

FAITHFUL UNTO DEATH.

The Sandwich Islanders have such wonderful skill in swimming that an account of their aquatic achievements might at once be called a regular fish story, and yet be perfectly true. Such a story is the following one, the heroine of which I have often seen in the island.

The little schooner Ke-o is left Lahaina, May 9, 1840, for the island of Hawaii, a hundred miles to the southeast of that port. On the afternoon of the next day (Sunday) her ballast shifted in a squall of wind, and she suddenly capsized and sank, about ten miles from the nearest land. A few passengers were carried down with the vessel, and the rest were left floating in the water. To be shipwrecked is usually to a Hawaiian not so much a calamity as an inconvenience; but in this case, the swimmers found that a strong tidal current from the southward was sweeping them away from the land. Their only chance was to reach the island that lay on the other side of the channel, twenty-five miles distant. A man named Maua called the ship's company around him in the water, and offered prayers for their deliverance from peril. Then the swimmers turned their faces in the direction of the current, and held their course toward the distant and deserted island of Ka-hoolawe; they could just see its blue hills upon the northern horizon. Maua and his wife, Ka-lua, had each saved from the lost schooner a covered bucket, upon which they swam.

A cloudy night now closed over them, and the shipwrecked company, deprived of the guidance of the stars, became widely scattered. A vigorous young man, floating upon the cover of the hatchway, succeeded in making land on Monday morning; but his brother and many others died before daylight. One very slender and apparently weakly youth, unsupported by anything but his own skill in swimming, got ashore after being about twelve hours in the water.

At sunrise, Ka-lua and her husband found themselves alone on the ocean, and still far from land. Her bucket came to pieces and she swam unaided all Monday morning. Toward the evening the strength of Maua began to fail rapidly. They stopped and rested, floating on their backs; she lashed him thoroughly, enacting his laments until he was able to swim again, and they held their way against the current, which had now turned in a southerly direction, until they had the land in full view. But Maua now began to lose strength more rapidly than before. His heroic wife then placed him upon her back, making him hold on by the hair of her head, while she, swimming upon the remaining bucket, towed him in the direction of the shore. It was not long, however, before his hands slipped and lost their power of grasping. She told him that he must pray, but he could only utter a sentence or two. She prayed for him, and he lay but his arms

and her neck and held them together with one hand while she swam with the other. Maua was now speechless. She redoubled her exertions, but even her almost incredible strength was beginning to fail.

She felt a ghastly chill creep through the form that she bore upon her back. She paused. She placed her ear to her husband's breast to listen for the beating of his heart. He was dead!

The tide had now turned again—this time in her favor. She was now within a mile of the shore, and she determined to bring the dead body to land. She carried it until she found that she must abandon it or perish.

On Monday night she reached the shore, but in a condition of such exhaustion that she was almost beaten down by the breakers upon the beach. The salt water had inflamed her eyes, and she could scarcely see; it was all that she could do to crawl beyond the reach of the surf and lie down upon the sand. She had been thirty hours in the water, and had swum more than that number of miles.

She slept soundly that night, but during Tuesday, Wednesday and Thursday she wandered without finding inhabitants or food, and only saved herself from starvation by drinking the rain water that stood in the hollows of the rocks. On Friday she discovered melons growing in a sandy place, and while eating them she was found by two fishermen, who gave her clothing and took her to the nearest house. Only three of the ship's company besides herself were saved. In a few days she had recovered from her exhaustion, and until lately she was living to tell the wonderful story of her exploit.

A Menagerie in his Stomach.

A Marine Hospital surgeon tells of a remarkable case that came under his observation. It was that of a tall, lank, cadaverous sailor who complained that he suffered almost perpetual pain in the stomach. At times he would be seized with frightful convulsions, and nothing seemed to allay his sufferings but food. He had a ravenous appetite, and could eat a hearty meal a dozen times a day. The doctors, after a long course of treatment, succeeded in taking from the man a tape worm and also a snake thirteen inches long, resembling a monstrous single worm. The physicians were somewhat astonished at finding so strange a resident in the man's stomach, but they were quite dumfounded by the startling phenomenon that presented itself soon after. While examining the reptile the physicians found that it was actually giving birth to another claimant for the vast quantity of food devoured by the unfortunate Jack tar. They could account for the appearance of the snake in the man's stomach, but that a reptile, which, when quite small, had found its way there should in-

crease to its present size, and also have young, was a problem which they were unable to solve.

PECK'S ALLEGED HUMOR.

Speaking of the ostrich reminds me of something. Readers will remember that a few years ago about twenty ostriches were brought to California, to experiment on raising feathers for the milliners of America. I do not know whether the feather business is a success or not, but I notice that every store nearly in California has ostrich eggs for sale. There is a hole in the end, where the meat has been removed, and the egg shell is for sale. The charge for each egg-shell is about two dollars and a half. I remembered the imported ostriches, and did not think but what the ostrich egg trade was all right until I had seen about a thousand eggs on sale, and then I began to figure. I asked old Californians how many ostrich farms there were in the State, and the number of ostriches. I found that there were two farms, and about forty ostriches in all. Then I figured that probably ten out of the forty ostriches must be, in the nature of things, rooster ostriches, which would leave thirty female ostriches to lay all these eggs. If the eggs are on sale as plentifully in San Francisco and other parts of the State as they are where I have traveled, and I am told they are, these thirty female ostriches must set up nights and work more than ten hours a day to lay all those eggs. My first thought, after figuring on the millions of eggs on sale, was that the ostriches were overworked, and that some bold man ought to get up an ostrich strike, and demand shorter hours of labor and less hours, and I was going to champion the ostrich; but further investigation has shown me that the ostriches are not suffering to any alarming extent. The eggs on sale never, in this world, emanated from live ostriches. They are made of porcelain, or I do not know porcelain when I see it. On California, how often would I have taken you to my bosom and loved you, and swore that there was no wooden nutmeg about you! How I have stood up for you when people at the East and that you were liars about climate, and deceivers about the value of mining stocks! I have been your friend, and now you have played a porcelain ostrich egg on me, and got me to pay three dollars for it. Oh, why have I taken your side against the Chinese, to be treated in this way? I am like the man who interfered to protect a wife from the wrath of her husband, and both husband and wife turned in and beat him. I interfered to cause the Chinaman to go away from fair California, and what is the result? The Chinaman starves the tail of my shirt and leaves me "rice pudding" when I call for pie, and the native Californian sells me a porcelain ostrich egg. This is too much. Take back your porcelain ostrich egg, California, or I can never be more to you than a loose sister in the future.—Geo. W. Peck in his cap.

Beverages and Digestion.

Some experiments on a large butcher's dog, with reference to the effects of sundry beverages on digestion, have been recently described by Signor Agata (Archiv fur Hygiene). The observations were made by means of a stomachic fistula (quite healed); the dog was fed on horse flesh and fibrin from ox blood. The following conclusions (which might not be strictly applicable to man, accustomed to the drinks named) were reached: 1. Water, water containing carbonic acid, tea and coffee in moderate amount, do not disturb digestion. 2. Beer, wine and brandy retard digestion considerably at first, till absorbed; and in the case of beer, the extractive matters act thus as well as the alcohol. 3. Sugar (cane and grape) retards digestion considerably. 4. Common salt accelerates it distinctly. Nature.

A Snake Story.

The following from Lewiston, Me., is published in New York: For six months a young man named Ferguson, residing at Great Falls, has been in failing health, despite the care of physicians, none of whom could fathom the cause of his decline. Among the many odd symptoms was that of a peculiar choking sensation, which was not understood until a snake thrust its head out of the young man's mouth. The sick man called his sister, and when next the hissing head appeared she seized it, and with a quick pull landed the reptile at her feet. Her action killed her brother. The tail of the snake had grown into the young man's body, and in tearing it away a blood vessel was broken and the young man bled to death.

Lay of the Hen-Pecked.

Oh, her hair is as dark as the midnight wave, And her eyes like the kindling fire, And her voice is as sweet as the spirit's voice, That chirrups with the seraph's lyre. But her nails are as sharp as a scolding-fork, And her arms are as strong as a bear's; She pulled my hair and she gouged my eye And she kicked me down the stairs. I've got me an eye that's made of glass, And I've got me a wig that's new; The wig is frizzled in cork-screw curls And my eye is a clouded blue. She may shake her knuckles full in my face, And put the lamp to my beard, And hold the broomstick over my head— But I'm not at all afraid. For I've bound her over to keep the peace, And I've bought me a crab-tree cane; The policeman will come, and justice, too, If she meddles with me again. My head was a week in the linen cap, And my eyes a month in the patch; I never thought that the torch of love Would light such a brimstone match.

A SIN-CURSED COUNTRY.

WASHINGTON, D. C., April 9.—Senator Gaston, the Chief of the Bureau of Mercantile Statistics in Lima, Peru, has prepared a sensational document, the points of which Consul Brunt has sent to the State Department. He says:

"There are 100,000 population in Lima; 34 per cent of these are minors, 47 per cent single and widowed, 19 per cent married. This is not a matter of surprise, owing to economical features mentioned hereafter, but it must be noted with pain that from the great number of minors it clearly appears that unmarried persons take almost as active a part in propagating their species as those in wedlock. Statistics show that 46 per cent of the births in 1883 were the fruit of wedlock and 54 per cent illegitimate. It is, therefore, more than evident that over two-thirds of the population of Lima live in a state of concubinage, or something of that character, rather than in legal and family ties. According to census reports, there is an excess of 2,334 unmarried women or widowed women over the same classes of males, and as women are less adapted or educated to gain their living by industry than the male portion, the only means of subsistence left to them is that of depending upon the stronger sex without regard to law or morality. In a society of only 9,000 families this excess of 2,500 single women, urged by necessity, perverted through ignorance and even influenced by the climate, is an element of danger to public morals and general good. In a word, of the 100,000 people in Lima, but little more than one-third live in families.

"There are 33,914 persons under age, 35,159 females and only 30,083 active producers, so that every able-bodied man has to support more than three persons. The cost of food, clothing, etc., may be reckoned at \$15.02 per head per month. Each man able to work should earn \$45.06 per month. This amount is only obtained by the most limited number. A condition of the most abject poverty prevails, which shortens the life of the people. The consuming class is constantly increasing, and every man forced to shoulder the market is but a new burden laid on the feeble shoulders of the producers. It is, therefore, shown that the population of Lima does not rest, as it should, on a family basis, and that from a lack of labor power and excess of unmarried females there is wanting that great producing element which is a principal factor in well-established communities. The result of all this is a never ending struggle between an educated minority and the powerful resistance of ignorant masses who, almost irresponsible for their acts, entertain a deep-seated hatred for those they hold to be their oppressors. These are a suspicious, selfish mass, refusing all efforts toward their own self-regeneration, without habits of order, unable to respect laws of which they are ignorant, living in intellectual darkness, and generally in moral depravity, their existence passes without a thought being given to their advancement, their preservation as a race or to their heritage.

"When it comes to pursuits, 64,956 are without any. Even among those married not one-fifth of their offspring survive the first year's existence, and the reason assigned is that the parents cannot provide them with the proper nourishment.

"Even more lamentable is the fate of those numerous unmarried women, whose children never know their fathers. For them there is no employment, no protection, no support. When their children live they grow up weaklings, owing to the privations they undergo, and they generally end their days in a hospital. And this condition is due to the indifference of our Government and to our own character. Premiums are given to useless and unsubstantial objects, whilst talent and honorable labor go unrewarded. Immense sums are subscribed to build sumptuous temples side by side with the hovels where the poor die in want and misery. Hundreds of people exist in damp and narrow, unhealthy dwellings, whilst in the main streets of the city are extensive convents and monasteries, covering acres of ground and affording shelter to a handful of useless and idle monks and nuns. On this account there are more churches and convents than municipal schools, more children and women than men, more soldiers and Chinese than active citizens, more beggars than laborers, more priests than men of science, more illegitimate than legitimate children, more concubines than women legally married, more ignorance than enlightenment, more corruption than morality, more gunpowder than bread. From this indifference the little good among us is gradually disappearing. It lacks support and appreciation. It is, therefore, necessary in our own interest and in that of our descendants to change this vicious order of things, to reform these dreadful abuses, to punish these offenses with severity and to afford instruction, protection and support to those women and children so deplorably unfortunate in their present state."—Special to St. Louis Globe Democrat.

Why Do We Have Eggs at Easter?

Easter is observed among all Christian people as the anniversary of the great event of the resurrection of Christ. He was dead, but returned to life. The egg is taken as emblematic of a return to life. It is to us an appearance dead, but we know that if placed under proper conditions life will come from it. It was the custom in very early times to celebrate the return of spring by making presents of eggs.

"Why does not Easter always fall upon a fixed day? Christmas is always on December 25th; why should not Easter be fixed with equal certainty?" Easter must always be on Sunday. It is not a particular date that is observed, but a particular Sunday. How to decide upon the Sunday, gave the very early churches much trouble, and there were differences on that account, but the matter was settled at a council held at Nice, in the year 325. The rule was adopted that "Easter day is always the first Sunday after the full moon, which happens upon or next after March 21st, and if the full moon happens on a Sunday, Easter day is the next Sunday after." This gives Easter day a wide range of dates, as it may occur on any Sunday from March 22 to April 23.

Pathetic History of a New York Model.

A beautiful woman was admitted at the last picture exhibition of the Lotus Club, New York. She was on canvas in a frame, but as big as life, and so natural that she easily reigned queen over all the live women in the assemblage. There was nothing delicate about her. She was adequately clad in a white woolen robe, which draped her perfect form in classic style, though she was labeled a modern girl at her toilet; and the ribbon around her hair, while it was like the ericet of a Greek goddess, was presumably for mere convenience in holding up her hair temporarily. The clever idea was to create a mediæval effect with wholly modern material. The face and arms were those of a stately blonde, her pose was commanding, her color was that of a blooming health and spirit, and she looked a very prosperous individual. The artist, James Carroll Beckwith, was repeatedly asked if he had painted from a model. He admitted that the picture was as nearly a portrait as any artist cared to admit in an idealistic picture. In response to special inquiry he said: "My model was an English girl. She was born to a good position, for her family was almost rich and highly respected. But she eloped to America and sank into abject poverty. She had suffered seriously from cold and hunger when I chanced to come across her. I employed her to sit for this painting, and I have no doubt that she had once been as proud and queenly as she therein appears; but, poor creature, she died before this presentment of her beauty. Her fatal illness was caused by privation, though she was made as comfortable as possible towards the last."—Cincinnati Commercial.

Matrimonial Agencies in France.

A writer in the Temps furnishes some interesting information concerning matrimonial agencies in France. The first of these agencies was established shortly after the revolution of 1793. To-day there are over a hundred in Paris alone. Some are public, others private. The latter are more open to suspicion, though the former are occasionally caught making napes, and one agent, who had large offices near the boulevards, has just been condemned to two years' imprisonment for swindling his clients. The writer visited several of the leading agencies. He says that during the last eight months one of them has succeeded in making no fewer than 202 marriages. The majority of them are kept by women, who appear to make a good living. The male clients are composed chiefly of pensioned soldiers, dismissed functionaries and humble employes, while the female applicants may be classed as elderly maids, waried courtiers or enriched cooks. The extraordinary number of ex-functuaries in search of wives is attributed to the constant change of governments. These unfortunate bachelors, finding themselves suddenly thrown out of office, and forced to maintain a certain rank in society, resort to the matrimonial agent as a kind of savior. Many belong to good but impoverished families. Of course, adventurers of both sexes are numerous among the candidates for matrimony; but that many bona fide matches are made by these agencies appears to be beyond doubt. Whether the couples so united by advertisement live long and happy lives forever after is a question difficult to decide.

Opulent Knights.

New York, April 17.—A Scranton dispatch says Master Workman Powderly was asked to-day if there is any immediate prospect of settling the strike in the Southwest. "I do not know what the business men of St. Louis may accomplish," said he, "but I might be able to give a better opinion if I knew more about the manipulation of stock. I will say this, if Mr. Gould is not making any more money out of the Missouri Pacific than he claims, we will gladly take the road off his hands."

"You mean that the Knights of Labor would purchase the road?" "Precisely; we can do it, and I am confident that we could run the road to the satisfaction of the public, and make money without having strikes. The fact is, railroad workmen, as a class, are the easiest to get along with in the world. They are steady, hard-working and industrious. A man who cannot get along with them cannot get along with anybody."

Pacific Coast Steamship Company.

GOODALL, PERKINS & CO. General Agents, San Francisco.

NORTHERN ROUTES.

STEAMERS LEAVE SAN FRANCISCO
For Wrangle, Sitka and Hattisburg, Alaska; and
Nassau and New Westminster, B. C., as advertised in San Francisco newspapers.
For Victoria, Port Townsend, Seattle, Tacoma, Steamer and Olympia on April 2, 9, 12, 23, 30 and May 7 at 10 a. m.
For Astoria and Portland, April 2, 9, 12, 19, 23, 26 and May 3 at 10 a. m.
For Eureka, Arcata and Hookton, every Wednesday.
For Point Arena, Clifty Cove, Little River, Whittier, Mendocino City and Sycamore Monday.

SOUTHERN ROUTES.

TIME TABLE FOR APRIL, 1886.

STEAMERS	Leaving South	Leaving North
Santa Rosa	Mar 20	Apr 1
Los Angeles	Apr 5	Apr 16
Eureka	Apr 10	Apr 21
Santa Rosa	Apr 15	Apr 26
Los Angeles	Apr 20	Apr 31
Eureka	Apr 25	May 6
Santa Rosa	Apr 30	May 11
Los Angeles	May 5	May 16
Eureka	May 10	May 21
Santa Rosa	May 15	May 26
Los Angeles	May 20	May 31
Eureka	May 25	June 5

The Santa Rosa and Orizaba call at Santa Barbara and Port Harford (San Luis Obispo) only on the route to and from San Francisco.

Care to connect with steamers leave S. P. R. R. Depot, Los Angeles, as follows:
With Santa Rosa and Orizaba, at 9:30 o'clock, a. m.
With Los Angeles and Eureka, going north, at 9:30 o'clock, a. m., railroad time, unless otherwise stated.

Rates of Fare.

FROM LOS ANGELES	ONE WAY	ROUND TRIP
To San Francisco	\$15.00	\$25.00
To Monterey and Santa Cruz	5.00	9.00
To San Simon	12.00	20.00
To Cayenne	10.00	18.00
To Port Harford	11.50	20.00
To Cayenne	10.00	18.00
To San Francisco	12.00	20.00
To San Francisco	12.00	20.00
To San Francisco	12.00	20.00
To San Francisco	12.00	20.00

For Newport Landing, via Santa Cruz, etc., freight steamers leave San Francisco about every two weeks as times serve on the Newport bar.

The Company reserve the right to change the rates, or their rates of sailing.

All Important Points in Europe, Apply to OFFICE—No. 8 Commercial Street, Los Angeles.

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JOHN R. PAUL,
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Embalmers and Funeral Director, who will give his personal attention to all cases.

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ANAHEIM.

L. F. Lewis, -- Proprietor

THESE STABLES ARE THE BEST VENTILATED and most commodious in the town, and special attention will be paid to Boarding and Grooming horses. The charges in all cases will be reasonable.

Single and Double Teams

Furnished at short notice, and careful drivers, families with the country, supplied with everything required. The patronage of the public is respectfully solicited.

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THE
UNIVERSAL VEGETABLE PANACEA
OF CONCENTRATED EXTRACTS.

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For the Speedy and Permanent Relief of the most obstinate cases of
Dyspepsia, Jaundice, Chills and Fever, Distended Liver, Biliousness, Headache, General Debility.

And all other diseases arising from a Bilious State of the stomach, or an inactive Liver.

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E. G. HUNTINGTON,

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Blacksmith and Horse-Shoer,

LOS ANGELES ST., ANAHEIM.

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FRESH MILK COWS

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WEEKLY GAZETTE

SATURDAY.....APRIL 24, 1886

SUBSCRIPTION, per year, \$2.

NOTWITHSTANDING the depression in trade and the general shrinkage of values in the country, Great Britain's expenditure for intoxicating liquors last year was not less than \$606,433,800. This is equal to the nation's entire outlay for bread, butter and cheese.

The longevity of women who are fortunate enough to marry soldiers is shown in the fact that our pension rolls bear the names of about 20,000 widows of the veterans of 1812. The brides of 74 years ago, nearly centenarians now, and the number of them quite surpasses belief.

The people of Ohio are excited over the fact that Charles Crocker has purchased 18,000 acres of land near that town and will plant the land to orange trees. It will be the largest grove in the world. All great men make mistakes once in a while, and if rumor is correct Mr. Crocker is about to commit one.

A FINE of not less than \$100 and not more than \$500 will be imposed upon any employer in Massachusetts who shall discharge or threaten with discharge any employee for being a member of any labor organization or union, if a bill that the Joint Committee on Labor has agreed to report to the Legislature becomes a law.

That was a peculiar tragedy which occurred at Madrid, Spain, on Sunday morning. As the Bishop of Madrid was entering the Cathedral he was shot by an ex-priest, and killed. The assassin had recently been deposed from the priesthood and took his revenge in murdering the man whom he supposed was the cause of his disgrace.

The Democratic candidates for the gubernatorial nominations are even now actively at work. Gov. Stoneman, ex-Mayor Bryant of San Francisco, Hon. Barney Murphy, Hon. Pat Reddy and Controller Dunn are avowed candidates, with Stoneman in the lead. It is strange that so many men are willing to rush open-eyed to their political doom.

GUSTAV BOHN, a bee keeper of Santa Ana Canyon, near San Bernardino, attributes the loss of his 160 stands of bees by fire to incendiaries, and charges that the torch was applied by fruit growers in the neighborhood between whom and the bee keepers there is a deadly feud. What a pity it is that those pastoral pursuits, so suggestive of peace and simplicity, should stir up man's angry passions to the incendiary point!

PROF. HILGARD publishes an appeal to viniculturists to become members of the recently re-organized Vinicultural Society. The time and money required to attend the meetings of the Society at San Francisco are a bar to any expectation of large membership from this section. There ought to be a Vinicultural Society of Southern California, with headquarters at Los Angeles.

The large hotel at San Luis Obispo was destroyed by fire a few days ago; loss \$100,000. Three days after the fire the citizens of the town in mass meeting assembled, decided that a new hotel must be built; \$31,000 was subscribed in the meeting for that purpose, and already the building is under way. It is such energy and public spirit as that which builds up a country.

ATTORNEY GENERAL GARLAND, in testifying before the Congressional Committee which is inquiring into his improper relations with the Pan-Electric Company, said: "I have never undertaken to make any money except by law and poker. I always 'lose at poker and generally win at law.' Mr. Garland must be chastened in spirit or he would never have made such a humiliating confession. Your confirmed poker player never admits his inferiority at the game, unless under great provocation.

For stealing eggs from a barn near Stockton, two men were sentenced to the penitentiary for one year. They appropriated the eggs and ate them because they were hungry. The punishment for their damnable offense is in the nature of a reward, for they are at least sure of board and lodging for a twelvemonth.

The London papers have been commenting rather savagely upon a somewhat similar case which recently transpired in that little tale. A starving woman stole four pennyworth of turnips in the west of England, and was sentenced to hard labor for twelve months. Justice is impartial the world over—at least when dealing with petty offenders.

The street-car drivers of New York are on a strike again, and their former success has made them unreasonable in their demands. The strikers submitted to the Railroad Commissioners a long list of demands, fixing the hours and pay of all employees of the road in all its departments, obligating the company to take back all strikers and to discharge all employees who are obnoxious to the strikers. The company submitted a series of propositions, offering after the men should have returned to work to submit the questions of hours and pay to arbitration, but positively refusing to discharge any of the men now employed or to employ any more of the strikers than was necessary. These terms were not acceptable to the strikers and all efforts to arbitrate the matter were abandoned. Sympathy for the strikers should not blind the public to the fact that their demands are tyrannical and unreasonable.

The two little sons of the Widow Harless of Georgetown county, S. C., were wrestling in the woods, when a tree that was being cut down fell and killed them both. This happened while their mother was at the bedside of her dying father.

Railroad News

The local agents of the California Southern received telegraphic orders this morning that the former freight rates have been restored on all west-bound freight. This has been done to protect themselves. There are at present eleven hundred freight cars on their line between Kansas City and the Colorado river. They have had more freight than they can move. The former rates were classified from \$1.20 to \$4 per hundred. The cut rates were thirty cents per hundred unclassified.

The C. S. R. R. will send out an orange train this evening. The Southern Pacific have been booming out the orange trains lately. Saturday night thirty-one cars were sent out. Sunday evening, eleven cars were dispatched, and Tuesday evening fourteen cars were forwarded. The destinations of the latter are as follows: Ottumwa, Topeka; St. Paul, Ogden, Kansas City, Cleveland, Indianapolis, Council Bluffs, each one car; Salt Lake, two cars, and Chicago, four cars.

CHICAGO, April 20.—There were several moves of more or less significance in transportation matters to-day. A circular was issued by the Union Pacific and Burlington and Missouri River railroads, advancing fares from the Missouri River to San Francisco to the following figures: First class, unlimited, \$60; first class, limited, \$30, with a rebate of \$15.50; second class, limited, \$20, with a rebate of \$11; round trip, good for ninety days, \$30. A rather unexpected development in freight affairs came in a notification by the Atchison, Topeka and Santa Fe road to the Burlington, Alton, Rock Island and other roads that it was out of the market for California business except at full tariff rates. This is said by the Atchison officials not to be a step toward restoration, but the outcome of the fact that the road is overrun with more business than it can handle.

The Atchison gave notice also of a change in passenger rates from the Missouri River to California points equivalent to an advance of \$5 on each class. The new rates take effect to-morrow, and will be as follows: First class, limited, \$30, with rebate of \$10; second and third classes, \$20, with rebate of \$5.

Needed Legislation

What the wine producers ask Congress to do is succinctly stated in the following:

First.—Legislation to prevent fraud and imposition in the wine trade, compelling the products which are known as imitation or bogus or compounded wines to be sold under stamps which shall identify their true character to all purchasers, and suppress entirely all such as contain adulterations known to be deleterious to the public health. Wines that are pure to be so marked, that public confidence in them may be established, with a stringent penalty for false markings.

Second.—In making genuine sweet wines the privilege of distilling a portion of our grapes free of tax to obtain pure wine spirits to fortify such sweet wines according to the commercial standards, with limitations to such privileges as follows: The wines so fortified not to contain, after fortification, including the natural strength of the wines as produced by fermentation, more than 24 per cent. of absolute alcohol. No wines to be so fortified free of tax except such as are positively sweet and not less than 4 per cent. of sugar, according to tests made by Balling's must scale, after the distillation of the spirit, the volume of the residue being restored to the original volume of the wine tested by the addition of water; this privilege to be limited to the original place of wine-making, and to apply only to pure wines made from grapes and to the wine-makers who distill their own wine spirits. In the case of wines intended for exportation, however, fortification with wine spirits, free of tax, withdrawn from bond for any kind of wine and to any extent demanded by foreign markets, under supervision of the Internal Revenue service, with provisions against fraud and to prevent the importation of such wines without payment of the tax on the spirits used in fortification. The opposition to these demands, on the part of whisky distillers, is abating, and there is now reason to believe that Congress will enact the desired laws.

A Boy Husband.

ROCKY HILL, N. J., April 20.—This village is greatly excited over the announcement of the marriage of Mrs. Tillie Van Mann, a widow worth over \$100,000, to William Brown, the son of her gardener. Mrs. Van Mann is forty years old, while her husband is not yet sixteen. The courtship was in progress for some months, and was begun by Mrs. Van Mann. The boy is very handsome and so is the widow. She has refused a number of offers from elderly men since the death of Mr. Van Mann. The couple are now enjoying an extensive wedding trip.

A Girl Forger.

HARRISBURG, Pa., April 22.—Developments to-day indicate that three of the banks of this city have lost \$10,000 through forged notes presented by Miss Pincella B. McClure of this city, who has always figured in the best of society. The names used as endorsers were her mother, Margaret McClure, and her brother, William McClure, of this city, and her cousin, Sherman Furth, of Bellefont, all of whom are of the best society. They deny the endorsements. It is believed there is a man interested in the case.

Steamer Changes.

SAN FRANCISCO, April 21.—Commencing on May 1st, the schedules of the Pacific Coast Steamship Company on southern routes will be completely changed. The San Diego route will after that time have three steamers. The *Orestes* will sail on the 5th, the *Elder* on the 8th and the *Santa Cruz* on the 11th. These three steamers will leave here every three days on that route. The *Los Angeles* and *Eureka* will run on the San Pedro line, commencing with the *Eureka* on May 2nd, and then will leave every five days thereafter.

A Muscular Christian.

GREENVILLE, Cal., April 21.—A row occurred last night between Rev. J. W. Hendon and the editor of the *Bulletin* over an article which appeared in that paper concerning horse jockeys in the pulpit. The minister applied the article to himself and attacked the editor. A rough and tumble fight ensued till friends parted them. Aside from hair pulling and scratching no damage was done.

PACIFIC COAST ITEMS.

Modoc offers a bounty of three cents for rabbit scalps. There will be about 200,000 head of sheep shorn in Fresno county this spring. The oil belt in Ventura county will increase the taxation of the county about \$100,000.

A 6-year-old son of William Warford fell into an unsound well at Tucson, A. T., and was drowned.

Eugene O. Smith, a gambler, died at Merced from the excessive use of opium. Smith was an assumed name.

Many peach orchards in the vicinity of Fresno have been seriously injured this winter by a superabundance of water.

Crockett Jones killed his wife by choking and wrenching her neck last Saturday at Potlatch, fourteen miles east of Lewiston, Idaho.

Judge Terry has purchased the residence property of Judge Holmes in the northern part of Fresno, and will make his home there.

The Supervisors of Monterey have called an election to determine whether the people are willing to pay \$60,000 to build two bridges.

A resolution was adopted at a public meeting at Petaluma Monday night to boycott the Sacramento river potatoes raised and controlled by Chinese.

Theodore Warlick has been convicted at Mount Idaho, Idaho, of the murder of H. C. Savage last January, and has been sentenced to be hanged on June 9th.

Tombsmen merchants are said to be willing to pay \$25 each to have their names printed in the several boycott lists. They claim it is a good advertisement.

The shipments of oranges East to date from Los Angeles aggregate about 1,400 carloads. About 300 carloads remain, for which there is a strong demand.

A sensational crank preacher in Montana says "any man who will deliberately wear black clothes has a black soul, and would rob the widow and orphan."

The foot of James Sanford was caught in the step of a passenger train near Alkali, while he was in the act of stepping off, and he was dragged 100 yards and killed.

The strike of the miners in the Seattle coal region continues, with slight hopes of an early settlement. The strikers threaten a general boycott of the Oregon Improvement Company.

Seven pounds of giant powder and 100 feet of fuse were found hidden near Chinatown at San Jose, and it is supposed some crank was plotting the destruction of that quarter.

A vigilance committee at Tulare broke into the jail and taking therefrom the tramps who are incarcerated by the county, let them half a mile from town and set them free, under promise never to return.

An anti-Chinese meeting at Sacramento resolutions were offered by Grove L. Johnson and were unanimously adopted, condemning a local paper which had published an article on the Chinese cause.

Miss Jeffrey Lewis had to request an audience in a Southern California town recently to cease manhandling and crushing the shells of peanuts, so that the voices of the actors might be heard.

The Belmont, Nev., *Courier* says that Isaac Irwin will plant about 5,000 fruit trees at Duckwater this spring. Some of the finest apples and pears grown on the coast are raised at Duckwater.

The political indictments against ex-Secretary General Al Johnson and ex-Dep. Lewis Wolff charged with violating the Civil Service Act in contributing for campaign purposes, were *not* *prospect* in the United States Court at Tucson, A. T.

The new Gentle Postmaster at Provo, U. T., is being boycotted by his rabid Mormon enemies. It is said that by a crank system nearly all the letters in the city are collected and taken to the mail car at the depot, in order to cut off his commission on stamps.

A resident of Santa Rosa recently purchased a pile of wood stacked to contain thirteen cords, which a Chinaman had cut and corried up. Upon examination afterward it was found that the pile was a shell, the interior being filled with stumps, decayed logs, branches and such trash.

F. D. Donnell, a surveyor by profession and a native of Bath, Me., aged 27, is supposed to have been drowned by the waters from the overflow of the Sacramento river on the Sutter County lands of a company's place. His body has not been recovered.

Two little girls of Neil Houston were drowned in Canyon creek, four miles from Salt Lake, Sunday afternoon. The eldest, seven years old, tried to walk a footing over the swollen stream with the youngest tied to her with a shawl, and slipped while half way over, and falling into the water, both were drowned.

The Grand Parlor of the Native Sons of the Golden West met at Masonic Hall at Woodland. One hundred and twenty-five delegates were present. It was decided to hold the session of the Grand Parlor of 1887 at Nevada City, and on the 9th of September to celebrate Admission Day at San Jose.

At San Bernardino, last Sunday evening, Mrs. John Isaacs, wife of the editor of the *San Bernardino Times*, through mistake took a teaspoonful of carbolic acid, thinking it was from a prescription bottle. Her case seemed hopeless at first, but she is reported better, with chances to recover.

Miss Francisca Heanella, who had earned the appellation of the silent girl, from having, as is related, never having spoken a word for seven years, in consequence of a vow taken after an engagement was broken, died in St. Luke's Hospital at San Francisco last Friday. Deceased was 29 years of age.

By a telegraph operator's error, two passenger trains, bound in opposite directions, met on the railroad near Colton on Wednesday. Fortunately the engineers were on the alert, and by the use of the air brakes the trains were stopped, leaving a distance of but six feet between the two cow-catchers. It was a very narrow escape from a frightful accident.

At Modesto Benjamin T. Crow, son of Bradford Crow, was killed by a falling tree with a fatal accident on Tuesday. Whilst chasing a cow, the horse he rode became unmanageable and stumbled over a calf. The young man fell on his head, and from the effects of the injury received he died on Wednesday. Mr. Crow was well known in this county. His father is a pioneer and is well known over California and Nevada. Ben. was 28 years old, and leaves a wife and child.

A Dam Burst.

PITTSFIELD, Mass., April 20.—At 6 o'clock this morning the village of East Lee was inundated and devastated by the breaking away of the dam at the Mud Pond Reservoir at Mountain Lake, about two and a half miles from the village. East Lee village, where a half dozen paper mills are situated on the stream, received its first news of the accident when the flood came pouring down the streets. It is thought that the damages will amount to many thousand dollars. Much stock besides property is lost. Explorers have already found the bodies of eleven persons and three persons who were living in the track of the flood are missing.

NEWS ITEMS.

A Tampa, Fla., Judge fined a man \$5 the other day for eating peanuts during the session of the Court.

It is proposed to make Mt. McGregor, where General Grant died, a military station with a garrison band.

A school-keeper in Sharon, Penn., is to be tried for manslaughter because one of his customers died of alcoholism.

A recreation society has been organized in Newark, N. J., with more than 100 leading German citizens in the membership.

New Bedford, Mass., is to have an experimental electric street railway in the near future. The wires will be strung overhead.

Silver bracelets are growing in favor and are now shown in a great variety of new, quaint and altogether pretty fashions.

Daniel Arnold of Macon, Ga., hid his savings (\$700), in a hole near his house, but the recent flood inundated the hole and carried away Dan's wealth.

A half-million-dollar hotel will soon be erected in Kansas City, and the citizens of that bustling town are wild with delight over this evidence of its growth.

The New York Legislature has passed resolutions congratulating Ireland on its progress toward Home Rule, and Mr. Gladstone on his broad and generous policy.

A baker's strike at Dorby, Conn., resulted in a bread famine in that place for several days, as union bakers in surrounding towns refused to get out an extra supply.

The strain on the floor of a house in East Macon, Ga., at which a wake was being held the other evening, was so great that it gave way, precipitating the corpse and all present into the cellar.

Cocaine is reported to have been so extensively used by persons ignorant of its properties, in Detroit, that a number of persons there have, as a result, become unable to take care of themselves.

It is stated that \$20,000 was the average price paid by "Jake" Sharp for a vote in the New York Board of Aldermen in favor of granting the franchises included in the Broadway Surface Railway charter.

Thaddeus Stevens died fifteen years ago, and litigation over his estate continues, and there is enough money left to keep the matter before the courts several years longer.

Copying after Chicago, where the novelty proved quite an advertisement, a Buffalo firm is to have its store floor covered with tiles, inlaid with silver dollars.

At Edinburg, Ill., at a recent school election, Mrs. H. B. Kepley ran against her husband for School Trustee and defeated him, receiving a majority of twelve votes.

Mrs. Lara Grisdan of Chetel, Wis., gave birth to four male babies weighing twenty pounds in all Sunday. All are living and promise to make the nights merry for the father, who is now the most discouraged member of the family.

An April fool exploit of one of the New Orleans papers took the shape of tampering with an artesian well in which there is much local interest. A connection was secretly made between this well and the city water works, and a stream of water forty feet high was the result. Some of the stockholders of the well sold out before the trick was discovered.

Shocking Cruelty.

SCRANTON, Pa., April 21.—The trial of John McAndrews and his wife on a charge of murder, in having caused the death of a 13-year-old girl named Mary Grogan, who had been entrusted to them some time ago, is progressing here. Frank Grogan, the girl's brother, aged 11 years, testified that she was sent long distances in her bare feet in frosty weather, was made to sleep on the floor on a bed made of meal bags with no covering, and subsisted entirely on mush. At no time since last fall was she permitted to wear shoes or stockings. On Saturday evening before she died McAndrews heated a poker until it was red hot and robbed it upon her teeth, saying that if her ghost returned to this world he would be able to identify her. Frank last saw his sister on the morning of her death. She was lying on the floor with nothing over her. She asked him to lift her up on the pillow and to place the family dog upon her feet to keep them warm. The children of the house maltreated her, and one day put a bit in her mouth and chased her around the house. McAndrews said they might kill her for all he cared. The Sunday before she died McAndrews removed Mary's clothing, put her in a tub of water and then beat her with a horsewhip. This terrible story was corroborated by the neighbors, and Coroner Dean, who examined the body of the child immediately after her death, testified that she died of starvation and neglect.

A Big Reservoir.

A gentleman who recently visited Bear Valley says that the immense reservoir at that place is filled to the top of the dam and the company are talking of adding another foot to the wall to increase the quantity. The water is fifty feet deep at the dam and backs up into the mountain gorge several miles, forming a great lake. Statistics are not at hand to show the vast quantity the reservoir contains. At the bottom of the wall, which, by the way, is thirty-six feet thick, there is an opening with a gate or way for an exhaust. The managers opened this a short time ago, and the pressure was so great that it sent the water out like a stream from a fire nozzle. A barrel was filled with earth and dropped from the top of the wall into this immense jet. The barrel was tossed off like a ball.—*Times*.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

LECTURE!

REV. FATHER MEYER, PRESIDENT OF ST. Vincent's College, Los Angeles, will lecture in Moore's Hall, Sunday evening, May 21, subject: *DIVORCE*.

FOR MARSHAL.

E. A. PULLEN ANNOUNCES HIMSELF AS an independent candidate for Town Marshal at the election on Monday.

GRAND BALL

—At the—
Yorba Precinct School House
For the benefit of the
Catholic Church
OF UPPER SANTA ANA
On Friday, May 14th, 1886.
TICKETS TO BALL, - - \$1.
SUPPER, - - 50cts. Each.
GOOD MUSIC.

BOARD OF EQUALIZATION.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT THE TRUSTEES of Anaheim School District will meet as a Board of Equalization on April 28th, 29th and 30th, between the hours of 2 and 3 P. M. on said days, at the office of Melrose & Knapp, in the town of Anaheim, for the purpose of equalizing the assessment roll of said school district for the current year.
THOS. HERRAULT,
D. W. C. COPELAND,
W. M. HIGGINS,
District School Trustees.

A Safeguard.

The fatal rapidity with which slight Colds and Coughs frequently develop into the gravest malady of the throat and lungs, is a consideration which should impel every prudent person to keep at hand, as a household remedy, a bottle of AYER'S CHERRY PECTORAL.

Nothing else gives such immediate relief and works so sure a cure in all affections of this class. That eminent physician, Prof. F. Sweetzer, of the Maine Medical School, Brunswick, Me., says:—"Medical science has produced no other remedy so effective as AYER'S CHERRY PECTORAL. It is invaluable for diseases of the throat and lungs."

The same opinion is expressed by the well-known Dr. L. J. Addison, of Chicago, Ill., who says:—

"I have never found, in thirty-five years of continuous study and practice of medicine, any preparation of so great value as AYER'S CHERRY PECTORAL, for treatment of diseases of the throat and lungs. It not only breaks up colds and cures severe coughs, but is more effective than anything else in relieving even the most serious bronchitis and pulmonary affections."

Is not a new claimant for popular confidence, but a medicine which is today saving the lives of the third generation who have come into being since it was first offered to the public.

There is not a household in which this invaluable remedy has once been introduced where its use has ever been abandoned, and there is not a person who has ever given it a proper trial for any throat or lung disease susceptible of cure, who has not been made well by it.

AYER'S CHERRY PECTORAL has, in numerous instances, cured obstinate cases of chronic Bronchitis, Laryngitis, and even acute Pneumonia, and has saved many patients in the earlier stages of Pulmonary Consumption. It is a medicine of such nature as to be taken in small doses, is pleasant to the taste, and is needed in every house where there are children, as the best remedy for Croup and Whooping Cough.

These are all plain facts, which can be verified in any family, and should be remembered by everybody.

Ayer's Cherry Pectoral
PREPARED BY
Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass.
Sold by all druggists.

FOR TOWN CLERK.
I HEREBY ANNOUNCE MYSELF AS A CANDIDATE for the office of Town Clerk, subject to the vote of the citizens of Anaheim at the ensuing city election, April 26.
M. NEBELUNG.

Fine Family
MILK COW
For Sale.
Always been milked four years old. Never sick. In milk a large milk. Reason for selling: Am going out of housekeeping. Apply to
J. M. LARABEE, 108 E. Main St., Anaheim, Cal.
April 21.—Barnett Point, 1 mile east of Anaheim.

Alfalfa Pasturage.
AN UNLIMITED AMOUNT OF STOCK WILL BE taken for pasturage at J. W. BAKER'S ranch in Santa Ana Canyon, 10 miles N. of Anaheim. Enquire the premises of
W. W. MANTLER, April 19th.

Land To Rent.
THREE HUNDRED AND TWENTY ACRES of irrigable land for rent on Shoshone ranch, near Palm Springs, at one dollar and fifty cents per acre suitable for cattle or sheep. Water can be had for the land on the same terms as stockholders pay. Apply to
Wm. McFadden.

EDWARD JAEGER,
Attorney and Counsellor
—AT LAW—
(opposite the Postoffice)
Anaheim, - - - Cal.

G. D. FIELD,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
ANAHEIM.
M. J. BUNDY,
SANTA ANA.
Has just received from the East a large stock of

General Hardware
And is giving his customers the benefit of the greatest cut in prices.

Steele Plows - - - \$6.00.
Glidden Hog Wire at Los Angeles prices.

He has a Tin Shop fitted up with a complete set of new tools of the latest and best improved patterns, and has the best tinners in Southern California.

HONEY CASES, CASES, AND REE MEN'S SUPPLIES
Furnished at Los Angeles Prices.

Call and get Prices.

Delinquent Notice.
Anaheim Union Water Company

There is delinquent upon the following described stock, on account of assessment levied on the 6th day of March, 1886, the several amounts set opposite the names of the respective shareholders, as follows:

NAME	NO. STOCK	SO. SHARES	AMT.
S. L. Clifton	202	10	\$7.50
S. L. Clifton	208	10	15.00
C. W. Spunk	209	10	15.00
F. M. L. Coppell	210	10	15.00
O. des Granges Jr.	290	10	15.00
John Goodrich	300	10	15.00
Chas. Hansen	104	80	75.00
J. Jordan	36	1	1.50
W. A. Peckham	68	20	45.00
G. H. and A. Reich	242	22	25.00
C. W. Spunk	202	11	16.50
G. W. Spunk	146	10	15.00
G. W. Spunk	155	10	15.00
G. W. Spunk	not issued	5	5.00
Mrs. J. Wagner	not issued	58	57.00

And in accordance with law and an order of the Board of Directors made on the 6th day of March 1886, so many shares of each parcel of such stock as may be necessary will be sold at the office of the company on the 8th day of May, 1886, at 2 o'clock P. M. of each day, to pay delinquent assessments thereon, together with costs of advertising and expenses of sale.

RICHARD MELROSE,
Secretary Anaheim Union Water Co.
Office at the Postoffice, Anaheim, Cal.

RIMPAU BROS.

Are now receiving their

Spring Consignment

OF

NEW GOODS

Purchased During the late Cut in Rates.

An Elegant Assortment of

Clothing, Dress Goods,

Fancy Goods, Straw Hats,

Etc. Etc. Etc.

IS NOW OPEN FOR INSPECTION.

Look out for

Kellogg Bros.

next week.

P. PELLEGRIN &

Kleinigkeiten.

Extra copies of the GAZETTE are kept on sale at the stores of J. Holmsten and Max Nebelung.

Mrs. John Wagner has favored this office with some mammoth specimens of oranges grown on her place in North Anaheim.

The Board of Trustees of Anaheim School District will meet as a Board of Equalization next week, as per adv.

The Supervisors have awarded to P. J. Pauly & Bro. the contract for doing the cell work on the new jail for \$14,995.

The first floor of the brick portion of the Planters' Hotel has been leased by D. B. Gray and G. W. Clark, who will fit it up as a saloon.

A telegraphic order was sent yesterday to railroad agents instructing them to accept no perishable freight for points east of Las Vegas, on account of washouts.

The low freight rates have been taken advantage of by Pellegrini Bros., who have their warehouses filled with a large consignment of oranges and New Home sewing machines. Their store is well worth a visit.

As one result of the Chicago Fair, Melrose & Knapp are daily receiving letters of inquiry, inquiring about investments in land. All these inquiries are promptly responded to.

Mr. Louis Schorn has returned from a trip to Texas. Drought and inclement weather are making havoc among stock in that country, and there is great depression in all industries.

A. Jones, who has spent the winter in Anaheim, returned to his home in Indianapolis, Ind., on Tuesday, with the intention of settling up his business here and returning to Anaheim for permanent residence.

Charles Hilmer was accidentally wounded in the face by the discharge of a gun. He was standing on Sunday. He is progressing finely, and we are glad to announce that his injuries are not as serious as was at first feared.

Mr. D. C. Disher and family, who recently arrived in this country from Canada, have taken up their residence in Anaheim. We extend to them a hearty welcome, and hope they will remain here permanently.

It is said that a laundry, managed by white people, is likely to be established here. It will receive a generous support, and if it is successful the cause will be found in its management and not in the indifference of the people.

An effort is being made to get the Republican State Convention to convene in Los Angeles. The State Executive Committee meets in San Francisco on next Tuesday, and will then decide the time and place of the convention.

There will be special Easter services at St. Michael's Church to-morrow afternoon at 3 o'clock. Rev. Mr. Spanght officiating. The pretty church will have the usual Easter decorations, and the choir will render appropriate music.

This is truly a land overflowing with milk and honey. Milk can be had for five cents a quart and honey can be had without money or price. A couple of swarms took possession of Center street on Wednesday, but in a few hours were captured and carried away.

The bouquet of overpowering magnificence, which is attracting the admiration of visitors to the GAZETTE office, was presented to the editor by Mrs. A. Langenberger, who has our warm thanks for the beautiful gift. Such a profusion of flowers arranged with such unimpeachable taste is seldom seen anywhere.

In the Santa Ana Valley (of which Anaheim has been officially recognized as being a part) there are 21 school houses and 40 teachers. These statistics have been compiled by the Santa Ana Herald for the information of the Downey Review, which asserted that Los Nietos Valley, with its 9 school houses and 17 teachers, was at the head of the class.

Orange proposes to build a school house to cost \$10,000. The trustees have on hand \$5,000 received from the insurance company and have advertised an election, to be held on the 31 day of May, when the electors will vote on the question of issuing \$5,000 in bonds, for school house purposes. It is proposed to build a two-story brick.

M. Henry, owner of the full blood Norman stallion White King, received by steamer last week a fine mare to add to the improving stock of this country. She was sired by Cardinal, record, 2:32; dam of Messenger stock, and is now in foal to the famous trotting stallion Director, record 2:17, half brother to Jay-E-See, 2:10, and Phyllis, 2:15.

The long-drawn-out divorce case of Haley vs. Haley was yesterday decided in favor of the fair plaintiff. She resumes her maiden name of P. Ballesteros and is awarded \$1500 alimony. A civil case between the two parties was also decided, in which Mrs. Haley got a judgment for \$500 and costs. This will probably wind up the cases of Haley vs. Haley, which have appeared daily upon the court books for the past year.

A very enjoyable entertainment was given on Tuesday evening, and the treasury of the Presbyterian Church is over \$600 richer as the result. The tableaux were very handsomely arranged, and the beauty of the ladies participating in them compensated for the failure of the colored lights, which unaccountably refused to burn. The piano solos of Messrs. Nebelung and Jager, the piano duet by Miss Bancroft and Miss Saxton, the songs of Misses Puffer, Saxton and Fleming and the evolutions of the Fan Brigade were all admirably done. Miss Puffer's recitations were received with a storm of applause, richly deserved. We are somewhat of an expert in Scotch brogue, and can testify that it tripped from her tongue as if she was to the manner born.

Horace Bell, attorney-at-law and editor of the Porcupine, has been adjudged guilty of contempt of court for publishing contemptuous language regarding Judge Cheney, and has been fined \$400 and sentenced to imprisonment for five days. If the fine is not paid, he is to be imprisoned one day for every dollar of the fine unpaid. Bell is out on bail, pending the hearing of a writ of habeas corpus by the Supreme Court.

A. G. Allerton, a representative of the New Zealand government, has arrived in San Francisco. Mr. Allerton will visit the principal fruit growing States in the Union to make inquiry principally as to the wine and orange culture, for the benefit of his own country. In his pursuit of knowledge, Mr. Allerton will doubtless visit Anaheim, and we can promise him a cordial reception.

Returns of a carload of 314 boxes of oranges, recently sent to Kansas City by the Orange Growers' Protective Union, were received to day and show a net of \$937 after the deduction of freight and commissions. Deducting also 40 cents per box for packing, transportation to the cars, etc., and there remains \$511.40 or \$1.62 per box, net profit after maturity of fruit. —Times.

The editor of the GAZETTE returned from Chicago on Friday night of last week and has resumed business at the old stand. The GAZETTE prospered during his absence, for which planning he is indebted to Mr. H. S. Phelps. To Mr. E. J. Pellegrini, also, his thanks are extended for valuable contributions to the local columns.

The vines of St. Joseph's Vineyard (the name under which the vineyard of Mr. A. Erz is known) are prepared especially for altar purposes, and have already secured wide introduction for church purposes. They have received the endorsement of the high dignitaries of the Catholic Church, who recommend their use as altar vines.

The President of St. Vincent's College will deliver a lecture in Anaheim on Sunday evening, May 24, as per advertisement. He is an interesting speaker, and we bespeak for him a large audience.

The spring races advertised by the Sixth District Agricultural Association have been declared off, because a sufficient number of entries have not been made.

In transferring the recent importation of ostriches from the cars to the corrals, the birds got away and took a run over the plains. They were all recaptured.

Asa Ellis has been confirmed Collector of Internal Revenue for the San Francisco District. There was no opposition to his confirmation.

D. A. Field, Esq., is writing a series of interesting letters from Anaheim to the Northampton (Mass.) Journal, from which we will take pleasure in quoting.

There will be communion service and preaching at the German M. E. Church to-morrow morning at 11 o'clock, by Rev. Mr. Bollinger.

An exhibition concert will be given in about two weeks by Prof. Packard's pupils. The programme will be published in due season.

A telegraph office has been opened at Florence, and it is probable that a railroad agent will be stationed at that point.

Miss Louise Mossman has leased the store to be vacated by Mr. R. Luedke, and will establish her millinery parlors therein.

H. C. Farquharson, Deputy Collector Internal Revenue, was in town yesterday selling licenses at current rates.

Cut worms are bothering the vines in Sonoma county. There is no complaint about them in Anaheim as yet.

E. A. Pullen announces himself as an independent candidate for Town Marshal.

One or more surgeons from the Western Division, 319 Bush Street, San Francisco, of the National Surgical Institute, will be at the Santa Ana Hotel, Santa Ana, on May 5th and at the St. Elmo Hotel, Los Angeles, on May 10th and 11th. Persons suffering from diseases of the spine, hip, limbs or any bodily deformity, paralysis, palsy, fistula, sexual or chronic diseases should avail themselves of this opportunity. References given throughout the United States. Consultation free.

A very varied and full assortment of spring and summer millinery has been received from New York by Miss Louise Mossman, and the ladies of Anaheim and vicinity are respectfully invited to call at her parlors and inspect the latest and most fashionable styles.

Everybody come to the Santiago Canyon on the 1st of May. There will be a good dance and good music.

Suppers have recently advanced, but Dry Goods, Clothing, etc., are offered still lower at Dobner's.

The Citrus Fair.

There can be no question that the huge advertising scheme known as the Chicago Citrus Fair will be of great benefit to Southern California for years to come. Over 50,000 people attended the fair during the first three weeks, and of that number several thousand made trips from localities a hundred miles distant from the city for the special purpose of seeing the fair and getting information concerning the Golden State. And though it is assumed that the various representatives were unusually well-informed, and capable of telling what they knew, the mute eloquence of the exhibits told the story of Southern California's wonderful climate and fecundity a thousand times more impressively than words could do. It was an inspiring display even to Californians accustomed to such things, and its effect upon people who had never seen an orange tree, and who thought ostrich eggs were a species of egg plant, can be easily imagined.

As a result of observation and inquiry, we are firm in the belief that the time is not far distant when the problem in Southern California will be what to do with the people who come here. Tens of thousands—perhaps it would not be amiss to say hundreds of thousands—of people are but awaiting the opportunity to come here, and with a return of prosperity the opportunity they are looking for will present itself. The hard fact is that there is no sale for country property in many of the States, though property is being offered at less than its true value. The great bulk of immigration from Europe of late is not of a class that invests in real estate, and the stagnation in that respect is due more to a lack of purchasers than to any lack of fertility in the land. We repeat that if it was possible for the people of "the States" to sell their farms, there would be an immigration into Southern California which would soon bring every available acre under cultivation. There is a discontent among the people of that frozen and slash-covered country that is more widespread than we of this coast dream of. As long as they knew little of California as a farming and fruit growing State, and until they were convinced that the El Dorado of this coast was not an exaggerated Californianism, they were contented in a measure with their lot—yet lured in the bliss born of ignorance. But there are few thousands in which California literature, newspapers and pamphlets have not dispelled the prevailing ignorance and sowed the seeds of discontent; and that the Citrus Fair has ripened much of that seed, there is abundant evidence to prove. Let us get ready to welcome the coming millions.

The keeping quality of California fruit was put to a severe test at the fair, and this feature was watched with great interest by hundreds of fruit dealers. Nearly all the Anaheim oranges and lemons were picked about the 6th of March; when in transit it was subjected to weather cold enough to blacken the foliage of some of the trees in the same car; the hail in which the fair was held was heated by steam pipes, and the temperature every day varied from about freezing to blood heat, according to the industry or otherwise of the freeman; and on April 10th, when the writer started homeward, the fruit was fresh and apparently good for another week or two. The fair gave to California oranges a reputation which will have a good effect upon prices hereafter.

Anaheim Public School.

The following is a list of pupils who have neither been absent nor tardy for this month:

GRAMMAR GRADE.	
Floy Roberts,	Mary Haseman,
Minnie Zey,	Lena Kroeger,
Kate Champlin,	Emil Dreyfus,
Emma Penninger,	John Eymann,
Maud Roberts,	Fred Hilmer,
Louise Schneider,	Henry Kroeger,
Jessie Witt,	

INTERMEDIATE.	
Hugo Struthoff,	Mabel Langenberger,
Gustav Struthoff,	Lena Kroeger,
Carl Menzel,	Freda Draven,
Willie Barr,	Freda Davis,
George Penninger,	Beatrice Smythe,
Constance Langenberger,	Emily Welmeyer,
George Yocum,	Annie Yocum,
Oscar Waring,	Sophie Sorensen,
Arthur Fox,	Hilda Witte,
Edith Bege,	John Darr,
Herman Haseman,	Mary Baker,
Bennie Rimpun,	Maud Bailey,
Anna Knapke,	Lulu James,
Theresa Knapke,	Mary Anderson,

MIDDLE PRIMARY.	
Laura Barr,	Francis Soto,
Mena Bauer,	Marie Webb,
Caroline Duarte,	Harry Davis,
Martha Hartung,	Willie Debnar,
Emma Hilmer,	Adolph Luedke,
Bessie James,	Willie Mitchell,
Ann Kroeger,	Fred Rehm,
May Rimpun,	Rudolph Wallop,
Ella Waring,	

LOW PRIMARY.	
Charlie Dorr,	Horst James,
Eddie Dorr,	Herman Backs,
Leo Huntington,	Charlie Bauer,
August Menzel,	Frank Ey,
Bertie Sorensen,	Freddie Heffner,
Bill Barr,	Leola Lisdale,
Angelito Hurtado,	Alfred Sizer,
Bertha Oelinger,	Clarence Sizer,
Katie Oelinger,	Doris Smythe,
Marilina Pampel,	Joie Tronell,
Selia Meninger,	Mary Sorensen,
Stella Scott,	Adrian Wallop,
Blanche Sheffield,	Emma Waring,
Joseph Scott,	

Wells, Fargo & Co.

There are packages for the following persons in Wells, Fargo & Co.'s Express Office:

D. Yorba	N. Montgomery
A. W. Hise	G. H. Reichmann
A. J. Whitaker	Mrs. Laura Wallace
B. F. McDonald	C. H. Binder
J. Watson	J. Hartung
E. Peralta	

Fresh Milk.

Pure, fresh milk delivered morning or evening at 5 cents a quart, by Mrs. J. J. Dyer. The cows are always fed on the best of feed, and milk can be delivered all the year. Please send orders immediately. 2t

H. C. Gable has been appointed agent for John Wieland's Philadelphia Bottled Beer, and will deliver it to families in quantities to suit.

A. U. W. Co.

At the meeting of the Directors of the A. U. W. Co. on last Saturday, the following was adopted:

Resolved, That this Board solicits proposals from stockholders of this company for the cleaning, keeping in repair and repainting breaks on the branch and distributing ditches owned by the company. All proposals must specify the section of ditch which the bidder desires to keep clean and in repair, the duration of the proposed contract and the price. The right is reserved to reject any and all bids.

The price of water was fixed at 25 cents a head per hour for day water and 15 cents for night water. A day is from 6 A. M. to 7 P. M. The limit of purchase is 50 cents for the first share and 30 cents for each subsequent share.

At a special meeting on Monday evening the Board adopted a resolution that the work of extending the new Anaheim ditch to the reservoir be proceeded with immediately. Messrs. Kellogg and Teichman were engaged to make the survey and estimates of cost, and it is the intention to push the construction of the ditch while the ground is yet soft from the winter rains. The experience of last year, when the demand for water could not be supplied because the main ditches could not bring water enough, although there was plenty in the river, will not again be repeated. The new ditch will carry water to irrigate two-thirds of the land in the district, and will relieve the upper ditch from a strain which is injurious to the dunes.

Bailey's Bill.

A rasping communication regarding the astounding increase of indigence and sickness in the Santa Ana Valley as revealed by the demand on the County Treasurer by Dr. J. G. Bailey of Santa Ana was received too late for publication last week; and, inasmuch as Dr. Bailey has made the soothing explanation that the demand was presented only for the purpose of showing the extent of his services, and not because he wanted the money, it would be, perhaps, uncharitable to publish the criticism. We beseech the worthy Doctor to spare the nerves of the taxpayers hereafter, and not trifle with their feelings. Besides, one's motives are apt to be misrepresented, and needless actions rarely receive their moral of credit. In fact, we have heard vulgar and libelous rumors, which have been refuted by the bill and ordered it paid, that the Doctor would have accepted the money.

It is worthy of remark that during the combined terms of Messrs. Spurgeon, Ott, Evey and Egan, the various Supervisors of this district, the total sum paid by the county for medical services furnished indigents amounted to less than \$800.

What is He, Anyhow?

(Los Angeles Times.)

The Chicago papers speak of Brother Melrose, of the ANAHEIM GAZETTE, as an "extensive and successful ostrich farmer." This is a mistake. Brother Melrose is an extensive and successful editor.

Richard Melrose, an extensive and prominent fruit grower of Anaheim, Cal., is in town visiting friends.

Anti-Riparian Club.

The necessary papers have been received at this office for the organization of an Anti-Riparian Irrigation Club. A number of these clubs have been organized throughout the State, and in Anaheim, where the water question is paramount, a riparian club should be at once formed. The by-laws and pledge are as follows:

ARTICLE I.
1. To maintain that the right of appropriation of water for beneficial purposes, is and always has been paramount to any alleged right of riparian owners in the State.
2. To secure the adoption of an amendment to the State Constitution declaring that the common law of England is not and should not be the rule of property, or the rule of decision in the courts of this State, in controversies concerning the right to appropriate, divert and use water, nor in actions by or against actual appropriators of water for beneficial purposes; and that the rule of decision in such cases shall be determined by the right without regard to the ownership of the banks of a water-course.

3. To maintain both as a physical and legal principle that the conditions and necessities of the People of this State, and the climatic and physical characteristics of the State, are and ever have been, such as to render the common law doctrine of riparian rights inapplicable here.
4. To secure the passage of any and all other amendments to the Constitution or Laws which will contribute to establish the right of irrigation against the riparian doctrine.

5. To procure the election of members of the Legislature who openly and without qualification, favor and will act upon the foregoing principles, regardless of political affiliations.
6. To oppose through the ballot box and by every other legitimate means the election of any person to office, executive, legislative or judicial, who is not known to be in full and active accord with every proposition contained in these by-laws.
7. To obtain confirmation by the courts and the legislature as the law and the fact, that the use of the waters of streams for the purpose of irrigation, is a natural want in this State, and to be preferred to all other uses.

ARTICLE II.
No person who is not in full accord with the purpose and principles contained in Article I of these by-laws, shall be qualified to become a member of this club.

Every person becoming a member shall sign these by-laws, and take and subscribe to the following pledge:
We, the undersigned, hereby pledge ourselves to use all honorable means to carry out the purposes of this club, as set forth in the foregoing by-laws; and hereby declare that the principles therein set forth constitute the first article of our political creed, and that no candidate of any party for office shall receive our vote or our support, unless he is a pronounced believer and advocate of the principles therein enumerated.

In order to secure unity of action, and thereby concentrate our strength for the success of our cause, we further pledge ourselves to support and vote for such candidates for office, at the general election to be held in 1896, as shall receive the endorsement of the State Irrigation Convention, regardless of party or politics, platforms or resolutions.

ARTICLE III.
The officers of this club shall be President, Vice President, Secretary and Treasurer, and their duties shall be such as are usually performed by such officers.

BUSINESS AND PLEASURE.

You can insure against death or accident by the payment of a small premium in the Travelers' Life & Accident Association, of Hartford. Pellegrini Bros. agents.

Leave orders for views of the Santa Ana Valley Fruit and Flower Festival at J. Holmsten's store.

Go to Kellogg Bros. for bargains in ladies' cloth, ribbons, cashmere and gents' furnishings.

Buckingham & Hecht's boots and shoes at Kellogg Bros.

Fine assortment of new goods just received at Kellogg Bros.

New carriages, good horses, nobby rigs, at Lewis's.

Best double and single rigs at Lewis's.

Ladies, Try Madam Deben's Special Supporting Corset. H. Cohen, Agent.

We have received a little poem entitled: "Will the Spring Time Come?" We shall not publish it, as we are anxious for spring time and don't want to do anything to delay it.

A single fact is worth a ship load of argument. This may well be applied to St. Jacobs Oil, which is more efficacious than all other liniments. Mr. John Gregg, a well-known citizen of Watsonville, California, found it to be indispensable as a cure for rheumatism. Price, fifty cents.

In Siam a wife who redeems her husband after he has sold himself owns him thereafter as her slave. We are not informed what happens when she takes him back after he has given himself away.

An ounce of discretion is better than a pound of knowledge. Why not spend twenty-five cents for a bottle of Red Star Cough Cure, and save a large doctor's bill?

"I say it and repeat it. My system, if adopted, would thoroughly renovate society." "My poor friend, I would admit it to be the most beautiful system in the world if it would only renovate your coat."

Anaheim Evergreen Nursery. The undersigned, proprietor of the Anaheim Evergreen Nursery, desires to assure the public that he will not import any trees from Los Angeles this season, as there is every reason to fear that by so doing he will also import the deadly scale. Next, there is any reason why he should import trees, for he has at his nursery an unlimited number of apple, peach, apricot, pear, nectarine, soft shell and English walnut, and all kinds of evergreen and ornamental trees. These trees are guaranteed free from scale, and are thrifty and vigorous. I will sell cheaper than any other nurseryman. The trees are all grown in this vicinity, where no scale exists. I will be glad to have the public call at my nursery, and give the trees a critical inspection. TIMOTHY CARROLL.

It is rumored that one of our magazines next year will publish an American novel, the scene of which is not laid in Boston; but it is not safe to believe such wild rumors until they are verified.

Barbed Wire. Mr. Matteson, of Wallace, Cal., says: "I have had abundant experience in the barbed wire business. I have had my best horses frightened out with it, but I can cure them so quickly with the National Horse Liniment that it ceases to scare me when they get a fresh cut. I consider it the best Horse Liniment in the market."

W. M. Higgins agent.
A woman disguised as a man was recently arrested in New York. They knew it was a woman because she passed by a saloon without turning her head and stood for ten minutes in front of a millinery store.

Farmers and Mechanics. Save money and doctor bills. Relieve your mothers, wives and sisters by a timely purchase of Dr. E. J. Bock's Cough and Lung Syrup, best known remedy for Coughs, Colds, Croup and Bronchial affections. Relieves children of Croup in one night, may save you hundreds of dollars. Price 50 cts. and \$1.00. Samples free. Sold by A. Kroger.

A Wisconsin minister was dismissed from an orthodox pulpit because he built a fire under a bawky horse. Fire may do very well for starting a stubborn sinner on the right road, but it's cruel to use it on a horse.

A Walking Skeleton. Mr. E. Springer, of Mechanicsburg, Pa., writes: "I was afflicted with lung fever and abscess on lungs, and reduced to a walking skeleton. Got a free trial bottle of Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, which did me so much good that I bought a dollar bottle. After using three bottles, found myself once more a man, completely restored to health, with a hearty appetite, and a gain in flesh of 48 lbs."

Call at Wm. M. Higgins' drug store and get a free trial bottle of this certain cure for all Lung Diseases. Large Bottles \$1.

In church the other Sunday we saw no less than 200 women with birds on their bonnets. In this instance, perhaps, the women were justified in choice of millinery, for of course birds worn at church are birds of pray.

A Word to Workers. If your associations are mentally or physically laborious, if they subject you to exposure in inclement weather, if they confine you to the desk, and are of a nature to involve wear and tear of brain, and nervous strain, you may occasionally require "a me renovating tonic." Hostetter's Stomach Bitters is the article for you, it stimulates the failing energies, invigorates the body and cheers the mind. It enables the system to throw off the debilitating effects of undue fatigue, gives renewed vigor to the organs of digestion, arouses the liver when inactive, which it very often is with people whose pursuits are sedentary, renews the faded appetite, and encourages healthy repose. Its ingredients are safe, and its effects, which consist in the hearty endorsement of persons of every class of society, are most convincing. Admiration is it adapted to the medical wants of workers.

An authority says that black eyes are indicative of passionate ardor in love. But the rule cannot be invariable, for we have seen some very black eyes which we were inclined to ascribe to a passionless ardor on the part of some other fellow.

Rimpun Bros' Locals.

Straw hats at Rimpun Bros'. Go and see them.

For a fine and cheap hat go to Rimpun Bros'.

A new assortment of clothing for men, boys and children at Rimpun Bros'.

Rimpun Bros. have the largest stock of dry goods, clothing, hats, etc.

New styles of men's coats and vests for summer at Rimpun Bros'.

HURRAH FOR ANAHEIM!

GOOD NEWS FROM

CHICAGOCITRUS

—FAIR.—

Anaheim Exhibit Takes the Lead!

So does the Large Stock of Spring and Summer Goods just Received by H. CAHEN, Consisting of

French Sateens and Perales,
Figured Batiste,
Colored Mulls,
Nainsooks,
French Calico,
Oriental and Torchon Laces,
Colored Embroideries,
Embroidered Netting,
Silk and Lisle Thread Gloves,
Silk Ribbons in all the latest Shades,
Ladies' and Misses' "Redingote" and "Judie" Jerseys.

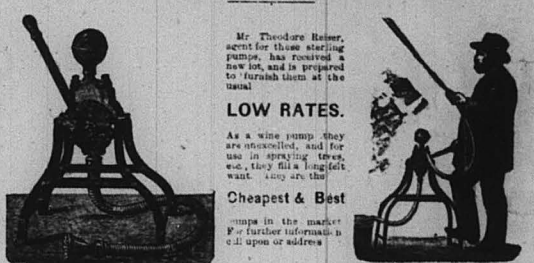
Beach and Summer Straw Hats, Etc.

I would respectfully request the ladies of Anaheim to call and inspect my stock of goods, which will be shown with courtesy and pleasure.

Yours respectfully,

HIPPOLYTE CAHEN. ANAHEIM.

The German Wine Pump.



Theodore Reiser, - Anaheim.

TENNESSEE WHITE RYE WHISKEY.

A ROYAL STRICTLY PURE For HOUSEHOLD And HOSPITAL USE. TONIC Recommended By PHYSICIANS. TRADE MARK. From A. Finkhausen & Co., 414 Front St., San Francisco. A. LANGENBERGER, DEALER IN GENERAL MERCHANDISE, Agent, - Anaheim, Cal.

Certificate of Copartnership. New Drug Store. REMOVED TO THE FIRST HOUSE EAST OF the old drug store, opposite Anaheim Hotel. A complete assortment of drugs, medicines, perfumery and all toilet articles always on hand and sold at reasonable prices. Also imported wines, liquors, E. J. White & Co. For and Family, Squire, Key West and Havana Cigars. AUGUST KROGER. Anaheim, Cal., Jan. 25, 1896.

ELECTION PROCLAMATION! NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN TO THE QUALIFIED voters of the Town of Anaheim that in accordance with the provisions of an Act to incorporate the Town of Anaheim, as he held on

Monday, April 28th, At the Town Hall of the Town of Anaheim, election of the following officers:

Five Trustees,
One Assessor,
One Clerk,
One Marshal,
One Treasurer,
One Justice of the Peace

To serve for the coming year and until their successors are elected and qualified. At which time the question of a Sunday closing ordinance will be submitted to a vote of the

WEEKLY GAZETTE.

Published every Saturday.

Established 1870.

Richard Melrose

EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION:

One Year \$2.00
Six Months \$1.25
Three Months .75
Single Copies 15c

OFFICE—In P. O. Building, Center Street, Anaheim.

TRANSIENT ADVERTISING:

SPACE	1 week	2 weeks	3 weeks	4 weeks
1 square	\$1.00	\$1.50	\$2.00	\$2.50
2 squares	2.00	3.00	4.00	5.00
3 squares	3.00	4.50	6.00	7.50
4 squares	4.00	6.00	8.00	10.00

W. H. MANN, M.D., D.D.S. F. E. WILSON, D.D.S.

MASSER & WILDER,

DENTISTS,

WE RESPECTFULLY ANNOUNCE TO YOU

that one of us will be at the Plasterers' Hotel on

the 10th of every month to give you dental

work that you can rely on to have done

in an artistic and substantial manner at a reason-

able price.

We replace the partial loss of teeth with a plate

and place gold crowns on roots and decayed teeth by a

new patent process.

We extract teeth without pain by the use of vital-

ized air.

Owing to the numerous patronage of our many

clients, we are compelled to move into more com-

modious quarters, in

Paris 13 Nadeau Block, Los Angeles.

Respectfully yours,

DRS. MASSER & WILDER.

GOLDEN

MEDICAL

DISCOVERY

URES ALL HUMORS.

A common Blotch, or Eruption,

or worse Scrofula, Salt-Rheum,

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SUGGESTIONS OF SPRING STYLES

Canvas cloth has fronts of woven lace to

contrast.

Louise silk, with tiny black and white

checks, silver gray in effect, will be much

worn.

Mikado patterns have the points turned

upward, and are made of striped or em-

broided silk.

Costly white lace over a white satin prin-

ciple is a favorite wedding dress for a

young bride.

Yam-Yam patterns have a silk foundation

and are covered with colored silk, creped

and loosely put on.

The combination of light-weight woven

fabrics with plush or velvet is specially fa-

vored for costumes for early spring.

Batiste "all over" embroideries, in brown

and ecru, have little figures and dots and

the scalloped edges are embroidered in red

or blue silk.

Many of the summer dresses will be fin-

ished with a vest made of flots of ribbon,

fast loop upon loop, from the throat in front

to the belt or the point of the bodice.

Tartan plaid saris is used for skirts, the

bodice and draperies being plain saris, cor-

responding to one of the colors in the plaid.

The plastron, collar, revers and cuffs are of

the plaid.

Many of the novelties in spring bonnets

have most of the trimmings placed upon the

crowns, emulating the style of Kate Green-

away, of which are almost hidden by

loops of vari-colored ribbon.

Little shoulder crapes, pointed both be-

fore and behind, and reaching to the belt,

to which a baque is affixed, are shown for

summer wear. They are cool and also pret-

ty. Nothing more becoming for a slender

figure was ever devised.

Clusters of velvet loops, worn at the

throat, on the wrists and at the back of the

neck, are among the adornments of the new

light summer mantles, which, upon the

whole, are less overloaded with lace than

those of former seasons.

Black lace bonnets not imitating Spanish

mantillas except in having Spanish combs in-

serted at the center, are imported from

Paris for London wear this summer.

They have wide strings and feather

ornaments in red and olive.

In spring models the princess bonnet,

with a coronet rim and a modified Norman-

dly crown, is especially popular, and bonnets

in this shape are handsomely made of black

French lace in thread patterns, with the

coronet covered with a network of jet beads.

With the round waists which are in high

vogue this season are worn belts of solidly

headed galloon to match that which gar-

nishes the bodice, sleeve and skirt. The

belt is fastened in front with a handsome

buckle that is sewn to the edges of the gal-

loon.

The principal feature about the skirt

draperies in the spring and summer models

is that a great quantity of material is used.

The overskirts are made very long, and then

drawn up at the sides into a very small

space, so that the underskirt is revealed.

The close-fitting French bonnet is too be-

coming and elegant to be left out of the list

of popular spring head-coverings, as it is al-

ways found as suitable for the most elab-

orate toilet as it is for the most simple, the

only difference being in the materials and

trimmings of which each is made. Its popu-

larity, therefore, remains unabated.

Thin checks, hair stripes, blocks and other

designs so much used in summer silks and

sarais are closely copied, both in coloring

EVERYTHING.

A school teacher in Cory, Pa., sent an in-

teresting note to two young women, strangers

in the town, who were in the interests of

a well-known silverware house. They

went in with the thought of him and then

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HOW MILLIONAIRES ARE PRO-

TECTED.

New York, April 10.—The arrest of a

Japanese young man who imagined that the

daughter of the late William H. Vanderbilt

was his sweetheart, and who sought her

throughout his boarding house, leads to the

discovery that the residences of the Vander-

bilts, the Astors and Jay Gould are con-

stantly guarded against cracks by private

detectives.

The private service for the protection of

the Vanderbilts, Astors and Gould was or-

ganized three years ago, and is ostensibly

separate for each family, though the men

who defend the Vanderbilts and Astors are

practically the same establishment, and

practically work together. Regular patrol

is done, night and day, and twenty de-

tectives are exclusively employed for the

purpose. There are four Astor residences

and five belonging to the Vanderbilts, all in

or close to Fifth avenue, between Thirty-

third and Fifty-second streets. The spies

are on watch eight hours each day, and

the beats are so arranged that the nine

houses cannot be approached unseen by one

of more or the gardeners. William H.

Vanderbilt was the originator of this sys-

tem, and he was incited to it by the large

number of cranky letters which he received.

He professed to have no fear of rational evil

deeds, but was apprehensive that maniacs

might attack him or some member of his

family. Since his death the mails have been

laden with all sorts of appeals, demands and

threats directed to his son.

Jay Gould's self-protection is more secret

and characteristic. He does not intrust it

to a detective agency, but hires his own

body guard. For years he has been always

accompanied by a stalwart young fellow.