# ANAHEIM GAZETTE.

WEEKLY

VOL. XIV. ANAHEIM, CALIFORNIA: SATURDAY, MAY 24, 1884. NO. 33



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WEEKLY GAZETTE
**Established 1870.**
*For Terms, see Fourth Page.*

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J. J. DYER.
dec6-3m

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*Carriage and Sign Painter,*
Center Street, Anaheim,

OFFERS AS REFERENCES THE NUMEROUS wagons and signs painted by him in Anaheim.

PRICES REASONABLE.

The patronage of the public respectfully solicited
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Wagonmaking!

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Prices as low as the lowest.

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*Single and Double Teams*

Furnished at short notice and careful drivers, familiar with the country, supplied when required. The patronage of the public is respectfully solicited.

Anaheim Bakery.

*Fresh White and Rye Bread*
EVERY DAY

Cakes for Parties on Short Notice.

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TO MY PATRONS.

AFTER THIS DATE, MY TERMS WILL BE
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Or a credit of thirty days, but thirty days only.

Please bear this in mind as I cannot afford to vary from the above terms in any instance.

C. K. LEONARD,
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Anaheim, Feb. 9th, 1884.

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PUNCHEONS
IN PERFECT ORDER
For Sale at Low Prices.
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And other Skin Diseases. The only
PREVENTATIVE
And certain cure. Sold by all druggists.
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*Masonic Notice.*

THE REGULAR MEETINGS OF ANAheim Lodge No 207, F. and A. M. are held in Masonic Hall on the Monday evening of or preceding the full moon in each month. Sojourning brothers in good standing are cordially invited to attend.

TIMM. BEASON, W. M.
S. GARDNER, Secretary.

## *THE PRESIDENTIAL CONTEST.*

From the San Francisco.

Although the newspapers are all earnestly discussing the chances of the several gentlemen who are competing for the Republican presidential nomination, and the popular interest in the subject is rapidly growing into excitement, we are not able to see what difference to the country it will make which of them gets the gift. Who can tell what important principle or policy Mr. Blaine stands for that Mr. Edmunds or Mr. Arthur or Mr. Logan does not? What does any of them stand for? Nothing, so far as we can see, save the "perpetuity of the Republican party," which means its retention of the offices. They are all in favor of keeping the Democrats out; each is a champion of protection; all are friendly to the "business interests;" no corporation need fear that any of them, if made President, would do aught to curtail its privileges. In all essentials Blaine, Edmunds, Arthur and Logan are four political peas in a pod. If any one of them should be nominated and elected the government, so far as his conduct might affect it, would go on quietly in the channels in which it has flowed for years past. There would be no disturbance, no reform.

Not much is being said of the aspirants for the Democratic nomination. The reasons for this comparative lack of popular interest are: first, that the convention is to be held a month later than the Republican gathering; second, that Mr. Tilden, the Democratic God Almighty, declines to vouchsafe to his worshipers a revelation as to his intention to run, or the contrary; and third, that a conviction is abroad that the Democrats have scarcely a fighting chance for the presidency this year. This conviction arises from the fact that the Democratic party has been exceedingly industrious within the past year or two in furnishing good reasons for keeping it out of power. It is not because the Republican party is admirable that the people keep it at the head of the government, but because the Democratic party is indecile and despicable.

Although the average voter is not a remarkably intelligent person, a plain idea or two of a general sort finds lodgment in his head and influences him when election day arrives. He perceives clearly enough, despite the thunders of the party organs, the fiery eloquence of the stumpers and the exhilarating thumping and braying of brass bands, that there is really nothing at stake in the conflict but the offices. The Republican party has them, and naturally wants to keep them; the Democratic party has them not, and naturally wants to get them. The average voter—or at least a majority of him—cannot see what is to be gained by turning the Republicans out and putting the Democrats in.

The Republican party is thoroughly bad. It is merely an organization that carries on the business of governing as a money-making industry. It is hand-in-glove with the predatory rich, who under its protection make spoil of the public lands, and fleece the people by means of the tariff, the railroads, the national banks and other legal devices for taking the money from the pockets of those who have most need of it, and putting it into the purses of those who have more than they ought to have already. Republicanism stands for the rule of the rich and the despoilment of the poor. It stands for the continuance of special privileges to the wealthy, and consequently for all the evils which necessarily flow from a plutocracy. Believing this of the Republican party, we sincerely hope that it will be successful in electing the next President.

For wherein does the Democratic party differ from the Republican party? Is there the least assurance that if it were given power the country would get a different sort of government from that which the Republicans give us? Nobody but a partisan who has more enthusiasm that sense will assert that Democratic public men are more honest or patriotic than Republican public men. What distinctive principles has the Democratic party? Has it not done its best to convince the country that neither revenue reform nor the purification of the civil service need be looked for if it be permitted to step into the Republican shoes? The retirement of Pendleton and the refusal of the House of Representatives to touch the tariff are eloquent facts. Does the party show either inclination or capacity to grapple with the question of corporate aggression upon the liberties and property of the people? Does any one cld enough to vote really believe that if the Democratic party should win the Presidential election and gain control of the Senate as well as the House of Representatives, that the money power would be less potent in shaping legislation? No doubt there would be a terrible shewing up of Republican villainy. Every Federal Department would be a mine of dirt, and they would be worked until the last bucketful had been hoisted to the surface and spread out for the inspection of the people. Then the Democratic Administration would rest from its labors and proceed to reward itself by making an equally foul deposit of its own—to be mined in the future by a hostile Administration in its turn.

The net result of the election of a Democratic President would be the replacing of the present Republican office-holders with Democrats. We doubt if the people are ready to make that change, which would produce nothing better than a disagreeable noise, and inflict suffering upon a large body of men who have forgotten, if they ever knew, how to earn their living in private avocations. The success of the Democrats would but delay the birth of the new party and the arrival of the new era in our politics for which earnest men everywhere, who have outlived their partisanship, are looking. The party that will turn the Republican party out will be as unlike it as a party can be—not its twin brother, as the Democratic party is. It will not become alarmed, as the Democratic party does, on being accused of differing from the Republican party on any great public question, but will strive to make these differences as many and wide as possible.

There are too many old men in the lead. Our politics are reminiscent. Veterans who got their education in the school of the civil war still general both of the voting armies. Like all veterans, they are fonder of fighting their old battles over again than of seeking new fields of conflict. Death will in time do its patriotic work, and with new men we shall have new questions. While the old play and the old actors hold the boards it would be folly to alter the cast by giving the democratic super the leading parts, which the Republican actors have played for so many consecutive years.

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An improved bulldog is owned by a New York man. It weighs only five and one-half pounds. Keep up the evolution or "improvement" until the pounds become ounces.

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The Cape Cod canal dredger is the largest in the world. It takes out 600 cubic yards an hour.

## *AN OUT-OF-THE-WAY NOOK.*

GARBERVILLE, HUMBOLDT CO., CAL.
ED. GAZETTE.—This pretty little burg is perhaps a thousand or two feet above sea level and dates as a postoffice station from the year 1872, or thereabout. It is situated on the south fork of the Eel river which unites with the main stream some twenty miles from here; thence to Eureka being sixty miles farther. The main river and its south branch rise near together, about ten miles from here and near the source of Russian river, famed for its picturesque scenery and its magnificent redwoods. Although Eel river and the country through which it flows has not been opened to summer tourists by railroad communication with the centers of fashion, a trip here would amply repay those who love nature for herself alone.

The hills, only hills as compared with their towering neighbors, the Sierras, however) are adapted to grazing and agriculture, while on the "flats" along the river fruits are said to grow finely. This county, so sayeth the authorities on such things, is justly proud of its oats, of the civilized variety, in addition to a consciousness of the edibility of its potatoes. Those wonderfully beautiful, grand, towering monarchs of the forests, so peculiarly Californian, the redwoods, vie with their stately brethren, the firs, in making the rich alluvial flats and verdure-clad mountains a delight æsthetically as well as financially to the happy owners thereof.

The exports' "Wood, grain, potatoes, poultry," sing the veriest tots in the place. During the summer season transports are made by wagon road for twenty-five miles to Shelter Cove, where vessels enter for passengers or freight; but in winter when the roads are muddy and the harbor not so smooth, passengers must enter this country from Eureka via overland stage from Cloverdale. Either way is fraught with incident. Those who do not enjoy an ocean trip may indulge their love of adventure by running the gauntlet of stage robbers from Cloverdale up to but not into this county. (Mem. the stages come on, but there are said to be no desperadoes in this county although they do sometimes come quite near to the line.)

At present the population of Garberville consists mostly of whites. Before the days of the postoffice, Indians were more numerous than the white people, but like other wild things they have vanished, or are nearly gone, before the "march of civilization." The few half breeds left are mostly women and are educated with the white children in the public schools, many of them being intelligent and quick to learn from books. One young man has read law by himself and is now able to argue very creditably and eloquently in the local cases that arise. There were at first bad Indians, but the last of them, three in number, are said to have been "run off over the bluff," some two hundred feet high, into the river. A summary method of disposing of them, and, in your correspondent's humble opinion, far better than allowing bad Indians to "scalp" good white men. Mr. Greenwood, one of the Donner relief party, resides near here but is now quite helpless from exposure and hardships endured while out during that winter aiding in the search for the surviving unfortunates.

Game is abundant; the venison, especially, being very fine. While grizzlies have left the immediate vicinity of the village, still but few miles' journey will bring the hunter to the haunts of the black and cinnamon bears.

Salmon trout, eels and other fry that delight Waltonian admirers, abound in the river and its tributaries. A boat ride and a "catch" of three or four hundred fish being the summer-day's picnic of many a fair resident of the town.

Education is alive and progressive in the county, thanks to a live "Board." This place follows well in the lead of the county officers, at present it is building a new school house on a very pretty site and intends that its school shall be second to none.

Old friends are doubly welcome in strange places, although kind faces and warm hearts abound among the strangers; hence, friend GAZETTE, bring the light of your countenance "over the hills to me."

JENNIE R. BUSH.

May 12, 1884.

## *Not a Lost Cause.*

ROME (Ga.), May 16.—There is to be a military encampment of State troops here in July and arrangements have been made to make it a revival of the military spirit among the young men of the South. Among those whose presence was promised was Jefferson Davis, but the *Morning Courier* prints the statement that the ex Confederate chieftain cannot come. In his letter Davis says: "The inducements you offer to me are most attractive. To see the veterans of the war for State sovereignty and the sons of those who so nobly maintained the cause would be to me a pleasure of which it is with sincere regret I find myself deprived. Borne down by overwhelming numbers, Southern resistance to wrong and usurpation proved unavailing, but believing, as I did and do, that the cause was just, that we were but asserting the eternal truths on which our fathers founded American independence, and which, sooner or later, I hope and believe the American people will reassert, I cannot admit that ours was a lost cause. It may not be—I hope it never will be—necessary to vindicate that cause by force of arms, but when the passions of the day subside and reason has replaced truth upon her throne, ours will again be recognized as a union of free, independent and sovereign States, held together by a common interest and a noble desire to transmit blessings to our posterity forever."

In printing this letter, the *Morning Courier* says: "There is no crying or fawning about the grand old Confederate statesman. His utterances are always in keeping with the grandeur of his life. His motto has ever been 'Hew to the line, let the chips fall where they will,' and not a single act in his life will belie the principle he teaches. Long may the glorious old hero live, the pride of Southern chivalry."

The comment on the letter by the people is that Davis always speaks at the wrong time; that as the Presidential elections draw near he has to revamp something about "State sovereignty" and similar exploded political saws, calculated to make the people think there may be danger in the old man yet.

## *A Government Sheriff.*

Mr. Edward L. Green, Auckland, New Zealand, writes: "I received an injury to my shoulder in June, 1882, and from that date until July, 1883, I took not use my arm. I applied all medical men and used all sorts of liniment, without any benefit. I have great pleasure in stating I had occasion to use St. Jacobs Oil for it, and I had not used it ten minutes before I felt the beneficial effect, and now I can work with my saw or spade as well as ever I did, and recommend it to any one suffering pain."

## *IRRIGATION AND WATER STORAGE.*

### Their Effects on Population.

India is now, with perhaps a single exception, the most populous country upon the face of the globe. Before its conquest by England it was divided into numerous States; the Moguls, the Sikhs, the Rajpoots, the Mahrattas, swaying different parts of the vast peninsula, and frequent wars kept down the population. The conquest has put an end to most of the native governments, reduced others to semi-dependence and abolished internecine war. The result is that the Hindoos have multiplied like rabbits, and as no other checks upon increase (save snakes and tigers) exists, population beats in the most direct manner against the bounds set by subsistence, and famines ensue. During every famine aid has been extensively supplied to the sufferers, but the aid has come from the revenues of other districts none too well provided for, so that, though the immediate effect has been remedial, the ultimate effect upon the entire country has not been so. It was, in truth, as regards the whole of India, simply a transference of money from one of its pockets to another.

Of recent years the Indian Government has undertaken the construction of irrigation works which probably exceed in magnitude, in cost and in the area they fertilize anything of the kind before executed. The irrigation works of former native governments have been restored and improved, and enormous reservoirs and canals have been constructed to supply with water valleys the inhabitants of which perish of famine unless they raise two crops in a single year. As an irrigation system these works fulfill their object; fertile regions have had their fertility largely increased, and arid wastes have been transformed into fields of grain or cotton. Yet too much benefit must not be expected from these works, planned and executed though they have been with beneficent intent. The money that has constructed these works has not been the surplus capital of a rich nation, but has been wrung from the incomes of a poor one. This could not be otherwise, yet the poor ryots have to aid in the construction of the works, and are then taxed for their maintenance. Still, the benefit would be great were it not for the inordinate increase in numbers of the natives, which keep pace with the increased yield. The British Government of India is not to blame for this. Sooner or later famine must again ensue, unless emigration, war, epidemics or abstention from marriage check the increase in another way.

This country has not as yet become crowded to the starvation point, and probably may never do so, since statistics seem to show that, in the more settled districts, the native born population does not increase. In the more thinly peopled States there is an increase of the native-born citizens, and also an influx of foreigners. Too many of the latter stay in New York and other cities, causing a destitution that need not be in a country so large yet so well provided with means of transit. When in process of time this country is too well settled to afford advantages to the poor of Europe they will doubtless cease to come, and meanwhile the same causes which have checked native increase in New England will check it in other States.

The number of families that can live in comfort in this or any country depends principally upon the extent of cultivated ground. In most countries the agricultural population exceeds in numbers the combined forces of the manufacturing, trading and professional classes, all of which depend largely upon the food production of the country for their livelihood. Since this is the case, it would be well to endeavor to increase the area of ground available for cultivation in this country. Large areas of land still lie uncultivated, even in the Middle States. To one accustomed to the culture of some of the European countries it seems strange that men should go West while there is still so much available land in Pennsylvania, New Jersey and New York. Much of the neglected land needs only a more equable distribution of its water supply. The towns, also, are short of water in a well watered country. Would it not be well, even in the Middle States, to store in reservoirs some of the waters that roll to the sea? These remarks apply still more forcibly to the basin of the Ohio, now suffering from too much water. Further west across the Mississippi stretches a vast belt of arid country. Almost the whole of the United States lying west of a line commencing in Minnesota, running down the eastern side of Dakota and the center of Nebraska, and passing through Kansas and Texas some forty miles from their western boundary, receives less than twenty inches of rain. The only exceptions to this are a small patch in New Mexico, another in Arizona, and a larger one embracing Northern California and the western part of Oregon and Washington Territory. A very large proportion of the soil is fertile, but there is no water. What can be done by irrigation is shown at Salt Lake, yet Major Powell, whose life has been largely spent in researches in this arid region, states that the water supply from the lakes and rivers of Utah cannot be made to fertilize quite 3 per cent. of the area of that territory. Here is an opportunity for the storage of storm waters. Nebraska and Dakota are almost as large yet suffer annually from the flooding caused by the forcible exit of the little water that falls. Let us construct reservoirs and plant trees in the forest-denuded districts.

## *Tooth Drawing Extraordinary.*

The fashionable and eccentric physician, Dr. Mousey, who lived in Sir Robert Walpole's time, took so keen a delight in drawing teeth by this particular process that, in the absence of a patient with a fee for the service, he would sometimes be his own dentist, and operate on himself from a pure love of art. The process was this: Round the tooth to be drawn, the doctor fastened securely a strong piece of catgut, to the other end of which a bullet was attached. A pistol having been charged with this bullet and a full measure of powder, the operation was performed effectually and speedily. The doctor could rarely prevail on his friends to let him remove their teeth in this singular and startling manner. Once a gentleman, who had agreed to make trial of the novelty, and had allowed the apparatus to be adjusted, turned craven at the last moment. "Stop, stop!" he exclaimed, "I've changed my mind." "But I haven't changed mine, and you are a coward for changing yours," answered the doctor, pulling the trigger. Even at this distance of time it would be pleasant to discover that the patient of this comedy was his Grace of Grafton, and that, to avenge himself for a loss of a place in the Lord Chamberlain's gift, the operator attached the catgut to the wrong tooth.

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Michigan furnishes more cedar than any State in the Union.

## *POPULAR CRAZES.*

### Drinking Calf's Blood—The Mud-Baths, Sand-Baths, and Blue-Glass Cures.

[Providence Telegram.]

"'Popular crazes,' did you ask about," was the answer of a well-known physician to the question propounded by a *Telegram* reporter. "There are many kinds of peculiar crazes, and some of the methods people take to keep free from diseases, or rather try to, are simply absurd. Take for instance, the man who goes the year round with a pair of sea-beans tied about his neck as a preventative to diseases of a contagious nature. Some wear beans, some corn, some horse-chestnuts, and others a plain piece of ribbon, all of which are more cases of superstition. There are many who, when suffering from a cold, will wrap a wet sock which they have worn during the day, about their necks and retire for the night. Others wear a dry sock, and still others a piece of cloth saturated with lamp oil. In the country it is a standard remedy to wear a piece of salt pork about one's neck when suffering from a sore throat. This, by the way, is a good remedy. Some inhale the smoke from burning sherry wood, and others the smoke of oak chips in an open fireplace, as a cure for a cold in the head and nostrils. There are a great many persons who believe that when one gets a thorough drenching with rain or receives wet feet, that they should not hasten to their homes and put on dry clothes, but instead should let the wet clothing dry upon them, as by so doing they believe they will never take cold. The 'hot-water cure' which amounts to a craze in points in the East, where no breakfast is considered complete without the addition of a cup of hot water to 'rinse and stimulate the stomach' is the latest of a long list of odd cures. It is believed by a great many that to take a drink of this kind before each meal, or even a single drink on arising each morning, will cure the worst possible case of dyspepsia. Speaking of odd cures and fashions, a few of them might be recounted. Less than ten years ago a Parisian physician of some note prescribed for a patient suffering from pulmonary complaint, a cup of fresh calf's blood after breakfast, another at noon, and one just before supper. The queer remedy proved efficacious. The patient improved under it rapidly, and finally became a well and hearty person. A statement of the case was read by the mercurial, excitable and curiosity-loving Parisians, and started an interest in the blood-cure which in a very short time spread among all classes and became a veritable craze. Every person in any way troubled with weak lungs became a convert. The slaughter-houses in the suburbs of Paris were thronged every morning with crowds made up of all ranks, who actually fought to procure blood of the dying animals. There were delicate men and women, old and young, who came, some in their carriages, attended by their servants, and some who freely crept along alone. The most delicately organized persons and the coarsest were on a common level, and it appears that the uninviting-looking fluid was served impartially by brawny-handed butchers. The great majority of the patients manifested no repugnance to drinking the fluid, and with a great many a taste for it was developed that ran into a craving. It acted like so much rum on many, and even the fowls were killed by some who were unable to get blood at the slaughter-houses. The demand was great, and at some places the blood was sold at high prices, each slaughter-house having a large run of customers, who would reach the 'pen' where the killing was going on as early as 5 A. M. Meanwhile a hot discussion went on in medical circles over the merits of the cure. Many celebrated physicians were dragged into argument and were taken to see cured patients. The burden of professional opinion was against the cure, pronouncing it nonsensical and positively injurious rather than helpful. This craze reached its limit in a few weeks to the grief of the butchers, who had reaped a golden harvest.

"The mud found at a certain spa in Germany, a few years ago, was discovered suddenly to possess remarkable medical properties. It was an intensely black, pasty, thick, odoriferous mud, but thousands of persons hastened from all parts of Europe to bathe in it. To bathe in it was simply to be buried in it an hour or two, and then spend several hours in a tub of water to get rid of the reminiscence. The bath is described as being pleasant and its curative effects, in cases of rheumatism, gout, and other diseases, are well attested. The mud has been analyzed, and has been found to possess active properties, magnetic and chemical. The mud-baths have had their day, and are now visited by only a few traveling invalids, whom the remedy does not frighten. Similar to the mud bath is the sand bath, of which Joaquin Miller relates a tragic story. A party of explorers were crossing the sandy deserts, carrying six of their comrades, ill of a peculiar disease. The sand bath was proposed to them. They all assented, and were buried in the sand, their heads alone being left above ground. In this position they were left chatting with each other, their attendants having retired for the night in a tent close by, and not the least sound was heard. In the morning they were horrified to find that wolves had visited the camp and eaten off each sick man's head level with the ground.

"The blue-glass cure is too fresh in the public mind to need more than passing mention. Of the thousands and hundreds of thousands of early believers that the healthgiving and strengthening principles of the sunlight might be increased by passing rays through blue glass, there are thousands yet remaining.

"The sun-bath cure, the fish-oil cure for consumption, the severely simple diet cure for all kinds of ailments, the celery cure for nervousness, and many others were the beginning, more or less, of a craze. The best principle of each is now included in every wise physician's array of medicines. There have been cures for corpulence that found armies of followers, as was attested in Byron's time, when every man who laid claim to be considered a man of fashion was thin and pale, in marked contrast to the well rounded comfortable-looking modern young man.

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NEW ORLEANS, May 17.—While a Mormon elder was waiting at the depot at Water Valley, Miss., on Saturday for several other elders, he was assaulted by an unknown person, who emptied a bucket of tar upon his head. He made his escape. It is reported from Calhoun and other counties that the Mormons are making great headway among the lower classes and these elders were on the way to a great revival meeting.

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New Haven celebrates July 4th as the centennial of her becoming a city.

## *Free Trade a Delusion and a Snare.*

Mr. William B. Dinsmore, President of the great corporation of the Adams Express Company, was recently interviewed for his opinion upon the policy most for the good of the country. In reply to inquiries he said:

"Of all heresies, in my judgment, free trade is the greatest. I learned that good sound doctrine in Massachusetts, where I was brought up. I favor the party which does most to protect and serve the interests of this great country, to protect its institutions, to foster the elements of its greatness. I always feel uneasy when Congress is in session. There is no knowing what professional tariff reformers will do, and in common with all business men, whose interests are closely allied and intertwined with the best interests of the country itself, I heartily rejoice when Congress adjourns. Indeed, if Congress didn't meet but once in three years it would be a great national benefit.

"I know the great need of this country is a protective tariff and a suitable outworking of civil service rules. I take very little stock in party talk about the necessity of administration reform, because I believe that professional politicians on one side are just as deep in the mud as their opponents on the other side are deep in the mire. It is a great mistake to believe that any section of this country can be won by free trade talk. I know there is an idea that certain sections of the Northwest will be open to arguments of that kind, but, in my judgment, they are grossly mistaken. As between the two platforms, free trade and protection, whichever party stands upon the latter is certain to have the moral support, and votes, too, of the solid, substantial business men; by which I mean not only men who have stores in the great cities, but the farmers, and the merchants, and the mechanics who deal with the people from one end of this country to the other. The interests of lumbermen in Maine, and the interests of sugar planters in Louisiana, and the interests of grain growers in the West, and the interests of miners in Pennsylvania are identical, and the sooner it is distinctly understood by commercial men the better."

## *A Tragic Elopement.*

CHARLESTOWN (W. Va.), May 17.—The details of a melancholy accident, resulting in the loss of two lives, comes from Greenbrier, White Sulphur Springs. The affair has caused a profound sensation throughout the county. For several months past John Biggs, a young man of good family but of somewhat dissipated habits, has been courting a Miss Ellen Farrar, despite the strong opposition of the girl's father. On Thursday evening the young lady and her lover determined to elope, Biggs having made arrangements with a minister on the opposite side of the river to marry them. The couple proceeded to the river and were on the point of embarking in a skiff, when the sound of approaching wheels was heard.

Having anticipated pursuit, Biggs pushed off, but had only gone a few yards from the shore when a buggy dashed down to the water's edge and Miss Ellen's father and brother sprang out, entered another skiff and started across. By the moonlight Biggs recognized his pursuers and pulled hard to escape; but the two pairs of oars managed by the pursuers were too much for him and in midstream he was overtaken. The father and son sprang into Biggs' boat, where a desperate struggle ensued between the former and Biggs, which resulted in the frail bark being capsized. The brother swam ashore with his sister, but the father and young Biggs sank, locked in each other's arms.

## *The Pious Twelve.*

CANTON (Miss.), May 17.—At the conclusion of the Wheeler-Matthews' murder trial at Hazelhurst the jury, which acquitted Wheeler, addressed the following to the correspondent, which was delayed in reaching him until to-day:

Please favor us to publish this statement. Being fully aware of the solemn duty resting upon us in this case and having now rendered our decision, we desire to make these statements:

First—None of us are politicians, nor has politics had anything to do with our decision.

Second—We knew it was impossible to give satisfaction in the case and we have not tried, but have rendered our verdict regardless of criticism from private individuals or the public press.

Third—On retiring to the jury-room we united in a solemn prayer to God to enlighten our minds and purify our hearts, so as to enable us to see our duty and decide the case upon the evidence delivered from the stand.

Fourth—This decision has been delivered without partiality and in fear of God alone. If we have erred may he forgive us, knowing it to be an error of the head and not of the heart.

This was written under oath and signed by each member of the jury.

## *The Safest Part of a Car.*

A party of merchant travelers in a passenger coach were talking over their traveling experience and the danger of accidents, and finally the question arose as to the safest part of the car. Failing to settle the question among themselves, they called upon the conductor, and one of them said to him: "Conductor, we have been discussing the matter of the safest part of the car, and want to know your opinion." "Want to know the safest, eh?" replied the conductor, "Yes, that's it." "Well," replied the conductor, borrowing a chew of tobacco, and looking disappointed because he didn't get a cigar, "I've been on the road for 15 years, and have been turned over embankments, busted up in tunnels, dumped off bridges, telescoped in collisions, blown off the track by cyclones, run into open switches, and had other pleasant incidental divertisements of kindred nature, and I should say, gentlemen, the safest part of the car was that part which happened to be in the shop for repairs at the time of the accident."

## *The Congressional Districts.*

Under the new apportionment the State was divided into six districts, as follows: First District—Siskiyou, Del Norte, Humboldt, Trinity, Shasta, Modoc, Lassen, Plumas, Sierra, Tehama, Colusa, Mendocino, Sonoma, Lake and Napa. Second District—Butte, Sutter, Yuba, Nevada, Placer, El Dorado, Amador, Calaveras, San Joaquin, Stanislaus, Merced, Tuolumne and Yolo. Fourth District—The larger portion of San Francisco. Fifth District—Portion of San Francisco and the counties of San Mateo, Santa Clara and Santa Cruz. Sixth District—San Benito, Monterey, San Luis Obispo, Santa Barbara, Ventura, Kern, Tulare, Fresno, Alpine, Mono, Inyo, San Bernardino, Los Angeles and San Diego.

# WEEKLY GAZETTE.

SATURDAY.....MAY 24, 1884

SUBSCRIPTION, per year, $2.


FERDINAND WARD and P. T. Barnum can give corroborative testimony upon the gullibilty of the American public.

THE near approach of the fruit canning season is being prepared for. One of the largest canning firms in the State has imported several carloads of glucose.

BY the way, there seems to be a hitch somewhere in the new Courthouse scheme. Has the honorable Board awakened to the fact that no one uninterested in the jobbery wants a new Courthouse?

IT is said that in Sweden there is a law taking away the right of suffrage from every man who has been drunk three times. As a Republican, we wish that such a law could be enforced in the United States next November.

JUDGE REID of Kentucky, whose vindication of his action in refusing to fight a duel was published in the GAZETTE a couple of weeks ago, has committed suicide. The excitement of his canvass for re-election produced temporary aberration of mind.

ROYAL people are but human, after all. A short time ago the German Princess Louise Battenbergs ate so much lobster salad that she was taken seriously ill, and now the same frisky lady has a sprained ankle, caused by playfully jumping over a coal scuttle.

REPRESENTATIVE CASSIDY of Nevada and other Pacific Coast representatives had an interview with Tilden some weeks ago. Mr. Cassidy said that he "left Tilden in the firm conviction that he will gladly accept the nomination if tendered him by the Chicago Convention."

THE financial flurry in New York ended as suddenly as it begun. Save the stranding of a few stock gamblers, its effects were unimportant. The commercial atmosphere momentarily clouded is clearer and brighter for the storm, and the general prosperous condition of the country is unaffected.

FIFTEEN thousand dollars have been appropriated by Congress for the encouragement of silk culture. This may yet become a profitable industry, as there is a vast amount of intelligence at work to make it successful. California is especially interested in the possibilities of silk culture.

LOGAN is evidently determined to be "solid" with the ex-soldiers. He is the author of a bill giving to each soldier who served in the war 88 for every month they served, and the veterans rise up as one man and call him blessed. Did it depend on "the boys" Logan would be nominated on the first ballot.

MCLEAN, proprietor of the Cincinnati *Enquirer*, sent Gen. Grant a check for $50,000 when it became known that he was badly involved. Sorry the idea didn't occur to us. It would be no trouble at all to write a check for fifty thousand or fifty million. But old Grant would have a tough time in realizing upon it.

THE liabilities of the colossal swindling firm of Grant & Ward amount to the astounding sum of fourteen and a half millions of dollars. They were great purchasers of bonds, Railroad, Municipal and County; and paid a price far above that offered by other capitalists. What a pity our Board of Supervisors have been so slow in the Courthouse business. A splendid opportunity to work off their bonds is forever lost.

A WASHINGTON telegram says that the item in the appropriation bill providing for the erection of a government building in Los Angeles will probably never be reached. Holman, whose ambition it is to be considered the watch dorg of the Treasury, objects to everything in the way of appropriations. Whether they be meritorious or fraudulent, it is all the same to him. Any donkey could enact the role of objector, and yet there are thousands of people who look upon Holman as the greatest statesman of the age.

IN political circles are mentioned as probable congressional candidates for nomination by the Democracy the names of Joseph D. Lynch, R. F. Del Valle and Stephen M. White of Los Angeles. On the Republican side Governor Mansfield and W. A. Cheney will be presented to the convention as Los Angeles county's offering to the list of candidates, and without prejudice we are of the opinion that Los Angeles county presents the best ability, availability and fitness of the whole list of candidates for nomination in the Sixth Congressional District.

At Kingston, Ont., on Tuesday, George Peters, a railway laborer, returned home after a night spent in dissipation. He picked up a lighted lamp and started to go up stairs. When near the top the lamp fell from his hand, and in instant the stairway was in a blaze. The flames spread rapidly, making escape for those asleep in the upper part a matter of great difficulty. Mrs. Peter followed by her two daughters, rushed through the flames and managed to escape, as did also John Peters, a son, and two boarders. Maggie Peters, who had just escaped, discovered that her little sister was still in the burning building, and madea desperate attempt to rescue her, but she was overcome by the smoke and was taken out in an insensible condition. It is believed that her injuries are fatal. Miss Biedger, an invalid, perished in the flames. It is supposed that Peters, who was the cause of the catastrophe, also perished in the flames, together with three boarders who were so drunk that they did not become aware of their peril until too late.

## RELIGIOUS INNOVATIONS.

Verily I say unto you the religious observances of our times are not as they were in the days of our forefathers. If it is indeed true that the spirits of the dead are conscious of, and take an interest in, the events of this sphere, we can hardly imagine the consternation with which the Puritan of old views the innovations in our churches. Does not his spiritual hair elevate itself in spiritual horror, as he sees Reminyi standing on the steps leading to the pulpit of Beecher's church, and hears him extract alleged sacred music from his inspired fiddle? Does he not turn faint as the tones of Arbuckle's horn float heavenward as a prelude to Talmage's sermon? Yea, does not his soul writhe in anguish as the sweet music of Knapp's cornet percolates upward through the roof of St. Michael's on every Sunday evening? But we have no need to wonder whether the Puritan in the spirit views these things with wonder and grief; for there are not wanting people still in the flesh who think that the sanctuary is defiled by the presence and sound of even so mournful an instrument as the organ. There are to-day many churches in which the congregation are quarreling, as only Christians can, over the question of the introduction of organ music into the services. If these people object to that drowsy instrument, what their feelings are in regard to the violin and cornet is beyond power of description. But notwithstanding their protests, it is not beyond the bounds of probability that the present generation will hear within the sacred edifice strains of music from many brazen instruments, and if people can be gathered together by such attraction to hear the Word, the popular verdict will be that the end justified the means.

## RHETORICAL SLUSH.

The disease which has been aptly characterized as "a rush of mush to the head" is one with which a large minority of mankind is afflicted with. It is not offensive, however, until the afflicted ones spread upon the public prints the evidences of their affliction; and, unfortunately for the public, the greater the rush of mush, the greater the itch for scribbling.

It is proposed to change some of the text books now used in the public schools of this county. Thereupon a party by the name of Rose closes a two-column communication by asserting that "it is such actions as these which cause the enactment of such scenes as occurred at Cincinnati a few weeks ago," or words to that effect. Mr. Rose has an abnormal rush of mush to the head.

D. B. Hoffman complains, in a letter to a San Diego paper, of the enormity of the outrage perpetrated upon the people by that regulation of the postoffice department which requires that persons renting postoffice boxes shall deposit fifty cents to secure the return of the key. And he closes his letter by saying: "It is such practices as "this that lead sooner or later to the terrible "scenes and ventilating lessons that were "witnessed and taught to the world in Cincinnati a few weeks ago." Mr. Hoffman's capacious cranium is running over with mush.

The trouble with both these gentlemen is that they allowed their desire to write something pretty to overcome their common sense, and the result was the rhetorical slush which they no doubt thought was a fitting peroration to their letters.

## A CONTRAST.

While we of Southern California look upon plains covered with verdure, upon hills bedecked with wild flowers, upon rivers swollen with a superabundance of water and on hills covered with snow, the people of New South Wales are in extremity from a prolonged drought. A member of the Legislative Assembly of that country, who is now in San Francisco, said in answer to inquiries:

Times were never so bad in the colony as they are at present. We have had a succession of dry seasons. Our stock is almost all destroyed. I might safely say that we have lost one-fourth of our animals. In round numbers, 8,000,000 sheep have died. The creeks are dry and if we have no rain in June I am afraid to say what will happen.

The land mania has nearly died out. Numerous persons are out of work. Of course, the public works have not been stopped, because they are under contract, but otherwise the aspect of affairs is indeed gloomy. It will take fully two years before the colony can get over this damage.

It will stop emigration, and I doubt if there will be any money voted for emigration this year. I, who have always voted for an appropriation, would not do so now under any circumstances.

### *Female Franchise in England.*

There is no blinking the fact that female franchise is becoming a question of practical politics, and one, moreover, which will give ministers a good deal of trouble. Mrs. Fawcett showed true debating instinct in her speech at St. James' Hall last night, when she fastened on the "capable citizen" argument, and it is extremely hard to see how ministers, who adopted that argument the other day, can, with any show of reason, refuse the franchise to female householders. It will be interesting when Mr. Goodall's amendment comes on to hear how Mr. Gladstone will deal with the thousands of women who are daily fulfilling all the functions of "capable citizens"—the 50,000 women farmers, for instance, or the 120,000 women teachers, or the large number of women doctors, women poor-law guardians and women civil service clerks.—*Pall Mall Gazette.*

### *Conversationists for Hire.*

Sixty years ago *Figaro* says, there was an agency in Spring Gardens, London, presided over by a Mr. Blackman, for procuring conversationists for parties of parvenons. He had an assortment of 600, ready to start, like Mr. Archibald Forbes, at a moment's notice for any place in the British empire. Among them was seven Irish peers and three Scotch, fifteen ruined baronets, and a number of men warranted to tell, with more or less eloquence, the story of the Peninsular war. The gentler sex was represented by 187 maidens of uncertain age and small revenues. "All these," said the advertisement, "play at cards generally to the advantage of their partners." The pay for time of sojourn was four meals a day "and claret if one of them is a Scotch or Irish peer."

Very pretty figured lawns can be seen at Cahen's. tf

## PACIFIC COAST NEWS.

"Lucky" Baldwin is married again. His victim this time is Miss Lilly C. Bennett, aged 20 years.

A Swiss named Theobold was burned to death in a building in which he was sleeping in San Francisco. He has a son and daughter living in Los Angeles.

Controller Dunn has footed up the cost of the recent extra session of the Legislature and finds the aggregate to be $74,925 09—an average of $1469 12 a day.

Mrs. Leland Stanford has given $4000 to the San Francisco kindergartens. The gift was made on the anniversary of her dead son's birthday.

An Indian squaw at Bodie gave birth to triplets a few days ago, and the father is considerably exercised as to which two of them shall be strangled, according to Piute custom.

A San Jose paper published a reflection on the quality of wine made by J. B. J. Portal of San Jose, and he brought suit against the paper for damages. The jury gave him ten cents.

In a dispute at Sacramento a few days ago Louis Imsand had the sight of one of his eyes destroyed by a handful of wet mortar, thrown at him by John Sporing. A warrant has been issued for Sporing's arrest.

A worm, pronounced the voracious "army worm," has made its unwelcome appearance in northern portions of Eastern Washington, where it is committing great havoc on vegetation of all kinds.

The Portland *Standard* is being sued for $25,000 damages for defamation of character. It insinuated that L. Feldman & Co.'s willowware factory had been destroyed by fire in order to obtain the insurance.

Four miners, James Lawrence, Coleman Chappelle, Robert Wallace and Joseph Hays, were buried in a mine at Forest springs, about four miles from Grass Valley, Saturday morning. Their bodies were recovered.

James Anderson, Deputy County Clerk of Sonoma county, formerly a minister of the Gospel, while delivering a sermon at Liberty Hall, Cloverdale, fell dead in the pulpit. Heart disease is supposed to be the cause.

Yreka reports a freak of nature in the form of a double-headed kitten. It has two heads in one, i. e., two mouths, four eyes and the double formation of a head, but it had only two ears. It lived but nine days. When it mewed it did so with both mouths at the same time.

At Fort Verde, A. T., last week, a thoroughbred bulldog was matched against a young mountain lion. The battle was a very fierce one, lasting about fifteen minutes, resulting in a victory for the dog; but the canine did not survive long, dying from wounds received during the fight in about half an hour.

The young people of the Methodist Church South, in Sacramento, to the number of about twenty couples, had a church cleaning bee the other day. The carpets were all taken up and dusted, the floors scrubbed out, the pews cleaned, and everything put in applepie order. That fun can be made of labor was fully demonstrated.

Candidates for positions under the new government established for Alaska are as thick as peas in a pod. The principal candidates for Governor of Alaska are ex-State Senator Brown of Amador, and ex-Gov. Kinkead of Nevada. Oregon furnishes a candidate in the person of D. W. Welty of Portland formerly of California.

At Greenville, Plumas county, last week, a man named George Bellas, who was charged with having attempted to bribe another man to poison his (Bellas') wife, was discharged from custody, the Court holding that nowhere in the codes could any statute be found defining an "attempt to procure an attempt" to be made at the commission of a crime.

The Coeur d' Alene *Nugget* says: A real live umbrella was brought in by one of the passengers from Jackass Thursday. It was tied behind the saddle, and was an evidence of civilization and tender-footedness which was greeted by the boys in camp with a subdued but prolonged howl as the owner rode down the street. An umbrella among miners and prospectors! What next?

The *Rural Press* says that there are rumors of a movement on the part of holders of raisins, looking to a concentration of stock. Raisins have been more or less a drug since the beginning of the season, and very low prices have prevailed. It is now asserted on good authority that a combination has been effected by which the price of California layers has been advanced to $1.50 per box, while London layers have been marked up to $1.75 per box.

At Portland, Ogn., on Tuesday, Freddie Orton, aged seven, took a two-year-old babe of a neighbor, carried it under the house, stripped it, and seizing a leather strap, whipped the babe until it was covered with welts from neck to heels. There is no ordinance covering such a case, and the parents of the injured child want to bring a charge against Orton's parents for harboring a vicious boy, the same as if it was a vicious dog.

"It is not generally known among farmers," said a Stockton vegetable dealer, "that corn husks bring a much higher price than corn itself. The husks should be kept whole, the leaves being merely bent down instead of torn off in taking out the ear. They find a ready sale in every large city. The retail price now is seven cents a pound. Husks have been as high as twenty-five cents per dozen in this city. They are used in making tomales."

### *Crushed to Death in the Herd.*

MILES CITY, M. T., May 5.—All is not profit in the cattle business. A storm struck us on April 29. It snowed and sleeted all day. It was not cold, but the wind was fierce, and the snow reached a depth of four or five inches. It was entirely unexpected, as the weather had been very fine for some days, and the cattle men thought summer had come to stay.

Fifteen hundred head of cattle had just been received by a firm in town. Those that had been unloaded at the cattle yards were many of them weak from the trip and hungry. In the more sheltered end of the yards hay had been placed. Toward the food and partial shelter the cattle rushed madly. The weak went to the ground and were trampled to death by the strong. The law of the survival of the fittest went into operation, as the crushed and lifeless carcases of a hundred animals showed.

To the Cheyennes the crushed beef was a godsend. They were employed by the owners to take off the hides, and they were very glad to take their wages in meat. That night the *al fresco* Cheyenne kitchens did not lack meat.

Some of the statistics published in Eastern papers with regard to estimated profits in the cattle trade must not be too greedily swallowed. Some calculations that have recently appeared were based on the prices of cattle some years ago—$12 and $14, for instance. Cattle cannot be purchased here for any such prices. The last two purchases were at $30 and $40 per head. Sheep now bring $5 a head.


### *Buckien's Arnica Salve.*

THE BEST SALVE in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns, and all Skin Eruptions, and positively cures Piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction, or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by W. M. Higgins.


## NEWS OF THE WEEK.

The reflection of the sun's rays from a milkman's pet fire ten house in Machias, N. Y., recently.

Glover, Vt., has a citizen who wears a shoe twenty-two inches in length and eight in width.

It is estimated that there are 40,000 persons in New York dependent on gambling for a living.

The Cape Cod canal dredger is the largest in the world. It takes out 600 cubic yards an hour.

A man living near Gynus Station, Phillips county, Texas, was recently stung to death by buffalo gnats.

Two brothers in Connecticut married sisters, and the first son of each couple was born on the 29th of February.

One of the Boston papers says that the weekly sales of oleomargarine in that city amount to 100,000 or 150,000 pounds.

A new process in shot-making does away with the tall towers. A strong current of air is forced on the lead as it falls into the water.

Bennington, Vt., has the largest dealer in the world of genuine spruce gum. His average sales of this commodity reach 12,000 pounds annually.

A patent has been granted in Mexico for a new process for manufacturing mescal, which will make that potent liquor twice as strong as ordinary.

A disastrous drouth has prevailed in Australia. Vast numbers of stock have perished. In some places cattle are dying of starvation at an alarming rate.

A Savannah lady, to cure dyspepsia, drank eleven gallons of tepid water at an Atlantic water-cure, which threw her into convulsions.

A careless farmer near Dublin, Ga., found a rat's nest in the matted hair of his horse's tail. The young rats were nearly half grown.

Each year the loss by fire in the United States increases. Eight or nine years ago it was about $70,000,000 per annum. Now it is $100,000,000.

Artesian wells in New York show that the East river underflows the island. In the deep wells lately sunk the water ebb flows with the tide.

The gold-fish globe must go. They act as burning glasses, and it is stated that one insurance company has refused to take risks on houses where they are kept.

At Bi-I Bazar City, Asia Minor, 950 dwellings, 544 warehouses and shops, 11 mosques, 16 schools, 9 khans and 144 other buildings were burned. Eleven persons perished.

Dogs in Tennesse, it has been calculated, number 30,000, cost $3,000,000 a year to keep and prevent the raising of 2,000,000 sheep, whose mutton and wool would be worth $5,000,000.

Travelers over the Mexican Central railway are experiencing great inconvenience because trains are not allowed to cross to the Texas side after 5 o'clock P. M., under the Mexican Custom House Regulation.

John B. Franklin, a white man living in Russell county, Ala., not satisfied with his wife's cooking, took a red-hot iron and branded her. He has been given a year in the penitentiary and $1,000 fine for the act,

A Pennsylvanian has made a perfect locomotive, which from the end of the tank to the point of the cowcatcher, measures six and a quarter inches and weighs two pounds. It will be in operation at the New Orleans exhibition.

A Chicago newspaper asserts that there are over 1,000 more saloon-keepers and bartenders than preachers in the State of Illinois. There are over 2,000 bankers and brokers, over 33,000 merchants of the various trades, and about 500,000 persons engaged in agriculture.

One of the provisions in the life sentence imposed in Berlin on Carl Schenck, one of the trio of servant-girl murderers, is that on every anniversary of the killing of each of his victims he is to be confined, for that day, in a dark cell. He will thus have to spend ten days per year in total darkness.

Sheep husbandry is rather a precarious occupation in Georgia. The Atlanta *Constitution* reports that John Musser of Pulaski county last spring turned out 900 sheep and this spring gathered 300. John Rogers out of 1,700 penned 1,330; while many others have suffered similarly, and they all attribute their losses chiefly to the ravages of dogs.

Buffalo gnats, which have proved so fatal to mules, are now attacking human beings, and the death of a farmer, the result of a sting from one of them, is reported from Helena, Arkansas. He was attacked while at work in a field, the gnats swarming around him. Their stings becoming unbearable, he started for home at full speed. All remedies failed to relieve him, and he died in a short time in great agony, his face and neck having turned almost black.

A special from Harrodsburg, Ky., says: A horrible case of wholesale poisoning by hemlock took place near that place on Monday. Eighteen boys, after playing a game of baseball, started in search of wild parsnips, but got hold of deadly hemlock instead. The boys ate freely, and all of them were taken violently ill. Two died almost immediately and five are in a very critical condition, but expected to live. The others are suffering more or less from the poison.

### *A Mammoth Orange Grove.*

The report comes from Florida that Heather Island has been sold for $100,000 to a syndicate of capitalists, prominent among whom are ex-Governor Horace Fairbanks and Hon. Franklin Fairbanks of Vermont, Francis B. Knowles of Worcester, and Charles H. Morse, a Chicago capitalist. This syndicate has formed a company with $200,000 capital, and propose making a mammoth orange grove on this large and fertile island. The island contains about 4,000 acres of very rich land, 100 acres of bearing grove.


Opera Flannels in great variety of colors received by Cahen. tf

SLEEPLESS NIGHTS, made miserable by that terrible cough. Shiloh's Cure is the remedy for you. Sold by Wm. M. Higgins.

THAT HACKING COUGH can be so quickly cured by Shiloh's Cure. We guarantee it. Sold by Wm. M. Higgins.

SHILOH'S VITALIZER is what you need for Constipation, Dizziness and all symptoms of Dyspepsia. Price 10 and 75 cents per bottle. Sold by Wm. M. Higgins.

SHILOH'S COUGH and Consumption Cure is sold by us on a guarantee. It cures consumption. Sold by Wm. M. Higgins.

CATARRH CURED, health and sweet breath secured by Shiloh's Catarrh Remedy. Price 50 cents. Nasal Injector free. Sold by Wm. M. Higgins.

FOR LAME BACK, Side or Chest use Shiloh's Porous Plaster. Price 25 cents. Sold by Wm. M. Higgins.

—A new No. 8 Wheeler & Wilson sewing machine is offered for sale at a large discount. The machine can be seen at D. W. Hudson's real estate office.


## The Viticulturists.

The Viticultural Commission met in San Francisco on Monday and decided upon having a California viticultural exhibit at the Antwerp Exposition of 1885. A petition was received from the wine merchants of San Francisco, asking the Commission to request the Commissioner of Internal Revenue to enforce the existing law against the adulteration of wines and the manufacture of spurious wines, reference being had to the New York adulteration and manufacture, which is detrimental to the pure wine interests of California.

The chief executive officer, Mr. Wetmore, called the attention of the Board to the importance of making questions of fermentation and disease of wine resulting from defective methods and badly constructed cellars of leading prominence during the conventions to be held this year; in order to facilitate wine-makers overcoming many difficulties which they now experience, such as the formation of lactic acid, aldehyde, bitter tastes, putrid decompositions, which sometimes follow fermentation conducted with considerable skill and experience, and in order to determine, if possible, varying rules for the fermentation of different varieties of grapes as well as the proper construction of cellars to suit given climatic conditions. He advised, also, that the scientific professors of the State University be requested to act during the summer vacation, commencing in June, on behalf of the Board in instituting a careful examination of the wines in cellars in various parts of the State, taking notes of difficulties of fermentation as demonstrated by the condition of such products with a view to the careful study of the problems thereby suggested to them. The importance of this work was believed to be so great and pressing that the Board authorized the chief executive officer to invite Eugene W. Hilgard, professor of agriculture, and Willard B. Rising, professor of chemistry, to constitute a committee for such purpose, the Board pledging to provide a liberal compensation for their services during vacation, and an assistant to work under their direction.

Mr. West, Commissioner for the San Joaquin district, informed the Board that he would call a convention of vine-growers to meet at Fresno on the 10th, 11th and 12th of June. The Board agreed to make this convention of special importance, as in the case of the Los Angeles convention last year. Each member of the commission will be expected to be present.

On motion of Mr. Wetmore a special committee, consisting of Messrs. Rose, Blowers and West, was appointed for the purpose of considering the raisin question. This committee was instructed to request those interested in raisins to make known at the Fresno convention the special wants of their industry, in order that the Board may intelligently act in their beh lf during the next session of Congress.

### *Walking, Running and Jumping in England.*

Four miles an hour is the ordinary standard pace for a good, brisk country walk; what shall we say, then, to eight miles in an hour, fair heel and toe? Yet this has been done by W. Perkins, J. Raby, Griffin, and other professors of the art. Perkins, indeed, has walked one mile in 6 minutes and 23 seconds—a rate of progression nearly approaching 9½ miles an hour. On the same occasion he walked two miles in 13 minutes 20 seconds, and three in 20 minutes 47 seconds, both unequaled records. The greatest distance ever walked without taking a rest is 120 miles 1,560 yards, by Peter Crossland, of Sheffield.

The greatest distance ever run in one hour is 11 miles 970 yards, by Deerfoot, at Old Brompton, in 1863—Deerfoot's real name being L. Bennett. Cattaraugus county, New York State. The fastest time in which one mile has ever been run on level ground is 4 minutes 16 1-6 seconds, by W. Cummings, of Paisley, in 1881, at Preston; but in 1863 W. Lang ran a mile over a course which was partly down hill in 4 minutes 2 seconds. The *swiftest* runner hitherto seen is a man named Hutchens, formerly newsboy at Putney Station. In a Sheffield handicap he has covered 131½ yards in 12½ seconds, a performance which shows him many yards better than "even time" at 100 yards, and even time is the unattained ambition of the great army of amateurs. (A hundred yards in "even time" means 100 yards in 10 seconds, or a rate averaging 10 yards per second). And he has performed the prodigious feat of covering 300 yards in 30 seconds, dead, the most wonderful piece of running on record.

In 1873, R. Buttery, of Sheffield, ran a quarter of a mile in 48½ seconds, which remains unbeaten to this day. George Hazael has run 50 miles in three seconds less than six hours and a quarter, and he has also performed the prodigious task of covering 600 miles in a 6 days' "go-as-you-please," a pedestrian journey in which the competitors may run or walk as they prefer.

As to jumping, amateurs who patronize the sport jump without any artificial aid. The records among the latter are both held by the same athlete, P. Davin, of Carrick-on-Suir, Ireland, who has cleared 6 feet 2½ inches high, and 23 feet 2 inches wide, both at local athletic gatherings. M. J. Brooks, who in 1876 won the Inter-Varsity high jump with 6 feet 2½ inches, is said to have cleared an inch more in practice. John Howard, a Bradford professional, more than once cleared a full-sized billiard table lengthways—a feat requiring courage as well as ability; and on one occasion, on Chester race course, he jumped the enormous distance of 29 feet 7 inches! He took off from a wedge-shaped block of wood, raised four inches from the ground, and carried a five-pound dumb bell in each hand. In pole jumping—prettiest of all athletic pastimes—the great height of 11 feet 4½ inches has been cleared by the present amateur champion, T. Ray, of Ulverstone.


CROUP, WHOOPING COUGH and Bronchitis immediately relieved by Shiloh's Cure. Sold by Wm. M. Higgins.

WILL YOU SUFFER with Dyspepsia and Liver Complaint? Shiloh's Vitalizer's guaranteed to cure you. Sold by Wm. M. Higgins.

Cretonnes at H. Cahen's. tf


## NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

### Anaheim Union Water Company

Location of principal place of business, Anaheim, Los Angeles County, California.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT AT A meeting of the Directors, held on the 19th day of May, 1884, an assessment of one dollar per share was levied upon the capital stock of the corporation payable on or before June 19th, 1884, to the Secretary of the corporation at his office in the Town of Anaheim, California.

Any stock upon which this assessment shall remain unpaid on the 19th day of June, 1884, will be delinquent, and advertised for sale at public auction, and unless payment is made before, will be sold on the 19th day of July, 1884, to pay the delinquent assessment, together with costs of advertising and expenses of sale.

RICHARD MELROSE, Secretary.

Office at the Postoffice at the Town of Anaheim, County of Los Angeles, State of California. may24

### PASTURE.

BEST OF PASTURE FOR STOCK AT THE COSta Rosebe.

Apply on the premises to A. Y. Howard or to SAXTON & COX, Near the depot. may17


This Space reserved for

RIMPAU BROS.




S. B. SMITH,
Contractor and Builder.

Pumping Outfits
A SPECIALTY.

—THE—
Best and Cheapest.

10 feet..... $75
12 " ..... 985
14 " ..... $100
MADE BY
JACKSON & TRUMAN,
San Francisco.

PUMPS, PIPE AND PIPE FIXTURES
At LOS ANGELES RATES.

For neatness of design, for strength, durability, great lifting power, a perfect self-regulating Windmill safe in the fiercest storm, an adjustable stroke (4 different lengths), and by far the cheapest first-class mi sold on this Coast.

JACKSON'S CALIFORNIA WINDMILL
is far ahead of all competitors. I am now furnishing these Mills with

*Tanks, Pumps, Pipe, Faucets, etc.,*

and setting them up in complete running order at LOWER PRICES THAN EVER GIVEN IN THIS COUNTY. Do not purchase a pumping outfit without first examining my work and price.

S. B. SMITH, Anaheim, Cal.

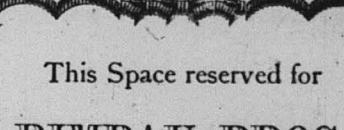
GEORGE M. THOMPSON,
—DEALER IN—
Grain, Hops, Honey and Dried Fruits.
—Consignments of Produce Solicited.—

FOR SALE.—Grain, Bean and Wool Bags, Hop Cloth, Burlaps and other Jute Goods, Cotton, Fleece and Flax Twines.

INSURANCE.
*Fire Insurance Co. of the State of Pennsylvania.*
CAPITAL, $200,000. ASSETS, $699,016.16.
*New Zealand Insurance Co. Capital, $5,000,000.*
Insurance on growing grain at lowest rates.

Life Insurance.
*The Manhattan Life Insurance Co. of New York,*
*Cash Assets, $11,000,000.*
OFFICE, 206 Los Angeles Street, - LOS ANGELES, CAL.

THE "BEDETTE."



PATENTED JUNE 13, 1882.

This invention supplies a long felt want for a cheap portable bed, that can be put away in a small space when not in use, and yet make a roomy, comfortable bed when wanted. Of the many cots that are in the market there is not one, cheap or expensive, on which a comfortable night's rest can be had. They are all narrow, short, without spring, and in fact no bed at all. While The Bedette folds into as small space, and is as light as anything can be made for durability. When set up it furnishes a bed wide and long enough for the largest man, and is as comfortable to lie upon as the most expensive bed.

It is so constructed that the patent sides, regulated by the patent adjustable tendon cords, form the most perfect spring bed. The canvas covering is not tacked to the frame, as on all cots, but is made adjustable, so that it can be taken off and put on again by any one in a few minutes, or easily tightened, should it become loose, at any time, from stretching.

It is a perfect spring bed, soft and easy, without springs or mattress. For warm weather it is a complete bed, without the addition of anything; for cold weather it is only necessary to add sufficient clothing.

The "Bedette" is a Household Necessity,

and no family after once using, would be without it. It is simple in its construction and not liable to get out of repair. It makes a pretty lounge, a perfect bed, and the price is within the reach of all.

PRICE LIST:

No. 1—35 inches wide, 6½ feet long, raised head, adjustable cover, painted vermillion red, covered with first quality 8 oz. Duck ..... $4 00
No. 2—30 inches wide, 6½ feet long, raised head, adjustable cover, painted vermillion red, covered with first quality 8 oz. Duck ..... $ 00
No. 3—27 inches wide, 4½ feet long, raised head, painted vermillion red, child's bedette, covered with first quality 8 oz. Duck ..... $ 00

For sale by

F. & J. BACKS, Anaheim.

D. B. SUMNER, Los Angeles, Cal., General Agent Pacific Coast.

Card.

FRESH EASTERN OYSTERS EVERY SATURday and Sunday at Mrs. Rab Kennedy's Ice Cream Parlors. apl26

THIS PAPER may be found at the office of Messrs. N. W. AYER & SON, Newspaper Advertising Bureau (in whose Custom conducted), where advertising can be made for it in NEW YORK.

WEEKLY GAZETTE

SATURDAY.....MAY 24, 1884

# Kleinigkeiten.

—An assessment of one dollar per share has been levied by the Anaheim Union Water Company, payable before June 19th.

—The Directors of the A. U. W. Co. meet to-day to award contracts for cleaning and repairing the company's ditches.

—Insure against fire in the first-class companies for which Richard Melrose is agent. Policies written and delivered at once.

—Kerr and Gamble have sold 20 acres of their land in North Anaheim to Henry Meiser for $100 per acre.

—A little bird whispers that soon will be heard the sound of wedding bells. Who and when is not in the song.

—Material improvement is being made to the establishment of Jacob Yaeger by the erection of a new front.

—The new band, under the leadership of Chas. Schindler, promises to soon give an exhibition of its proficiency.

—The General Superintendent of Construction, S. P. R. R., passed over the Anaheim branch on Wednesday in a special car inspecting the condition of the road.

—The ball given by mine host Dietzel at the Anaheim Hotel Saturday evening was largely attended. Among the guests was a delegation from Los Angeles. A good time is the verdict of those present.

—The project for sprinkling the streets is being materialized by the construction of a sprinkler under the supervision of E. A. White. It will be ready for use early next week.

—There has been left at this office by Mrs. H. J. W. Clark average samples of grain grown in the San Jacinto valley. It is evident that the fortunate owners of fields in that favored spot will reap heavy crops.

—Anthony McDonnell was killed on Tuesday in Los Angeles by a bank caving upon him. He was a laborer employed on the grading of Fort street. Deceased was 35 years of age and a native of Ireland.

—S. M. Fay, an employe of the Los Angeles Gas Company, who disappeared a couple of weeks ago, is said to have embezzled a large amount of money from the company. An unsuccessful effort has been made to capture him.

—A letter received by Dr. Ellis from Mazatlan conveys the information that a recurrence of the yellow fever epidemic of last year is feared, and many of the inhabitants are preparing to seek a more healthful place of abode.

—Thomas J. Caystile, one of the *Times* publishing firm, died on Friday of last week, aged 32 years, of pneumonia. Mr. Caystile was a most excellent gentleman in every way, and his untimely death is mourned by a host of friends.

—An accident befell Chas. Binder on Monday evening which came near proving fatal. In attempting to alight from his wagon, he caught his foot and fell, receiving serious laceration. He was treated by Dr. Hardin and is rapidly improving.

—A tramp named John Fogarty who had been annoying several families in Placentia with acts peculiar to his kind, was brought before Judge Bailey on Wednesday morning and given in charge of a special officer. Mr. Fogarty seized a favorable opportunity, gave leg bail, and to Anaheim *non est*.

—The free reading room of St. John's Guild, next door to the Town Hall, is now open, and an invitation is extended to all to participate in its privileges. Books, magazines, newspapers or anything that will add to its attractiveness or usefulness will be gladly received.

—A Kentucky paper alleges that new counties are created in Kentucky for two purposes: For the benefit of a landholder who wants a county seat on his farm, and for the benefit of a lot of fellows who want to fill county offices. New counties are sought to be created in Southern California for about the same reasons.

—The exports from the Anaheim depot during April amounted to 961,570 pounds, and the imports 989,700 pounds. During the week ending May 20th the exports were:

| | |
|---|---|
| 15 carloads wine (294 casks) | 334,980 lbs. |
| 92 bales wool | 29,949 " |
| 103 cases eggs | 6,180 " |
| Miscellaneous | 36,880 " |
| Total | 407,989 " |

—The Riverside *Press and Horticulturist* of last Saturday was filled with a report of the proceedings of the Irrigation Convention. The full proceedings and addresses will be published in pamphlet form, which will be sold at 25 cents per copy. Orders for this valuable pamphlet should be sent to L. M. Holt, at Riverside.

It may be stated here that the rumor that the *Press* was to be removed from Riverside to Ontario had no foundation. It will be published in Riverside "hereafter as heretofore."

Sheeting plain and drilled at H. Cahen's tf

—The eight-year-old son of H. L. Paty was very seriously injured on Thursday evening. It appears that he was in the corral with his father, and while the latter was giving his attention to a lame horse the little fellow amused himself with another horse, known to be perfectly gentle and safe. One of the horses, however, is in the habit of biting at the others, and they of course resent the familiarity by kicking vigorously. It is supposed that the boy touched the horse unexpectedly, and the animal, supposing it to be its tormentor, kicked viciously, striking the lad in the face. He was unconscious for six hours after the accident, and it was feared he would never rally from the shock. Dr. Gardiner, who is attending him, pronounced him somewhat better yesterday, and we hope to be able next week to chronicle his complete recovery.

—The following retail prices of Anaheim products are furnished by M. H. Cheeseman of the Anaheim Depot Store:

FRIDAY, May 23, 1884.

| | |
|---|---|
| Butter, per 2 lb. rolls, 50 cts. | |
| Eggs, per dozen, 23 cts. | |
| Cheese, per lb., 14@16 cts. | |
| Lard, " | 15 cts. |
| Bacon, " | 14@15 cts. |
| Hams, " | Cal., 17 cts. |
| Dried Apples, per lb., | 8@12½ cts. |
| Dried Peaches " | 10@12½ cts. |
| Beans, per lb., | 4½ cts. |
| Peanuts, " | 10 cts. |
| Walnuts, " | 10 cts. |
| Corn Meal, per cwt., | $2.25. |
| Potatoes (new), per cwt., | $1.75. |

—Henry G. Hanks, State Mineralogist, on his tour of inspection and examination of the mineral resources of the State for compilation, to appear in his annual report, visited the Anaheim oil wells last week. He supplied himself liberally with specimens of the different grades of oil, rock, etc. for the State Cabinet and pronounced the formation favorable for the production of oil in large quantities. His report will be read with interest.

—J. Colman Travis, Deputy Assessor for this district, who has been absent several weeks visiting in Alabama, has returned thoroughly disgusted with the "Sunny South." He will soon enter upon his duties as assessor, which during his absence have been performed by W. T. Brown. Mr. Brown informs us that two weeks will be required to finish the assessment in the vicinity of Anaheim.

—From F. A. Gates, Census Marshal of Alamitos School District, we learn that there are 26 children in the district between five and seventeen years of age and 9 under five years. This shows an increase over last year, though the area of the district has been curtailed by the formation of new districts.

—Dyer Williams and F. C. Butterfield, on complaint of W. J. Neice, all of Gospel Swamp, were arrested by Officer Bohn on Thursday. They are charged with misdemeanor in cutting away a dam in the Santa Ana river made to prevent flooding of complainant's land. The case has not yet been brought up for trial.

—A large stag was seen on Tuesday near the Santa Ana river bridge. Several shots were fired at him without effect. He is evidently off his mental balance and in a wandering frame of mind to have strayed so far from the mountains through miles of vineyards and orange groves.

—The tanks, distillery, brick and other material for the first petroleum refinery in Los Angeles county were sent out from Anaheim yesterday to the Chandler oil well. Its capacity is not large but will be increased as required. Who can tell what may grow from this beginning?

—Hay is selling at $4.00 per ton in the field in some parts of the county. 'Tis ever thus when crops are big, the price comes down like stock from rocket. And when the crops are scant and small, the prices rise—but not too tall, and still the farmer's out of pocket. The way of the agriculturist is hard.

—The Board of Town Trustees promise to consider the sidewalk question at the next meeting. Mayor Korn is impressed with the importance of the matter, and it is to be hoped that the much-needed improvement will be instituted.

—We are informed that the excursion alluded to by the GAZETTE a short time since was deferred, not abandoned, and will soon visit Anaheim. Arrangements for the same have been made and the Los Angeles band engaged to accompany the excursionists.

—In another column is a cut of the "Bedette" the latest of portable folding beds. Its convenience can be recognized at aglance. As we have tested the Bedette for its comfortable sleeping qualities, we can testify to its excellence.

—The Democratic primaries will be held to-day at the Anaheim Hotel, beginning at 1 o'clock. Six delegates are to be elected. The County Convention will meet in Los Angeles next Saturday.

—T. S. Harris, who shot Whitehead of the *Republican*, and was sentenced to imprisonment for a year, has been pardoned by Governor Stoneman.

—Property owners in Anaheim School District need to be reminded that school taxes are now due. They are payable to the Tax Collector at his office in the post-office.

—Twenty barrels of oil from the Chandler wells were shipped from Anaheim depot yesterday to the Electric Light Co. in Los Angeles.

—The olive trees are not behind other fruit trees in profusion of bloom. The crop promises to be unusually large.

## *A Profit of $800 an Acre.*

Everybody knows what *chili colorado* is. Even the tenderfoot is acquainted with it. As he comes the plains across he sees the bright looking strings hanging against the houses on the line of the road, and is immediately seized with a desire to know all about them. His curiosity is not satisfied until he tastes the fiery *chili*, and then it is fixed in his memory for ever and ever.

But it is not of its beauty, nor of its strength, but of its profit that we desire to speak. It is a fickle crop to raise, not because it does not yield abundantly, but because the market for it is quite capricious. There are years when there is scarcely any demand for it, and at other times quite the reverse. The same is true, probably, of every other commodity, but not to such an extent as in the case of the *chili colorado*. At present the ruling price is $1.50 a string, whereas it ordinarily sells at half that figure. When the last crop was harvested, the price was but seventy-five cents per string, and the growers of the vegetable in Yorba district—where it attains a strength and seductive redness which cannot be surpassed—sold most of their crop at that figure. But Gabriel de los Reyes, with a sagacity which stamps him as profound a thinker as his Biblical and royal name would indicate, stored his *chili* and sold them a short time ago for $1.50 per string. At this price his acre and a half yielded him over eight hundred dollars! His good fortune has had the natural result: his neighbors are growing *chili* to the exclusion of almost everything else.

## *Suspicious Demonstrations.*

ED. GAZETTE.—On Sunday afternoon last four young men of Anaheim, well known and respected, were seen in the suburbs of the town, acting very strangely, throwing their hands in the air, rolling on the ground and tearing out their hair, while tears accompanied by oaths fell thick and fast. What could be the matter? Your humble servant upon investigating learned that the cause of so much distress was that some female friends of the young men refused to recognize them, as they had their moustaches shaved off. One of the party, a Rich young man, thus poured forth his lamentations to me: "She does not know me and does not believe that I am the one who but a few hours before had my upper lip adorned with the pride of the country." The once adorned lip was now as barren as the Desert of Sahara. One of the other young men concluded not to Fish in that part of the city, as he said "the cruel tonsorial artist destroyed all hopes for me here." A gun-Smythe office will be opened in a remote part of the town where will preside the third moustacheless young man. The last seen of the fourth beardless youth he was sand-lotting a la Denis Kearney against barbers. The quartet, no doubt, will always remember, "Never shave your moustaches when you are making your best mash." CHIQUITO.

## *Prospects Still Gloomy.*

M. Levering in Los Angeles News, May 19.

Since the last issue of *News* we have conversed with a number of apiarists from different portions of the country, and all give a gloomy report of present prospects. And so it must be as long as the present state of atmosphere continues. We have always said that the honey crop did not depend entirely upon the amount of rain or the great number of flowers; these are important requisites, but are controlled by the state of atmosphere so far as the production of nectar is concerned. The season is now rapidly advancing, and the state of the weather is unchanged. Unless there is a material change soon, there is not hope for even a quarter of a crop.

The above is at variance with the testimony of apiarists in the vicinity of Anaheim, who report this season the best for many years. Extracting has already commenced with an unusually large yield of honey of a superior quality. Perhaps M. Levering is a bear in the honey market.

## *Personal.*

Moses Hopkins and wife, C. B. Polhemus and Mrs. Martin have been in town for several days. All are largely interested in the so-called Stearns Ranchos. It is probable that the internecine difficulties now existing among the owners will soon be satisfactorily adjusted, and the land again placed upon the market for sale.

E. W. Champlin returned on Thursday evening from San Francisco, whither he had been in attendance at the Grand Lodge of Odd Fellows.

Orrin Ward, of Grand Rapids, Michigan, is visiting at D. B. Sumner's.

J. M. Johnson, of the hardware firm of Schroder, Johnson & Co. of Los Angeles, was in town on Thursday.

Ed. Dunham, wife and daughter spent several days visiting friends in town last week.

## *Thermometrical Record.*

The following is our record (taken one and one-half miles north of town) for the week ending Wednesday P. M., May 21, giving lowest point by night preceding date and highest by day:

| DATE. | 7 A. M. Lowest | 7 P. M. Highest |
|---|---|---|
| May | 55 | 68 |
| " | 50 | 73 |
| " | 54 | 72 |
| " | 55 | 74 |
| " | 53 | 73 |
| " | 57 | 68 |
| " | 57 | 63 |
| Average Temperature | 61½ | |
| " highest and lowest | 62½ | |

—The following real estate transactions are reported.

A H Noce to R W Scott—2½ acres in lot 44, Anaheim extension; $250.

A careful estimate of the relative cost of coal and wood shows the Wellington coal to be the cheapest. It will burn in any ordinary cook stove, giving a steady heat, and is much more convenient to use than wood. Gade will deliver Wellington coal in quantities to suit.

Small check and Plaid Ginghams and Seersucker of the latest patterns received by Cahen. tf

## *The Seventeen Year Locust.*

This is "seventeen year locust" season in Virginia. According to the *Prairie Farmer*, considerable alarm is felt in some quarters at the announcement. It is a blessing to the country that these voracious fellows are by nature prevented from making a raid all over the country the same year. The history of this insect is curious and interesting. The eggs are deposited in small slits made by the female in the branches of trees. In a short time the eggs hatch, and the young larvæ follow down the branches to the trunk, down this to the roots, along the roots to their tips, where they fasten themselves by the beak, through which they draw sustenance. They also attach themselves to other succulent roots. Here they remain for nearly their entire existence of almost seventeen years without other change than a gradual increase in size. They come nearer the surface as the period of transformation approaches. They make cylindrical holes some half an inch in diameter, which they carefully cement and varnish, so as to be impervious to water. In this they remain for several days. They finally issue from the ground, crawl up a tree or stump, take a rest, and cast their skin. They come out in the evening, and by morning the perfect insect is ready for flight. They seem to prefer the oak to other trees, but will take up with many others, having rather a liking for the apple tree. They usually appear in the latter part of May, and they disappear in about six or seven weeks.

## *Tortured with Croton Oil.*

NEW HAVEN, May 3.—Patrick Leonard, a laboring man, appeared at the City Attorney's office to-day and told a remarkable story. He said that a week ago he entered a saloon with a man named Gaynor. While they were standing at the bar Thomas McKiernan, the saloon-keeper, approached Leonard, and after a few words about an old feud had been exchanged McKiernan knocked him down. One of McKiernan's friends then rushed up, and while Leonard was held down some one rubbed Croton oil over his face and neck and poured it into his ears. The oil was thoroughly rubbed in, and his assailants then left him. He was advised to consult a doctor, but failed to do so until Wednesday last, when he was in a horrible condition. His face was a mass of raw flesh, the skin almost entirely burned off, and he had been made almost deaf by the oil that had been poured into his ears. His face was covered to-day with white powder, through which the raw, quivering flesh could be seen, presenting a horrible appearance. The police are investigating the matter. McKiernan was arrested to-day and held for trial.

## *Los Angeles Markets.*

Corrected weekly for the GAZETTE by the GERMAIN FRUIT COMPANY, 28 Main street, Los Angeles P. O. Box 1151.

| | |
|---|---|
| BUTTER, fresh, choice, per lb | 23@25cts. |
| " Fair to good " | 18@20cts. |
| EGGS, per dozen, | 23@24cts. |
| BACON, light breakfast, per lb | 14@14½cts. |
| " Medium " | 13½@14cts. |
| HAMS, California, per lb | 16½@17cts. |
| LARD, 10 lb tins, | 12½@13cts. |
| 5 lb " | 13@13½cts. |
| 2½ lb " | 13½@14cts. |
| HENS, per dozen, | $7.00@$7.50 |
| ROOSTERS, " | $7.00@$7.50 |
| BROILERS, " | $4.00@$4.50 |
| DUCKS, " | $8.00@8.50 |
| TURKEYS, live, per lb | 18@19cts. |
| " dressed, " | 22@23. |
| POTATOES, per 100lbs. new, | $1.25.@1.30 |
| RAISINS, California, per box, | $1.00@1.50. |
| WALNUTS, per lb, | 7@7½cts. |
| HONEY, | 5@5½cts. |
| HAY, per ton, | $10.00@11.00. |
| BARLEY, per cental, | 75@77½cts. |
| CORN, per cental, | $1.20@1.25. |

## *Church Notes.*

There will be preaching in the Presbyterian church to-morrow at 11 A.M. and 7:30 P.M.

Services will be held in St. Michael's Episcopal church every Sunday morning and evening by Rev. H. J. Sheridan. All are invited.

Rev. Mr. Green, of the Evangelical Association, will preach in German every Sunday at 2:30 P. M. in the building south of Masonic Hall. Sunday school at 1:30 P. M.

Rev. Mr. Bollinger will preach in the German church every Sunday morning at 10:30.

Rev. Mr. Dearing will preach in the Methodist Episcopal church every Sunday afternoon at 3 o'clock.

## *MARRIED.*

In Los Angeles, May 17, Mr. N. W. Stowell to Miss Flora N. Rivers.

In Los Angeles, May 17, Mr. H. Wickerd to Miss Josie Virgin.

At Santa Monica, May 18, Mr. J. R. Benefiel to Mrs. M. J. Jones.

## *Advertised Letters.*

List of advertised letters remaining in the Post-office at Anaheim, Cal., May 23, 1884:

| | |
|---|---|
| Mercedes Balenauela | Jesus Diaz |
| Maletha Davis | John D Hall |

## *Wells, Fargo & Co.*

There are packages in Wells, Fargo & Co.'s office for the following persons:

| | |
|---|---|
| Mrs Bremmerman, | Lydia Parker, |
| H C Kellogg, | Wm A Beckett. |
| James House, | |

## *Interesting to the Ladies of Anaheim.*

Cahen has received the latest style Dress Goods.

## *One or More Surgeons*

from the Western Division, 319 Bush Street, S. F., of the National Surgical Institute, will be at the Pico House, Los Angeles, May 26th, 27th and 28th.

Persons suffering from diseases of the spine, hip, limbs or any bodily deformity, paralysis, piles, fistula, sexual or chronic diseases should avail themselves of this opportunity.

References given throughout the U. S. Consultation free.

## *A Life Saving Present.*

Mr. M. E. Allison, Hutchinson, Kan., saved his life by a simple Trial Bottle of Dr. King's New Discovery, for Consumption, which caused him to procure a large bottle, that completely cured him, when Doctors, change of climate and everything else had failed. Asthma, Bronchitis, Hoarseness, Severe Coughs, and all Throat and Lung diseases, it is guaranteed to cure. Trial bottles free at W. M. Higgins' Drug Store. Large size $1.

## *Cypress Trees.*

Tim. Carroll, proprietor of the Anaheim Evergreen Nursery, announces that he has still on hand an unlimited number of cypress trees, which he is selling at low rates. Call at his nursery, near the railroad depot, and inspect his stock.

The supply of fuel has been very low since the rains and prices for wood and coal have ranged high. The corner is now broken by the arrival of a carload of Wellington coal. Gade will deliver it in quantities to suit anywhere in town. tf

## *ADAM.*

### Some Things Which he Didn't Have to do.

Adam never in a fit of abstraction sat down upon a coil of barbed fence wire.

Ripe cherries, plump, red and cheap—Helmsen's. tf

Adam never lived next door to a man who was trying to learn to play on an accordeon.

Something new in Stationery at Joe Helmsen's. tf

Adam never fell over a rocking chair while groping around in the dark after the bottle of paregoric.

Money to loan—inquire of M. Dobner. tf

Adam never had to fasten one of his suspenders with a single nail and the other with a hair pin.

Where can you get a smile? —Lieb's tf

Adam never had to rock the cradle while Eve ran across the street to borrow a cup of sugar from a neighbor.

Look at the McCormick Mowers at White's. tf

Adam never had to keep the baby while Eve went out with a determined cast of countenance to reform the world.

New carriages, good horses, nobby rigs, at Lewis's. tf

Adam never had his only pair of gum shoes eaten up by a dog while he was spending an evening with a friend.

Dominic Lieb keeps the best native wines and brandies. tf

Adam never sat up till 5 o'clock in the morning to get the returns from Ohio, and to at last learn that the other fellows had carried it.

Where do you get your smoking tobacco? Why, at Newbold's, of course. tf

Adam never came home at a very late hour from the lodge to discover that he had left his latch key in a pocket of his other pair of pants.

At Fritz's, opposite the postoffice, you can always find a glass of good beer. tf

Adam never had a tight bureau drawer at which he was tugging come out suddenly and set him down with such vehemence as to knock four square feet of plastering off the ceiling.

Lewis charges only living rates for livery.

Adam never went down town trying to remember an injunction to get a wash board, a pound of soap, a ball of tape, a bottle of infant food, a spool of garnet sewing silk, a paper of hairpins, two yards of pink mosquito netting and a mouse trap.

White's have sold forty Garden City Plows. tf

Stability is the best kind of ability.

Run into Lieb's and get a glass of beer. tf

A Georgia paper extols "the natural advantages of the Fort Gaines Cemetery."

A good square meal can be had at Dr. Fox's restaurant opposite the postoffice for twenty-five cents. tf

Justice is always represented as blind, but the goddess is, nevertheless, constantly being blinded.

1,000 men wanted to drink beer at Fritz's.

A leading society belle—libel.

Glidden Barbed Wire, best made, at White's. tf

Bonner is worth $7,000,000—a regular storied earn.

Yum—Yum—Yum—Yum—Yum at Newbold's. tf

John the Baptist isn't the only man who has lost his head in the dance.

Take a smoke? Let's go to Lieb's. tf

"I would die for you," she exclaimed, pillowing her head upon his shoulder. "Oh, no, you needn't darling," was his quick reply. "I like red hair."

Fritz's beer is refreshing these warm days.

"I will support my reputation by publishing a newspaper, and my family by sawing wood."

Best double and single rigs at Lewis's. tf

The board of education—the schoolmaster's shingle.

If you want Barbed Wire see White's. tf

St. Louis believes in cheap fares. A ten-cent beauty show has been inaugurated there.

Largest assortment of Summer Hats at Rimpau's. tf

Women and chickens are much alike in one respect—neither like to come out in a strong wind.

Fresh bread every day during the warm weather at the Anaheim Bakery. tf

A man with a head the shape and color of a calf's is now on exhibition in Paris. He is doubtless the original dude.

Try Newbold's genuine Manilla Cigars. Five cents. tf

There are numerous new styles of parasols displayed this spring, but all will be worn just high enough to take out the eyes of reckless pedestrians.

Lager beer always fresh at Martin Classen's. tf

The best fancy groceries at Joe Helmsen's. tf

Four little girls under thirteen years of age turn out about 15,000 paper torpedoes in a day in Boston.

White's have the celebrated Mitchell Wagon. tf

There is a sign on a building at Los Angeles, which has been read by a woman, with the aid of the electric light, five miles out at sea. It must have been an ice cream sign.

If you want a nice suit—Rimpau's. tf

All weekly newspapers for sale at Newbold's. tf

A New York man who was married in the morning was a maniac before night. Don't get married in the morning. It gives the bride's mother a whole day to talk to you.

Gade handles goods promptly and carefully. tf

Women don't believe in female suffrage. They so hate to suffer age that they always call themselves about ten years younger than they really are.

There are three thousand carp-ponds in the State of Georgia.

Look at the new style of vineyard plows, the best ever made, at White's. tf

There are six hundred men at work on the New Orleans exposition.

All trucking is promptly done by Gade. tf

For tropical fruit $4,745,357 was paid at the port of New York during 1883.

Stay with the man who stays with you. Gade is here to stay and will do your trucking in first-class style at living rates. tf

Electric currents are now employed to hasten the process of leather tanning.

Frisches Roggen Brod jeder zeit zu haben in der Anaheim Backerei. tf

A mineral glass manufacturing company has been organized in Nashville, Tenn.

Joe Helmsen is agent for all newspapers. tf

A cigarette machine at Durham, N.C., turns out two hundred "smokers" a minute.

Almost everything you want at Joe Helmsen's. tf

Potatoes are down to 12 and 15 cents a bushel in portions of Wyoming county N. Y.

For enterprise, push and fair dealing, Gade takes the lead. He has just received a carload of coal for sale at living rates. tf

Bargains in dress goods at Rimpau Bros. tf


# NEW GOODS!

# Special Bargains.

AT THE

## San Francisco Cash Store

ANAHEIM.

I offer for this week:

FRENCH SATEENS, 1 yd. wide, at 25c per yd., worth 40c.
INDIGO BLUE CAMBRICS, in new patterns, 10c per yd.
FRENCH PRINTED LAWNS, 1 yd. wide, 12½c per yd.
WHITE CARDED PIQUES, at 10c per yd.
FAST COLORED PRINTS, 18 yards for $1.00.

## 50 Dozen

*Ladies and Children's Regular Knitted*

## FANCY COTTON HOSE

AT EXTRAORDINARY LOW PRICES.

## IN GROCERIES and PROVISIONS

I OFFER FOR THIS WEEK:

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| 11 lbs. Light Brown Sugar | for $1.00. |
| 9 lbs. Dry Granulated Sugar | for $1.00. |
| 8 lbs. Costa Rica Coffee (in green beans) | for $1.00. |
| 7 lbs. Rio Coffee (in green beans) | for $1.00. |
| 6½ lbs. Java Coffee (in green beans) | for $1.00. |

And all other goods in proportion.

THE

## San Francisco Cash Store

ANAHEIM.

M. DOBNER.

*Eggs, Butter and other Produce taken at full market rates.*

# M. H. CHEESEMAN.

Store Near the R. R. Depot.

—DEALER IN ALL KINDS OF—

## Farmers' Produce.

Would respectfully call the attention of the public to his

## New Daily Arriving Stock

*Of Merchandise, as well as old stock on hand, that must be sold cheap*

To make room for Fresh Goods.

Call early everybody and secure bargains in goods of old stock as well as new. My motto is: "SMALL PROFITS, QUICK SALES."

Goods delivered FREE to any part of the vicinity.

M. H. CHEESEMAN,

Center Street, West border of Anaheim.

F.A.P.

## May 28th, 1884

Fifth Anniversary

—Of the Order of—

## CHOSEN FRIENDS.

## A GRAND BALL

Will be given under the auspices of

"Magnolia Council."

No. 94, O. C. F.,

*In KROEGER'S HALL,*

—ON—

## Wednesday Even'g,

May 28th.

*A general invitation is extended.*

Tickets, admitting Gentleman and Ladies, $1.00.

Can be had of any member of the Order.

COMMITTEE OF ARRANGEMENTS.—A. W. Steinhart, C. E. Leonard, A. L. Lewis, E. A. White.

RECEPTION COMMITTEE.—W. M. McFadden, H. C. Gade, H. Kroeger, G. Davis.

FLOOR COMMITTEE.—A. Rimpau, F. C. Smythe.

The Purest and Best.

CHEESEMAN'S

BAKING POWDER

I HAVE RECEIVED

—A CARLOAD OF—

*Two-Horse Wheel Cultivators*

Which are for sale at White's.

sp19-1m W. G. POTTER.


## Notice to Contractors.

SEALED PROPOSALS WILL BE RECEIVED BY the Board of Directors of the Anaheim Union Water Company up to 2 o'clock P. M. of

Saturday, May 24th, 1884,

for the cleaning of the Company's ditches in accordance with the specifications prepared by H. C. Kellogg, the Company's engineer, and all work to be accepted subject to his approval.

The Board reserves the right to reject any or all bids.

Direct bids to the undersigned, and endorse the envelope "Proposals to clean ditch."

By order of the Board of Directors.

RICHARD MELROSE, Secretary.

Anaheim, May 13, 1884.


George Hull. Joseph Caldwell.

HULL & CALDWELL,

HAVING PURCHASED THE PATENT RIGHT to manufacture the celebrated

CEMENT PIPE

are now prepared to make and lay the said pipe of any dimension from two inches to four feet in diameter, in any part of Los Angeles county south of and including Anaheim and Westminster Townships.

For information regarding the pipe and prices apply to Hanson & Keith, Anaheim, or to the undersigned, at Westminster. HULL & CALDWELL.

may3

"TRAVELS IN MEXICO AND LIFE AMONG the Mexicans," by Frederick A. Ober. The most fully illustrated and the largest volume work on Mexico ever published. A stirring narrative of a most interesting journey from Yucatan to the Rio Grande in our large octavo volume of nearly 700 pages. Agents wanted. Apply to J. DOWLING & CO., 439 Bush street, San Francisco, Cal. mar15

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*Published every Saturday.*

Richard Melrose,

*EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.*

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## Planters' Hotel,

*ANAHEIM, CAL.*

THIS HOUSE HAVING BEEN THOROUGHLY

**Repaired and Furnished**

—WITH—

Elegant New Furniture

*Is open for the receptron of Guests.*

**Suites of Rooms for Families.**

*The Table and appointments are First-class.*

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**D. W. HUDSON & CO..**

*Real Estate Brokers and General Land Agents*

At Anaheim,

**Los Angeles County, California.**

**Office:—Center Street,**

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**Rents Collected for Non-Residents.**

Those desirous of making profitable

INVESTMENTS

cannot do better than to call on us at our office.

**Correspondence Solicited.**

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**W. H. Masser, M.D.D.S.**
**D. R. Wilder, D.D.S.,**
DENTISTS.

WE RESPECTFULLY ANNOUNCE TO YOU that one of us will visit Anaheim about the 15th of every month to attend to any dental work that you may wish to have done.

We are prepared to execute all bran hes of dentistry in an artistic and substantial manner at a reasonable price.

We replace lost teeth without a plate and place gold crowns on roots and decayed teeth by a new patent process.

We extract teeth without pain by the use of vitalized air. If you have not leisure to come to our office in the city, we will be pleased to call at your residence and do the work there.

Leave orders at Postoffice, Anaheim.

DRS MASSER & WILDER.

Rooms 15 17 and 19 Nadeau Block, Los Angeles

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**Importers, Manufacturers and Dealers in**

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**Agents for the Howe, Eldredge and Victor Sewing Machines**

*Los Angeles Street, : : Anaheim.*

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**Corner of Center and Los Angeles Sts.**

HAVING JUST RECEIVED AN INVOICE OF

*French "Martel" Cognac, Brandy, Claret and Champagne*

direct from "La Belle France," all specially adapted for medicinal purposes, I now propose to sell them in any desired quantity at very low prices.

**Kentucky Whiskey,** imported direct from the famous Free Stone District, Covington, Kentucky, I make a specialty of.

**English Ale and Porter** by the bottle; also Milwaukee Beer in connection with all home distilled or fermented Liquors, Wines and Beer.

CIGARS

of exquisite flavor in retail or by the box.

BEVERAGES of every description compounded in a scientific manner.

An experience of 20 years in the wholesale and retail liquor business enables me to guarantee satisfaction to all who favor me with a call and I trust their names may be legion.

may17-44 P. GRANET.

## Oil Lands for Sale

**At Petrolia, Six Miles North of Anaheim.**

In Soquel Canyon, 240 acres at $30 per acre.
Also 80 acres in Brea Canyon, $60 per acre.
Also 320 acres in Telegraph Canyon at $15 per acre Title, U. S. Patent.
These lands are in the heart of the petroleum oil belt, with acres of asphaltum or brea beds and numerous oil springs. Near these lands is one producing oil well with two more being drilled.
Shallow wells of heavy lubricating oil can be obtained at slight depths on all of these lands
Inquire of the owner, B. CHANDLER,
Roy la Heights, or address P. O. Box 884,
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## Sulphur.

THE UNDERSIGNED HAS FOR SALE SULPHUR especially adapted for vineyards, at lowest rates.
S. DREYFUS & CO.,
sp19 Anaheim.

A PRIZE. Send six cents for postage and receive free, a costly box of goods which will help all, of either sex, to more money right away than anything else in this world. Fortunes await the workers absolutely sure. At once address Tuue & Co., Augusta, Maine. mch15-ly

THIS PAPER may be found on file at Geo. P. Rowell & Co's Newspaper Advertising Bureau (10 Spruce St.), where advertising may be made for it in NEW YORK.


## THE WIDDER BUDD.

BY HOSMER J. HALL.

"In fifty, I'm fair, an' without a grey hair,
An' I'm just as young as a girl.
When I think of Jeroboam Lee, I declare
It sets me all into a whirl.
Last night he was here, an' I told him to clear,
An' say I now married he did level;
Perhaps I was rash, but he's after my cash;
I see through his plans like a book.

Some offers I've had that I cannot call bad.
There was Jackson Philander Breeze—
He'd a fortin' and fer, when he wanted a hir,
If he hadn't so flustrated sue.
It took me so quick, that it felt like a kick.
Wy! I flew at his pint at once.
Say I, "You kin go; I'm not needin' a beau."
I acted; I know like a dunce.

See he, or he rose, "I hev come to propose"—
I stepped him above he began—
"You better hev gone see Hepzibah Stow;
I won't be let down in a pan."
"Marine," see he, "Widder Tompkins see me
Can strike up a bargain, I know,
An, verily! we've spun many a yarn,
Wy! I guess that I better hed go."

He picked up his hat from the chair where he sat,
An' he solemnly started a way.
Sez I, with a look that I'm sure he overtook,
"If you're perfectly welcome to stay—"
My face it grew red one yet wayes shed;
I thought for the land I should sink.
Sez he, "I am done, good-sweet, festive one."
I wish he'd a known how I felt.

Toddey Isaac Beers, with his snickers an' sneers,
When here he set a-cy'er-ca-ting,
Dropped in, just so me about buyin' my steers,
An' I settled the sale on my claim.
Sez I, "you jest quit, I don't like you a bit,
If you're perfectly welcome to stay—"
You'd better believe till Jane's cold in her grave,
You won't come your sawder on me."

When dear David died, as I sat by his side,
He hitched up my head in his own,
He squared it scrapin', an' his eye, with a smile,
"You'll soon be a widder alone.
An' when I am gone, don't you fuss or take on
Like a fool Widder Dorothy Dy;
Look out for your pile of your money spile,
Nor throw your affections away."

My children are grown and got homes of their own,
They're doin' as well as they can,
An' I'm gettin' rich of the fifth notion,
I would, if I hadn't a man,
For David he's one to the mansions above,
His body is cold in the ground,
Ef you know of a man who would marry for love,
Send him an' send him around.

## A SWIM FOR LIFE.

**A Western Episode.**

"Say, stranger, there's something wrong yonder, ain't there?"

Thus spoke a rough-looking miner on the outskirts of the camp to a Mexican who was walking hastily past. The stranger understood but imperfectly the remark addressed to him, but he replied, "Horses stole," and proceeded on his way, his long spurs jingling at every step.

The miner looked after him anxiously, and, when he had disappeared down the hill, turned toward the saloon, muttering something about horse-thieves and hanging, and strolled, or, as he would have himself said, "loafed" into the bar, where an excited assembly was gathered.

"Wa'll, they've gone clean away;" cried the owner of the missing animals; "and my hosses nor donkeys don't stray by nature. There's been some thieves around, you bet!"

"Like enough; but who's the man? However, if we ketch him, gentlemen, we'll shoot him fair."

"Give him a trial and rope him—that's the cure," said the owner. "And now tew business. My treat, gentlemen. Drinks 'round, and then I'll follow the tracks a bit, and let you know."

Such an offer was not to be slighted. The "drinks" having been fully appreciated by all present, at the expense of their health and brains, the owner of the missing beasts departed to follow the trail, which led toward the canon up the river.

Ogden Smith, or "Soft" Smith, as he was not undeservedly called, had that very morning taken his horses to water downstream, and left them in a safe place pending their disposal. Ogden had been unfortunate in his prospecting. He was neither quick-witted nor quick-tempered, though ready enough with his six-shooter when circumstances seemed to warrant its use. But for this trait, "Soft" Smith would have been stamped with a strong variation of the term "idiot."

He followed the tracks mechanically, and after about half a mile, finding they still led up toward the hills, he returned, and as he strode back, breathing vengeance against his spoilers, he noticed human footprints on the further side of the trail—heavy boot and spur-marks. He felt inclined to track those again, but, knowing the trail would lead to the river, then flooded with melting snows, he decided to return to the camp and enlist the vigilants in his cause.

It has never been correctly ascertained why horse-stealing was then, and is still, regarded as a worse crime than the taking of human life; but that this is the case in the West is undoubted. Many a rough digger was permitted to add to the notches already cut in the pistol-butt, but a horse-thief was hunted down and executed summarily.

Notwithstanding a gathering storm the men in the saloon, as soon as they had heard Ogden Smith's report, determined to do vengeance on the criminal. The sufferer, meantime, met with much sympathy, and "dust"—gold dust, that passed for currency—was freely shaken into Ogden's hat in the bar-room. The discussion as to whom the thief might be was waxing warm, when a voice cried:

"Reckon some Mexican's had a hand in this game."

This suggestion was at once adopted, and Bill, the miner, said:

"Aye, then I can show him. I saw him on the hill above this morning. Did you notice any tracks?"

"I did," replied Smith, eagerly. "Large boots and spur marks, too. That's the man!"

"We'll go for him. Who knows his place?"

Several present did, and one man added:

"He's a mighty quick shot, you may depend."

"We're more of us than him," was the answer of the leader. "He can't fix us all. Now, gentlemen, we must proceed reg'lar. 'Panel a jury, if you please; but there is no use in wasting time."

The jury was quickly chosen, and, in order to avoid unnecessary delay, horses were brought out, and the whole party rode through the driving rain and tempest to the Mexican's hut.

The door was burst open, and, before the surprised occupant could use his weapon, he was seized and bound and thrown helpless on the floor. Before he was disabled, however, he managed to seize and retain a small knife, which he thrust into his sleeve.

To his questions he got but scant replies. The jury were ushered into a small shed, and told to deliberate upon their verdict, after a few questions had been put to the criminal, who protested his innocence.

One bystander, more humane than the rest, volunteered to act as prisoner's advocate, and addressed the jury as a matter of form, for he knew the stranger's doom was sealed.

After a pause the jury again retired, and in a few minutes the self-appointed judge, knocking at the door, asked for the verdict. To the astonishment of the bystanders, the answer was, "Not guilty!"

A cry of joy escaped the Mexican; an exclamation of disappointment was vented by Ogden Smith. But the Judge drew his revolver, and, beckoning to the committee, replied calmly:

"Gentlemen, you'll have to do better than that. Try again; and this time attend to the evidence."

He handled his pistol mendacingly as he spoke, and the jury retired again.

They were not long left undisturbed, for time was passing, the tempest was increasing in severity, and the committee had some distance to ride that night. In five minutes the Judge again called them, and this time the obedient twelve gave the verdict "Guilty!"

"Quite correct," said the Judge. "I approve. It's a verdict. Carry out the sentence, yew," he added, to two of his associates. "And now, gentlemen, I think we've done our duty. The hosses wait. Has yew anything to say?" he inquired of the criminal.

The poor man pleaded earnestly for mercy, and protested his innocence wildly, but it was useless. The majority of the party then left the hut, and the two men, placing their unhappy prisoner astride a mule, unbound him, except for a turn of the rope on his left wrist, and walked beside him to the place of execution. There his outer clothing was taken from him, and his boots—those fatal witnesses—laid aside. He was then fastened to a tree. The place of execution had been well chosen. It was a low point jutting out into the river just below the rapids. The current was running swiftly, swollen by the melting snows and the tremendous rain, which was still descending in torrents. From this point the river descended rapidly. Higher up, but then obscured by the thickly falling rain and mist, was a high ridge, which projected across the river, and formed a sort of bow-like recesure, in the center of which was (and is) a small wooded island.

Below this spot the river divides. It becomes narrower, and passing on the right side over a small, rocky breakwater, or natural barrier, it takes a tremendous leap sheer 100 feet over the rock, spreading out from the base many feet in its descent. On the left side of the island the stream has worn away the rock to a great extent, and on that side the water hurries down a rapid at a deep angle, and at the bottom meets deep water, which drives in a swift current over the right shore, to a strip of beach or low ground—a watering station for animals.

The men charged with the execution had well chosen the place. The prisoner stood with hands clasped as one of his guardians was making preparations, and the other stood ready to fire should the poor wretch attempt to escape. One was adjusting the cord upon a neighboring tree, underneath which the knife had been already left, when an exclamation from him made the other guardian turn his head. The quick-eyed Mexican seized his opportunity. With a swift sweep of his right hand he severed with **the concealed knife the rope at his wrist, and with a desperate backward spring he threw himself into the eddying, boiling river.**

The heavy splash was the first intimation that the other men had of the Mexican's escape; and, with revolver ready, one waited till the swimmer should reappear. He rose, and struck out boldly for the opposite shore. The man raised the pistol, when his companion stayed his arm.

"Give him a chance, Bob," he said. "You or me may want a good turn some day; and beside, I don't b'lieve he lifted them animals. Soft Smith's an idjit."

"Well, mebbe yer right," replied the other, as he returned his pistol. "Poor chap!" he added, with a touch of feeling to which he had long been a stranger. "Poor chap! the fall will save us the job, anyhow."

"He's gone!" replied the other. "He can't git over, eh?"

"You bet!" exclaimed his companion. "He's right enough, I do declare; he'll git out now!"

Meantime the unfortunate fugitive was struggling vigorously to gain the center of the stream. He was swimming strongly, hand over hand, and every now and then he cast a glance at the ridge of rocks that fringed the rapid leading to the fall of a sheer hundred feet. Could he clear this he might be saved. He was making good way, but ever being drawn nearer and nearer by the resistless current to his destruction. The men on shore watched his progress with feverish anxiety. Another yard or two and he would gain the rocky ledge which ended the fall and where the less-dangerous rapids began. Would he last?

The men clasped hands in their strong excitement, and by a simultaneous impulse cheered the swimmer on. The poor wretch heard it. It gave him courage. One minute more and he would be clear; with renewed energy he strove, and with a despairing effort clutched the rock. His legs swung for a second into the milky mass of water above the cataract. Could he bear the strain? A cheer from the shore; a mighty effort—swung himself over, and with a long, sweeping stroke dashed down the rapids and disappeared.

* * * * *

The men turned away, breathing more freely, and returned as hastily as possible to camp to report. The storm still continued; the river had run up the creek, and it was nightfall ere, wet to the skin and chilled to the bones, they gained the saloon. Here all was confusion; twenty tongues were speaking at once, and all condemning "Soft" Smith. The "Judge" was present, and as the two men entered he said, "I'm kinder sorry we hanged that Mexican. We've done him an injury, boys, I'm afeard."

"Save trouble in the end, mebbe," said another. But the Judge shook his head.

"What's the matter?" inquired the late comers.

"Why, Soft Smith's a fool. He's found his beasts safe at home, where they went o' themselves, having broke halter. The tracks was the Mexican's tracks, but only to his own location. We've done that man a wrong, and I'm ready to apologize; I can't say fairer. Here's his health!"

A voice from the doorway replied: "I drink to that!" and as all eyes were turned in the direction of the sound, a ragged, half-naked form, the limbs bruised and bleeding from deep scratches, walked up to the bar. Terror sat upon every countenance. The visitor was the Mexican.

"Didn't ye—didn't ye hang him?" gasped the sturdy but superstitious Judge to his deputies.

"Guess not," replied one of the pair addressed. "He slipped into the river and swam across the Cataract Rapid."

"Thunder! but I'm glad. Here's wet hat, boys; fill in your dust now, and let him have it."

No second bidding was needed. Very soon the heap of gold-dust had reached a goodly pile, to which Soft Smith was a most liberal contributor.

Ogden Smith was considerably laughed at, but the Mexican was regarded as a hero and prospered. The camp in time was broken up, but there are many still alive who remember that swim for life across the Small Snake river.

### Clothing and Disease.

It may not, perhaps, be known that a man wearing dark clothes is more liable to infection from contagious diseases than he who wears light-colored garments, because particles which emanate from diseased or decaying bodies are much more readily absorbed by dark than by light fabrics. This is easy of proof. Expose a light and dark coat to the fumes of tobacco for five minutes and it will be found that the dark one smells stronger than the other of tobacco smoke, and it will retain the odor longer.

Tuolumne can scarcely ever be heard more than twenty or thirty miles from any hill that produced it.

### *Hoppers in Yolo.*

R. B. Blowers says that he is now fighting the grapevine leaf-hopper in his vineyard near Woodland, by using about five pounds of home-made soap and the same amount of sulphur, to forty gallons of water. It is applied with three fountain pumps at one time on the vine, the workmen standing equidistant, the vine being the center of the triangle. The spray carries the hoppers to the ground, and two or three dashes of spray complete that part of the work. Two men, with shovels, as quickly as possible cover the hoppers with fine earth sufficiently deep to prevent their resurrection. The wash is also a good antifungoid preparation. The earth thrown around the vines is intended for their first dressing, so that the expense of the shovelers should not be charged to the hopper fight.





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Sole Agent for the celebrated Optical Instrument, Spectacles and Eye-Glasses (Adjustable) Improved Eye Water for weak eyes and sore eyes.

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Plows, Cultivators, Harows

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Manufactured by Foust & Tracey Manufacturing Company of Chicago, of materials and guaranteed in every respect. Sold by

A. E. & E. A. WHITE.

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*PASTURAGE.*

AN UNLIMITED QUANTITY OF HORSES Taken on pasturage at the alfalfa ranch of J.W. Sixby in Santa Ana Canyon. Terms—$2 50 per month. For further information apply to

P. DAVIS & Bro., Anaheim.

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THE ATTENTION OF HOUSEKEEPERS AND the public in general is called to the following facts:

The value of Baking Powder is determined by the amount of pure it contains and the freedom of the article from any injurious ingredients. The GIANT BAKING POWDER is absolutely pure, and contains about one-quarter more gas than any brand of Baking Powder in use on the Coast. Three cans of GIANT BAKING POWDER are equal to four cans of any other brand. Study economy and use none other. Your grocer will furnish you with a sample can free. Try it.

**FACTS.**

SAN FRANCISCO, July 13, 1883.

DOTHIN MANUFACTURING CO.:

GENTLEMEN: The sample of GIANT BAKING POWDER you handed me, also samples of the following brands of Baking Powders purchased by me in open market, I have tested for total quantity of available gas, with results as follows:

GIANT 196 cubic inches per ounce avoirdupois.
ROYAL, 139 cubic inches.
NEW ENGLAND, 115 cubic inches.
PIONEER, 107 cubic inches.
GOLDEN GATE, 107 cubic inches.
DR. PRICE'S, 90 cubic inches.

Yours, respectfully,
THOMAS PRICE, Chemist.

SAN FRANCISCO Sept. 24, 1883.

H. E. BOTHIN, President Bothin Manufacturing Co.

DEAR SIR: After a careful and complete chemical analysis of a can of GIANT BAKING POWDER, purchased by us in open market, we find that it does not contain alum, acid phosphate, terra alba, or any injurious substances, but is a pure, healthful Cream Tartar Baking Powder, and as such can recommend it to consumers.

Yours, respectfully,
WM. T. WENZELL & CO.,
Analytic Chemist.

We concur:
R. BEVERLY COLE, M. D.
J. L. MEARNS, M. D., Health officer.
ALFRED W. PERAY, M. D. } Members of the
W. A. DOUGLASS, M. D. } San Francisco
ADOLPH ALSEN, M. D. } Board of Health.

MANUFACTURED BY THE

**BOTHIN MANUFACTURING COMPANY**

17 AND 19 MAIN ST., SAN FRANCISCO

FOR SALE BY ALL DEALERS



## LUMBER YARD

PLANING, SAWING,

—AND—

MOULDING MILLS.

—OF—

## Saxton & Cox,

Anaheim.

NEAR THE RAILROAD DEPOT

**All Varieties of Pine, Redwood and Spruce**

LUMBER!

Doors, Sashes, and Blinds, Grape Boxes, Fruit Boxes, Bee-Hives, and Fruit Dryers.

**Builders' Hardware and Nails**

Plain and Fancy SCROLL SAWING at Short Notice

## Anaheim Grist Mill!

**Grain, Feed, Meal, etc, of all Varieties**

CORN SHELLED AND SHIPPED.

ANAHEIM STORAGE

WAREHOUSE.

GRAIN, WOOL, AND GENERAL MERCHANDISE TAKEN ON STORAGE.

GRAIN SACKS and TWINE constantly on hand

CONSIGNMENTS SOLICITED

Of all kinds of PRODUCE. Advances made, MERCHANDISE forwarded and sold on Commission in best Markets.

QUICK TIME AND CHEAP FARES

*To Eastern and European Cities*

Via the Great Trans-continental All-Rail Routes,

CENTRAL PACIFIC R. R.

—OR—

SOUTHERN PACIFIC R. R.

Daily Express and Emigrant Trains make prompt connections with the several railway lines in the East.

—CONNECTING AT—

New York and New Orleans

with the several Steamer Lines to

ALL EUROPEAN PORTS.

PULLMAN PALACE SLEEPING CARS

attached to Overland Express Trains;

*THIRD-CLASS SLEEPING CARS*

are run daily with Overland Emigrant Trains. No additional charge for Berths in Third-Class Cars.

☞ Tickets sold, Sleeping car Berths secured, and other information given upon application at the Company's offices, where passengers calling in person can secure choice of routes, etc.

RAILROAD LANDS

—IN—

*NEVADA, CALIFORNIA AND TEXAS,*

For sale on reasonable terms.

Apply to, or address

W. H. MILLS, Land Agent, C. P. R. R. Co., San Francisco.
JEROME MADDEN, Land Agent, S. P. R. R. Co., San Francisco.

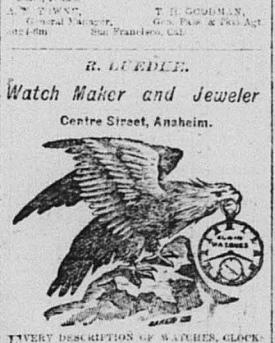
Or H. B. ANDREWS, Land Commissioner, G. H. & S. A. Ry. Co., San Antonio, Texas.

A. N. TOWNE, General Manager.
T. H. GOODMAN, Gen. Pass. & Ticket Agt.
apr4-6m San Francisco, Cal.

*R. LUEDER.*

*Watch Maker and Jeweler*

Centre Street, Anaheim.



EVERY DESCRIPTION OF WATCHES, CLOCKS and Jewelry carefully repaired and warranted. A fine assortment of

Elgin and Waltham Watches.

JEWELRY AND CLOCKS ALWAYS ON HAND

The BUYERS' GUIDE is issued March and Sept., each year: 216 pages, 8½ x 11¼ inches, with over 3,300 illustrations—a whole picture gallery. Gives wholesale prices *direct to consumers* on all goods for personal or family use. Tells how to order, and gives exact cost of everything you use, eat, drink, wear, or have fun with. These invaluable books contain information gleaned from the markets of the world. We will mail a copy Free to any address upon receipt of the postage—7 cents. Let us hear from you.

Respectfully,

MONTGOMERY WARD & CO.

227 & 229 Wabash Avenue, Chicago, Ill.

HOSTETTER'S
CELEBRATED



STOMACH
BITTERS

**Regeneration for Enfeebled Systems,** suffering from a general want of tone, and Remedial concomitants, dyspepsia and nervousness, is seldom derivable from the use of a nourishing diet and stimuli of appetite, unaided. A medicine that will effect a removal of the specific obstacle to renewed health and vigor, that is a genuine corrective, is the real need. It is the possession of this great requirement which makes Hostetter's Stomach Bitters so effective as an invigorant. For sale by all druggists and dealers generally.

## BANK OF ANAHEIM.

*CAPITAL STOCK,*

$100,000.00.

PLEZ JAMES.....PRESIDENT

G. B. SHAFFER.....SECRETARY

*BOARD OF DIRECTORS:*

E. F. SPENCE, W. H. MABURY,
W. K. JAMES,
S. H. MOTT, P. JAMES.

*This Bank receives Deposits, Loans Money, Buys and Sells Exchange and Currency, makes Collections and transacts a General Banking Business.*

CORRESPONDENTS.

FIRST NATIONAL BANK, Los Angeles. FARMERS AND MERCHANTS BANK, Los Angeles. PACIFIC BANK, San Francisco. FIRST NATIONAL BANK New York.

DRAFTS, LETTERS OF CREDIT OR POSTAL orders issued on Banks in the principal cities in all European countries.

Tickets entitling the holder to passage from New York to the several ports of England, France or Germany, or from any port in those countries to New York, via the Hamburg American Packet Company and at regular rates. Return tickets at a reduction.

Certificates, entitling the holder to passage on railroad from San Francisco to New York, or vice versa, issued at the established rate.

Persons in Anaheim or vicinity desiring to send to any point in the countries named for any relative or friend can purchase tickets here and forward them to the proper person by mail

FIRST

NATIONAL

BANK

—OF—

Los Angeles.

*PRESIDENT:*

E. F. Spence.

*CASHIER:*

W. Lacy.

Eureka! Eureka! Eureka!

The long desired

TEA

*Free from all poisonous mixtures,* that makes a healthy drink of delicious flavor, can now be had at the

Store near the Depot.

Call for the "Mayflower" brand and test its merits. Also when there sample the various

COFFEES

that have been provided for his customers by

*M. H. CHEESEMAN.*

COOPERAGE

A LARGE QUANTITY OF

BARRELS, HALF BARRELS,

10 Gallon and 5 Gallon Kegs

For Sale Cheap.

Apply to B. DREYFUS & CO. Anaheim

OSTRICH FARM.

IT HAVING BEEN FOUND NECESSARY TO close the above farm to visitors, notice is hereby given that all persons trespassing on the said ran

WILL BE PROSECUTED.

Visitors wishing to see the birds can do so on Sundays and Wednesdays only, and the price of admission to the farm is fifty cents each.

Tickets of admission to the farm can be purchased at the office of the GAZETTE or at the Anaheim Hotel.

☞ ALL DOGS BROUGHT ON THE FARM WILL BE SHOT.

C. J. SKETCHLEY,
Superintendent California Ostrich Farming Company
sep20

The Victor Mower,

The only Mowing Machine made in California.

—OHIO BUCKEYE,—

Latest Improved.

**Walter A. Wood's Mowing Machines,**

And all kinds of

HAY RAKES

For sale by JACOB YARGER.

apr19

## *Pacific Coast Steamship*

COMPANY.

GOODALL, PERKINS & CO. General Agents, San Francisco.

NORTHERN ROUTES.

STEAMERS LEAVE SAN FRANCISCO

For Wrangle, Sitka and Harrisburg, Alaska; and Nanaimo and New Westminster, B. C., as advertised in San Francisco newspapers.

For Victoria, Port Townsend, Seattle, Tacoma, Steilacoom and Olympia on May 6th, 11th, 16th, 21st 26th and 31st, at 10 A. M.

For Astoria and Portland, May 2, 6, 10, 14, 18, 22, 26 and 30, at 10 A. M.

For Eureka, Arcata and Hookton, every Wednesday.

For Point Arena, Cleary's Cove, Little River, Whitesboro, Mendocino City and Noyo every Monday.

SOUTHERN ROUTES

TIME TABLE FOR MAY.

| STEAMERS. | Leave San Francisco | Arrive Port Los Angeles | Leave Port Los Angeles | Arrive San Francisco |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Los Angeles | May 2 | May 4 | 5 | May 7 |
| Orizaba | " 6 | " 8 | " 9 | " 11 |
| Eureka | " 10 | " 12 | " 13 | " 15 |
| Santa Rosa | " 10 | " 12 | " 13 | " 15 |
| Los Angeles | " 12 | " 14 | " 15 | " 18 |
| Orizaba | " 15 | " 17 | " 19 | " 21 |
| Eureka | " 17 | " 19 | " 20 | " 22 |
| Santa Rosa | " 20 | " 22 | " 24 | " 26 |
| Los Angeles | " 22 | " 24 | " 25 | " 28 |
| Orizaba | " 25 | " 27 | " 29 | " 31 |
| Eureka | " 27 | " 29 | " 30 | June 2 |
| Santa Rosa | " 30 | June 1 | June 3 | " 5 |

Steamers Santa Rosa and Orizaba go through to San Diego, leaving San Pedro on the dates of their arrivals from San Francisco.

The Santa Rosa and Orizaba call at Santa Barbara and Port Harford (San Luis Obispo) only on the route to and from San Francisco.

Cars to connect with steamers leave S. P. R. R. Depot, Los Angeles, as follows:

With Santa Rosa and Orizaba, going north, at 10 o'clock, A. M.; going south, at 4 o'clock, P. M.

With Los Angeles and Eureka, going north, at 4 o'clock, P. M.

Railroad time.

RATES OF FARE FROM LOS ANGELES.

| | CABIN. | STEERAGE |
|---|---|---|
| To San Francisco, Monterey or Santa Cruz | $15 00 | $10 00 |
| To San Simeon | 13 00 | 10 00 |
| To Cayucos | 13 00 | 10 00 |
| To Port Harford | 12 00 | 8 00 |
| To Gaviota | 10 00 | 8 00 |
| To Santa Barbara | 8 00 | 6 00 |
| To San Buenaventura | 7 00 | 5 00 |
| To San Diego | 6 00 | 5 00 |
| To San Diego and return | 11 00 | |

Plans of steamers' cabins at agent's office, where berth s may be secured.

For Newport Landing, via Santa Cruz, etc., freight steamers leave San Francisco about every two weeks, as tides serve on the Newport bar.

The Company reserve the right to change the steamers, or their days of sailing.

For passage or freight; as above, or for Tickets to and from

All Important Points in Europe,

Apply to H. MCLELLAN, Agent.
OFFICE—No. 8 Commercial Street, Los Angeles.

# FIRE

Insurance

Agency.

I beg to inform the citizens of this vicinity that I am agent for the following first-class Fire Insurance Companies:

GIRARD, of Philadelphia
AGRICULTURAL, of Watertown
SCOTTISH UNION AND NATIONAL
HARTFORD, of Hartford
St. PAUL, of St. Paul
TEUTONIA, of New Orleans
NEW ORLEANS, of New Orleans
FIRE INSURANCE ASSOCIATION of London, England.
COMMERCIAL UNION, of London, Capital $12,500,000
CITY OF LONDON, Capital $10,000,000
SOUTH BRITISH AND NATIONAL, Capital $10,000,000

All of the above named Companies are staunch and reliable, and insurers can have their choice of Companies.

Richard Melrose,


*FARMERS' DITCH COMPANY.*

Principal place of business, Orangethorpe, Los Angeles County, California.

*Delinquent Notice.*

NOTICE—THERE ARE DELINQUENT UPON the following described stock on account of Assessment No. 5, levied March 20th, 1884, the several amounts set opposite the names of the respective stockholders:

| Names of Shareholders. | No. Shares | Amt due |
|---|---|---|
| Chilson, S. L. | 20 | $20 00 |
| Burrell, H. | 15 | 15 00 |
| Cox, E. | 20 | 20 00 |
| Miles, D. E. | 20 | 20 00 |
| Rust, C. O. | 5 | 5 00 |
| Hills, Chas. | 5 | 5 00 |
| Miles, C. S. | 5 | 5 00 |
| Miles, Estate of | 5 | 5 00 |

And in accordance with law, and an order of the Board of Directors, made on March 22d, 1884, so many shares of each parcel of said stock as may be necessary will be sold at public auction at the Orangethorpe school house on

The 10th day of May, 1884,

At 3 o'clock P. M. of said day to pay said delinquent assessments together with costs of advertising and expenses of sale.

By order of the Board of Directors.

C. H. ZEYS, Secretary.

Anaheim, April 22, 1884. sp26

**Postponement.**

The above sale is postponed until Saturday, May 24th, 1884, at 3 o'clock, P. M., at the Orangethorpe school house.

By order of the Board of Directors.

C. H. ZEYS, Secretary.

Anaheim, May 10th, 1884.


MAN WO,

Retail Dealer in

## Chinese Goods.

**EMPLOYMENT OFFICE**

—FOR—

Chinese Labor.

may10-1m


"TRAVELS IN MEXICO AND LIFE AMONG the Mexicans," by Frederick A. Ober. The most fully illustrated and the largest popular work on Mexico ever published. A stirring narrative of a most interesting journey from Yucatan to the Rio Grande in one large octavo volume of nearly 700 pages. Profusely illustrated. Apply to J. DOWLING & Co., 620 Sansome street, San Francisco, Cal. mar15