WEEKLY

ANAHEIM GAZETTE.

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Masonic Notice.

THE REGULAR MEETINGS OF ANAheim Lodge No 207, F. and A. M. are held in Masonic Hall on the Monday evening on or preceding the full moon in each month Sojourning brethren in good standing are cordially invited to attend. THEO. REISER, W. M.
S. GARDNER, Secretary.

THE DEMOCRATIC PLATFORM.

The Democratic party of the Union, through its representatives in National Convention assembled, recognizes that as the nation grows older new issues are born of time and progress, and old issues perish; but the fundamental principles of the Democracy, approved by the united voice of the people, remain, and will ever remain as the best and only security for the continuance of free government. The preservation of personal rights, the equality of all citizens before the law, the reserved rights of the States, and the supremacy of the Federal Government within the limits of the Constitution, will ever form the true basis of our liberties, and can never be surrendered without destroying that balance of rights and powers which enables a continent to be developed in peace and social order, to be maintained by means of local self-government. But it is indispensable for the practical application and enforcement of these fundamental principles, that the Government should not always be controlled by one political party. Frequent change in administration is as necessary as constant recurrence to the popular will. Otherwise, abuses grow, and the Government is an instrumentality for imposing heavy burdens on the many who are governed for the benefit of the few who govern. Public servants thus become arbitrary rulers. This is now the condition of the country—hence a change is demanded.

The Republican party, so far as principle is concerned, is a reminiscence. In practice it is an organization for enriching those who control its machinery. The frauds and jobbery which have been brought to light in every department of the Government are sufficient to have called for reform within the Republican party; yet those in authority, made reckless by the long possession of power, have succumbed to its corrupting influence and have placed in nomination a ticket against which the Independent portion of the party are in open revolt. Therefore a change is demanded. Such a change was alike necessary in 1876, but the will of the people was then defeated by a fraud which can never be forgotten nor condoned. Again in 1880, the change demanded by the people was defeated by the lavish use of money, contributed by unscrupulous contractors and shameless jobbers, who had bargained for unlawful profits or for high office.

The Republican party, during its legal, its stolen and its bought tenures of power, has steadily decayed in moral character and political capacity. Its platform promises are now a list of its past failures. It demands the restoration of our navy; it has squandered hundreds of millions to create a navy that does not exist. It calls upon Congress to remove the burdens under which American shipping has been depressed; it imposed and has continued those burdens. It professes a preference for free institutions; it organized and tried to legalize a control of State elections by Federal troops. It professes a desire to elevate labor; it has subjected American workingmen to the competition of convict and imported contract labor. It professes gratitude to all who are disabled or died in the war, leaving widows and orphans; it left to a Democratic House of Representatives the first effort to equalize both bounties and pensions. It proffered a pledge to correct the irregularities of our tariff; it created and has continued them. Its own Tariff Commission confessed the need of more than a 20 per cent. reduction; its Congress gave a reduction of less than 4 per cent. It professes the protection of American manufactures; it has subjected them to an increasing flood of manufactured goods and a hopeless competition with manufacturing nations, not one of which taxes raw materials. It professes to protect all American industries; it has impoverished many to subsidize a few. It professes the protection of American labor; it has depleted the returns of American agriculture, an industry followed by half our people. It professes the equality of all citizens before the law, attempting to fix the status of colored citizens; the acts of its Congress were overset by the decisions of its courts. It "accepts anew the duty of leading in the work of progress and reform." Its caught criminals are permitted to escape through contrived or actual connivance in the prosecution. Honeycombed with corruption, outbreaking exposures no longer shock its moral sense. Its honest members, its independent journals no longer maintain a successful contest for authority in its counsels or a veto on bad nominations. That a change is necessary is proved by an existing surplus of more than $100,000,000, which has yearly been collected from a suffering people; unnecessary taxation is unjust taxation.

We denounce the Republican party for having failed to relieve the people from crushing war taxes, which have paralyzed business, crippled industry, and deprived labor of employment and of just reward. The Democracy pledges itself to purify the administration from corruption, to restore economy, to revive respect for law, and to reduce taxation to the lowest limit consistent with a due regard to the preservation of the faith of the nation to its creditors and pensioners.

Knowing full well that legislation affecting the business interests of the people should be cautious and conservative in method, not in advance of public opinion, but responsive to its demands, the Democratic party is pledged to revise the tariff in a spirit of fairness to all interests; but in making a reduction in taxes it is not prepared to injure any domestic industries, but rather to promote their healthy growth. From the foundation of this Government, taxes collected at the Custom House have been the chief source of Federal Revenue; such they must continue to be. Moreover, many industries have come to rely upon legislation for a successful continuance, so that a change of the law must be at every step regardful of the labor and capital thus involved. The process of reform must be subject to the execution of the plain dictates of justice. All taxation should be limited to the requirements of an economical goverment; the necessary reduction in taxation can and must be effected without depriving America's labor of the ability to compete successfully with foreign labor, and without imposing lower rates of duty than will be ample to cover any increased cost of expenditure which may exist in consequence of the higher rate of wages prevailing in this country.

Sufficient revenue to pay all expenses of the Federal Government, economically administered, including pensions, interest and the principal of the public debt, can be got under our present system of taxation from Custom House taxes on a few imported articles, bearing the heaviest on the articles of luxury, and bearing the lightest on articles of necessity. We, therefore, denounce the abuses of the existing tariff, and, subject to limitations, we demand that Federal taxation shall be exclusively for public purposes, and shall not exceed the needs of a Government economically administered.

The system of direct taxation known as the "internal revenue" is a war tax, and as long as the law continues in force, the duty derived therefrom should be sacredly devoted to the relief of the people from the remaining burdens of the war and be made a fund to defray the expense of the care and comfort of worthy soldiers disabled in the line of duty in the wars of the republic, and for the payment of such pensions as Congress may from time to time grant to such soldiers, a like fund for the sailors having been already provided, and any surplus should be paid into the Treasury.

We favor an American continental policy based upon more intimate commercial and political relations with the fifteen sister republics of North, Central and South America, but entangling alliances with none.

We believe in honest money, gold and silver coinage, the cultivation and circulation of a medium convertible into such money without loss.

Asserting the equality of all men before the law, we hold that it is the duty of the Government, in its dealings with the people, to mete out equal and exact justice to all citizens of whatever nativity, race, color or persuasion, religious or political.

We believe in a free ballot and a fair count, and we recall to the memory of the people the noble struggle of the Democrats in the Forty-fifth and Forty-sixth Congresses, by which a reluctant Republican opposition was compelled to assent to legislation making everywhere illegal the presence of troops at the polls, as conclusive proof that a Democratic administration will preserve liberty with order.

The election of Federal officers for the Territories should be restricted to citizens previously resident therein.

We oppose sumptuary laws, which vex citizens and interfere with individual liberty. We favor honest civil service reform in the compensation of all United States officers by fixed salaries; the separation of church and State, and the diffusion of free education by common schools, so that every child in the land may be taught the rights and duties of citizenship.

While we favor all legislation which will tend to the equitable distribution of property, to the prevention of monopoly, and to the strict enforcement of individual rights against corporate abuses, we hold that the welfare of society depends on a scrupulous regard for the rights of property as defined by law.

We believe that labor is best rewarded where it is freest and most enlightened; it should be fostered and cherished. We favor the repeal of all laws restricting the free action of labor and the enactment of laws by which labor organizations may be increased, and of all such legislation as will tend to enlighten the people as to the true relations of capital and labor.

We believe that the public lands ought, as far as possible, to be kept as homesteads for actual settlers; that all unearned lands heretofore improvidently granted to railroad corporations by the action of the Republican party should be restored to the public domain, and no more grants shall be made to corporations or be allowed to fall into the ownership of alien absentees.

We are opposed to all propositions which, upon any pretext, would convert the General Government into a machine for the collection of taxes, to be distributed among the States or the citizens thereof. In repeating the the declaration of the Democratic platform of 1856, that "the liberal principles embodied by Jefferson in the Declaration of Independence, and sanctioned in the Constitution, which makes ours the land of liberty and the asylum of the oppressed of every nation has ever been cardinal principles in the Democratic faith," we nevertheless do not sanction the importation of foreign labor or the admission of servile races unfitted by habits, training, religion or kindred for absorption into the great body of our people, or for the citizenship which our laws confer. American civilization demands that against the immigration or importation of Mongolians to these shores our gates be closed, and the Democratic party insists that it is the duty of the Government to protect with equal fidelity and vigilance the rights of its citizens, native or naturalized, at home and abroad; and to the end that protection may be assured, United States papers of naturalization, issued by courts of competent jurisdiction, must be respected by the Executive and Legislative Departments of our Government and by all foreign powers.

It is an imperative duty of this Government to officially protect all the rights of her sons and the property of every American citizen in foreign lands, and demand and enforce full reparation for any invasion thereof. An American citizen is only responsible to his own Government for any act done in his own country or under her flag and law, and can only be tried therefor on her own soil and according to her laws, and no power exists in this Government to expatriate an American citizen to be tried in any foreign land for any such act.

This country never has had a well defined and educated foreign policy save under Democratic administration; that policy has ever been in regard to foreign nations, so long as they do not act detrimental to the interest of the country or hurtful to our citizens, to let them alone. That as the result of this policy, we recall the acquisition of Louisiana, Florida, California and of the adjacent Mexican territory by purchase alone, and contrast these grand acquisitions of Democratic statesmanship with the purchase of Alaska, the sole fruit of a Republican administration of nearly a quarter of a century.

The General Government should care for and improve the Mississippi river and other great waterways of the republic, so as to secure for the interior States easy and cheap transportation to tidewater.

Under a long period of Democratic policy our merchant marine service was fast overtaking and on the point of outstripping that of Great Britain. Under twenty years of Republican rule and policy our commerce has been given to the British, and almost has the American flag been kept off the high seas. Instead of the Republican party's British policy, we demand for the people of the United States an American policy under Democratic rule, a policy under which our merchants and sailors shall fly the stars and stripes in every port, successfully searching out a market for the varied products of American industry. Under a quarter of a century of Republican rule and policy, despite our manifest advantages over all other nations in high-paid labor, favorable climates and teeming soils; despite the freedom and trade among all these United States, their population by the foremost races of men, and the annual immigration of the thrifty and adventurous of all nations; despite our freedom here from inherited burdens of life and industry in the old world monarchies, their costly war navies, their vast tax consuming standing armies; despite twenty years of peace, that Republican rule and policy have managed to surrender to Great Britain, along with our commerce, the control of the markets of the world.

Instead of the Republican party's British policy, we demand on behalf of the American Democracy an American policy.

Instead of the Republican party's false pretenses of friendship to American labor, expressed by imposing taxes, we demand in behalf of the Democracy freedom for American labor by reducing taxes, to the end that these United States may compete with unhindered powers for the permanency among nations in all the arts of peace and fruits of liberty.

With profound regret we have been apprised by the venerable statesman, through whose person was struck that blow at the vital principle of the republic, acquiescence in the will of the majority, that he cannot permit us again to place in his hands the leadership of the Democratic hosts, for the reason that the achievement of reform in the administration of the Federal Government is an undertaking now too heavy for his age and failing strength, rejoicing that his life has been prolonged until the general judgment of our fellow-countrymen is united in the wish that wrong were righted in his person. For the Democracy of the United States we offer to him in his withdrawal from cares, not only our respectful sympathy and esteem, but also that best homage of freemen, the pledge of our devotion to the principles and the course now inseparable in the history of this republic from the name of Samuel J. Tilden.

With this statement of hopes, principles and purposes of the Democratic party, the great issue of reform and change in administration is submitted to the people in calm confidence that the popular voice will pronounce in favor of new men, and new and more favorable conditions for the growth of industry, the extension of trade, the employment and due reward of labor and of capital, and the general welfare of the country.

Reislings.

The virtue of the etherous fragrant substance in the Reisling is its unequalled dainty delicacy, impressing itself in a perfect wine of that grape so intimately and enchantingly that it constitutes the most precious aroma for the finest of white wines. It is also the most difficult perfume to attain in perfection. Its intensity and stability is a most arduous task to produce, so variably it appears in the grapes grown under different circumstances. From my own observations I may affirm that of the highest variety of Reisling the proportionizing of its etherous fragrance being at the press well established, the wine's fermentation having been accomplished consummately, there is no evidence of the diminishing of the bouquet by keeping the wine—quite the contrary. But such instances are few, and the experience of California Reisling growing is too extensively carried on by giving the noble name of Reisling to wines of varieties that can lay no claim to it. Thus the persuasion of the early disappearance of the certainly easily evaporable flavor of Reisling wines of some age has become general. We may suppose that all adverse circumstances considered, the principal our hot summers, we can boast of results with our finest and highest Reisling variety, or perhaps more than one, and the scarce instances of overtopping California Reisling wines are the object of admiration on the part of connoiseurs from the Rhine, where the most enviable qualities can, with attention, in a congenial climate, but under great difficulties, be obtained. The most delicious flavor, the light, pleasant taste, the grand combinations of the acids of the wine, that can be considered a success from the Reisling grape, will always place the variety that can produce it at the head of our vines for white wines. All efforts should be made to plant only the grandest and unique variety, to ferment its juice in the most appropriate and careful manner and rear the wines with all the precautions requisite for the development and preservation of the inherent beauties of the bouquet and taste. Whenever a cask of Reisling wine shows high virtues, and if it be a single pipe of your vintage, keep it. Don't allow it to go with the heard of wines of no character, or perhaps to be sacrificed in a blend to go into consumption before it can attain its true development, for which age and care are necessary. Every pipe of Reisling that can show to the conscientiousness of the most obtuse ollatory sense its qualities of high degree, should be preserved, that after years it may delight the consumer. When fully ripe for the festive treat it will add vastly to the fair fame of California perfections. If we go on ridding ourselves of every cask of wines of quality and do not allow it to be known by its own producer after they have matured, when are we to begin to build up our trade in wines in the right way? And what glory does the grower gather from his care for the vineyard, if we never see what our wines are like after they attain age?

A Young Murderer.

PITTSBURG, July 12.—This afternoon Joseph Sedenetriker, aged 13 years, shot and fatally wounded Charley Eshenbaugh, a little fellow only 6 years old. Young Eshenbaugh, who was an inmate of the Episcopal Home for Children, was with an old lady and several other children playing in an orchard connected with the home, when Sedenetriker, with three other children, entered the grounds. Sedenetriker was flourishing a revolver and the old lady ordered him away. He retorted with an oath, adding, "I'll shoot some of you," and, suiting the action to the words, fired twice. The first shot lodged in a tree and the second took effect in Eshenbaugh's stomach. Sedenetriker and his companions fled and have not yet been captured.

LATER.—Young Sedenetriker was arrested at his home to-night. He says he witnessed the shooting and threw the revolver in the river. The Sedenetriker family is highly respected, but the boy has been rather wayward.

Texas Bronchos for Asia.

NEW YORK, July 12th.—The *Times'* New Orleans special says: This morning the freight train carried out for New York sixteen Texas broncho horses, stallions and mares, the destination of which is Constantinople, animals purchased in Texas by an Agent of the Turkish Minister at Washington, and destined for the plains of Tartary, whence they will be removed to resume their wild life. The object of introducing Texas bronchos into Turkey is to interbreed them with the wild horses of the steppes of Asia with a view of improving the breed.

* * *

C. J. Sketchley, who has had considerable experience in the business, says that ostriches pay better than any other kind of live stock. The farmer could raise feathers for the hats and bonnets of his wife and daughters, and that's an item worthy of consideration, and when the grass crop failed his ostriches would eat up the old fruit-cans, barrel-hoops and stovepipe, and this is another thing in their favor. But the birds should be kept away from the clothes-line when the week's washing is drying. An ostrich would clean the line like a tramp in the night.—*Norristown Herald.*

A SCRAP OF HISTORY.

The Struggle for the Possession of California.

From 1830 till 1846 the British Government contemplated the acquisition of this country. In 1835 there were eight hundred Russians settled near Bodega Bay, where they had herds of cattle and flocks of sheep, and as their presence did not suit the purposes of the British Government the President of the United States was requested to notify the Russian Government that under the then existing treaty between the governments they must be removed, as it was stipulated no Russian settlements should be south of latitude 54° 40′. The notice was immediately given, and the Russian Government ordered its subjects to leave the country. The enforced emigrants bartered their live stock for wheat with Captain John A. Sutter, and sailed for Alaska. From that time until the country come into the possession of the United States, the native population were divided in opinion as to what authority should govern California. Governor Pico, Alvarado and other old settlers favored annexation to Great Britain. General Castro was opposed to any change of government. General Vallejo, who, at the time was commander-in-chief of the Mexican forces, desired annexation to the United States. A meeting of the Departmental Assembly was called by Governor Pico, to meet at Santa Barbara on the 12th of May, 1846, to act upon the important question of government. General Pico first addressed the assembly and severely scathed the American people. The following concluded his remarks:

Gentlemen of the Assembly: We find ourselves surrounded with hordes of Yankees, immigrants who are flocking to our country, and whose progress we cannot resist. Already hundreds of these perfidious people, with their families in great wagons, have crossed the Rocky Mountains, forced their way over trackless deserts, scaled the almost impassable Sierra Nevadas, and now they are taking possession of our fertile valleys, constructing sawmills, building houses, planting vineyards and orchards. What this adventurous people will do next I cannot pretend to say; for they are sure to accomplish everything they undertake, and everything seems quite natural to them. And now, gentlemen, I come to the important question of protection from these dangerous people, and I see no safety nor protection for us but in annexation to England.

An American gentleman, who was present, says Pico's violent speech produced great excitement, and several members were on their feet at once to reply; but the loud, clear voice of General Vallejo at once commanded attention. He said:

Gentlemen of the Assembly—We are republicans, badly situated and badly governed, but situated and governed as we are, we profess to be self-governed, we are yet an independent people, and I would ask why should we be so devoid of patriotism as to be willing to subject ourselves, our children, and our children's children to the caprices of a foreign king, and his oppressive minions. I intend to speak plainly on this important question, and I believe it is for our best interests to be annexed to the United States. Why should we hesitate to incorporate ourselves with the happiest and most progressive people in the world, destined soon to be the wealthiest and most powerful. In uniting ourselves with them we do not become subjects, slaves or peones, but fellow-citizens receiving and enjoying all the privileges of the United States. Look not then with jealous eyes on the hardy pioneers, who have crossed the Rocky Mountains, and forced their way westward over trackless deserts, scaled the mountains of the Sierras, and are now quietly settled with their families in our unoccupied valleys, but rather welcome them as brothers, who come to unite with us and share our common destiny."

This grand old man still lives in the enjoyment of perfect health, at the age of four score, surrounded by all the comforts of life. His children and grand-children, by whom he is idolized, are settled around him, and he is beloved by a large circle of intimate friends. He has lived to see his prophecy fulfilled.

Agricultural Hints.

This is a good time to pay interest on your mortgage and renew the notes you gave a year ago. It is also a pretty good time to take up the notes you unwittingly gave to the cloth peddler last Christmas under the impression that you were signing a contract.

Oats thrive better in an elevator. A farmer who has 30,000 bushels of oats in an elevator need not worry about the weather. Always raise oats in a good elevator and keep out of a deal with the Chicago man.

Look after the bean poles you had left over last year. You will look a long time before you find any. They have gone, partially into the insatiate maw of the all-devouring fire-place, and the neighbors have stolen the rest.

Raise chickens, if you have a nice little garden, by all means raise chickens. Your neighbors' hens are the best ones to raise. You will find them from 5:30 A. M. until 6:20 P. M. on your lettuce, onions, radish, and flower-beds. You can raise them with a shot-gun higher than anything else. N. B.—Always eat the hen you raise. P. S. Cook the hen before eating. P. SS.—Before eating, that is.

Crush egg shells and feed them to your own chickens, if you are foolish enough to keep any. If the whites and yolks are removed from the shell first, they will crush more easily.

If a good horse shows symptoms of going blind, and is developing a few first-class spavins, it is time to sell him. Sell him out—out of the country, if possible. Beware of the deacon who has a little blaze faced "pacin' mare" that he wants to trade for "just such a hoss."

Eternal vigilance is the price of the potato crop. About ten hours a day devoted to crushing potato bugs with hard sticks, will probably save the up-part of the patch for you. By the time you dig the potatoes you will be so disgusted with everything pertaining to potato culture that you couldn't look a potato in the eye without a feeling of nausea, and as for eating one—but this enables you to sell the whole bushel without a pang.

Young hens lay more eggs than old ones. This is because the giddy young things have not learned their value. In a few years they know just how to stand around on a strike when eggs are worth $1 75 a dozen, and they rush out and work double time when eggs are so common that tramps won't eat them.

* * *

Ayer's Sarsaparilla is the most effective blood-purifier ever devised. It is recommended by the best physicians.

* * *

What is a platform? Something to be trodden under foot. Please ask us a hard one next time.

HOUSEHOLD HINTS.

A rolled shoulder of mutton makes a good variety. Have the butcher remove the bone, fill with a stuffing of bread crumbs and sweet basil and thyme (any other herbs will do if you have not these, but there is a particular fitness in every herb to some especial joint of meat.)

STRAWBERRY CHARLOTTE.—Line a bowl with strawberries and fill with Bavarian cream. The cream is made up of one-fourth box gelatine, one-fourth cup of cold water soaked together. Whip one of cream till you have three pints of the whip. Boil the remainder with one third cup sugar, and when boiling add the gelatine. Add one teaspoonful vanilla. When the mixture is cold add whipped cream.

CORN STARCH CAKE.—Whites of four eggs, one cup of powdered sugar, one-half cup of butter, two-thirds cup of corn-starch, one-half cup of sweet milk, one cup flour, two teaspoonfuls baking powder, lemon flavoring. Cream the butter and sugar thoroughly either with the hand or a silver spoon, mix the corn-starch with the milk, and add. Then add the eggs, beaten stiff; next the sifted flour, into which the baking powder has been stirred.

RICE CAKE, VERY DELICATE.—An angel cake that does not get dry so soon as the original variety, and has more richness, is made of rice flour, a half pound, a half pound of sugar, a quarter of a pound of butter, four eggs, salt and flavoring to suit the taste. Beat the eggs, rub the sugar and butter together till like cream, then add the eggs, and last of all stir the rice flour in a little at a time. Bake in sponge-cake tips or shallow pans. Double this quantity makes a large cake.

SALMON SCALLOPS.—One and a half pounds of cold salmon, left from steaks or a can of preserved salmon; two beaten eggs; one-half cup good drawn butter; one-half cup bread crumbs; salt, pepper, minced parsley. Chop the fish fine; rub the butter and seasoning into it, and stir into the hot drawn butter. Butter scallop shells, or pate pans, fill with the mixture and strew it with fine crumbs. Bake a few minutes in a quick oven to brown them lightly. Serve in the shells.

BAKED EGGS, ARDENNES STYLE.—Separate the whites and yolks of six eggs, putting each yolk by itself in a cup, and the whites altogether in a bowl. When all the eggs are broken beat the whites to a stiff froth, after adding to them a saltspoonful of pepper; spread them on a buttered dish, slip the yolks on top laying them a little apart, and bake for five minutes in a hot oven, or until they are light brown; dust pepper and salt over the top, and serve them hot.

The Malignant in Politics.

Boston Journal.

The following was clipped from the New York *Evening Post*:

"A correspondent writes to enquire whether Mr. Blaine was in favor of specie resumption at the time when the Resumption act was before Congress, and, if not, what kind of currency he was in favor of. We have accordingly made an examination of the record as compiled in McPherson's Text-book, and we do not find Mr. Blaine's name mentioned in any part of it."

The New York *Evening Post* is edited by two men who are supposed to know the recent political history of the country. It is, therefore, fair to assume that both of them know Mr. Blaine's attitude toward the resumption of specie payments without referring to McPherson's Handbook of Politics. When, therefore, they refer to that book and say that they do not find Mr. Blaine's name mentioned in any part of the record relative to the passage of the Resumption act, they do it to deceive the reader and the public who may be ignorant concerning the circumstances. Why does not Mr. Blaine's name appear on the roll calls on the Resumption act? Simply because, as Speaker of the House, he followed the usual precedent and did not have his name called. The *Evening Post* knew this as well as any paper in the country; why, then, did it not state what it knew to be the truth? Why did it take the course it did to deceive its readers? Because its malignity toward Mr. Blaine makes it utterly unscrupulous as to the methods it employs to present him in a false light before the country. The New York *Evening Post* knows that Mr. Blaine was in favor of the Resumption act, and that when its repeal was urged and the fiat money craze swept over the country, he was one of the most strenuous opponents of both schemes. Further comment is unnecessary, except to add that such treatment of public men is infamous and such an answer to a person seeking information is an insult.

Untrustworthy Information.

Young Smith is greatly smitten with the charms of Miss de Moni, whose excessive modesty is only equaled by her father's wealth. The affection, however, is altogether one-sided. One day last week, as he was "sitting out" an evening, urging his suit, he accidentally laid his hand on the sharp end of a perpendicular pin.

"—— that pin!" he exclaimed on the impulse of the moment. Seeing at once that he had made a mistake, he inquired, after a long and awkward pause, "Miss de Moni, did you hear what I said?"

"Yes, sir, I did," was the response.

"Well," returned he, "you musn't believe all you hear."

A New Intoxicant.

The newest addition to our already long list of intoxicating drinks is melon brandy. M. Levat, a French chemist, is said to have succeeded in causing that watery fruit to yield a potent spirit. He took the juice of six pounds of watermelon pulp, and, having added a certain quantity of free sulphuric acid, he warmed the mixture, upon which the sugar became transformed into a mixture of glucose and levulose. This product, which ferments directly, yielded ten quarts of perfectly normal alcohol.

* * *

At Salisbury, Mo., lately a man undertook to beat his wife. She knocked him down. He picked himself up, and saying that he had nothing to live for after being vanquished by a woman, went to a pond and stood in water up to his neck for an hour. Finding this did not kill him he went home.

* * *

Hall's Vegetable Sicilian Hair Renewer never fails in restoring gray hair to its youthful color, lustre and vitality. Dr. A. A. Hayes, State Assayer of Massachusetts, endorses it, and all who give it a fair trial unite in grateful testimony to its many virtues.

* * *

To read the divorce trials it would seem as it Stupid, and not Cupid, was the god of love.

WEEKLY GAZETTE.

SATURDAY............JULY 19, 1884

SUBSCRIPTION, per year, $2.

CHOLERA

The breaking out of cholera in Europe, its rapid spread and uncontrollable ravages in Southern France, has caused great alarm in the infected districts and to people contiguous to them through the channels of commerce. Nothing yet has availed to check the advance of the cholera wave, and indeed so little has medical science developed the cause and the cure of the scourge, that the public is in comparative ignorance of this the most terrible of human plagues, and any light that may be thrown upon the subject is of great importance and interest.

A paper has just been published by W. Ayer, M. D., of San Francisco, which from the professional eminence of its author, and its timely appearance, will doubtless be read with interest. He says that the topography of California and its climate and meteorological influences are calculated to fortify rather than predispose the system to cholera, and that fear does about as much toward increasing the mortality as the disease itself. He cites certain cases illustrating the effect of fear as follows:

Four Russians had been condemned to death for political offenses, and during the prevalence of cholera they were placed under the care of eminent medical gentlemen for experiment, and were placed on beds whereon persons had died of epidemic cholera, but were not aware of their exposure, and neither of them had the disease. Subsequently they were told they must sleep on beds which had been occupied by cholera patients; but in this case the beds were new and had never been used by any person; yet under the more potent action of the mind, three of the four took the disease in its most malignant form and died within four hours. Many other cases are familiar to the profession where fear has been the only cause of death.

The moral influences, among which are cleanliness and courage, with a proper observance of diet, have far more to do with staying the ravages of cholera than everything besides. The theory that sewer gases have anything to do toward the spread of this disease is a myth, a delusion, to be preserved among the fallacies of the profession, unworthy of a place in the higher medical literature. Yet in a general way, for the moral effects of cleanliness, I would say, "Keep the sewers well flushed," and above all be courageous.

That the public may no longer be led into error and expense in repairing their waste and sewer pipes in the vain hope of keeping away disease and to gratify the whims and caprices of others, and with no wish to be aggressive or offensive and provoke an unprofitable controversy, I challenge the entire medical profession to refute my position and prove that sewer gases are the direct cause of any type of disease. This I present as a parenthesis in the wake of cholera to invite an analysis of the subject and overcome the fears of the poor and the timid.

Concerning the spread of the disease and its appearance upon our continent, the learned doctor uses the following language:

That cholera will again visit this coast is quite probable, but it is not likely to come here in ships from China, for it will always follow in the path of civilization from east to west, and the same countries and same districts will be visited as on former occasions, and in the lime and clay formations it will be most destructive, while in the granitic belts it will never be likely to prevail as an epidemic, for reasons I have explained in my work on etiology. What influence the seven cyclones and electric storms may have had to prevent or encourage its early appearance on the Western Continent no one can tell, but, unless some atmospheric influence shall change its course, cholera will be likely to make its appearance in Canada and New York in the early part of the summer of 1885, and in 1886 it will reach California in its epidemic form, for the movement of the toxic and morbific wave is governed by physical laws that cannot be amended—the same as any epizotic, and this opinion is based upon the history of cholera from 1816 to the present time, and is not given in the line of conjecture or prophecy.

The Los Angeles *Herald* administers a rebuke to the Democrats of Los Angeles for their political apathy. As the ratification procession passed the office of that paper, an unlimited quantity of blue and red fire was belched forth, and yet, it complains, no response was evoked from the funeral procession. It mournfully says:

"We would have been amply compensated by two or three cheers for Cleveland and Hendricks. Let us hope that, hereafter, Democrats will voice their preference for their Presidential and Vice Presidential candidates in no uncertain cadence."

The tenor of the telegraphic reports of the condition of the crops in the various counties in the State would indicate that while the falling off of cereals is in some few counties very material, most of those thus affected are not largely devoted to grain-growing In the great wheat fields of the San Joaquin valley the only difficulty seems to be an increase of trouble and consequent expense of harvesting.

Rosecrans' opinion of Cleveland: "He is not the choice of the people; he represents the capitalists and not the laboring class."

Beecher's opinion of Rosecrans: "I asked Stanton once, when he was Secretary of War,, whether he did not think Rosecrans sometimes lost his head." "Sir," said he, "he has got no head to lose."

Whom the Gods would destroy they first make mad. C. P. Huntington has gone and married a New York widow. Can it be that the financial straits of the railroad corporations have made him reckless?

Some of the Tammany delegation went away from Chicago wearing a bit of crape in their button-hole.

An exchange remarked of a candidate for a certain State office, "He has a large following," and the opposition organ amplified the item by adding, "of creditors."

Geologists are frightening nervous people again. They aver that if no new deposits are found, the coal beds of the earth will be exhausted in exactly 10,875 years. This is very startling, and should be a sufficient incentive to householders to lay in an immediate large supply of fuel.

DEMOCRATIC OPINIONS.

Cleveland was nominated not because of any particular merit in the man, but because of his assumed ability to carry New York. The New York *Sun* is the most influential and fearless Democratic paper in the United States. It opposed Cleveland's nomination because he could not carry New York, and it so stated in the most distinct and positive terms. Here are a couple of paragraphs from that paper which may serve to cool the enthusiasm of those ill-informed people who believe in Cleveland's popularity at home:

As between James G. Blaine and Grover Cleveland, 50,000 men in the State of New York, who call themselves Democrats, would not give the toss of a cent for first choice, or would vote for Blaine. But put up a thorough Democrat, and those 50,000 will work and vote for him to a man. Around Bayard or Ben Butler they would rally with enthusiasm.

The Democratic managers should remember that Blaine will bid high for the votes of foreign-born citizens. How well the Democrats could counteract Blaine's influence with that element by nominating Thomas Francis Bayard, in whose veins runs the blood of the Irishman, Sir Philip Francis, the Junius who so gloriously scourged George the Third and his minions!

An intrepid and confident journal is the *Evening Post* of Louisville. "Cleveland," says the *Evening Post*, "can carry New York by 50,000 majority without the aid of either Kelly or Dana."

"We are not able to say whether Mr. Cleveland will have the aid of either Kelly or Dana if he should be nominated. Mr. Kelly has not yet told what he would do in the event of such a misfortune for the Democracy as the nomination of Mr. Cleveland; but we assure our Louisville contemporary that with the most energetic and zealous support of both these gentlemen named, Mr. Cleveland would find it very hard work indeed to carry the State of New York. Why, even Mr. McDonald of Indiana would be a stronger candidate here; and he is by no means the man whom the Democracy of New York would prefer.

Mr. Cleveland may yet be nominated, for the machine seems to be set quite strongly in his favor; but it will be a graver calamity to the Democracy of this State than was the nomination of Horace Greeley in 1872.

THE VOTE OF NEW YORK.

At the Presidential election of 1880 the vote of New York was recorded as follows:

Total vote of the State	1,103,945
For Garfield (Rep.)	555,544
For Hancock (Dem)	534,511
Scattering	13,890
Plurality for Garfield	21,033

At the Gubernatorial election of 1882 the vote stood:

Total vote of the State	915,539
For Cleveland (Dem)	535,318
For Folger (Rep)	342,464
Scattering	37,757
Plurality for Cleveland	192,854

Now let us give a comparative view:

Total vote 1880	1,103,945
" " 1882	915,539
Decrease in vote of 1882	188,406
Hancock's vote in 1880	534,511
Cleveland's vote in 1882	535,318
Cleveland over Hancock	807
Garfield's vote in 1880	555,544
Cleveland's vote in 1882	535,318
Cleveland under Garfield	20,226

Let us come down a little later, to the State election of last Fall for Secretary of State:

Total vote	903,027
Carr (Rep)	446,108
Maynard (Dem)	427,525
Scattering and blank	29,394
Republican plurality	18,583

The last election was, as compared with the Presidential and Gubernatorial elections, unimportant; but it will be observed that the Republicans, in spite of the small total vote polled, came up close to their Presidential majority, carrying the State by over 18,000. Plainly, Cleveland's popularity has not increased during his administration.

Liability of Stockholders.

Chicago, July 15.—In the Circuit Court to-day Judge Tulley decided that those who were stockholders in the Republic Life Insurance Company of Chicago at the time of its failure are individually liable to the full amount of their stock, notwithstanding the resolution adopted at the annual meeting of the stockholders, in 1873, authorizing the holders of the stock to surrender certificates, on which 20 per cent had been paid, and receive instead paid-up certificates. The Judge holds that the action of the meeting was a fraud upon the creditors, and invalid as to the stockholders. This was the case in which Ward, the receiver of the bankrupted company, in order to provide for $900,000 due the policy holders, entertains a suit against the stockholders for the amount of stock unpaid.

St. Louis, July 13.—The *Westliche Post*, Carl Schurz's paper, after bolting the nomination of Blaine and Logan, came out this morning with an announcement that it would support the Republican ticket. The cause of this action lies in the fact that the *Westliche Post's* subscribers fell away in thousands and the paper was nearly wrecked. It said: "The strongest man has been nominated by the Democrats, and we retract nothing of the good words we have said concerning him; but the more we try to familiarize ourselves with the idea of a Democrat at the head of our national Administration, the less we are able to reconcile ourselves to it. The longer this was considered the more vivid became the reminiscences of the past, and to-day we do not find that we are justified in making any guaranty that a Democrat, be his name Grover Cleveland even, would present an uncompromising front, under all circumstances, to the menaces of the Southern brigadiers, from the Vice-Presidential candidate, who in the shape of the dyed-in-the wool old Bourbon, or Hendricks, has been placed at Cleveland's side. One can anticipate still less a firm resistance to Southern aggression should any chance, which the unforgotten past renders possible, require such a resistance. The *Westliche Post* opposed the old ticket four years ago simply on account of this man Hendricks. Now the name of Cleveland alone cannot accomplish and cannot make the Democratic declaration of principles appear any more agreeable to us. And now one word about the Republican ticket. We have criticised it thus far freely, but we admit now, with equal freedom, that we erred. We expected of the other party what the Republican party can best perform. Republicans can do no better than remain loyal to their ticket."

PACIFIC COAST NEWS.

The bubach plantation in Merced county has thirty miles of irrigating ditches.

Montana has 600,000 head of cattle on her ranges, and will ship eastward about 140,000 beef steers the present year.

The army-worm has appeared in Nevada. The Indians are industriously gathering the worms by thousands for provender.

If the Dutch Flat *Times* is to be believed, Mrs. John Fuller of that burg lately gave birth to a seventeen-pound boy.

The cotton fields south of Bakersfield are now in bloom and said to be looking finely. Hops in the same locality are also very flourishing.

Money is in fair demand in San Francisco. The extremes for commercial loans are 7 to 10 per cent with the bulk of business at 8. The Savings Banks are taking mortgages on city real estate at 7@8.

Joe McKenna, of Solano county, has been nominated for Congress by the Republican Convention of the Third Congressional District.

Senator Kaiser, of Churchill county, Nevada, has a band of 7,500 sheep just sheared, the fleece of which averages nine pounds to the sheep.

Little Arthur Johnson has been lying exceedingly ill for a week, says the Healdsburg *Flag*, having been poisoned by a caterpillar coming in contact with his face.

A child living in Woodland, aged 2 years, which had been ailing for some time, had recently cut from its side a China doll about two inches long, which it had swallowed about a year since.

A fire at Mission San Jose destroyed the largest portion of the business part of the town. Loss, $50,000; insurance small. When the water was exhausted claret was used to extinguish the flames and save from destruction the old Mission church.

William Moore has been arrested at Salt Lake for selling some Indians at Pleasant Valley Junction a mixture of glycerine, tobacco juice, turpentine and alcohol which he called whisky. They all all got very sick and the chief died.

Mrs. Helen Krause of Auburn Station has apparently been at the point of death for two months past, and has not taken six ounces of food during the whole of that time, and in the last month not even an ounce. She is not only perfectly conscious, but clearheaded and vigorous mentally

Last week a little daughter of L. P. Osland of Astoria, Oregon, while playing on a roadway above Devlin's cannery with some companions, fell off unobserved and when found she was lying dead in about four inches of mud and water.

A Fresno lady, who has recently missed a number of her young chickens, and could not tell what caused their disappearance, killed an enormous toad which was hopping about in the garden, and on opening him found his stomach distended with the body of a chicken.

Naches, the Piute chief, has received news that his niece, a young woman, and the daughter of Joe Winnemucca, was killed not far from Fort McDermot, on last Tuesday. It appears that two bucks, Big Paddy and his brother, were lovers of the woman, and in the contest for her possession she was killed.

Miss Josie Edwards, daughter of L. B. Edwards, ex Assemblyman of Alameda county, fired two shots at A. Carter, as he passed the corner of Seventeenth and Telegraph avenue, Oakland. Neither shot took effect. Carter was at one time a suitor of Miss Edwards, and two months ago married a daughter of an ex-Postmaster of Oakland. Miss Edwards was arrested, but as no one would prefer charges she was released from custody.

A sad case of insanity is reported from Lemore, Tulare county. Wm. J. Ball, a farmer who recently buried his wife, and since lost his entire crop by overflow from King's river, was discovered wandering about in the tules near his ranch. After much difficulty he was captured and brought to town. Physicians are attending him, and in all probability he will be sent to the asylum in a few days.

A. J. Raney of Napa county claims to have discovered a shrub that may be put to good use as an antidote for poison oak. On it grows a kernel resembling coffee, and it is accordingly called the "coffee plant." By boiling the leaves of this plant and bathing the parts affected by the poison oak with the tea thus made, it is claimed that a cure is obtained which no other remedy guarantees.

John H. Wheeler, Secretary of the State Viticultural Society, who has just returned to San Francisco from a trip through the State, gives it as his opinion that the quantity of wine made this year will be from twelve to fifteen million gallons. Owing to the late heavy rains, the yield of grapes on low lands will be less than was expected.

Quite a sensation was created by the arrival in Santa Barbara, of a young miss named Ida May Bellah and one Danford A. Hanshaw, from San Buenaventura, followed shortly after by a Sheriff of that county looking for the runaways. Hanshaw endeavored to obtain a marriage license, but was unable to do so on account of the youth of the girl, although she claims to be fifteen and a half years, while he is 37. They were, however, united by civil contract. He was arrested and, failing to give bonds, was committed to jail. She was taken home to Ventura.

Baltimore, July 15.—A divorce suit now pending here is developing particulars of a terrible downfall of a society belle through the opium habit. The names are concealed, on account of the high standing of the parties. The victim of the habit was in 1869 living on the eastern shore, and was the belle of the county. She married a wealthy gentleman of high position, with whom she lived happily, had three children born, and shortly after the wife's manner changed. An old, trusted servant finally discovered that she was a confirmed opium-eater. Every effort was made by her distracted husband to break the habit, but without success. Two years ago she disappeared, still young and pretty. Every effort was made to find her. Detectives were employed, but no trace of her could be found. Recently a policeman in this city observed, among the persons sent to the House of Correction, the missing woman, whom he had known. Upon her discharge he traced her to one of the vilest dens in the city, kept by a colored woman. The officer notified the husband a few days ago, and they went together to the place. The husband found his wife in the company of a coarse, brutal-looking negro. All traces of her former beauty had disappeared, and she was almost unrecognizable, even to her husband. In conversation she appeared to be wholly depraved, and did not manifest the slightest regret for what she had done. She was unmoved, except when an allusion was made to her children, when she betrayed some little emotion. Evidence for a divorce suit was obtained, and the woman left to her fate.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

The Best Salve in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns, and all Skin Eruptions, and positively cures Piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction, or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by W. M. Higgins.

An article in an exchange is headed "White Topaz Found in Utah." White topers may be found in almost any civilized land.

NEWS OF THE WEEK.

Grasshoppers are destroying sugar-cane in the State of Vera Cruz, in the vicinity of Cordoba, particularly.

A special from Augusta, of the 14th, says: A list of heavy taxpayers is printed to-day. Blaine's tax bill for the current year is $1,342.

James Reiley Sherman, who was bitten by a rattlesnake, died after twenty hours of horrible suffering. It is supposed he saw the doctor too late. His arm was wonderfully swollen.

Parties from the western part of Texas confirm the report that the sheep and cattle herds in that part of the State are threatened with annihilation by drought. Sheepmen with flocks are arriving at Eagle Pass seeking ingress to Mexico. The water-holes and streams on the American side of the Rio Grande are dried up.

A firm of fruit dealers on Front street New York, says: "We are receiving California fruit at the rate of one car daily, through in seven days. Bartlett pears are beginning to come in and are selling from $4, to $6 per box. California peaches are in poor condition from bad packing, and are selling from $1 to $4 per box. Plums and apricots are in fine condition and sell from $2 to $5."

At Johnstown (Pa.), Monday morning, while Zachariah Taylor, aged 18, was putting a rod in the reel at the Cambria Iron Works, the red-hot iron, by some means, was thrown over his head and drawn around his neck, almost decapitating him and literally roasting his neck and shoulders. Thomas O'Neil, another workman, sprang to his assistance and with his bare hands untwisted the rod. Taylor will die and O'Neil is badly burned.

From an Irish standpoint the *United Ireland*, a journal published in Dublin, commends the Irish-American members of Congress for opposing the Morrison tariff bill and declares that had the bill become a law it would have been worth at least $500,000,000 annually to British manufacturers. Referring to the free trade attitude of the Democracy, *United Ireland* says "it would be simply criminal for any Irishman in America to support a policy that could only benefit the oppressors of their native land."

Germany has contributed to America a six-year-old girl with bushy whiskers. The infant arrived with her parents on Tuesday, and was at once taken to the Wurtemburg Hotel, New York, where she has been giving informal receptions ever since, She is a very small child, but the whiskers on her baby cheeks are not much shorter than those of Sothern's Dundreary, and they are certainly genuine. Her name is Marguerite Schaeffer, and she is destined for the show business.

Elliot Fletcher, of Irwin County, New York, has recovered $7,000 which had been stolen from his residence. He had a negro employed on his place, and this negro, while the family were at supper, took a trunk from the house, carried it a short distance into the woods and secreted it. He then returned to the house and assisted in a search for it. The next morning a negro boy, who also lived on the place and who had witnessed the theft, informed Fletcher, and he soon had the trunk in his possession. The thief received 175 lashes, and would have received more had he not shown inability to stand it.

The *Daily News* of Marshalltown, Iowa, says: A woman who kept a saloon here before the prohibition law went into effect, began selling beer again to-day. The temperance people caused her arrest. Yesterday she gave bonds and continued to sell. The Sheriff attempted to arrest her to-day, when she drew two revolvers and defied him. He procured assistance, and after a turbulent scene, in which a mob came to the woman's assistance and flourishing revolvers, she was arrested. The crowd surrounded the jail and threatened to tear it down. When the woman was released on bail she was triumphantly carried through the streets by the yelling population. Her action is supported by the Marshalltown brewery, which proposes to make it a test case.

At Racine (Wis.), on Monday, as Frank Shirley and Miss Elma Kempi, a young couple from Kenosha, were riding on Villa street, in that city, the dress of the young lady caught fire from a cigar which Shirley was smoking. Upon discovering the fire the young lady jumped from the buggy. The horse became frightened, and before Shirley could check him and alight from the buggy, the girl, who was dressed in a light muslin dress, was enveloped in flames. She rushed up to the yard of a man named Esser, where some members of the family threw a carpet over her and extinguished the flames. Her left arm was burned to a crisp and her chest and back were also frightfully burned. The physicians say she will die from her injuries. Shirley, her escort, is nearly crazed by the sad circumstance. The young lady is 18 years old and was very attractive in appearance.

A Wager Lost.

Denver Republican.

A hardware man lately took the agency for a new kind of ice-box for preserving cold victuals. It was a pretty good thing, he thought, and it was only necessary to enlighten the public regarding its real merits and indisputable advantages over everything of the kind to cause a tremendous rush of customers eager to purchase; so he counselled with himself and soliloquised thusly:

"That refrigerator must be brought before the people, and I am just the man to do it. Don't talk to me about your newspaper advertisements. I'll show you how to advertise without cost. You don't catch me paying a paper for advertising; not I; I'm too old for that, and I'll show folks a new idea." Then he laughed a satisfied laugh, and at once set about making a practical test of his new method of diffusing information. He mixed up a pot of black paint, procured several large sheets of cardboard, and after much experimenting and repeated attempts, finally succeeded in producing two signs that read as follows:

"Fifty dollars to the man who can prove that any two things put into this ice-chest will taste one of the other."

He had a refrigerator run out to the curbstone, hung a sign over each side, and retired indoors to await the expected run of customers. People passed up and down the street, jostled each other in their hurry, glanced at the ice-box and its signs, and—went on. After some hours of disappointed hopes and expectations, this dealer saw a pedestrian halt, calmly peruse the wonderful announcements and rather hesitatingly advance to the door.

"Do you mean it?" he inquired in an anxious tone, pointing over his shoulder to the signs.

"Yes-sir-ee," emphatically responded the dealer.

"Put your money up," insinuated the stranger.

"No, sir," replied the dealer, in pompous style; "my word is as good as the cash."

"All right; I'll take you," responded the stranger, as he departed. Some time after, he returned with a box under each arm.

"Stick to your agreement?" he queried.

"Of course I will," answered the dealer, wondering what in the name of Christopher Columbus the man had in view.

The stranger set his boxes down on the sidewalk, and a crowd began to collect. He told the dealer that he was afraid that he (the dealer) would back out of the bargain, but the latter assented his readiness to put up the stamps if necessary. The stranger opened a box, lifted a cat out and placed her in the refrigerator; then he opened the other box and took therefrom a wire cage containing a large rat.

"Now, mister," said he, "you just shut that door in a hurry when I flop the rat inside, and I'll go you another fifty that one will taste of the other in less'n five minutes."

The crowd yelled, and the dealer slammed the refrigerator door and slid into the store, with a remark about fools and swindlers. He still refused to recognize the stranger's claim to the $50—but has taken his signs in.

CROUP, WHOOPING COUGH and Bronchitis immediately relieved by Shiloh's Cure. Sold by Wm. M. Higgins.

WILL YOU SUFFER with Dyspepsia and Liver Complaint? Shiloh's Vitalizer is guaranteed to cure you. Sold by Wm. M. Higgins.

SLEEPLESS NIGHTS, made miserable by that terrible cough. Shiloh's Cure is the remedy for you. Sold by Wm. M. Higgins.

THAT HACKING COUGH can be so quickly cured by Shiloh's Cure. We guarantee it. Sold by Wm. M. Higgins.

SHILOH'S VITALIZER is what you need for Constipation, Loss of Appetite, Dizziness and all symptoms of Dyspepsia. Price 10 and 75 cents per bottle. Sold by Wm. M. Higgins.

SHILOH'S COUGH and Consumption Cure is sold by us on a guarantee. It cures consumption. Sold by Wm. M. Higgins.

CATARRH CURED, health and sweet breath secured by Shiloh's Catarrh Remedy Price 50 cents. Nasal Injector free. Sold by Wm. M. Higgins.

FOR LAME BACK, Side or Chest use Shiloh's Porous Plaster. Price 25 cents. Sold by Wm. M. Higgins.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

FURNISHED HOUSE TO LET

—IN ANAHEIM.—

FOR PARTICULARS INQUIRE AT THE STORE of H. Cahen

R. C. FLOURNOY,

Attorney-at-Law.

49 TEMPLE BLOCK, - - - LOS ANGELES.

1m

ST. VINCENTS' COLLECE,

LOS ANGELES, CAL.,

UNDER THE DIRECTION OF THE LAZARIST Fathers, is situated in one of the most beautiful parts of Los Angeles city. The buildings are large and commodious. The course of studies is commercial and classical. The discipline is strict yet gentle, with the refinements of an elegant home.

Studies will be resumed on August 4th.

TERMS:—Board and tuition, per year, $280.

For particulars apply to

4t REV. A. J. MEYER, C. M., President.

SOCIAL DANCE

AT THE

New School House in Placentia

(NORTH ANAHEIM) ON

Wednesday Evening, July 23d.

The proceeds will be used in purchasing a bell for the school house.

Admission (including lunch) $1.00.

For Sale.

A FEW TONS OF GOOD, BRIGHT BARLEY Hay. R. H. GILMAN.

jly12

Bucks for Sale.

THE SUBSCRIBER HAS FOR SALE A NUMber of French and Spanish Merino bucks, of the quality for which the ranch has been noted for many years. Although the quality remains the same as in former years, I have put the prices down so as to make them conform to the hard times now experienced by sheepmen. The bucks can be seen at my place, six miles north of Anaheim, and I respectfully request intending purchasers to inspect them.

jly15-till sep10 JOHN WAGNER.

Notice.

Clerk's Office, Board of Supervisors, Los Angeles, June 23, 1884.

THE BOARD OF SUPERVISORS OF LOS ANgeles County will meet as a Board of Equalization on

MONDAY, JULY 7, 1884,

at 10 o'clock, A. M., to examine the assessment book and equalize the assessment of the property in the county. And will continue in session for that purpose from time to time until the business of equalization is disposed of, but not later than the fourth Monday in July.

A. W. POTTS,

jly12 2t Clerk of the Board of Supervisors.

Anaheim Union Water Company

Location of principal place of business, Anaheim, Los Angeles County, California.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT AT A meeting of the Directors, held on the 5th day of July, 1884, an assessment (No. 2) of one dollar and fifty cents per share was levied upon the capital stock of the corporation payable on or before August 5th, 1884, to the Secretary of the corporation at his office in the Town of Anaheim, California.

Any stock upon which this assessment shall remain unpaid on the 5th day of August, 1884, will be delinquent, and advertised for sale at public auction, and unless payment is made before, will be sold on the 23d day of August 1884, to pay the delinquent assessment, together with costs of advertising and expenses of sale.

RICHARD MELROSE, Secretary.

Office at the Postoffice at the Town of Anaheim, County of Los Angeles, State of California.

IN THE SUPERIOR COURT,

In and for the County of Los Angeles, State of California.

Notice for Publication of Time for Proving Will, Etc.

In the matter of the estate of John Grund, deceased.

PURSUANT TO AN ORDER OF COURT MADE this day, notice is hereby given that Monday, the 28th day of July, 1884, at 11 o'clock A. M. of said day, at the Court room of this Court, in the city and county of Los Angeles, has been appointed for hearing the application of Plez James, praying that a document now on file in this Court purporting to be the last will and testament of John Grund, deceased, be admitted to Probate, and that letters testamentary and of administration be issued thereon to the said Plez James, at which time and place all persons interested therein may appear and contest the same.

Dated July 3d, 1884.

A. W. POTTS, County Clerk.

by F. W. POTTS, Deputy.

To be published once a week, three successive issues, in the weekly Anaheim Gazette. jly12-3t

Board of Equalization.

THE BOARD OF TRUSTEES OF THE TOWN OF Anaheim will sit as a Board of Equalization on Monday, Tuesday and Wednesday, July 21st, 22d and 23d, between the hours of 2 and 4 P. M., for the purpose of equalizing the assessment roll for the current year.

By order of the Board.

jly5-4t E. F. NEWBOLD, Town Clerk.

RIMPAU BROS.

The immense stock of

DRY GOODS

Purchased in San Francisco by Adolph Rimpau

HAS ARRIVED

Bought for Cash,

Will be sold for Cash,

Cheaper than ever before known.

JACKSON'S

—THE—

Best and Cheapest.

10 foot.......... $75
12 " $85
14 " $100

MADE BY
JACKSON & TRUMAN,
San Francisco.

S. B. SMITH,

Contractor and Builder.

Pumping Outfits

A SPECIALTY.

PUMPS, PIPE AND PIPE FIXTURES

At LOS ANGELES RATES.

For neatness of design, for strength, durability, great lifting power, a perfect self-regulating Windmill safe in the fiercest storm, an adjustable stroke (4 different lengths), and by far the cheapest first-class mill sold on this Coast.

JACKSON'S CALIFORNIA WINDMILL

is far ahead of all competitors. I am now furnishing these Mills with

Tanks, Pumps, Pipe, Faucets, etc.,

and setting them up in complete running order at LOWER PRICES THAN EVER GIVEN IN THIS COUNTY Do not purchase a pumping outfit without first examining my work and price.

S. B. SMITH, Anaheim, Cal.

STATEMENT

OF THE CONDITION OF THE

Bank of Anaheim,

At the opening of Business July 1st, 1884.

ASSETS.

Cash on hand	$10,260 69	
Bills Receivable	37,316 15	
Real Estate taken for debt	8,334 97	
Miscellaneous Stocks	1,000 00	
Bank Lot and Building	3,500 00	
Furniture and Fixtures	2,059 03	
Due from other Banks	21,131 75	
Other Assets	764 32	
		$84,976 91

LIABILITIES.

Due depositors	$57,779 41	
Due other Banks	1,642 56	
Capital Stock paid in coin	20,000 00	
Surplus Capital	5,554 94	
		$84,976 91

State of California,
County of Los Angeles.

I, Plez James, President of the Bank of Anaheim, being duly sworn, do depose and say that the above statement is true and correct to the best of my knowledge and belief.

PLEZ JAMES, President.

Subscribed and sworn to before me, this 1st day of July, 1884. RICHARD MELROSE, Notary Public.

STATEMENT

....OF THE....

Bank of Anaheim,

Of the amount of Capital paid up in Gold Coin.

Capital paid up in Gold Coin................$20,000 00

State of California,
County of Los Angeles.

I, Plez James, President of the Bank of Anaheim, being duly sworn, do depose and say that the above statement is true and correct as I verily believe.

PLEZ JAMES, President.

Subscribed and sworn to before me, this 1st day of July, 1884. RICHARD MELROSE, Notary Public.

Anaheim Landing.

Rancho Los Alamitos, June 20, 1884.

To Whom it May Concern:

THIS CERTIFIES THAT CAPT. CHARLES WILson, acting as our agent, has full and complete authority to protect all the buildings owned by us at Anaheim Landing, and to lease and receive rent for the same for the term of six months from date of this instrument. His authority also extends to and covers the camping ground at and about said landing, including feed and well. All acts, leases, contracts, payments, etc., pertaining to said premises, must ever be submitted and referred to us for approval or disapproval in case of misunderstanding between parties concerned. J. W. BIXBY & CO.

Referring to the above, I hereby announce that I am prepared to rent rooms and ground to all parties desiring them, and I will take great pleasure in giving to visitors every accommodation and courtesy within my power. CAPT. CHARLES WILSON.

je29

For Sale.

THREE THOUSAND ACRES OF CHOICE IRRIgable land in Fresno county, near the county seat, remarkably well adapted for grapes, peaches, apricots, prunes and alfalfa. Price from $25 to $30 per acre.

—Also—

A Fine Residence of 17 Rooms,

Near Vanness Avenue, S. F. Price $17,000. Apply to E. B. PERRIN,

je14-3m 402 Kearney street, San Francisco.

GADE'S

TRUCK,

EXPRESS

—AND—

GENERAL TEAMING.

FIRE

Insurance

Agency.

I beg to inform the citizens of this vicinity that I am agent for the following first-class Fire Insurance Companies:

GIRARD, of Philadelphia
AGRICULTURAL, of Watertown
SCOTTISH UNION AND NATIONAL
HARTFORD, of Hartford
St. PAUL, of St. Paul
TEUTONIA, of New Orleans
NEW ORLEANS, of New Orleans
FIRE INSURANCE ASSOCIATION of London, England.
COMMERCIAL UNION, of London, Capital $12,500,000
CITY OF LONDON, Capital $10,000,000
SOUTH BRITISH AND NATIONAL, Capital $10,000,000

All of the above named Companies are staunch and reliable, and insurers can have their choice of Companies.

Richard Melrose,

Kleinigkeiten.

—The Anaheim band was out on a serenading tour Monday night. The favored parties entertained with pleasing hospitality.

—During the fiscal year ending June 31st, 1884, the receipts at the Custom House at Wilmington were $58,518.78.

—Insure against fire in the first-class companies for which Richard Melrose is agent. Policies written and delivered at once.

—A new livery stable has been opened by N. H. Mitchell in the Planters' Hotel stables.

—Any person desiring to purchase a first-class cook stove at less than cost can learn of one for sale by enquiring at the postoffice.

—John Dietzel having disposed of his interest in the Anaheim Hotel will enjoy the luxury of a rest at Santa Monica during the season.

—Col. Flournoy, a gentleman and lawyer lately from the South, will ask from the Democracy the nomination for District Attorney of Los Angeles county.

—The total exports from the Anaheim depot for the month of June amounted to 933,790 pounds, and the imports for the same period amounted to 1,096,450 pounds.

—Leavitt's All Star Specialty Company did not twinkle on Saturday evening last. Cause, too much moon outside and too little audience inside.

—The excellent table at the Planters' Hotel under the direction of manager C. S. Compton has attracted a large number of regular boarders residing in town.

—Willie, a five-year-old son of Jesse Davis, at Westminster, was severely kicked by a horse on Tuesday morning last. His injuries were severe but not considered dangerous.

—At the Republican primary held on Saturday last F. C. Smythe, E. J. Cellegrin, L. F. Lewis and R. Melrose were elected delegates to the County Convention held in Los Angeles on Thursday.

—Studies will be resumed in St. Vincents' College, Los Angeles, on August 4th. This institution is growing in favor, and the number of pupils attending the college steadily increases.

—E. Pommer, an experienced hotel man late of Denver, Colorado, having purchased the stock and lease of the Anaheim Hotel, succeeds John Dietzel in the management of that house.

—Business men will be overjoyed to welcome Andy Ryan License Tax Collector with a stock of County licenses for sale. The whole job emanates from the wisdom of our board of Supervisors and is called Democratic Reform.

—The *Weekly Record* is the name of the new paper at San Pedro, published by J. R. Brierly. It is Republican and newsy. The editor's sagacity is shown in his masterly treatment of the irreconcilable conflict between San Pedro and Wilmington.

—Several families on the Azusa have been poisoned recently from eating vegetables bought from Chinese vegetable peddlers. It is supposed that the Chinese gardeners put paris green on their vegetables. The parties all recovered, however.

—The large store in the Odd Fellows' hall building is nearly ready for occupancy by M. Dobner who soon leaves for the East to purchase a stock of goods, which he informs us will be the largest and most complete, outside of Los Angeles city, in Southern California.

—The new school house at Placentia (North Anaheim) will be formally christened on Wednesday evening next by a social entertainment to consist mainly of dancing with the accompaniments usual upon such occasions. The participants will no doubt have cause to remember the affair with pleasure.

—Information gleaned from bee-men indicates an immense crop of honey of unusually fine quality. Brainard Smith of Santiago canyon reports the season the best in many years. His production is clear as crystal and exquisite in flavor. His last week's extraction aggregated forty-eight hundred pounds.

—A number of citizens request the attention of the City Fathers to the condition of the sidewalks, which in certain localities are dangerous to pedestrians. If, through the neglect of property owners, an accident should occur, the town authorities will be held accountable for damages. The sidewalk between Kroeger's hall and Luedke's store on Center street, and on Los Angeles street adjoining the Planters' Hotel require immediate repairs to avoid what might result in serious injury.

—The Board of Supervisors of San Bernardino county at its last session ordered the County Surveyor to survey the site for a bridge over the Santa Ana river between Riverside and West Riverside, a site for a bridge over the Santa Ana river between Temescal and Rincon, also one for the Old San Bernardino crossing. There is but one bridge over the Santa Ana river in Los Angeles county—that being the railroad bridge between Anaheim and Orange, and has been the only place of crossing for months. San Bernardino is teaching our Supervisors a lesson.

Wanted: A Supervisor.

Between Republican enthusiasm for Blaine and Democratic apathy for Cleveland, the people of this bailiwick are apt to forget that there is a more important office to be filled than that of President. Whether 5-cent Cleveland or Magnetic Blaine be elected, the ruts in our roads will be as deceptive and deep, and the rivers as bridgeless and impassible. A good Supervisor is of vastly more local importance than a President. Somehow or other these great United States jog along with comfortable prosperity, no matter who it is that occupies "the highest office in the gift of the people;" but let an incompetent or indifferent Supervisor get elected, and each and every one of his constituents have a real and personal grievance. Without desiring to arraign the very excellent gentleman who represents this District in the Board for any dereliction of duty, the fact remains that the roads are abominable, and that little, if anything, is done to improve them. Instead of trying to overcome, get around or climb over the obstacles which it is said the law interposes in the way of building bridges and repairing roads, the present Board of Supervisors have apathetically acquiesced in the impediments. What little energy they have has been expended in endeavoring to foist upon the people a Court House which they do not want, and in enacting a license ordinance, oppressive and unequal in its exactions. The members of the Board individually are pleasant gentlemen, but collectively they have as little vitality as a bunch of sticks. Reform is necessary.

Anaheim must have a Supervisor in the next Board. And he must be a man of sufficient dynamic force to know what the people want, and then get it for them. There are plenty such men here. The woods are full of them—or would be if there were any woods here.

A Difference in Climate.

In Montreal week before last the sexton of a church was mulcted in damages to the extent of $5 with costs, in a suit of one Mr. Turcotte for having passed that gentleman by while taking up a collection and neglecting to give him an opportunity to contribute.

Such sheep are not gathered into churchfolds in Anaheim, and our secular soil and climate are not favorable to the production of such tender fruit as Mr. Turcotte. We were present at a church last Sunday, not many miles away, where the plate was passed to a large congregation and returned empty. No lawsuits have resulted.

—Captain Wilson is evidently determined to preserve good order and decorum at Anaheim Landing. On Sunday two young men under the influence of a superabundance of stimulus, attempted to kick up a general row by smashing windows, doors and furniture. During the endeavors of the Captain to quell the disturbance, two pistol shots were fired at him without effect. On a warrant issued by Judge Bailey the assailants were arrested by Officer Smythe and placed under bonds. The case will be investigated in court to-day.

—A stack containing about thirty tons of hay, belonging to William Harper, who lives near Garden Grove, was burned on Wednesday night, the work of an incendiary. An unsuccessful attempt was made a short time since to burn Mr. Harper's dwelling house, phosphorus being used to start the fire which was luckily discovered in time to save the house. It is supposed the firing of the hay was by the same parties and with the same material.

—Whitehead, formerly of the Los Angeles *Republican*, has a *penchant* for getting shot. He was shot during the war, shot in a fracas with Harris some months ago, and shot last week at Kansas City by a man named Cromwell, whose pistol was accidentally discharged while displaying it in a saloon. The last wound is, we hope, as trifling as the previous punctures.

—William Fromhein has sold his place near Anaheim to Lionel Browning. In consists of fifty acres of as fine land as can be found in Southern California, especially adapted to grapes. Forty acres of the tract is in bearing vines. The sale was consummated through the agency of Hanna & Keith, the purchase price being eleven thousand dollars.

—Following the damage by floods and the loss of the bridge at Yuma, comes the news of the destruction of the freight house with its contents and four cars of merchandise at that place by fire on Tuesday. Yuma is an unlucky point for the Southern Pacific Railroad Company.

—A. McDermont of North Anaheim was exhibiting some beautiful potatoes of the Early Rose variety in town the other day. They were unusually large, and contrary to the usual rule, the size had not developed at the expense of the flavor.

—An urgent request has been made by the County Clerk to have all voters registered as soon as possible, as he is now engaged in writing up the Great Register. Theo. Rimpau will register Anaheim voters at the store of Rimpau Brothers.

—A meeting of Republicans will be held at Firemen's Hall this (Saturday) evening at 8 o'clock to organize a Blaine and Logan club. All Republicans are urgently invited to attend.

—Several of the ostrich chicks have died during the week. There is no special significance in this, as there will probably be as great a mortality in ostrich chicks as in other fowls.

—The following real estate transactions are reported.

Farmers and Merchants Bank to F M L Coquillet, lot 47, block D, Heimann and George Addition to Anaheim, $75.

The Republican Convention.

The Republican County Convention met in Los Angeles on Thursday to elect sixteen delegates to the State Convention called to nominate Presidential electors. The main interest in the convention centered in the candidates for Congress from the sixth district. It appears that at the last State Convention a pledge was secured from the delegates from the other counties in the district to the effect that whoever the Republicans of Los Angeles would decide upon as their choice for Congressman would receive the nomination from the District Congressional Convention. The county convention was, therefore, practically a congressional convention, inasmuch as the man of its choice would certainly be confirmed as the nominee of the party. The most prominent candidates were W. A. Cheney and H. H. Markham, and the respective adherents of these two gentlemen urged their claims with a vehemence approaching bitterness. Mr. Cheney's learning, brilliancy and good political record were conceded, but it was urged against him that he was poor; Mr. Markham's ability, party fealty and claims were also conceded, and it was urged in addition that he has a barl. The ballot to indicate the choice of the convention resulted in favor of Markham.

The following were selected as delegates to the State Convention: H. H. Boyce, W. H. Magee, W. A. Cheney, W. S. Moore, F. A. Gibson, Jas. McFadden, F. Holcomb, C. M. Thomas, M. Aguirre, J. W. Fayres, P. Downing, Gen. Bouton, H. T. Payne, N. A. Young, W. Ferry, J. Packard. [These names were sent to us by telephone, and we have a suspicion that some of them were so mangled in transit that their owners will not know them.]

Personal.

C. O. Rust and wife of Anaheim are registered at the Palace Hotel, San Francisco.

B. Chandler, a Democrat of irrepressible tendencies, spent Wednesday in town on his way to the oil wells consoling Thurmanites with the chances of Cleveland carrying the State of New York.

Leonard Parker and family are rusticating on the beach at Laguna.

Mrs. Sangster and Miss J. E. Sangster, who have been visiting in town for several months, will leave on Monday for Nova Scotia. They regret to leave the pleasant acquaintances formed in Anaheim and the feeling is reciprocated by many friends.

J. W. Landell and family in accordance with their usual summer custom, are occupying their cottage at Anaheim Landing.

F. J. J. Schmidt and wife left on Monday to spend the season at the beach.

The Misses Laugenberger and Miss Horstman are camping at the Landing.

Los Angeles Markets.

Corrected weekly for the GAZETTE by the GERMAIN FRUIT COMPANY, 28 Main street, Los Angeles. P. O Box 1151.

BUTTER, fresh, choice, per lb 26½@32½cts.
Fair to good " 20@22cts.
EGGS, per dozen, 27@29 cts.
BACON, light breakfast, per lb. 14@14½ cts.
Medium...... " 13½@14 cts.
HAMS, California, per lb 16@16½ cts.
LARD, 10 lb tins, 12½@13 cts.
5 lb " 13@13½ cts.
2½ lb " 13½@14 cts.
HENS, per dozen, $6.00@$6.50.
ROOSTERS, " $5.50@$6.00.
BROILERS, " $2.75@$3.25.
DUCKS, " $7.00@$7.25.
TURKEYS, live, per lb 19@20 cts.
" dressed, " 22@25 cts.
POTATOES, per 100 lbs (new) 75@80c.
RAISINS, California, per box $1.00@$1.25.
WALNUTS, per lb 7@7½ cts.
HONEY, 4@4½ cts.
HAY, per ton, $9.00@$10.00.
BARLEY, per cental, 65@70 cts.
CORN, per cental, $1.50@$1.55.

—The following retail prices of Anaheim products are furnished by M. H. Cheeseman of the Anaheim Depot Store:

FRIDAY, July 18, 1884.

Butter, per 2 lb. rolls, 50 cts.
Eggs, per dozen, 26 cts.
Cheese, per lb., 14@15cts.
Lard, " 14@15 cts.
Bacon, " 15 cts.
Dried Apples, per lb., 10@12 cts.
Dried Peaches " 10@12 cts.
Beans, per lb., 5 cts.
Peanuts, " 10 cts.
Walnuts, " 10 cts.
Onions " 1½ cts.
Corn Meal, per cwt., $2.20.
Potatoes per cwt., 85cts.
Raisins 6@8 cts.

Thermometrical Record.

The following is our record (taken one and one-half miles north of town) for the week ending Wednesday P. M., July 16, giving lowest point by night preceding date and highest by day:

DATE.		Lowest	7 A. M.	Highest	7 P. M.
July	10	60	74	91	82
"	11	60	67	92	81
"	12	60	70	89	71
"	13	64	66	86	72
"	14	55	65	87	72
"	15	52	63	86	72
"	16	49	62	84	73

Average Temperature..................70
" highest and lowest..............72½

BORN.

In Anaheim, July 17, to the wife of F. M. Guess, a son.

DIED.

At the County Hospital, July 13, Joseph Courts, aged 48 years.

In Los Angeles, July 14, Wm. Turner, aged 63 years.

In Los Angeles, July 14, Elizabeth Pollich, aged 7 months.

In Los Angeles, July 14, Theodore Tillotson, aged 70 years.

In Los Angeles, July 15, Josephine Menneman, aged 31 years.

At Westminster, on Wednesday, Sarah Lydia Davis, infant daughter of Jesse Davis.

A few thousand dollars to loan. Apply at the postoffice.

The Boston *Herald* heads the market specials, "Some movements in flannels." We should say so. They are coming off with a rush.

County Board of Education.

MONDAY, July 14th, 1884.

The outgoing County Board of Education met yesterday at the office of Superintendent Hinton in the Court House, and after reading and approving the minutes of the previous meeting adjourned *sine die*.

The new Board then met, present Messrs. W. M. McFadden, C. W. Moores, T. A. Saxon, and J. W. Hinton.

On motion of T. A. Saxon, Mr. W. M. McFadden was elected President.

In the matter of the application of John P. Greely, for First Grade Certificate on Normal School Diploma from Maine, it was ordered that a first grade temporary certificate be granted.

First grade temporary certificates were granted to the following persons: Miss Anna M. Thelan, Annie H. Quesnal, Ida Teed, Nellie Spurgeon Riley, F. E. Perham, W. R. Chandler, Edwin Clark, Hannah Ball, Eliza J. Quinn, Vesta A. Olmstead, Ella M. Dicson, and D. D. Winters.

Application of Miss Lucy D. Hetty, ordered on file.

Application of J. H. P. Williams, for recommendation for Life Diploma, was deferred till the next regular meeting of the Board.

The communication of H. H. Heath, from the trustees of Westminster was ordered on file.

The application of F. E. Grover, for renewal of certificate, denied.

First Grade Certificates were granted to R. Spencer, Miss Helen Alden, Jennie D. Clyborne, W. F. Clyburne, and Cecelia Ald.

The Board also issued a recommendation to the State Board of Education, that J. H. Mellette be granted a State educational Diploma.

Mr. T. Wells, Miss Mary S. Moulthrop and Olive B. Porter, were recommended to the State Board for Life Diplomas. Adjourned.

Very Good Templars.

Los Angeles Times.

One of those unpleasant things which sometimes occur took place after the regular meeting of Merrill Lodge last evening. It seems that one A. M. Ellsworth, President of the Prohibition Club of this place, has succeeded in getting himself *counted in* as District Deputy, I. O. G. T., and superseding Will D. Gould, Esq., much to the disgust of decent Good Templars. Last evening a party accused him of causing strife in Merrill Lodge, when he called the brother a liar, at the same time striking at him. The brother returned the compliment, and the friends of Ellsworth held the other brother while he stabbed him in the face with a knife, the knife penetrating the nose and the roof of the mouth. This is brotherly love with a vengeance.

The "brother's" name is one Davis. He is a contractor, who has been doing some excavations on Temple street recently for V. Beaudry. It is said that Ellsworth is wanted elsewhere to answer certain charges. The above scene, transpiring within the sacred precincts of a Good Templar's Lodge, where each one is pledged "not to wrong a member of the Order or to see a member wronged," gives rise to the question: Does prohibition prohibit?

—A new and important machine has been invented at Pasadena for making earth basins around orange trees, to contain water for irrigation. By the aid of this machine, with a horse or mule, a driver and a Chinaman, 250 basins in a day can be made, suitable for the largest trees, and as soon as the water subsides the same machine can be used to fill the basins with the surrounding earth. Experiments shew that the machine will make a basin or fill the same in about a minute and a half. It does the work of ten men very easily, and is being used in the large orchard of Hon. J. F. Crank and others in the San Gabriel valley. It effectually makes the orchardist "lay down the shovel and the hoe."—*Herald.*

Church Notes.

Rev. Mr. Cash has arrived at Westminster, direct from Minnesota. He will take charge of the Westminster Congregational Church.

There will be preaching in the Presbyterian church to-morrow at 11 A.M. No evening service.

Rev. Mr. Green will preach in German at the Evangelical new church every Sunday afternoon at half-past two.

Services will be held in St. Michael's Episcopal church every Sunday morning and evening by Rev. H. J. Sheridan. All are invited.

Rev. Mr. Bollinger will preach in the German church every Sunday morning at 10:30.

Legal Note.

A young man of about 18 years of age had occasion to shoot a friend with whom he had a personal difficulty. He was arrested and brought to Austin for trial. As he had no money to hire a lawyer, the court appointed a member of the Austin bar to defend him. As the jury was being selected, the lawyer asked his client if he knew of any cause why any of them should be challenged.

"Not yet," was the whispered reply; "but if they find me guilty, I've got a brother who will challenge the last one of them. You can challenge the judge if you want to, but I want to attend to the sheriff myself."—*Texas Sifting.*

The rapid improvements in the many ills to which the human race is heir, says the *Daily World*, Nashville, Tennessee, can be attributed to but one source, and that is St. Jacob's Oil, the world-renowned pain-cure.

A party in Paris makes a living renting out teeth. Where they are swallowed by mistake the deposit is forfeited.

A careful estimate of the relative cost of coal and wood shows the Wellington coal to be the cheapest. It will burn in any ordinary cook stove, giving a steady heat, and is much more convenient to use than wood. Gade will deliver Wellington coal in quantities to suit.

Why does a woman carry her purse in her hand on the street? Simply because she thinks it may induce some man to seek her hand.

—A new No. 8 Wheeler & Wilson sewing machine is offered for sale at a large discount. The machine can be seen at D. W. Hudson's real estate office.

A Wide Awake Druggist.

Mr. W. M. Higgins is always wide awake in his business, and spares no pains to secure the best of every article in his line. He has secured the agency for the celebrated Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption. The only certain cure known for Consumption, Coughs, Colds, Horseness, Asthma, Hay Fever, Bronchitis, or any affection of the Throat and Lungs. Sold on positive guarantee. Will give you a Trial Bottle Free. Regular size $1.

Ladies' Men's and Youths' Bathing Suits at Cahen's

A claret punch—one of Sullivan's.

Best brands of tobacco at Helmsen's. tf

The softer sex—the dude.

For enterprise, push and fair dealing, Gade takes the lead. He has just received a carload of coal for sale at living rates. tf

Nota bene—A Boston famine.

Take a smoke? Let's go to Lieb's. tf

A "Nick"-name—the devil's.

Bargains in dress goods at Rimpau Bros. tf

Oft as the youth is bent the twig is inclined.

Buy Helmsen's books and lines to catch fish. tf

The parson at the wedding is the right man in the rite place.

Bargains in clothing; Removal sale—Dobner's. tf

A button is one of those events that are always coming off.

Keep cool—Get some ice of Gade. tf

A water party—Jay Gould. A "T" party—Tom Ochiltree.

Gade will take you bag and baggage to the Landing, early or late as you wish. tf

The first cyclone happened in Eden. It was a perfect hurry-Cain.

Fresh bread every day during the warm weather at the Anaheim Bakery. tf

Industrious old ladies, as well as delegates, believe in the "you knit" rule.

Look at the McCormick Mowers at White's. tf

A draw-back—To have one's name on protested note.

Largest assortment fancy notions. Helmsen's. tf

Soda fountains are in full bloom. They are strongly recommended by fizzicians.

New carriages, good horses, nobby rigs, at Lewis's. tf

It is the low-cut shoe that catches the gaudiest stocking.

Shoes 50 cents on the dollar—Dobner's. tf

A genuine German baron is said to be attending bar in an Albany lager beer saloon.

Dominic Lieb keeps the best native wines and brandies. tf

"Mixed drinks" have a bad consequence in mixing up the legs and confusing the brains.

Look at the new style of vineyard plows, the best ever made, at White's. tf

A ticket nominated in Lucas county, Ohio, is said to be composed exclusively of red-headed men.

Finest, cheapest pocket cutlery. Helmsen's. tf

Sweet are the uses of adversity. The man with a wig doesn't feel a lot of flies playing ball on his cranium.

Run into Lieb's and get a glass of beer. tf

Regardless of expense—the selling price generally.

Yum—Yum—Yum—Yum—Yum at Newbold's. tf

It took six years, according to Worth, to introduce the puffed sleeves.

Fritz's beer is refreshing these warm days.

The official name of a Tennessee post-office is "Fiery Gizzard."

Where do you get your smoking tobacco? Why, at Newbold's, of course. tf

"And he kicked you into the street—weren't you mad?" "No, not mad; but I did feel put out."

Largest assortment of Summer Hats at Rimpau's. tf

Wales must be a nice place to conduct a political campaign. Taffy was a Welshman.

White's have the celebrated Mitchell Wagon. tf

A Hoboken wife has invented a fire escape. She lies in bed and makes her husband get up and build it.

If you want a nice suit—Rimpau's. tf

"Never mind the dark horse," said the delegate in the bar-room; "give me a pony."

All weekly newspapers for sale at Newbold's. tf

Capt. Andrews, ninety-three years of age, has completed his walk from South Carolina to Massachusetts, arriving in Boston in good condition.

If you want Barbed Wire see White's. tf

Lager beer fresh at Martin Classen's. tf

An old lady undertook to bathe at Ocean Grove the other day in a red flannel suit, and at last accounts a cow was still chasing her.

At Fritz's, opposite the postoffice, you can always find a glass of good beer. tf

New Yorkers are in a bad way. The Water Department wants them to use less water, and the temperance people urge them to consume less beer and whisky. They will have to drink gin.

Try Newbold's genuine Manilla Cigars. Five cents. tf

A young poetess says she "told her secret to the sweet, wild roses." She is very imprudent. When the sweet, wild roses "blow" she will wish she had kept her secret to herself.

Stay with the man who stays with you. Gade is here to stay and will do your trucking in first-class style at living rates. tf

In one of the Philippine islands it is customary when a young fellow asks the old folks for their daughter, to send her into the woods at sunrise, and if the lover finds her before sunset she is his. The best way to catch her is to hang a new bonnet in some little clearing and lie in wait.

Lewis charges only living rates for livery.

A good square meal can be had at Dr. Fox's restaurant opposite the postoffice for twenty-five cents. tf

"Is tunkintel better than cake or candy, ma?" asked a little boy. "I do not know of anything called tunkintel, my dear. Where did you hear about it?" "Well, I heard our Lizzie telling her beau last night that she loved him more than tunkintel, so I guessed that it must be something better than cake or candy."

1,000 men wanted to drink beer at Fritz's.

Best double and single rigs at Lewis's. tf

A man during a lifetime of 50 years, according to a paper recently read before the Academy of Sciences, Paris, sleeps away an aggregate of 6,000 days, works away the same period, eats away 2,000 days, walks away 800 days, is ill during 500 days, and amuses himself with the remainder of his half-century on earth.

White's have sold forty Garden City Plows. tf

A Boston man has been granted a patent on a machine for cutting the coupons off from bonds. Every newspaper office will need one, sooner or later. We have had our shears sharpened, and will be able to worry along without the contrivance for another year at least, perhaps two years.

Glidden Barbed Wire, best made, at White's. tf

Baskets made of orange skin now hold frozen fruits at fashionable dinner parties. The frame work is made of wire, and is on a stand sufficiently broad to prevent the upsetting of the basket when filled.

Frisches Roggen Brod jeder zeit zu haben in der Anaheim Beckerei. tf

Ladies' Men's and Youths' Bathing Suits at Cahen's

SELLING OFF!
On account of
REMOVAL

Having leased the large and commodious store in Odd Fellow's building, I now offer my whole present stock of

DRY GOODS,
Clothing,
Boots and Shoes,
Underwear,
Hats, etc.,
Regardless of Cost.

As I intend to open the new store on the Eastern Plan and with an entirely new stock, dealers can purchase Dry Goods at this Removal Sale at San Francisco wholesale prices without the freight added thereto.

Groceries and Provisions
—AS USUAL—
First-class and Considerable Lower than elsewhere.

THE
San Francisco Cash Store
ANAHEIM.
M. DOBNER.

M. H. CHEESEMAN.
Store Near the R. R. Depot.
—DEALER IN ALL KINDS OF—
Farmers' Produce.

Would respectfully call the attention of the public to his

New Daily Arriving Stock
Of Merchandise, as well as old stock on hand, that must be sold cheap
To make room for Fresh Goods.

Call early everybody and secure bargains in goods of old stock as well as new. My motto is: "SMALL PROFITS, QUICK SALES."

☞Goods delivered FREE to any part of the vicinity.

M. H. CHEESEMAN,
Center Street, West border of Anaheim.

GEORGE M. THOMPSON,
—DEALER IN—
Grain, Hops, Honey and Dried Fruits.
—Consignments of Produce Solicited.—

FOR SALE.—Grain, Bean and Wool Bags, Hop Cloth, Burlaps and other Jute Goods, Cotton, Fleece and Flax Twines.

INSURANCE.
Fire Insurance Co. of the State of Pennsylvania.
CAPITAL, $200,000. - - - - ASSETS, $699,016.16
New Zealand Insurance Co. - - Capital, $5,000,000.
Insurance on growing grain at lowest rates.

Life Insurance.
The Manhattan Life Insurance Co. of New York,
Cash Assets, $11,000,000.
OFFICE, 206 Los Angeles Street, - LOS ANGELES, CAL.

F W. KROGH & CO.,
Manufacturers and Patentees of the Latest Improved Self-Regulating
WIND-MILLS
—AND—
HORSE-POWERS.
Also Tanks and all kinds of Pumping Machines.
Factory and Office: No. 51 Beal Street,
Between Market and Mission, - - San Francisco.
Send for a circular. no7-6m

The Miles' Tract
—IN—
North Anaheim
Has been subdivided into
Twenty-Acre Lots
—And is now—
On the Market for Sale.
HANNA & KEITH,
jne14 Agents

AGENTS WANTED for the best selling books [illegible] "the Presidents," etc; also the finest and quickest selling novelties. [illegible] GORHAM & CO., [illegible] San Francisco.
je28

For Sale.
PLANING MILL MACHINERY. IF TAKEN within a few days will sell at one-third of its cost. W. T. BOWEN, Cor. Fifth and San Pedro streets, Los Angeles.
je21

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EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

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TRANSIENT ADVERTISING:

SPACE.	1 week	2 weeks	3 weeks	4 weeks
1 square	$1 00	$1 50	$2 00	$2 50
2 squares	2 00	3 00	3 50	4 00
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ANAHEIM, CAL.

THIS HOUSE HAVING BEEN THOROUGHLY **Repaired and Furnished** —WITH— Elegant New Furniture *Is open for the reception of Guests.*

Suites of Rooms for Families.

The Table and appointments are First-class.

C. S. COMPTON, Manager.

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DENTISTS.

WE RESPECTFULLY ANNOUNCE TO YOU that one of us will visit Anaheim on the 9th and 10th of every month to attend to any dental work that you may wish to have done.

We are prepared to execute all branches of dentistry in an artistic and substantial manner at a reasonable price.

We replace lost teeth without a plate and place gold crowns on roots and decayed teeth by a new patent process.

We extract teeth without pain by the use of vitalized air. If you have not leisure to come to our office in the city, we will be pleased to call at your residence and do the work there.

Leave orders at Postoffice, Anaheim.

DRS. MASSER & WILDER,
Rooms 15, 17 and 19 Nadeau Block, Los Angeles.
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CELEBRATED

STOMACH
BITTERS

To the needs of the tourist, commercial traveler and new settler, Hostetter's Stomach bitters is peculiarly adapted, since it strengthens the digestive organs, and braces the physical energies to unhealthful influences. It removes and prevents malarial fever, constipation, dyspepsia, healthfully stimulates the kidneys and bladder, and enriches as well as purifies the blood. When overcome by fatigue, whether mental or physical, the weary and debilitated find it a reliable source of renewed strength and comfort.

For sale by all Druggists and Dealers generally.

F. & J. BACKS,

Importers, Manufacturers and Dealers in *Furniture, Bedding, Paper Hangings, Picture Frames, etc,*

UNDERTAKERS.

Agents for the Howe, Eldredge and Victor Sewing Machines.

Los Angeles Street, : : Anaheim.

AYER'S Sarsaparilla

Is a highly concentrated extract of Sarsaparilla and other blood-purifying roots, combined with Iodide of Potassium and Iron, and is the safest, most reliable, and most economical blood-purifier that can be used. It invariably expels all blood poisons from the system, enriches and renews the blood, and restores its vitalizing power. **It is the best known remedy for Scrofula and all Scrofulous Complaints, Erysipelas, Eczema, Ringworm, Blotches, Sores, Boils, Tumors, and Eruptions of the Skin,** as also for all disorders caused by a thin and impoverished, or corrupted, condition of the blood, such as **Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Rheumatic Gout, General Debility, and Scrofulous Catarrh.**

Inflammatory Rheumatism Cured.

"AYER'S SARSAPARILLA has cured me of the Inflammatory Rheumatism, with which I have suffered for many years.
W. H. MOORE."

Durham, Ia., March 2, 1882.

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Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass.
Sold by all Druggists; $1, six bottles for $5.

R. LUEDKE.
Watch Maker and Jeweler
Centre Street, Anaheim.

EVERY DESCRIPTION OF WATCHES, CLOCKS and Jewelry carefully repaired and warranted. A fine assortment of

Elgin and Waltham Watches.

JEWELRY AND CLOCKS ALWAYS ON HAND

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UP IN A BALLOON.

A Thrilling Adventure in the Wilds of the Sierra Nevada.

Landing on the Summit of a Mountain Spur---A Feat to Tremble at---Tramping in the Wilderness.

[Harper's Weekly.]

Late on a clear autumn afternoon of 188- the well known "Woodward Gardens," in the city of San Francisco, could scarcely contain a surging crowd come together from all quarters of the city to witness the ascent of a monster balloon. In that ascent our artist and the faithful reporter were directly interested; nor was the flight into ether which they and the captain (an experienced aeronaut) of the undertaking proposed by any means a commonplace affair, being no less an attempt to cross in mid-air the mighty range of the Sierra Nevada, and land far on the other side of that tremendous palisade in Salt Lake City itself.

It is hardly necessary to state that this aeronautic feat had never been accomplished. Undertaken, the truthful writer regrets to confess, it had been by the same venturesome trio, who, sitting in shame on the roof of the cowshed, where they had collapsed at the very outset of their trip, rallied at the brick chimney which had wrecked their air-ship, endured the jeers of the throng below with humility, and vowed to repeat the attempt within a week. A charity picnic afforded an excellent opportunity. The balloon had been patched, the temper of the trio restored, and once again the immense swollen bag toppled in air, pulling upward with all of its 34,000 cubic feet of gas.

OFF IN THE AIR.

Our party were fairly prompt. We took our places amid the cheers of the crowd. Everything was looked to quickly. "Are you ready?" rang out the question. "Ready; let go!" assented the captain. The cables were jerked off; with the sweep of the hurricane our aerostat shot up into space. The ground, the crowd, the buildings surrounding the gardens, the tallest tree-tops outlying us, dropped like enchantment below—still further below—far beneath. Our undertaking was well begun.

So much has been said of the impressions which the air voyager derives during the first half hour of his ascent that space may be saved here. The thrill of intense excitement as all connection with earth seems sundered; the upturned faces and black coats in the concourse of spectators becoming black and white dots; the universal "fore-shortening" of all creation as one looks down upon it—all combine to produce a feeling that can never pall. The fascination of floating at so vast an altitude as a balloon can soon attain is delicious. Few persons are troubled by giddiness. Confused sounds rise lullingly to the ear, one scarcely distinguishable from the rest. A kind of intoxication steals over the navigator. To live and move thus seems a rapture. Small wonder that the man who "balloons" once will "balloon" again and again, each time becoming more infatuated in tempting fate.

THE LANDSCAPE BELOW.

Our evening was perfectly serene and cloudless. A gentle breeze wafted us northward. The earth became a pale green and gray map as we reached the level of 2,000 feet above the bay of San Francisco, which stretched out glimmering toward the horizon. We could discern the city, the Golden Gate, the Farallone islands. On the east rose Mount Diablo and the Coast Range summits. Northward rippled Sacramento bay, with a golden dust of cloud hanging over it. The prospect invigorated us, and soda water was appropriately absorbed by all present, stronger beverages being interdicted.

Sunset came on. We had been gradually reaching the speed of ninety miles an hour. Not that it was possible to perceive the fact without scientific help. Even if a hurricane be blowing, there is still the endless sensation of floating, floating; for the air-current and air-ship keep exact pace. Thanks to the pieces of tissue paper which were flung out lavishly from time to time, and to the gauze streamers fluttering from our cordage, we could ascertain the direction of the wind. Even a few handfuls of sand thrown out from the ballast bags hanging over the rail caused us to rise perceptibly, for the best and most delicate scales in the chemist's laboratory cannot register the fractions of an ounce as does the balloon. The sun went down. Dusk advanced. "We must descend and put up for the night, friends," said our captain. With the vault above turning to a deep indigo, we sank gently, and skirted along the country from which the Coast Range rises.

OUR FIRST NIGHT.

We were just in time to attract the attention of a number of farm hands returning from work through the fields. With much shouting back and forth our dragging ropes were caught and made fast. "Tie it to anything, from a gate-post to a steeple," suggested our artist in a series of whoops worthy of a calliope. After a stiff battle, in which some of our kind assisters were pretty severely pulled about, we found ourselves on terra firma, and on the way to a neighboring farm-house. There we made light of a famous supper, washed down gayly with superb California wine. Our first stage was accomplished, and we slept the sleep which it would be a great pity for only the just to enjoy.

"Daylight already!" was the common exclamation when our vigilant captain administered sundry shakings to each one of us. In an hour breakfast was over, and we were retracing our steps through the fields. The anchors were loosed after hearty handshakes with our hospitable hosts; once more the delightful sensation of boundless freedom and buoyancy.

"Isn't this rising early in the morning with a vengeance?" queried one of the fraternity, as the captain announced us to be overtopping 16,000 feet.

"The man who will make a joke of that character under such matutinal circumstances deserves to be thrown out of this conveyance," responded the captain, grimly. But our atmospheric conditions were not long favorable to joking. The cold grew intense. Our voices seemed mysteriously muffled, and it was necessary to shout instead of chat. Ears tingled, and the rush of blood to the head foreshadowed the sudden nose-bleedings that followed. Our captain, prudent sailor, thoroughly approved of husbanding the ascensional powers of his craft. We dropped apace to a warmer and normal level, where life was livable at lower pressure.

THE SIERRA NEVADA.

By this time our second day was well begun. The morning mists evaporated around, above and below us. The west wind spun us toward the gigantic peaks of the Sierra Nevada, which finally mounted the eastern sky in full sight. We greeted them with cheers.

"Ah, old fellows, we will be on the other side of you soon!" cried one of the party.

"Take care," responded the captain, smilingly; "you are by no means there yet."

Beautifully pencilled in green and black, the forest slopes extended to our view. "Look over there," ejaculated the captain. "Do you make out the track of the Central Pacific? See! There is a train climbing up that grade!" Our artist did make out railroad and train, and contrived to sketch the same. In a little time we passed nearly over both, and caught the rumble and roar of wheels and the sight of a flurry of saluting handkerchiefs from the car windows. But our mighty air ship could not delay for courtesies; the lightning express fell far behind. Steadily, wind and all else favorable, we rose and swept forward. With a fresh cheer we saw the highest peak of the lofty mountain wilderness lying 3,000 feet beneath us. "At this rate we shall be on the other side, and asleep in Salt Lake City to-night," cried two of us.

Alas! this boast was scarcely uttered before its punishment came upon us. Streaks of cloud suddenly appeared above the great Nevada table lands. The wind veered to the north. Its speed and ours increased. Our captain's uneasiness grew evident. A moisture like dew began to freeze over us. We began to sink rapidly. Clearly we were in train for experiences of a most unexpected sort.

LIKE GRIM DEATH.

"Throw out the ballast!" called our captain. Rising once more, we darted into a dense cloud, and there drifted with lightning speed still northward. Water froze upon our cordage. There was only one thing now to do. "Over with all the ballast!" commanded our leader. It was in vain. We shot down perpendicularly with the speed of a bullet—1,500 feet in each second. Presently the whizzing of the gale in the tree tops of the mountain summits became terribly audible. To land under such conditions was impossible. Everything we possessed was tossed overboard—our spare clothing, our provisions—still to no purpose.

A moment or two later, with a series of crashes and bounds and leaps that made us hold on like grim death itself, our basket was dragged through the thick-set pine tops. Who could fitly describe the frightful sensations that ensued? With all visions dissipated of success in our expedition, and possibly reaching Salt Lake City or anywhere else alive, we crouched with clinched hold and set teeth in the wicker car. Occasionally, as we were borne across some depression in the mountains' sides, we were free from collisions, and were swept somewhat upward. I well remember that during one of these intervals, our captain, finding the rope of the escape valve had become entangled above, with masterly address clambered the network of the bounding globe, and, clinging tightly to what slender hold he found, adjusted it. It was a feat to tremble at in recollecting. In less than ten minutes after it had been accomplished we struck the tree-tops again, and were hurled more mercilessly than ever among their creaking branches, until with one tremendous shock our basket struck the stronger limbs of a mighty forest giant and held firm. To pull the ripping rope was the work of a second. With a crack a whole seam of the balloon parted. The gas fell about us in our wretched situation, nearly choking us. Our late tyrant collapsed and hung suspended from its colossal peg, the pine tree. We were safe.

IN THE WILDERNESS.

Upon the remaining adventures of that luckless day neither reporter nor artist is disposed to dilate. Our valiant captain, being inured to such untimely ends to all the pomp and circumstance of glorious ballooning, was subsequently seen to smile over the affair.

With vast difficulty we managed to glide down the slippery trunk of the pine, whose only branches, among which we were perched, grew eighty feet from the ground. We had landed on the summit of a spur of the Sierras. By compass we took our bearings, and set out for shelter. Around us rose the wilderness pure and simple. There was no trace of road or habitation, and we were forced to fight our way through the dense undergrowth until nightfall. Without provisions, and utterly exhausted, our little party threw themselves down under the thicket's shelter, and slept till the pallid dawn. A second day of such fruitless wandering meant something so nearly approaching to death that we hardly cared to contemplate it as we trudged onward.

By noon of the second day the strength of one of the party had given out entirely. The other two were manfully preparing to carry him between them, when a roaring brook was struck, and feebly followed with reviving hope. It was scarcely a quarter of an hour before the expected flume was discovered, at the foot of a steep declivity. A solitary Chinaman stood beside it plying a spade. We made our way toward him. At first our haggard appearance and scarcely understood tongue made the suspicious Celestial little disposed to listen to us or have aught to do with us; but, speedily becoming convinced that we had no designs upon his claim, he lent a very wondering and compassionate ear to the narrative which our captain communicated, and presently summoned all his pigtailed fellowship to hearken and aid us. We were, in truth, very kindly cared for by our yellow-faced friends during the two days which we found we must pass in that lonely camp before mules and wagons and men could be summoned from Nevada City, fifty miles distant.

When they arrived the balloon was looked up, and, ripped apart, forwarded to Reno. The overland train was finally taken, and our trio speeded to San Francisco, in defeat, but with thankful souls.

Buzzards in Charleston.

[Cor. Baltimore Day.]

Well do I recall a visit made early in the morning to the city market one year ago, and my surprise to see such flocks of these ungainly birds hopping about, picking up the scraps. The market-keeper, noticing my interest, communicated to me marvelous stories of their intelligence, and what I then saw was really corroborative, in part, of his story. The birds were collected on the peaked roof of the market-house, and they did not seem to be in any hurry to come down to the street to gather the scraps of meat which the butchers had rejected. I asked him why they did not—were they afraid? "He hasn't come yet, sur!" "Who?" "Why, the inspector, sur. Them buzzards don't dare touch nothin' till he inspects," and presently he spoke up, "Here he comes," and I looked up the street, marveling much what kind of a yarn I was getting, for what had a market inspector to do with a lot of carrion birds? My confidence was fast vanishing—"Not there, sur, up there; don't you see him?" All I saw in the direction indicated was a few buzzards flying toward the market. "That's him—watch him." I saw a buzzard alight on the roof, and the color of his head was different. It was reddish, and I did see this fellow hop around, then down he came to the street, and presently the whole flock followed.

A Nile Mudfish's Long Nap.

[Harper's Weekly.]

Rev. J. G. Wood possessed for four years a large lump of dry Nile mud, a hole in one of its sides showing that a mudfish was within it. The other day he carefully cut the lump open, and found the inhabitant in good condition, doubled up, with its tail over its head, just as when it went to sleep more than twenty years ago.

The Bread Winners: A young girl's name cannot be mentioned too seldom in the newspapers. In fact, twice in a lifetime is often enough, and one of them should be a funeral notice.

A bottle of painkiller for Queen Victoria's knee lies in the dead-letter office.

In Morocco, when a thief is caught in the most trivial offence, they politely request him to hold up both hands. They then ask him what hand he would prefer to have in his possession, and when he has made his choice they cut off the other. When a thief has lost both hands and also his feet, he loses his head and stops stealing.

The Anti-Vaccination Society in England was very flourishing until smallpox appeared in London. Then it declined and is now merely the "fad" of a few fanatics.

ST. JACOBS OIL

THE GREAT
GERMAN REMEDY FOR PAIN.
CURES
Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Sciatica,
Lumbago, Backache, Headache, Toothache,
Sore Throat, Swellings, Sprains, Bruises, Burns, Scalds, Frost Bites,
AND ALL OTHER BODILY PAINS AND ACHES.
Sold by Druggists and Dealers everywhere. Fifty Cents a bottle.
Directions in 11 Languages.
THE CHARLES A. VOGELER CO.
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At Petrolia, Six Miles North of Anaheim.

In Soquel Canyon, 240 acres at $80 per acre.
Also 80 acres in Brea Canyon, $60 per acre.
Also 320 acres in Telegraph Canyon at $45 per acre.
Title, U. S. Patent.

These lands are in the heart of the petroleum oil belt, with acres of asphaltum or brea beds and numerous oil springs. Near these lands is one producing oil well with two more being drilled.

Shallow wells of heavy lubricating oil can be obtained at slight depths on all of these lands.

Inquire of the owner, B. CHANDLER,
Boyle Heights, or address P. O. Box 881,
apl19 Los Angeles.

To Dyspeptics.

The most common signs of **Dyspepsia,** or **Indigestion,** are an oppression at the stomach, nausea, flatulency, water-brash, heart-burn, vomiting, loss of appetite, and constipation. Dyspeptic patients suffer untold miseries, bodily and mental. They should stimulate the digestion, and secure regular daily action of the bowels, by the use of moderate doses of

Ayer's Pills.

After the bowels are regulated, one of these Pills, taken each day after dinner, is usually all that is required to complete the cure.

AYER'S PILLS are sugar-coated and purely vegetable—a pleasant, entirely safe, and reliable medicine for the cure of **all disorders of the stomach and bowels.** They are the best of all purgatives for family use.

PREPARED BY
Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass.
Sold by all Druggists.

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Repairing of Watches, Clocks and Jewelry done promptly and warranted.

Sole Agent for the Johnston Optical Co.'s Improved Spectacles and Eye-Glasses (interchangeable). Improved Eye Tester to perfectly suit the eye.

GIANT BAKING POWDER

Has No Equal!
Strongest, Purest, Best and Most Economical in the Market.
Never Varies in Quality.
Recommended to CONSUMERS by leading Physicians, Chemists and members of the San Francisco Board of Health.
—PREPARED BY THE—
BOTHIN MANUFACTURING COMPANY,
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PASTURE.

BEST OF PASTURE FOR STOCK AT THE COSta Ranche.

Apply on the premises to A. V. Howard or to SAXTON & COX, Near the depot.

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Are you failing, try WELLS' HEALTH RENEWER, a pure, clean, wholesome

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For Brain, Nerves, Stomach, Liver, Kidneys, Lungs. An Unequaled Invigorant. Cures

DYSPEPSIA,

Headache, Fever, Ague, Chills,

DEBILITY & WEAKNESS.

Nice to take, true merit, unequaled for **TORPID LIVER** and **Night Sweats, Nervous Weakness, Malaria,** Leanness, Sexual Decline. $1.00 per bot., 6 for $5.00, at Druggists. E. S. WELLS, Jersey City, N. J., U. S. A.

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Kidney and Urinary Cure.

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PLANING, SAWING,
—AND—
MOULDING MILLS.
—OF—
Saxton & Cox,

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NEAR THE RAILROAD DEPOT

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—AND—
—Farming Implements—

Manufactured by FURST & BRADLEY Manufacturing Company of Chicago, are first-class and guaranteed in every respect. Sold by
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PASTURAGE.

AN UNLIMITED QUANTITY OF HORSES taken on pasturage at the alfalfa ranch of J. W. Bixby in Santa Ana Canyon. Terms—$2 50 per month. For further information apply to
P. DAVIS & BRO., Anaheim.
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PULLMAN PALACE SLEEPING CARS

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HAVING PURCHASED THE PATENT RIGHT to manufacture the celebrated

CEMENT PIPE

are now prepared to make and lay the said pipe of any dimension from two inches to four feet in diameter, in any part of Los Angeles county south of and including Anaheim and Westminster Townships.

For information regarding the pipe and prices apply to Hanna & Keith, Anaheim, or to the undersigned, at Westminster. HULL & CALDWELL.
may3

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The BUYERS' GUIDE is issued March and Sept., each year: 216 pages, 8½ x 11½ inches, with over **3,300** illustrations—a whole picture gallery. Gives wholesale prices *direct to consumers* on all goods for personal or family use. Tells how to order, and gives exact cost of everything you use, eat, drink, wear, or have fun with. These invaluable books contain information gleaned from the markets of the world. We will mail a copy **Free** to any address upon receipt of the postage—7 cents. Let us hear from you.

Respectfully,
MONTGOMERY WARD & CO.
227 & 229 Wabash Avenue, Chicago, Ill.

Sulphur.

THE UNDERSIGNED HAS FOR SALE SULPHUR especially adapted for vineyards, at lowest rates.
B. DREYFUS & CO., Anaheim.
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BANK OF ANAHEIM.

CAPITAL STOCK,

$100,000.00.

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G. B. SHAFFER..............SECRETARY

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W. K. JAMES,
S. H. MOTT, P. JAMES.

This Bank receives Deposits, Loans Money, Buys and Sells Exchange and Currency, makes Collections and transacts a General Banking Business.

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Certificates, entitling the holder to passage on railroad from San Francisco to New York, or vice versa, issued at the established rate.

Persons in Anaheim or vicinity desiring to send to any point in the countries named for any relative or friend can purchase tickets here and forward them to the proper person by mail.

FIRST NATIONAL BANK
—OF—
Los Angeles.

PRESIDENT:
E. F. Spence.

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Eureka! Eureka! Eureka!

The long desired

TEA

Free from all poisonous mixtures, that makes a healthy drink, of delicious flavor, can now be had at the

Store near the Depot.

Call for the "Mayflower" brand and test its merits. Also when there sample the various

COFFEES

that have been provided for his customers by

M. H. CHEESEMAN.

IN THE SUPERIOR COURT

Of the State of California in and for the County of Los Angeles.

John J. Weglein, Plaintiff, vs. Frank Leopold Kuhn, Defendant. Action brought in the Superior Court of the State of California, in and for the County of Los Angeles, and the complaint filed in said County of Los Angeles, in the office of the Clerk of said Superior Court.

The people of the State of California send greeting to Frank Leopold Kuhn, defendant.

You are hereby required to appear in an action brought against you by the above named plaintiff in the Superior Court of the State of California, in and for the County of Los Angeles, and to answer the complaint filed therein, within ten days (exclusive of the day of service), after the service on you of this Summons—if served within this County; or, if served elsewhere, within thirty days—or judgment by default will be taken against you according to the prayer of said complaint.

The said action is brought to recover a decree and judgment against you annulling and declaring void that certain contract between plaintiff and defendant herein, of date August 5, 1870, for the sale of the N. W. ¼ of the N. E. ¼ of the S. W. ¼ of Sec. 22, Tp. 4, S. R. 10 W., situated in the County of Los Angeles and State of California, that the said contract be wholly set aside and canceled of record, and for such other and further relief, or both, as shall be just and equitable, and for costs of suit. Reference is had to complaint for particulars.

And you are hereby notified that if you fail to appear and answer the said complaint as above required the said plaintiff will apply to the Court for the relief demanded in the complaint.

Given under my hand and the seal of the Superior Court of the State of California, in and for the County of Los Angeles, this 17th day of April, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and eighty-four.

A. W. POTTS, Clerk.
je21 2m by E. H. OWEN, Deputy.

BLAINE Agents wanted for authentic edition of his life. Published at Augusta, his home. Largest, handsomest, cheapest, best. By the renowned historian and biographer, Col. Conwell, whose life of Garfield, published by us, outsold the twenty others by 60,000. Outsells every book ever published in this world; many agents are selling fifty daily. Agents are making fortunes. All new beginners successful; grand chance for them. $43.50 made by a lady agent the first day. Terms most liberal. Particulars free. Better send 25 cents for postage, etc., on free outfit, now ready, including large prospectus book, and save valuable time. ALLEN & Co., Augusta, Maine.
je21

Pacific Coast Steamship COMPANY.

GOODALL, PERKINS & CO., General Agents, San Francisco.

NORTHERN ROUTES.

STEAMERS LEAVE SAN FRANCISCO

For Wrangle, Sitka and Harrisburg, Alaska; and Nanaimo and New Westminster, B. C., as advertised in San Francisco newspapers.

For Victoria, Port Townsend, Seattle, Tacoma, Steilacoom and Olympia on July 10th, 15th, 20th, and Aug. 3d at 10 A. M.

For Astoria and Portland, July 3, 8, 13, 18, 23, 28, and Aug. 2, at 10 A. M.

For Eureka, Arcata and Hookton, every Wednesday.

For Point Arena, Cuffy's Cove, Little River, Whitesboro, Mendocino City and Noyo every Monday.

SOUTHERN ROUTES

TIME TABLE FOR JULY.

	Coming South		Going North	
STEAMERS.	Leave San Francisco	Arrive San Pedro.	Leave San Pedro	Arrive San Francisco.
Santa Rosa	June 30	July 2	July 5	July 7
Los Angeles	July 2	" 4	" [illegible]	" 8
Orizaba	" 5	" 7	" [illegible]	" 11
Eureka	" 7	" 9	" 10	" 13
Santa Rosa	" 10	" 12	" 14	" 16
Los Angeles	" 12	" 14	" [illegible]	" 18
Orizaba	" 15	" 17	" [illegible]	" 21
Eureka	" 17	" 19	" [illegible]	" 23
Santa Rosa	" 20	" 22	" [illegible]	" 26
Los Angeles	" 22	" 24	" [illegible]	" 28
Orizaba	" 25	" 27	" [illegible]	" 31
Eureka	" 27	" 29	" 30	Aug 2
Santa Rosa	" 30	Aug 1	Aug 3	" 5

Steamers Santa Rosa and Orizaba go through to San Diego, leaving San Pedro on the dates of their arrivals from San Francisco.

The Santa Rosa and Orizaba call at Santa Barbara and Port Harford (San Luis Obispo) only on the route to and from San Francisco.

Cars to connect with steamers leave S. P. R. R. Depot, Los Angeles, as follows:

With Santa Rosa and Orizaba, going north, at 10 o'clock, A. M.; going south, at 4 o'clock, P. M.

With Los Angeles and Eureka, going north, at 4 o'clock, P. M. Railroad time.

Rates of Fare

FROM LOS ANGELES:

	CABIN.	STEERAGE
To San Francisco,	$15 00	$10 00
FROM SAN PEDRO WHARF		
To Monterey and Santa Cruz	14 00	9 50
To San Simeon	12 00	9 00
To Cayucos	11 50	9 00
To Port Harford	10 50	8 00
To Gaviota	9 00	7 00
To Santa Barbara	6 00	5 00
To San Buenaventura	5 00	4 00
To San Diego	5 00	4 00

Plans of steamers' cabins at agent's office, where berths may be secured.

For Newport Landing, via Santa Cruz, etc., freight steamers leave San Francisco about every two weeks, as tides serve on the Newport bar.

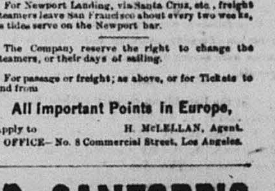
The Company reserve the right to change the steamers, or their days of sailing.

For passage or freight; as above, or for Tickets to and from

All Important Points in Europe,

Apply to H. McLELLAN, Agent.
OFFICE—No. 8 Commercial Street, Los Angeles.

DR. SANFORD'S



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DR. SANFORD'S LIVER INVIGORATOR. Invigorates the Liver, Regulates the Bowels, Strengthens the System, Purifies the Blood, Assists Digestion, Prevents Fevers. Is a Household Need. An Invaluable Family Medicine for common complaints.

DR. SANFORD'S LIVER INVIGORATOR. *An experience of Forty years, and Thousands of Testimonials prove its Merit.*

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The Purest and Best.

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BAKING—

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For sale at the Store at the Depot.

COOPERAGE

A LARGE QUANTITY OF

BARRELS, HALF BARRELS,

10 Gallon and 5 Gallon Kegs

For Sale Cheap.

Aply to B. DREYFUS & CO. Anaheim

OSTRICH FARM.

IT HAVING BEEN FOUND NECESSARY TO close the above farm to visitors, notice is hereby given that all persons trespassing on the said [illegible]

WILL BE PROSECUTED.

Visitors wishing to see the birds can do so on Sundays and Wednesdays only, and the price of admission to the farm is fifty cents each.

Tickets of admission to the farm can be purchased at the office of the GAZETTE or at the Anaheim Hotel.

☞ ALL DOGS BROUGHT ON THE FARM WILL BE SHOT.

C. J. SKETCHLEY,
Superintendent California Ostrich Farming Company.