latest review of the French wine trade estimates the yield this year at about 40,000,000 hectolitres (the hectolitre is twenty-two gallons). This is less than the average (50,000,000) of the last ten years, but the deficit will be made up by Italian wines and those made in France from dried raisins. Of these latter we shall doubtless receive a liberal supply here.

The Russian River Flag says that the owner of one of the most productive and healthy vineyards in the valley attributes its thriving condition to the habit he has of dropping a shovelful of wood ashes at the base of each vine, just after pruning. The prunings are burned and the ashes returned; and the ash barrels of Healdsburg are even drawn upon for the purpose.

The Napa Reporter says that foul lime from the Gas Works is in good demand this season. Vineyardists are using it extensively as an insecticide as well as a fertilizer. It possesses ammonia and sulphur in abundance, and answers the purpose for which it is used satisfactorily. Some of the Napa valley vineyardists are purchasing it from the San Francisco Gas Works.

According to a Milanese journal, the prefect of one of the first cities of Italy, who is a rich land owner, has, in this civilized age, resorted to a feudal custom, obliging his field laborers to wear an iron muzzle during the grape harvest, to prevent them from tasting a few bunches of grapes. The fact was noticed last year, and yet the said prefect still represents the Government.

Vine growing is being successfully pursued in Virginia, and is rapidly assuming larger dimensions. It was first introduced by Germans, but others are now taking a hand in it. One firm with 37 acres of land, has produced 3,500 gallons of wine in a season. It is reported that the yield of two counties this year will be 50,000 to 60,000 gallons. There is a ready market for all that can be produced.

The Tucson (A. T.) Citizen says that the scheme of grafting grape cuttings into the saguaro cactus has not proven an entire success in Arizona. Messrs. Paul, Plummer and H. H. Messenger tried the experiment last spring, but all the cuttings died during the summer months. Mr. Plummer will make other trials, and his observations will decide the possibility of changing the cactus desert into blooming vineyards.

The average production of Spanish vineyards is set down at 450,000,000 gallons, of which the province of Catalonia produces one-fifth—the sub-province of Barcelona and Tarragona alone yielding in a good year more than 70,000,000 gallons. There are no means of estimating the annual consumption of wine in Spain, but it is put at about ten gallons per head of the population, or less than half of the consumption in France; while with regard to the exports they have gradually been rising from about 35,000,000 gallons in 1868 to nearly double that quantity in 1878. Within the last three years the export of Spanish wines to France has undergone such a great additional increase that it may safely be put at 90,000,000 gallons. The imports of wine are very small, being little more than 100,000 gallons, and consist chiefly of French clarets and champagnes.

A correspondent of the Canada Farmer thus gives his experience in grafting vines: "The past twenty years I have grafted and propagated many thousands of grape vines in my green houses and in the field; have tried almost every month in the year, and I find April or May the best time, or when the buds are just bursting or pushing; then no sap will trouble or drown out the graft, as is the case when the grafting is done in the fall or early spring, as heretofore recommended. Such grafting will most surely prove a failure. I use no wax; clay is much better; but the scions must be kept back. Graft below ground on young thick plants. No good grafter would ever think of grafting old snags or old trees that ought to be cut down; and so with old vines that have been neglected and not renewed, they are no better than old snags, and it is time lost to try to improve such self-exhausted and worn-out plants. No can grafting be done by any one without experience. No grafter is always successful in grafting the apple or pear, much less in grafting the grape, as it is quite a different process, although quite simple to one who knows how."

It is asserted that the art of drinking wine is unknown except at Bordeaux; for with the Bordeaux it is an art, and it is quite a sight to witness the operation. The English, with a serious air, announces on pouring it, "Chateau Giscourt," or "Lacombe," or

"Margaux of 1849." The guest silently takes the glass between his thumb and forefinger, raises it to a level with his eyes, and with a slight movement of the elbow gives the liquid a rotary movement. This sets free the aroma. He sniffs the perfume circulating on the edge of the glass, looks at the ruby color scintillating in the glass, then drinks it off deliberately in small installments. Silence follows; the guests look at each other; the host has an anxious air, awaiting the verdict; then opinions are given in turn in a serious tone, and the wealth of adjectives at the command of a Bordeaux is revealed. If the judgment is unfavorable the wine is declared as *rebelle, dur, sans ame, deplaisant, eloquant, antipathique, imperatif*. If, on the contrary, the judgment is favorable, eyes sparkle and the wine is styled *amiable, gracieux, seduisant, passionnant, elegant, riche, fer, grand, beau, doux, payant, insinuant, coquet, ravissant, incomparable, plein d'ameur*.

The Bulletin says that the reason why we have not yet in California succeeded in making as good a quality of red wine as of white wine, is that our original customers were the Germans, who prefer white wine to red. It is only within the last three years that a good demand has sprung up for red wine, and the time has been too short to study and find out what was required. But we have been doing so and in a very short time we will, from a better knowledge of what is required, make as good a red wine as a white wine. We have been and are now experimenting on our vineyards in that matter. An experiment, said Mr. Kohler, that I am going to make is after the French plan of mixing in certain proportions different crus after each has separately fermented. Another thing is that the demand for California clarets has been so great that we have had no time to experiment. Our whole time has been engaged in trying to make wine enough to fill orders on hand. It is a good and healthy sign. When the use of claret becomes general throughout the United States, the people will have much to thank California for. It will have done more in the cause of temperance than all the temperance lecturers that ever breathed. There is no doubt about that—statistics prove it.

A correspondent of the Cincinnati Gazette says: "I have used sulphur more than twenty years, and with benefit, to prevent rot. Rot is not caused by a fungus, as some suppose, but is caused by some insect puncturing the grapes, whether to deposit their eggs or not I don't know, but we presume it is for that purpose; yet I never succeeded in finding any eggs or worms in a rotted grape. Well, says one, how do you know they have been stung by an insect? Because I have seen the puncture and a jet of juice which has oozed out. Wherever you find a grape that is stung it is a string to it (for a mark so as to find it) and watch the result. After a longer or shorter period it will turn whitish around the place where stung, and finally black, and continue to spread until the whole grape is rotted. If at any time, with a sharp knife, you cut out the black spot, the remainder of the grape will grow and ripen, thus proving there is no defect in the vine. Upon this discovery was based the sulphur remedy for the rot, being distasteful to all the insect tribe. Fumigations with sulphur in the evening is better than the dust, as I think the depositors work at night. I have no certain knowledge of the enemy, but always find a few large yellow bugs on the vines when the grapes are rotting; they are very shy fellows. Whether friend or foe I know not, but kill them when I find them."

The Naples correspondent of the London Times writes: The vintage has long been finished, but as the wine is still "boiling," to use the common word of the country, it is impossible to give any opinion of the quality. As to the quantity, it will be much less than that of last year; for the drought in 1890 greatly injured the vines, and has, therefore, considerably affected the produce of this season. The abundant rain which has now fallen will reinvigorate the vines, and the vintage of 1892 may be expected to be good. Meanwhile we shall have to pay very dear for our supply, and even now it would be difficult to procure a barrel under thirty lire. Calculating five dozen to the barrel, that would raise the price of good wine to half a lire a bottle—an enormous price for those who have been accustomed to visit the vineyards and lay in their stock at five, or even four sous the bottle. But there is every prospect of the price being still higher as the season advances and the wine matures. As to quality, one must not say anything before St. Martin's Day, when the vines are tested and the "small" wines sold off. Then would be the time for purchasing, if there was no objection to incurring a little risk and to paying a good price, for every month afterward adds to its value, and not a little business is done in adulterating and preparing it for the foreign market. It is a novelty to speak of a foreign market in writing from Italy, but since the phylloxera has ravaged France a larger quantity of wine has been exported to that country than people would be ready to believe, and probably much of the Burgundy and claret that appear on English tables was grown in southern Italy; though, for the honor of this province, I must add that the wines must have been abundantly diluted, and the common laborer here would scarcely condescend to drink the light wines which are served up at the tables of the old country. I have often when in England longed, but longed in vain, for the good rich wine which I could have purchased here for five sous the bottle at the beginning of the season. I cannot do that this year, and I am disposed to think that you in England will have to pay a heavy price for the so-called French wines. As to the pure juice of the grape, do not expect to have it. It is not to be found outside the vineyard. The only probable chance of getting it is to visit the ground and buy it on the spot.

LONDON, Nov. 23.—The cholera at Djeddah is decreasing, but has made its appearance at Yembo, on the Red Sea, one hundred miles further north.

SAN JOSE LETTER.

SAN JOSE, Cal. Nov. 18, 1891.

ED. GAZETTE.—Gen. J. Eaton, from the Bureau of Education, at Washington, visited the Normal School yesterday, accompanied by his brother from Tennessee. The excellent commissioner delivered a most instructive address to the school, fraught with valuable advice and noble principles.

He began by comparing the marching of two armies—one of soldiers the other of teachers, both to battle—one with a physical enemy, the other to overcome ignorance, vice and superstition. Frederick of Prussia, famous for the facility with which he made soldiers from raw recruits, did so by the aid of a few well disciplined officers. Applying this idea to the plan of elevating his people, he reasoned that what could be done with discipline in the army could be done with teachers and the masses, so he established the first Normal School. Then the wisdom and necessity of such schools was presented. The old idea is now nearly exploded, viz. that whoever has been over any branch of study is qualified to teach what he has been over. There must be training to teach, not only thoroughly, but in the best manner. No one is fitted to teach who is unacquainted with the laws of development and growth of the mind, young minds being too valuable for untrained teachers to experiment upon.

Greater danger now than ever before is menacing this country, from the multitudes coming from foreign nations, and those not of the educated or the best; hence the great necessity for skilled instructors to overcome the tide of ignorance from that direction. Teachers, too, must advance; there must be as much difference between those of ten years hence and to-day, as between those of to-day and thirty years ago. New colleges and high schools have awakened to a recognition of the science of teaching, and many of them have established chairs of pedagogy. The advance in physiology and psychology also, must be necessarily joined by the teacher of the future. After some statistics followed an exhortation to avidity that should be shown by all true teachers in availing themselves of the opportunity offered by the Normal Schools. He closed by congratulating heartily the California State Normal School upon its efficient Principal and worthy associated corps of teachers. His address was long and enthusiastically applauded. From the Normal, the distinguished gentlemen went to the University and other high schools.

To-day, just before the noon bell rang, there was a sharp shock of earthquake, causing the blackboards to behave in a frisky manner, which added lines not of beauty to the work of the drawing class that was at work. The whole great building creaked and trembled, but no damage was done to walls or plastering. What was singular, however, was that there was rain at the time, an occurrence said to be unparalleled in earthquake lore. Afterwards the floods descended bodily. Farmers say that enough rain has fallen to enable them to begin plowing.

ORANGE ITEMS.

After an absence of several weeks I once more sharpen my pencil to write you a few items.

The gentle zephyrs a few days ago satisfied our newcomers who were anxious to see a breeze, and fixed the underlip of the oldest inhabitant at half-mast for fear of a repetition of the same.

The rains of this valley have all been shipped, or will be in a few days more. The rains did some damage to the half-cured grapes, besides forcing the proprietors to purchase coverings to keep them dry. But nothing is so bad but what it might be worse.

Mr. A. B. Clark will go to San Francisco next week as one of a committee to tell the railroad bosses what he knows about the freight on oranges. May the committee be successful in securing lower rates.

Mr. D. C. Hayward and Henry Young returned from the mountains north of Los Angeles last Monday. They say they waded through snow over knee deep, but that it was not so bad as they "used to think."

Our hotel has changed hands, and I want for the better, too. Now can't something be done for the school building and lot?

Mr. Joseph Beach has been quite sick for several weeks, but was improving when last heard from. He has been under the treatment of his son, Dr. George Beach, of Los Angeles.

Mr. Stanley Robbins, wife and daughter, are visiting friends in Orange. They think our climate far superior to any outside of Hooisierdon.

WESTMINSTER ITEMS.

Mr. David McFadden and family arrived here from the East on the 14th inst. Mr. McFadden is a brother of Mr. Jan McFadden, of Westminster.

Mr. J. J. McCoy has gone to Westminster with his well worn horse for Mr. Hohlhaugh, of that place.

On Saturday, Nov. 15th, as Mr. Hunter was about to start for Anaheim, his team from some cause became frightened and ran away, badly injuring the carriage, but fortunately no one was hurt.

Miss Biddie Laffer, who has been attending school in Los Angeles, has returned.

The Santa Ana wind of last week was not very severe in Westminster; just enough to remind us of how pleasant it was not to have any.

We notice a new family, Messrs. McCoy and Taylor, have moved in to Miss M. A. McCoy's home on Riverside avenue.

Mr. Wm. H. Edwards has a large force of men at work banking over his farm. He

claims he will have between 7,000 and 8,000 bushels of corn.

The services of the Presbyterian Church, Westminster, will be held on Sunday evening, November 22nd, at 7 o'clock. Sermon by Rev. J. J. McCoy. Divine service will be held in the church in the afternoon at 2:45. Sunday school at 10:15.

THE TAX ON MORTGAGES.

The Supreme Court has rendered an important decision in the case of Beckman vs. Shanks, concerning the taxation of mortgages. The mortgage sought to be foreclosed, and which was executed before the adoption of the present Constitution, contains the following covenant:

And it is hereby agreed that it shall be lawful for said mortgagee, or his successors or assigns, to pay at maturity all taxes, fines or other incumbrances now existing or hereafter to be laid or imposed upon said lot of land and premises, and which may be in effect a charge thereupon. * * * And that the said mortgagee will on demand repay to the mortgagor in gold coin all sums which may have been paid by the mortgagor to discharge any tax, assessment or other lien on said premises. * * * And that this mortgage shall stand as security for the repayment to the mortgagor for all sums which he shall have paid for any of the purposes aforesaid.

The defendant, having failed to pay the State and county tax upon the mortgage for 1890, the plaintiff paid it, and the Court below refused to award the plaintiff the sum thus paid. In the year 1890, says the Court, the mortgage, for the purpose of taxation, was an interest in the land, the tax upon which defendant had agreed to pay. (Const., Art. XIII, Sec. 4.) "The covenant was that defendant should pay the tax upon the full value of the land. Under the present Constitution he is assessed only for the value of the land less the amount of the mortgage debt. The agreement to pay the whole tax was valid when made, and so to construe the provision of the Constitution as that the agreement may not be enforced according to its terms would be to impair the obligation of the contract. (Const. U. S., Art. I, Sec. 10.) Section 5 of Article XIII of the present State Constitution applies to contracts made after its adoption, holds the Court, which remains the case, with directions to modify the decree in accordance with the views herein expressed.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 21st.—In the Utah contested election case Cannon has filed the following: In the matter of George Q. Cannon's contest of Allen G. Campbell's right to a seat in the House of Representatives of the Forty-seventh Congress of the United States, as a delegate from the territory of Utah, I George Q. Cannon, contestant, protesting that the matter in this paper contained is not relevant to the issue, do admit that I am a member of the Church of Jesus Christ of the Latter Day Saints, commonly called Mormons; that in accordance with the tenets of the said church, I have taken plural wives, who now live with me and have borne me children. I also admit that in public addresses, as a teacher of my religion in Utah Territory, I have defended said tenet of said church as being, in my belief, a revelation from on High.

The trial of Guiteau still progresses. The prisoner is unruly, and all attempts to keep him quiet are futile. He constantly interrupts his counsel. The New York Tribune says of the trial: It may be that the Judge presiding at the trial in Washington cannot make Guiteau behave himself. Perhaps that is an impossible task, but there is no judicial authority to compel an audience attending the trial of the murderer of the President of the United States to conduct itself otherwise than if it were grinning and giggling at a circus? One would suppose, from reading the reports, that Guiteau was a distinguished clown or one of the new school of humorous preachers, joking with the deity and throwing the delighted audience into constant laughter. No one would be surprised now to hear that he had become popular in Washington. The scandal of Guiteau's trial is almost equal to the horror of his crime.

WASHINGTON, November 20th.—General Thomas A. Walker, ex-Superintendent of the Census Bureau, submitted a statement to the Secretary of the Interior to-day, containing some interesting facts concerning representation in the next House of Representatives. The total population of the States is 49,371,340. With the number of Representatives at the present figure—293—this would give a Representative to every 169,080 of population. On this basis the following changes in representation would ensue in the Forty-eighth Congress: Arkansas, California, Michigan, Mississippi, South Carolina and West Virginia gain one each; Minnesota and Nebraska gain two each; Alabama, Illinois, Maine, Maryland, New Hampshire, Ohio, Tennessee and Vermont lose one each; Pennsylvania, loses two and New York three. The other States show no changes.

NEW YORK, November 22d.—Mrs. Abraham Lincoln has been in this city nearly two months, submitting to medical treatment at the hands of Dr. Lewis A. Sayre. The Times says that she has needed the means to secure proper attention and nursing, and the pension of \$3000 granted by Congress is utterly inadequate to supply her wants in her present condition. Cyrus W. Field has been applied to by her to take an interest in her case, and he announced yesterday that he was actively exerting his influence to secure the passage of a bill through Congress to increase the amount of her pension to a figure which will render the remaining years of her life as comfortable as her sickly condition will permit.

Rev. D. D. Hark, pastor of the Church of the United Brethren, in Sacramento, Sunday evening, just as he finished his sermon and was calling on persons to come to the altar to be baptized, was attacked with a fit of convulsions, burst a blood vessel, fell down in the pulpit, was carried to the vestry, and died within ten minutes, from cerebral hemorrhage. He was aged 26 years and seven months and leaves a wife and daughter. He was a native of Ohio.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

FOR RENT.

A ROOMY, COMFORTABLE COTTAGE IS OFFERED for rent in central part of town, furnished or unfurnished. Apply at this office.

THEODORE LYNILL.

Attorney-at-Law.

ANAHAIM, CAL.

Office in Planter's Hotel Building.

MONEY TO LOAN.—Ruling rate 10 per cent.

Notice.

HAVING CALLED FOR SEALED PROPOSALS for the lease of Town Lot No. 33, and the bids submitted being too low, I hereby announce the rejection of all said bids. I again ask for sealed proposals for the lease of said Town Lot No. 33, for three or five years, the lease to take effect from February 1st, 1892. Bidders will say how much for three years and how much for five years. The lease will only be given on condition that the lessee will comply with certain conditions relating to the sanitary condition of said lot. For more particular information on this subject apply personally to me. No bids will be entertained unless signed by a responsible party, and no notice will be taken of anonymous proposals. Bids must be submitted on or before 2 o'clock P. M. of December 26th, 1891. The right is reserved to reject any or all bids. THEO. REISER.

S. H. MITCHELL. THEODORE LYNILL.

LYNILL & MITCHELL, REAL ESTATE AGENTS.

Office in Planter's Hotel Building.

Real Estate Bought and Sold.

THE ABOVE FIRM OFFERS THE FOLLOWING choice lots of Real Estate at rock prices:

A good dwelling house, with barn and arbutus well, good fruit trees bearing; five minutes walk from the school house.

225 acres of good land with a good two-story brick house, barn and other substantial improvements. A large number of trees and vines in thriving condition. Will be sold entire or segregated to suit purchasers. One mile from Planter's Hotel.

A first-class fruit orchard, fully stocked with bearing fruit trees and vines in prime order. 50 acres; five miles from town. Very cheap.

43 acres of land on both sides of the Anaheim ditch, with 20 shares of water stock.

40 acres of good land near Garden Grove school house.

100 acres of fine land near to the above.

14 acres of vineyard, half a mile from Planter's Hotel, set out in Berger and black Malvoise vines 3 years old; water stock. A great bargain.

40 acres of good land 2½ miles west of town, with a frame house.

160 acres of good land 4 miles west of town.

40 acres of land with some improvements 1½ miles north of town. Very cheap.

THEO. REISER.

MONEY TO LOAN.

HAVE \$50,000 TO LOAN AT 10 PER CENT per annum, the party lending paying the tax. GEO. J. CLARK, Notary Public, Office of Morford & Brown, corner of Temple & Spring streets, Los Angeles. 029-1m

MONEY TO LOAN.

Apply to R. W. SCOTT, Attorney at Law

MILLINERY

MR. WALLACE AND SISTER beg to announce to the people of Anaheim and vicinity that they have received a new and large assortment of winter styles.

HATS, RIBBONS, FLOWERS

And general millinery, to which they invite the attention of Ladies and respectfully ask them to inspect the stock before purchasing elsewhere. Millinery Parlors in Metz Building, Center Street, Anaheim. n12m

THE SUN.

NEW YORK, 1892.

THE SUN FOR 1892 WILL MAKE ITS FIFTY-TEENTH ANNUAL REVISION under the present management, shining, as always, for all, big and little, great and small, contented and discontented, Republican and Democratic, depraved and virtuous, intelligent and stupid. The Sun's light is for mankind and mankind of every sort, but its special warmth is for the good, which it pours hot and clear into the blinding darkness of the perpetually wicked. The Sun is a permanent change in the style of American newspapers. Every important journal established in this country in the dozen years past has been modeled after THE SUN. Every important journal already existing has been modified and bettered by the force of THE SUN's example. By a liberal use of the money which an abundant property affords, we shall make it better than ever before. We shall print all the news, putting it into readable shape, and summarizing the important, not by the traditional yea-does, but by its real interest to the people. Distance from Printing House Square is not the first consideration with THE SUN. Whatever anything happens worth reporting we get the particulars, whether it happens in Brooklyn or Bohemia. To politics we have decided opinions; and are accustomed to express them in language that can be understood. We say what we think about men and events. We are the only record of THE SUN's political course. The Sun's gathering into eight pages the best matter of the seven daily issues. An Agricultural Department of unequalled merit, full market reports, and a Blue Book of History, statistics, and domestic intelligence complete THE SUN. We make it the best newspaper for the farmer's household that was ever printed. Who does not know and read the Sun? THE SUN is a daily paper of 16 columns, published at 50 cents a month, or \$5.00 a year, in advance. The price of THE SUN is 50 cents a copy, or \$5.00 a year, in advance. The Sunday edition of THE SUN is published separately at \$1.00 a copy, or \$10.00 a year, in advance. The price of THE SUN is 50 cents a copy, or \$5.00 a year, in advance. The Sunday edition of THE SUN is published separately at \$1.00 a copy, or \$10.00 a year, in advance. The price of THE SUN is 50 cents a copy, or \$5.00 a year, in advance. The Sunday edition of THE SUN is published separately at \$1.00 a copy, or \$10.00 a year, in advance.

REDUCTION IN PRICES

At The

DRY GOODS PALACE,

OUR NEW STOCK

ARRIVED ON THURSDAY.

AND IS

Now Ready for Inspection.

As our purchases will hereafter be exclusively for cash, we can only call exclusively for cash, and the result will be that our patrons will receive bargains such as they never dreamed of before.

It is common for advertisers to make such claims as this, without the slightest intention of fulfilling them, but we pledge ourselves to carry out to the letter everything that we promise.

All Persons having accounts with us will please settle them forthwith.

GOODMAN & RIMPAU,

Center Street, ANAHEIM.

Hippolyte Cahen,

Selling Out. Notice.

As I anticipate making some changes in my business, I will from this day sell all my stock of Drygoods at Cost.

Groceries at lowest market rates.

Center Street, Anaheim, Cal.

The Best Windmill

TO ALL PARTIES DESIRING WINDMILLS would say that for the best construction, Strength, Power and Durability.

By all means get the CALIFORNIA WINDMILL.

It is made of the best of material, is simple in construction, perfectly noiseless in running, self-regulating in storm and is sold at prices which defy competition. It is without doubt.

The Best Mill on the Coast.

Yield is sold at the remarkably low price of 2 1/2 for the 16 ft wheel, 3 1/2 for the 18 ft wheel and 4 1/2 for the 20 ft wheel. For further particulars call upon us or write to H. H. SMITH, at the lumber yard of A. Guy Smith & Co., who is agent for Los Angeles county. Mr. SMITH will contract for the building of Wells and the furnishing and setting of Frames, Tanks and Stacks.

D. E. MILES,

Warehouseman and Commission Merchant.

Highest Cash Price Paid for

Wheat, Barley, Corn,

Rye, Potatoes,

And all Country Produce. Cash advances made on all consignments of Grain and Wool.

Sacks and Twine

At lowest market prices. Office opposite Railroad Depot, Anaheim, Cal.

JOHN HANNA,

Real Estate Agent.

Live Stock Bought and Sold on Commission.

ANAHEIM.

Kleinigkeiten.

—Mr. J. D. Ott returned on last Saturday from his visit to his old home in Virginia.

—R. M. Widney has accepted the Presidency of the Horticultural Society.

—The newly-discovered oil well on the Puente ranch, mention of which was made last week, is only eight miles from Anaheim.

—George Welch of Compton was wounded in the right arm on Tuesday by the accidental discharge of his gun.

—J. W. Webb, Grand Lecturer of the L. O. G. T., will lecture in Anaheim on December 21st and 22d.

—Mrs. B. Dreyfus and family returned from their visit to San Francisco on Tuesday.

—The proposals for the lease of Town Lot No. 33 proving unsatisfactory, Mr. Reiser again solicits bids for the property.

—A cottage, furnished or unfurnished, is offered for rent in our advertising columns to-day.

—An association, having for its object the enforcement of the Sunday law, has been formed in Los Angeles.

—Dr. E. L. Cowan has rented the house adjoining the photograph gallery, and will be ready to practice his profession as soon as the dentist tools, already ordered, arrive.

—Receipt books, order books, note books etc., printed on heavy paper and bound in a substantial form, are kept in stock at the GAZETTE Job Office.

—Mr. and Mrs. Houghton were thrown from their buggy in Los Angeles. The first named is suffering from concussion of the brain and the lady has a broken arm.

—Mr. P. A. Clark, whilom of Silverado, has opened a real estate office in Los Angeles. He expects to send lots of purchasers for Anaheim property.

—Mr. F. Conrad returned from San Francisco on Tuesday night, accompanied by his bride. The bride welcomed him with a serenade, and were hospitably received.

—The telegraph office is now open for business at the Anaheim Hotel. In the interim following the fire, telegraphic messages were sent and received at the railroad depot.

—Mr. Fred. Fischer has returned from Arizona, his complexion having the hue characteristic of sojourners in that sun-kissed land. We are glad to learn of his prosperity.

—There will be Divine Service in the Presbyterian Church, Anaheim, to-morrow (Sunday) at 11 A. M. Until further notice there will be service in this church every Sunday morning and no evening service.

—As a matter of convenience to the citizens, the Bank of Anaheim will pay the county taxes of those who desire to avoid the expense of a trip to Los Angeles for that purpose. Leave your name at the bank, and the cashier will ascertain the amount of the tax, and will forward your money by check.

—Read the enticing list of property offered by Lynell & Mitchell, real estate agents. It is with land as with stocks — "buy 'em when they're low and sell 'em when they're high, and you are all right." Land is low now; it will be 50 per cent. higher in six months.

—The Philharmonic Society, projected by Professor Pinck, is an assured fact, over ninety members having been secured mainly through the efforts of Mrs. N. H. Mitchell, who made a personal campaign of the place. Prof. Pinck will doubtless tell the people next week, through the GAZETTE, all what the society proposes to do.

—Mr. Clark, the adjuster of the Hutchinson & Mann Insurance Agency, accompanied by Mr. G. F. McCallan, was in town on Monday. Mr. Clark investigated the circumstances of the recent fire, and announced that the loss would be paid as soon as the amount could be ascertained by the usual methods.

—We were pleased a few days ago to see our old townsman, D. K. Williams, again upon the streets, although requiring the aid and support of his crutch and crooked stick. He is bravely overcoming the effects of his injuries and the prostration of the silver cord. He is now improving rapidly, and if he don't break his back or arm again, or get kicked by a mule, he will possibly add quite a number of years to the sixty-five that seems now to sit so lightly upon him.

—An Anti-Secret Society Convention was held at Woodland, Yolo county, last week, several counties being represented by delegates. The Convention adopted resolutions denouncing secret societies, especially Masonry, as injurious to the cause of religion, the administration of justice, and the preservation of pure republicanism. A State organization is to be formed and a lecturer sent out. The lecturer will find Anaheim a fine field to work his fulminating. Secret societies flourish here; Anaheim Lodge A. O. U. W. conferred degrees on four members last meeting, and have on file a number of applications.

—The depredations of horse thieves are beginning to be heard of from different parts of the county. It is noticeable that these gentry invariably ply their vocation every year about this time. Mr. J. A. Beckett, of Garden Grove, had two horses stolen from his stables one night last week, but he found them a few days after. It is supposed they proved refractory while being led, and were turned loose. Mr. H. A. Young, of the same place, also had two horses stolen, but has not been as fortunate as his neighbor in recovering them. The farmer who has his horses stolen at this season of the year feels his loss doubly, as the active work of the farm is just about to commence. A society such as they have at Riverside might be organized with advantage here. It is called the Society for the Prevention of Horse Stealing. When a horse is stolen from this part of the county, the chances for its recovery are not worth mentioning. It was the same in Riverside until the society mentioned was organized, and now, so perfect are their plans, that few horse thieves get away with their booty. As an illustration of how effective an agent it is in recovering stolen stock we quote the following from the Riverside Press: "The Riverside Society for the Prevention of Horse Stealing held its annual meeting for the election of officers on Saturday evening, which meeting resulted in the re-election of last year's officers. On Monday morning, the horse of Mr. Alonzo G. Haight having been unaccountably missing since the previous evening, the active force was called out, and by noon the animal was recovered."

—It appears to be a settled fact that the present mail arrangement will continue. The San Diego postmaster gives vent to his indignation in the following note to the Union: "Please announce that on and after to-day mails will leave in the morning at 7 o'clock and arrive in the evening at 6 o'clock. San Diego must submit while longer to the outrage of a delay of 94 hours in Los Angeles in the San Francisco mails. Having exerted myself to the utmost to secure better accommodations, I deem it my duty to say that there is no hope for improvement until the California Southern Railroad is completed to the crossing of the Southern Pacific."

—Twenty-five years ago, the owner of the primitive mill on the Santa Ana river, in the Yorba settlement, stepped upon a nail, and his death was the result. He was buried near his mill, and the circumstance had faded from mind, until a few days ago when portions of a coffin and some bones were turned up by the plow and scrapers used in constructing the new Anaheim ditch. Only a few of the bones were found, the balance having probably been scraped up and dumped over the embankment unnoticed.

—Silverado is deserted, Cash Harvey holding the fort, solitary and alone. The mines are there yet, however, and the gold-streaked mineral is yet locked in the firm embrace of the everlasting hills. The abandonment does not seem to be caused by a disbelief in the value of the mines, for the owners intend to return to their mountain claims when, in the more prosaic pursuit of agriculture in the valleys, they will get together enough here to keep them while prosecuting work on shaft, tunnel and winze.

—The following real estate transactions occurred during the week:
George McQuinn to Doris B. Chaffee—\$600 acres E 1/4 of SW 1/4 Sec 32, T 4 S, R 10 W; \$1,800.
V. D. Assonville to Max Nebelung—1/2 of last described; \$100.
Emma L. Nickels to J. W. Hawkins—SW 1/4 of NE 1/4 Sec 32 T 4 S, R 10 W.

—The Express can devote a column or more to the publication of libelous communications concerning Anaheim, but cannot give a line to the refutation of the slanders. It can give editorial notice to anything tending to ridicule this place, but we have never yet seen ten lines of original matter in that paper complimentary of Anaheim. We can remember our friends—and our enemies.

—While Capt. Wrede was riding in the vicinity of Orange on Saturday, his saddle turned and as he was falling to the ground he eluded the horse around the neck. The animal became frightened and kicked the Captain severely, injuring him about the face. The heavy fall to the ground in a manner paralyzed him, and he was confined to his bed for several days.

—The ball given on Thursday evening by the Union Brass Band was attended by a large number of people, and as it was after 4 o'clock on Friday morning are the dancers dispersed, it is safe to infer that everybody enjoyed themselves. The band played superbly, many of the airs being new and composed for the occasion.

—Mr. T. A. Darling informs us that a Santa Ana wind was making things disagreeable around the depot a few days ago. We have always contended that it was a mistake to place the depot in the locality where it is, and this confirms our opinion.

—Messrs. Hull and Wilson, of Anaheim Landing, were in town yesterday. There are about 2,000 sacks of grain and 400 bales of wool in the warehouses yet to be shipped before the Landing closes for the winter season.

—New York, Nov. 22d.—Two Republican Aldermen, by uniting with the County Democratic Aldermen, secured the confirmation of the Mayor's nomination for Police Justice, J. Henry Ford and Andrew J. White. Aldermen Sweeney, Tammany, criticizing the course of Mayor Green, said: "It is a dirty, contemptible way in which the Mayor has treated the organization of which I am a representative for that I disown him. Of all horrible lies, he is the worst and most unmitigated."

"X" EXCORIATED.

Plain Language from Trustful James—Some Facts and Figures which Bring Up Unpleasant Memories.

EDITOR GAZETTE.—Some time ago there appeared in the San Francisco Examiner a letter reviewing the water question in Anaheim and vicinity. It was published just at the time that the Secretary of the Cajon Irrigation Company, who was connected with that journal, paid a visit to San Francisco. It seemed with falsehoods and reckless with malice. I have now before me another production of a similar class addressed to the Los Angeles Express. The latter is just as malicious and void of truth. Were it not that this is the season when new settlers are plentiful in this county, it would be unnecessary to reply to it, for every old resident of this district knows its malice, its falsehood and its venom. But for the benefit and information of strangers it is well to state the facts as they are.

All that can be gathered from these two letters is a seeming complaint that the citizens of Anaheim town have not come up to the writer's desires in their support of the Cajon ditch. Let us therefore proceed to analyze the condition and affairs of that noble enterprise. This ditch was originally conceived by the Land Company. They expended about \$38,000 on it and then stopped work and were succeeded without any legal, or equitable, by the present managers—the Cajon Irrigation Company. This Company commenced with 180 shares subscribed for, upon which \$100 per share was paid up, making \$18,000. Further and continuous assessments followed until the number of shares had dwindled down to about 60 and out of which assessments a further sum of \$28,000 in round numbers was raised. Assessments have been levied in fact to the extent of \$340 per share instead of \$100 as originally intended. Then the Anaheim Water Company bought a half interest in the Cajon ditch, paying \$20,000 therefor. This gives us a total of \$104,000 in round figures for the cost of the ditch to date. And still they cry for more. Now in return for this expenditure of \$104,000 there is visible to the naked eye a monstrously enormous canal with no capacity for carrying water—a ditch and yet no ditch. The Anaheim people, desiring water rather than ditch, are content to let the Cajon company take their \$20,000 and go. Two-thirds of the original stock of the Cajon Company has been surrendered in one form or another because the holders thereof could not stand the perpetual assessments.

The Anaheim Water Company is now building a superb ditch suitable to the wants of all people in Anaheim and vicinity, in connection with which will also be constructed a fine reservoir 45 acres in extent and from 12 to 25 feet deep, which will irrigate 6,000 acres. The farmers have opened a ditch for winter irrigation which will meet all their wants. And everybody is happy except the Secretary of the Cajon Irrigation Company; and even he need not mourn, for I say to him that there is more land lying above the line of the Anaheim ditch and below the line of the Cajon ditch than the officers of the last named ditch can ever irrigate. As a means of irrigation for Anaheim and vicinity the Cajon ditch is a miserable failure, but it has a use, and it is to irrigate lands above the line of the Anaheim ditch reservoir. Then let the Secretary of the Cajon Irrigation Company take a full dose of anti-bilious, anti-dyspeptic medicine and, letting Anaheim alone, apply himself to his proper sphere of usefulness and this section of country will have no competitor in irrigation facilities, with the Cajon, Anaheim and Farmers' ditches and the levianth reservoir.

As to the malicious strictures of "X" in the Express let me say to him in plain terms this: Anaheim and vicinity was in the zenith of its prosperity before the Cajon ditch was ever in operation; the partial decline in its prosperity is directly due to the Cajon ditch, which has ruined almost every man who has touched it; that the stockholders of irrigators under the Anaheim Water Company are prosperous—nay rich, and the members of the Farmers' Ditch Company soon will be. Then let the Cajon people get rid of their desire to lay the whole country under tribute to them and confine themselves to their proper sphere. Above all, let them drop their malicious, senseless and suicidal policy of misrepresenting a people who have helped them to construct their ditch to the tune of \$50,000 at least, and now ask nothing but to be allowed to go in peace.

In conclusion I would say that the people of San Francisco and Los Angeles are not concerned in our water matters, and publications in journals in those cities prejudicial to the interests of this section can only be inspired by a spirit of the most contemptible meanness and degraded malice. If the managers of the Cajon ditch, through their ignorance, stupidity or incompetence, have not made a success of their undertaking, let them hide their heads in shame. But in all reason and justice do not let them, actuated by spite, envy, hatred and malice, spread broadcast over the land misrepresentations and lies which for malice have no equals and which can be productive of absolutely no good. Yours, Y.

A State Convention of fruit growers, shippers, packers, nurserymen, and others interested in horticulture in California, will be held at the Senate Chamber, Sacramento, on Tuesday and Wednesday, the 6th and 7th of December, 1891, commencing at 10 o'clock, A. M. of the 6th, for the purpose of consultation and discussion of the most practical means of exterminating the insect pests, now infesting the orchards and gardens of the State; and such other subjects as may be introduced for the improvement of the fruit growing industries of California.

James Mann was killed by the city Marshal of Kirksville, Mo., while resisting arrest. City Marshal Cooper, of Covington, Ky., was killed by James Slaughter, an account of a difficulty which occurred between the Marshal and a brother of Slaughter a few hours previous.

LOS ANGELES MARKET.

Continued weekly for the GAZETTE by E. GERMANN, Commission and Broker, 25 Main street, Los Angeles. P. O. Box 28.

BUTTER, fresh, choice, per lb. 25¢.
Fair to good " 24¢.
Eggs, per dozen, 25¢.
Raffin, light breakfast, per lb. 15¢.
Medium " 14¢.
HAMS, California, per lb. 13¢.
LARD, 10 lb tins, 12¢.
5 lb " 14¢.
2 1/2 lb " 15¢.
HEAT, per dozen, \$5 00/95 00.
ROOSTERS, " \$5 00/85 00.
BROILERS, " \$4 50/85 00.
DUCKS, " \$4 00/85 00.
TURKEYS, live, per lb. 12¢/14¢.
dressed, " 16¢/20¢.
POTATOES, per 100 lb (in carload lots) \$1 65/1 75.
RAISINS, California, 20 lb boxes, \$2 25/2 50.
WALNUTS, new, per lb. 7¢/7 1/2¢.

The following market quotations are from the San Francisco papers of Wednesday.
WHEAT—No. 1 \$1 70/1 75; No. 2 \$1 67/1 70.
BARLEY—Coast feed \$1 45/1 47 1/2; Chevalier, \$1 42/1 47 1/2.
RYS—\$2 30/2 40.
CORN—\$1 40/1 45 for Large Yellow; Small Yellow, \$1 40/1 45; White \$1 45/1 47; New Yellow, \$1 30/1 35.

Thermometrical Record.

The following is our record (taken 1 1/2 miles North of town) for the week ending Wednesday P. M. Nov. 23d, giving lowest point by night preceding date and highest by day:

DATE.	Lowest.	Th. M.	Highest.	Th. M.
Nov.	17	44	58	45
"	18	38	63	53
"	19	43	52	70
"	20	44	50	71
"	21	40	60	75
"	22	53	54	74
"	23	40	42	76

Average Temperature.....54
Average highest and lowest.....56 1/2

BORN.

In Los Angeles, Nov. 17th, to the wife of Peter Miller, a son; weight, 17 1/2 pounds.
In Los Angeles, Nov. 17th, to the wife of G. L. Schmidt, a son.
In Los Angeles, Nov. 19th, to the wife of Thomas J. Barnes, a daughter.

MARRIED.

In Los Angeles, Nov. 18th, Mr. Thomas W. Stout and Miss Lauretta Heoney.
At Vernon, Nov. 19, Mr. Gibbs to Miss Elizabeth Duncan.
In Los Vegas, New Mexico, on Nov. 17th, R. M. Town and Miss Lillie May Fisher.

DIED.

In Garden Grove, October 19th, J. W. Gregg.

Wells, Fargo & Co.

There are packages in Wells, Fargo & Co office for the following persons:
W. McFadden, Jacob Kroeger,
P. Grant, F. A. Korn,
S. A. Davis, J. A. Emery,
A. E. Higgins.

Chicago, Nov. 9th.—The Tribune prints a column of matter on California fruits, showing their importance in this market, and that they are distributed from this city over the whole country. In the article is interwoven an interview with Washington Porter, fruit shipper of this city, who has been in California recently. Mr. Porter is thoroughly impressed with the idea that that State is only in its infancy so far as its production of fruit for the use of the world is concerned.

—There has been received at the Anaheim Millinery Store a shipment of Zephyrs, all shades, and in shaded packages; Silver and plain Cardboard, cardboard Balloons and Lamp-shades, Embossed pictures, Cashmere and Bugle Beads, Josephine, Lace and Polka Dot Collarettes, Ruchings, Ties, Lace Bibs, Dot Handkerchiefs, Shaded Ribbons, etc.
MISS NELLIE KUEHL.

Bread is the "staff of life," but Trash's Ointment is the "crutch" for those who suffer from Rheumatism or Lameness, Aches and Sores of any kind.

Banish Humors, and reinvigorate the Stomach, Liver and Bowels, with King of the Blood. See advertisement.

FOR RENT.

THE SOUTH ONE HUNDRED AND SIXTY Acres of the Colton Tract, about 2 miles North-East of town. For particulars apply to DAVID EYET.

A Good Chance.

THE ADVERTISER HAS FIFTY ACRES OF land in Orange, covered with water stock, which he will give the use of for one year to anyone who will plant five acres in vines and take good care of the same. The vines for planting to be furnished by me. For further information apply to the GAZETTE office.

Sealed Proposals.

THE UNDERSIGNED WILL RECEIVE SEALED Proposals up to Nov. 26th, at 1 o'clock, P. M., for the following purposes:
\$2,000 on the new school house.
\$1,000 on the farmers' school.
\$500 on the old school house.
The rights is reserved to reject any or all bids.
W. M. BAILEY,
Clerk Anaheim School District.

Two Heating Stoves

For Sale Cheap.
Inquire at Gazette Office.

Windmill for Sale

THE UNDERSIGNED HAS A TUBULAR WINDMILL which he will sell cheap. The mill is in excellent condition, and is a bargain to anyone needing one.
THEO. HARRIS.

Grape Cuttings.

FOR SALE, a large quantity of Black Malvines, Sweet, Malaga, Muscat, Marzemino.

Also two different varieties for family use. Price \$1 per thousand, ready for delivery. Apply at the Gazette Office.

LUMBER YARD

PLANING, SAWING.

MOULDING MILLS.

A. Guy Smith & Co.

Anaheim,

NEAR THE RAILROAD DEPOT

All Varieties of Pine, Redwood, and Spruce

LUMBER!

Doors, Sashes, and Blinds, Groove Sashes, Fruit Boxes, Box-Sticks, and Fruit Caskets.

Builders' Hardware and Nails

Plain and Fancy SCROLL SAWING at Short Notice

Anaheim Grist Mill!

Grain, Feed, Meal, etc., of all Varieties.

CORN SHELLED AND SHIPPED.

ANAHEIM STORAGE

WAREHOUSE.

GRAIN, WOOL, AND GENERAL MERCHANDISE TAKEN ON STORAGE.

GRAIN SACKS AND TWINE constantly on hand.

CONSIGNMENTS SOLICITED

OF ALL KINDS OF PRODUCE. Advances made, RE-CHANGES forwarded and sold on Commission in best markets.

NOTICE.

The limited Agency and Superintendency of Mr. Wm. R. Olden in connection with the "Stearns Ranchos" ceased on the 28th of December, 1880.

A. ROBINSON,

Trustee.

Planters' Hotel,

ANAHEIM, CAL.,

ED. DUNHAM - Proprietor.

EVERY ROOM IN THIS HOUSE HAS BEEN RE-furnished and re-carpeted, and it is now the most comfortable stopping place in Southern California. Strangers visiting this country in search of homes would do well to make this house their stopping place as every part of the southern portion of Los Angeles county is accessible in a few hours' drive from town. Great pains are taken to supply the table with fruits and vegetables at all times of the year, and said game is almost constantly served up for guests.

NOTICE OF ASSESSMENT.

Cajon Irrigation Company.

Location of Principal place of Business, Anaheim, Los Angeles County, California.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT AT A MEETING of the Directors held on the 23rd day of October, 1891, an assessment of ten dollars (\$10) per share was levied upon the said capital stock of the corporation, payable immediately in United States gold coin, to the Secretary. Any stock upon which the assessment shall remain unpaid on the 25th day of November, 1891, will be delinquent and advertised for sale at public auction, and unless payment is made before, will be sold on the 25th day of December, 1891, to pay the delinquent assessments, together with the costs of advertising and the expenses of sale.
W. M. McFADDEN, Secretary C. I. Co.
Anaheim, October 24, 1891.

FOR SALE.

One pair fine, large Horses,
One Top Buggy, One
Jump-seat Buggy.

For two or four persons.
Apply to
Dr. E. L. COWAN,
ANAHEIM.

PICKLED

ANAS OLIVES.

New Crop.

Reduced Price.

A. LANGENBERGER.

For the Holidays.

I HAVE ORDERED, AND WILL RECEIVE IN about two weeks, a complete assortment of Solid Silver and Silver Plated Ware.

Consisting of: Highball Glasses, Champagne Glasses, Port, Brandy, and Whisky Glasses, in addition to a fine assortment of Washbasins, Cups and Jewellery.

Orders will be taken for any article in Jewellery or Silverware not in stock, at San Francisco retail prices. Please specify the quantity and price of each article, and return them at once.

F. WELLS,
Framed Watchmaker,
Center St., Anaheim.

THIS PAPER PRINTS AND BINDS ALL THE ADVERTISING MATTER OF THE GAZETTE.

NEW GOODS!

At Garden Grove Store.

Everything New

and Fresh.

On my recent visit to San Francisco I secured at extremely low figures a large stock of

DRY GOODS,

FANCY GOODS,

CHEAP DRESS GOODS,

Men's, Women's & Children's

HOSE,

(Wool, Cotton and Mixed.)

A full line of Buckingham & Necht's

BOOTS AND SHOES.

Having bought at a low figure I will

sell correspondingly cheap.

HIGHEST PRICE

PAID FOR PRODUCE.

C. HOWE,

GARDEN GROVE

STORE!

ONCE MORE

TO THE FRONT.

I have this week received one

of the

Best Assorted Stock

—OF—

GOODS!

That has ever been offered

in this town.

I am selling them at prices that

DEFY COMPETITION.

CASH

—PAID FOR—

All kinds of Marketable

Produce.

A call and inspection will con-

vince all that

I Mean Business!

T. C. HULL,

WESTMINSTER.

G. H. KELLOGG.

General Commission Merchant,

—AND DEALER IN—

Provisions and Groceries.

Special attention paid to Country Orders.

Consignments Solicited.

425 Clay Street - San Francisco.

WASHINGTON

Meat Market!

CENTRE STREET, ANAHEIM.

C. E. LEONARD, Proprietor.

THE PATRONAGE OF THE PEOPLE OF ANAHEIM and vicinity is respectfully solicited.

Notice to Tax-payers.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN TO THE TAX-payers of the Town of Anaheim that the taxes for the fiscal year 1891-2 are now due and payable to me at my office in the Bank of Anaheim. Office hours from 10 A. M. to 5 P. M.

WEEKLY GAZETTE.

Published every Saturday.

Richard Melrose,
EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION:

One year	\$2.50
Six months	\$1.50
Three months	.75

Office—In Conrad's Brick Building, Los Angeles Street.

TRANSIENT ADVERTISING:

SPACE.	1 week	2 weeks	3 weeks	4 weeks
1 square	\$1.00	\$1.50	\$2.00	\$2.50
2 squares	2.00	3.00	4.00	5.00
3 squares	3.00	4.50	6.00	7.50
4 squares	4.00	6.00	8.00	10.00

All legal advertisements must be paid for before advertisement is given.

Advertisements must reach this office not later than Friday morning in order to insure their appearance on the day following.

Read communications on current topics are respectfully solicited from all parts of the country.

RECEIPTS.

CHICKEN WITH RICE.—Singe, draw and cut a large tender chicken in small pieces, put in a saucepan with two ounces of butter, stir and fry until the butter turns clear, drain it off, wet with two quarts of veal or chicken broth and three pints of water, add a little pepper and salt, four ounces of rice, a bunch of parsley with aromatics and an onion with three cloves stuck in it; boil, cover and cook slowly forty minutes, skim the fat, remove the parsley and onion, pour in a soup tureen and serve.

CURRY OF LOBSTER, AMERICAN STYLE.—Take six pounds of live lobster, remove the top shell, small legs and the spongy part along the body, slit open lengthwise, take out the intestines, then cut in pieces—tail, body and claws, with a chopped onion and two ounces of ham (cut small), fry a little, add two ounces of flour and two tablespoonsful of powder; fry a little longer, dilute with half a pint of Catwau wine and a pint and a half of white broth; boil, add salt, pepper, a bunch of parsley with aromatics and the lobster; cover and cook half an hour, remove the parsley, press in the juice of a lemon, dish up and serve with plain boiled rice, separately, on flat dishes.

ROAST QUAILS.—Pick, singe, draw and truss nicely eight large quails, put thin barbes of salt pork on the breast and roast twenty minutes, dish up on eight small dry toasts; add a ladleful of water-cream and quartered lemons and serve on a dish.

BOILED TOMATOES.—Select a dozen large, ripe and fleshy tomatoes, wash and wipe dry, slit in halves, season with salt and pepper, besprinkle with flour, baste with melted butter and broil them briskly in a double grid-iron, dish up, pour melted butter over and serve.

VEAL CUTLETS A LA MILANAISE.—Pare and flatten well eight small veal cutlets, season with salt and pepper and roll in dry crumbs; beat well together three eggs with two table-spoonsful of sweet oil, mingle some fine fresh white bread crumbs with a little grated Parmesan cheese, dip the cutlets in the eggs, roll them in the prepared crumbs, then flatten slightly and smooth them with the blade of a pantry knife; heat half a pound of butter and sweet oil in equal parts in a large sautoir (flat saucepan), place the cutlets into it, fry light brown on both sides and well done, drain on a cloth; pour some Milanais garnishing on a dish, range the cutlets in a circle, pour more garnishing in the center and a ladleful of tomato sauce over it and serve.

MILANAISE GARNISHING.—Put half a pint of Allemande sauce in a saucepan with two ounces of butter, four ounces of grated Parmesan cheese, about half a pound of macaroni (cut in inch lengths) two ounces of red beef tongue, a few mushrooms and (if to be had) two truffles (cut in small shreds), salt, nutmeg, white pepper and a pinch of red; set on the fire, boil a few minutes, toss the saucepan pretty lively to make the preparation stringy, and use.

BLANC MANGER AUX ALMONDES.—Blanch a pound of almonds and a few bitter ones, steep in cold water for an hour, drain, pound to a puree with a few drops of water, dilute with a quart of milk and press forcibly through a strong napkin to extract all the liquid; melt separately an ounce of clarified gelatine with a pint of water, add half a pint of sugar, press also through a napkin and mix with the milk; imbibe a three-pint jelly mould in ice, fill with the preparation, cool thoroughly and serve as you would a jelly.

Lively Times in a San Diego Court.

(Folk-lore correspondence of the "News.")

We have had a circus. Yesterday, (Nov. 7) the circus was here, with the riders and vaulters. I can't half do the subject justice, the joke is so huge. I was on the jury in a suit hatched up by Chauncey Hayes & Co. (one of us to make business for them.) It was Grados vs. Mrs. Costa, to recover some pigs. Chauncey for plaintiff, and Leach for defendant.

Leach allowed Chauncey to run it for some time; then they commenced quarreling, Chauncey much more impudent than Leach; had to have some three venires before they could go on or agree on a jury.

Chauncey got hot and called Leach a liar.

Leach called him a liar and a thief. Chauncey retorted by calling Leach more of a thief than he was, and would go back as if he was going to draw a pistol, and did it repeatedly. Leach accused him of it.

Chauncey replied that if he did he did not do as Leach did, when a man took his pistol from him.

All this at the top of their voices. Then quieted down a little at the order of the Judge.

Gaining breath, they would go at it again, in as bad blood as they could, and in worse language than ever, shaking their fists at each other right under the nose of the justice, who could not control them.

Mr. Bonnell said he would leave the house, and Mr. Leach said no one was holding him.

Finally, the Justice got the belligerent attorneys under control, but not before one of the jury left.

Mr. Bonnell said he was never in such a rowdy place, and that it was a disgrace to human decency.

Chauncey would tell Leach that he was a liar and a thief and he dared not resent it.

Leach told him he knew better than to resent it for he (C) had his gang with him, while he, Leach, was there alone.

It was rich. All agreed that they had never seen the like of it.

The game laws of this State may suit the dilettanti sportsmen of San Francisco, but the less sentimental and more practical people of the interior pronounce them very absurd. At a time when the law protects quail, for instance, the outlying vineyards of Anaheim are being robbed of their fruit by the birds—or would be if trap and gun were not used to diminish the number of the marauders, albeit the proceeding is technically illegal. A correspondent of the San Diego "Union" gives vent to his disgust in the following plain language: "There are a good many things in this world that are humbugs, and the California game laws belong to that class. Now why the farmer should be compelled, under pain of fine and imprisonment, to allow deer and quail to live on and destroy his crops eight or nine months of the year—and the rest of the year, too—in order that city bucks may have fine sport hunting them, is more than I can see any justice in. If there are any that want quail or deer, let them do as I do with my hogs, hens, cattle, etc.—put them where they can take care of them, and feed them. But I do object to such pests destroying my crops. We lost not less than one-half of the crop of grapes (the bearing part) by the depredations of quail, crows, rabbits, bees, hornets and neighbors' hogs, as well as an occasional deer coming in and helping himself to the vines. Now I don't propose to be eaten out that way another year, if it is possible by powder, lead and strychnine to prevent it. If a deer attempts to bite me, I shall shoot it, law or no law, if I have anything to shoot with: Do you mind that?"

The Swiss village of Elm is said to be clearly doomed to annihilation. This unfortunate village, which is situated in one of the highest parts of the Alps, and which was inhabited by a singularly vigorous and comely people, who had occupied the same place for many centuries, was some three months ago the scene of a dreadful disaster. A part of one of the tall mountain peaks which incline the little valley of the village, suddenly fell. Millions of tons of earth and rock descended upon part of the village, burying houses with all their occupants beyond the possibility of rescue. About a hundred of the villagers thus perished. Since then there have been frequent indications that the process of disintegration was unfinished, but the poor people of Elm have not been able to tear themselves from a place so endeared to them by its associations, and it seems they have lingered on until at length it is beyond all doubt that the little valley will be filled up by the crumbling mountain, and that there will remain no longer any place of residence among the shattered peaks.

Shiloh's Consumption Cure.

This is beyond question the most successful Cough Medicine we have ever sold, a few cents worthily costs the great cure of Cough, Croup, and Bronchitis, while its wonderful success in the cure of Consumption is without a parallel in the history of medicine. Since its first discovery it has been sold on a guarantee—If you have a Cough, we earnestly ask you to try it. Price 10 cts., 50 cts. and \$1.00. If your lungs are sore, Chest or Back lame, use Shiloh's Cough Plaster. Price 25 cts. Sold by Wm. M. Higgins, Anaheim, Cal. (Crops & Brigham, Wholesale Agents, San Francisco.)

SHILOH'S CATARRH REMEDY.—A marvelous cure for Catarrh, Diphtheria, Canker mouth, and Gonorrhea. With each bottle there is an ingenious nasal injector for the more successful treatment of these complaints, without extra charge. Price 50 cts. For sale by Wm. M. Higgins, Druggist, Anaheim, Cal. Wholesale by Crops & Brigham, San Francisco.

Answer This Question.

Why do so many people we see around us seem to prefer to suffer and be made miserable by indigestion, Constipation, Dizziness, Loss of Appetite, Coming-up of the Food, Yellow Skin, when for 75 cts. we will sell them Shiloh's Vitalizer, guaranteed to cure them? For sale by Wm. M. Higgins, Druggist, Anaheim, Cal. Wholesale by Crops & Brigham, San Francisco.

Opinion of Dr. Wm. H. Stokes, Physician, Mt. Hope Retreat, Baltimore: "I have great pleasure in adding my testimony to the virtues of GOLDEN'S LIVER EXTRACT OF BEER AND TONIC. I have used it as the very best preparation used for Depression, Weakness and Indigestion, and therefore confidently recommend it to the medical profession. (Remember the name, GOLDEN'S—take no other.) Of druggists generally."

An Old Friend with a New Face.

"My dear Rose," said Miss Maciver, "where did you acquire that brilliant complexion? It seems to me that you are still the beautiful girl of eighteen, whom I knew twenty years ago." "My friend," replied the lady addressed, "it is not me you are complimenting, but GOLDEN'S LIVER EXTRACT. Have you never before witnessed its effect? There is nothing impossible to its powers as a beautifier." Beware of counterfeits. See that "C. N. CRITTENDEN, Proprietor," is printed on each packet, without which none is genuine. Sold by druggists and fancy goods dealers.

HILL'S HAIR AND WHISKER DYE, Black or Brown, 50c.

Danger Signals. From the weather Bureau are not more significant of a storm than a cough is of consumption. Provisionally, we can cure any cough with HALL'S HONEY OF HOREHOUND AND TAR. Sold by druggists.

PIKE'S TOOTHACHE DROPS cure in one minute.

BANK OF ANAHEIM.

CAPITAL STOCK, \$100,000.00.

S. H. MOTT, President.

R. F. SEIBERT, Cashier.

This Bank receives Deposits, Loans

Money, Buys and Sells Exchange

and Currency, makes Collec-

tions and transacts a

General Banking

Business.

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FIRST NATIONAL BANK, Los Angeles. FARMERS AND

MERCHANTS BANK, Los Angeles. PACIFIC BANK, San Francisco.

First National Bank, New York.

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orders issued on Banks in the principal cities of

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Tickets entitling the holder to passage from New

York to the several ports of England, France or Ger-

many, or from any port in New York to New

York, via the Hamburg American Packet Company, sold at regular rates. Return tickets at a reduction.

Certificates, entitling the holder to passage on

railroad from San Francisco to New York, or vice

versa, issued at the established rate.

Persons in Anaheim desiring to send for or

any point in the country named for any relative or

friend can purchase tickets here and forward them to

the proper person by mail.

FIRST NATIONAL BANK

Los Angeles.

PRESIDENT:

E. F. Spence.

CASHIER:

W. Lacy.

DIRECTORY.

STATE OFFICERS.

GEORGE C. PERMIS, Governor
JOHN MASSIE, Lieutenant-Governor
DANIEL M. DUNN, Secretary of State
DANIEL M. KENNEL, Controller
JOHN WELLS, Treasurer
ALBERT L. HART, Attorney-General
JAMES W. SHANLEY, Surveyor-General
FRANK W. GROSS, Clerk of Supreme Court
E. F. MONTGOMERY, Chief Justice Sup. Court
J. D. THORNTON, Associate Justice
S. B. MCKEE, " "
M. H. MYRICK, " "
J. E. SHAWNEER, " "
E. M. ROSE, " "
E. W. MCKINSTRY, " "

COUNTY OFFICERS.

Y. SEFULTER, Superior Judge
T. E. HOWARD, District Attorney
W. R. ROWLAND, Sheriff
A. W. POTTS, Clerk
MILTON LINDLEY, Treasurer
C. C. LASH, Auditor
J. W. VENABLE, Assessor
W. B. COLLEY, Tax Collector
E. T. WRIGHT, Surveyor
J. KETTEL, Coroner
J. W. HINTON, Superintendent of Schools

SUPERVISORS.

C. PRAGER, (Chairman), First District
J. H. HANSON, Second " "
W. F. COOPER, Third " "
R. ROAN, Fourth " "
Regular meeting on the first Monday in each month.

LEGISLATIVE OFFICERS.

J. R. WEST, State Senator
R. F. DEL VALLE, Member of Assembly
J. F. CRANK, " "

MUNICIPAL OFFICERS.

B. DREYFUS (President), Trustee
F. A. KORN, " "
D. E. MILES, " "
D. W. COWAN, " "
D. W. FISH, " "
RICHARD MELROSE, Town Clerk
THOMAS HINTON, Marshal
JOHN P. ZEY, Assessor
A. BAILEY, Justice of the Peace
Regular meetings on the first Wednesday in each month.

TOWNSHIP OFFICERS.

ALEXANDER BAILEY, Justice of the Peace
T. L. GANNON, " "
R. M. BAHAM, Constable
R. BOHN, " "

FEDERAL OFFICERS.

CHARLES R. JOHNSON, Register Land Office
J. W. HAYENSTICK, Receiver Land Office
W. S. MOORE, Dep. Col. Int. Rev.
IVAR A. WEID, U. S. Gauger
J. D. DUNLAP, Dep. U. S. Marshal

SOCIETY MEETINGS.

Anaheim Lodge No. 85, A. O. U. W. Meeting every Saturday night. Richard Melrose, Master Workman. D. W. C. Cowan, Recorder.

Anaheim Lodge No. 207, F. and A. M. Meeting the Monday preceding the full moon in each month. W. M. McFadden, Worshipful Master. D. E. Miles, Secretary.

Anaheim Lodge No. 109, I. O. O. F. Meeting every Tuesday evening. John P. Zey, Noble Grand. J. Gooch, Secretary.

Orphans Lodge No. 277, I. O. O. F. Meeting every Thursday evening. H. A. Boege, N. G. R. Menzel, Secretary.

Orion Encampment, No. 54, I. O. O. F. Regular meetings on the first and third Friday in each month. W. J. Hill, C. P. F. A. Korn, Scribe.

Anaheim Fire Company No. 1, H. A. Slough, Foreman. N. A. Bittner, Secretary. Regular meetings on the last Saturday in each month.

Anaheim Land League. Regular meetings at Grange Hall on the first Sunday in each month at 2 o'clock P. M. President, Edw. D. Key. Secretary, J. J. Bodkin.

St. Michael's Church, Rev. J. A. Emery, Missionary. Services at 11 o'clock every Sunday morning. Sunday school at 10 A. M. Evening service on the first and third Sundays in every month at 8 o'clock.

German Evangelical Church, R. Staehli, Pastor. Services at the Presbyterian church every Sunday at 3 o'clock P. M. Sunday school at 2 P. M.

German Church, Rev. Wm. Schuldt, Pastor. Services every Sunday morning at 11 o'clock at Kroeger's Hall.

Ladies Aid Society. Meetings on first Wednesday of each month at 2 P. M. at residence of Mrs. Dreyfus. Mrs. B. Dreyfus, President; Mrs. J. A. Emery, Secretary.

AGENCY OF

Fairbanks' Standard Scales,

Sanderson Bros. Steel Co.

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601 Market Street,

SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.

GERMAN

CARP.

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price.

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of books and the care and culture of Copy

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Westminster.

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ALFRED ROBINSON, TRUSTEE

120 Sutter St., San Francisco.



LAND FOR SALE IN LOTS TO SUIT. SITUABLE FOR THE CULTURE OF FRUIT TREES, LIME, ETC. Also, almonds, walnuts, apples, peaches, pears, plums, cherries, etc. The land is situated in the heart of the Stearns Ranchos, and is well adapted for the culture of these fruits. The water is abundant and pure, and the soil is fertile. The price is \$100 per acre, and the land is offered for sale in lots of 10, 20, 30, 40, 50, 60, 70, 80, 90, 100, 150, 200, 250, 300, 350, 400, 450, 500, 550, 600, 650, 700, 750, 800, 850, 900, 950, 1000, 1500, 2000, 2500, 3000, 3500, 4000, 4500, 5000, 5500, 6000, 6500, 7000, 7500, 8000, 8500, 9000, 9500, 10000, 15000, 20000, 25000, 30000, 35000, 40000, 45000, 50000, 55000, 60000, 65000, 70000, 75000, 80000, 85000, 90000, 95000, 100000, 150000, 200000, 250000, 300000, 350000, 400000, 450000, 500000, 550000, 600000, 650000, 700000, 750000, 800000, 850000, 900000, 950000, 1000000, 1500000, 2000000, 2500000, 3000000, 3500000, 4000000, 4500000, 5000000, 5500000, 6000000, 6500000, 7000000, 7500000, 8000000, 8500000, 9000000, 9500000, 10000000, 15000000, 20000000, 25000000, 30000000, 35000000, 40000000, 45000000, 50000000, 55000000, 60000000, 65000000, 70000000, 75000000, 80000000, 85000000, 90000000, 95000000, 100000000, 150000000, 200000000, 250000000, 300000000, 350000000, 400000000, 450000000, 500000000, 550000000, 600000000, 650000000, 700000000, 750000000, 800000000, 850000000, 900000000, 950000000, 1000000000, 1500000000, 2000000000, 2500000000, 3000000000, 3500000000, 4000000000, 4500000000, 5000000000, 5500000000, 6000000000, 6500000000, 7000000000, 7500000000, 8000000000, 8500000000, 9000000000, 9500000000, 10000000000, 15000000000, 20000000000, 25000000000, 30000000000, 35000000000, 40000000000, 45000000000, 50000000000, 55000000000, 60000000000, 65000000000, 70000000000, 75000000000, 80000000000, 85000000000, 90000000000, 95000000000, 100000000000, 150000000000, 200000000000, 250000000000, 300000000000, 350000000000, 400000000000, 450000000000, 500000000000, 550000000000, 600000000000, 650000000000, 700000000000, 750000000000, 800000000000, 850000000000, 900000000000, 950000000000, 1000000000000, 1500000000000, 2000000000000, 2500000000000, 3000000000000, 3500000000000, 4000000000000, 4500000000000, 5000000000000, 5500000000000, 6000000000000, 6500000000000, 7000000000000, 7500000000000, 8000000000000, 8500000000000, 9000000000000, 9500000000000, 10000000000000, 15000000000000, 20000000000000, 25000000000000, 30000000000000, 35000000000000, 40000000000000, 45000000000000, 50000000000000, 55000000000000, 60000000000000, 65000000000000, 70000000000000, 75000000000000, 80000000000000, 85000000000000, 90000000000000, 95000000000000, 100000000000000, 150000000000000, 200000000000000, 250000000000000, 300000000000000, 350000000000000, 400000000000000, 450000000000000, 500000000000000, 550000000000000, 600000000000000, 650000000000000, 700000000000000, 750000000000000, 800000000000000, 850000000000000, 900000000000000