



AN IRRIGATION PLAN.

SAN FRANCISCO, July 23.—The Post this evening publishes a statement made by State Engineer Hall on the irrigation question, in response to a request made by Gov. Stanford for presentation to the Legislature. Among the most important ideas expressed in this statement are the following: "In establishing a system of irrigation for California, it is to be provided for the organization of all irrigation enterprises, except those of individual riparian proprietors, into public or quasi-municipal corporations, with power to assess or levy taxes within themselves, and to condemn private rights for the public use. Under this system it will yet be necessary to have State administrative control to guard the streams and administer rights. California has everything to fear from the private ownership of natural water courses. She can have nothing to fear from owning and administering them herself. Public control does not mean the construction of public works, interference of an army of officials. After doing almost very little inspection would constitute the State's part of such a system for California. It is not alone the irrigation interest which has made, State control of the water courses necessary in California. The mining debris evil is an outgrowth of the common law system of riparian rights. It never would have assumed damaging proportions under the civil-law system of State supervision of water courses. Under such a system of control, all acts which may affect the stream or its water are subject to supervision and conditions from the beginning. No seriously damaging results can accrue if the administration is efficient. Irrigation in California cannot be developed under any one form of enterprise. The physical, social and political conditions are such that great latitude must be allowed for individual action in inaugurating and carrying out works, else our plains and foothills will very long remain unwatered. There are not only many complexities at home, but a great fund of prejudice abroad, to substantiate this conclusion, and the affirmation of the riparian rights doctrine might drive water appropriation to the opposite extreme. In order to combat it, and in order to escape this incubus of private ownership of natural streams, an unregulated right of unlimited appropriation might be set up which might lead to a monopoly of water in private hands and a consequent. But this result may readily be averted by legislative action. If the streams belong to the State, it is entirely within the province of the Legislature to correct all evils which have grown, or to prevent such evils from growing, out of the custom of appropriation. But it is not within the power of the Legislature to provide for the efficient administration of streams on an operative system of water rights, under a law which accords the property rights in the streams themselves to the bank owners."

The Sleeping Disease.

There is a singular and invariably fatal malady, called lethargy, peculiar to the negroes of certain districts on the western coast of Africa, which has never, we believe, been noticed in the medical journals of this country except in the *Mississippi Medical Journal*, from which we copy. But this is not surprising, when we consider that a knowledge of it is practically unimportant to the profession outside of the districts where it occurs. As a curiosity, however, in the form of a disease, it cannot fail, we think, to interest the medical faculty of our country, and we therefore present, in brief, the main facts concerning this singular disorder. As the name implies, the principal, and in fact the only, symptom that presents itself is lethargy; and one case is essentially a stereotyped one.

The patient, usually a male adult, is seized, without any premonitory symptoms, with a sensation of drowsiness, which continues rapidly to increase, in spite of all efforts to throw it off, until he sinks into a profound and seemingly natural sleep. This continues for about twenty-one days, when death takes place. Throughout the course of the disease, the patient preserves a quiet and peaceful countenance, may be easily aroused for a short time, will take nourishment, and generally answer a few questions in a perfectly rational manner. The pulse, respiration and temperature remain normal throughout, the pupil is neither dilated nor contracted to any noticeable extent, and the urine and feces are voided with comparative regularity. With the exception of the abnormal tendency to sleep, nothing exists to denote disease.

Many careful post-mortem examinations have been made by competent men, but nothing of an abnormal character has been found, while every remedy that could possibly be of any avail has been used without any apparent beneficial effect. They sleep on, and quietly glide into eternity in spite of professional skill.

Delayed News.

SAN FRANCISCO, July 24.—Ex-Sergeant Marcellus Connell, one of the survivors of the Greely Arctic expedition, and who has been employed in the Signal Service Department of this city, received his discharge from the army to-day, and was interviewed by a *Chronicle* reporter. The substance of the interview gives his version of affairs for a period shortly preceding the rescue of the party. He asserts that Dr. Pavy was falsely accused of stealing food, when suspicion pointed at Greely, and that Greely caused Henry to be shot for an offense which he committed in others. On the subject of cannibalism he says that the bodies were mutilated, but he has no knowledge as to who the mutilators were, because he was unconscious a considerable time prior to the rescue. An important statement made by Connell is that the records which claim that the Greely expedition made the point "farthest north" were not authenticated, and that it is a question whether the observations on which the claim is based are not entirely erroneous.

"Can Imagination Kill?"

This, perhaps, hardly the correct form of question, that the *British and Colonial Druggist* puts to itself in discussing the death of the young woman at Hackney under circumstances in which Keating's insect powder largely figured. As the powder appears by Dr. Tidy's experiments to be perfectly harmless, the suggestion is not naturally made that the deceased, who was possibly of a hysterical, highly imaginative turn of mind, took the powder in the full belief that by its means her death might be accomplished. The writer of the article in our contemporary, we think wrongly, brings forward two remarkable instances of what may be regarded as practical jokes with melancholy terminations. In the case of the convict delivered up to the scientist for the purpose of a psychological experiment (the man was strapped to a table and blindfolded, ostensibly to be led to death; a siphon containing water was placed near his head, and the fluid was allowed to trickle audibly into a vessel below it, at the same time that a trifling scratch with a needle was inflicted on the culprit's neck; it is said that death occurred at the end of six minutes), fear must have played no inconsiderable part in the fatal result, and we do not know whether all the vital organs were in a sound condition, though they were presumably so. The old story of the case of a college porter is also one in point. The student entrapped him into a room at night, a mock inquiry was held, and the punishment of death by decapitation decreed for his want of consideration to the students. It is small wonder that, under the dominion of fear and belief in the earnestness of his tormentors, the sight of an ax and block, with subsequent blindfolding and necessary genuflection, a smart rap with a wet towel on the back of his neck should have been followed by the picking up of a corpse.—*L. West.*

Tried by Ordeal.

The ordeal trial prevailed in France from before the time of Charlemagne down to the Eleventh century. The ancient Germans, too, were in the habit of resorting to divination; and their superstitious natives, writes Mr. Gibson, led them to invent many methods of purgation or trial now unknown to the law. It should be stated also that the Germans were specially tardy in throwing off the relic of barbarism; for, at a period when most vulgar ordeals were falling into disuse, the nobles of Southern Germany established the water ordeal as the mode of deciding doubtful claims on fields; and in Northern Germany it was instituted for the settlement of conflicting titles on land. Indeed, as recently as the commencement of the present century the populace of Hildesheim, near Danzig, twice plunged into the sea an old woman, reputed to be a sorceress, who, on persistently rising to the surface, was pronounced guilty and beaten to death. Grimm mentions many instances of water ordeal in Bohemia, Sardinia and other countries, having been in use in Iceland from a very early period. In the primitive jurisprudence of Russia ordeal by boiling water was employed in cases of minor importance, and in the Eleventh century we find burning iron ordered "where the matter at stake amounted to more than half a gavel of gold." A curious survival of ordeal superstition still prevails to a very large extent in Southern Russia. When a theft is committed in a household, the servants are summoned together and a sorceress is sent for. Should no confession be made by the guilty party, the sorceress rolls up as many little balls of bread as there are suspected persons present. She then takes one of these balls and, addressing the nearest servant, uses this formula: "If you have committed the theft, the ball will sink to the bottom of the vase; but if you are innocent, it will float on the water." The accuracy of this trial, however, is seldom tested, as the guilty person invariably confesses before his turn arrives to undergo the ordeal.—*Chambers's Journal.*

A San Francisco Tragedy.

SAN FRANCISCO, July 26.—John T. Collins was killed yesterday afternoon by Patrick Mullen. Collins, who is employed by the Domestic Sewing Machine Company, called at the house of Mullen on Twenty-eighth and Church streets to collect money due on a machine purchased by Mrs. Mullen. Few minutes after his entrance into the house, he emerged bleeding profusely from several gashes in the head. He was removed to the Receiving Hospital, where he died at a late hour. Mullen was arrested and charged with murder. He claims that the deceased endeavored forcibly to collect the bill from his wife, drawing a pistol, when he interfered and stabbed Collins. This story is not credited, as Collins was known to be a quiet man. At the time of arrest an attempt was made by an angry crowd to lynch the murderer, which the police, however, frustrated. The deceased leaves a widowed mother of whom he was an only support.

As well expect life without air, as health without pure blood. Cleanse the blood with Ayer's Sarsaparilla.

The watermelon has appeared in our midst. This is what ails our midst.

QUEER APPETITES.

The Englishman will not eat a squirrel, but will gloat over a meal of barnacles and periwinkles, the latter a species of sea snail that adheres to the rocks.

The Hollander relishes a feast of decayed shark, yet looks with horror on bread and butter.

The Turks shudder at the thought of eating oysters.

The Japanese have a prejudice against milk or beef, but enjoy seaweed or roast rat.

The Digger Indians of the Pacific slope rejoiced in the great locust swarms of 1875 as a gracious dispensation of the Great Spirit, and laid in a store of dried locust powder sufficient to last them for several years.

The French will eat frogs, snails and the diseased livers of geese, but draw the line at alligators.

Sir Robert Schomburgk found monkey very palatable, though he says that before being carved it looks disagreeably like a roasted child.

Backland declares the taste of box-constrictor good, and much like veal.

Quass, the fermented water of the Ensis, is their popular tipple. It is described as resembling a mixture of stale fish and soap suds in taste, yet, next to beer, it has more votaries than any other fermented beverage. A tallow candle washed down with quass forms a meal that it would be hard to be thankful for.

In Canton and other Chinese cities rats are sold at the rate of two dollars per dozen, and the hind quarters of dogs are hung up in butcher shops alongside of mutton and lamb, but demand a higher price. The edible birds' nests of the Chinese are worth twice their weight in silver, the finest varieties selling for as much as thirty dollars a pound.

The negroes of West Indies eat baked snakes and palm worms fried in their own fat, but they cannot be induced to eat stewed rabbits.

In Mexico parrots are eaten, but they are rather tough.

The Guachos of Balda Oriental are in the habit of hunting skunks for the sake of their flesh.

In Kaskaskia, a town on the banks of the Mississippi, "Musical Jack," or fried rattlesnakes, decapitated and skinned, and showing a meat as white and firm as a chicken, is a standard dish.

The octopus, or devil fish, when boiled and then roasted, is eaten in Corsica and esteemed a great delicacy.

In the Pacific Islands and West Indies lizards' eggs are eaten with great gusto. The natives of the Antilles eat alligator eggs, and the eggs of the turtle are popular every where, though up to the commencement of the last century turtle was only eaten by the poor of Jamaica.

The Ceylonese eat the bees after robbing them of their honey.

Caterpillars and spiders are dainties to the African bushman.

After they have wound the silk from the cocoon, the Chinese eat the chrysalis of the silk worm.

Spiders roasted are a sort of dessert with the New Californians.

The Vietnamese are the great snail eaters of the world. The town of Uho, on the Danube, in the principal place where snails are fattened for the market. Those which are fattened on straw berries command the highest price, while 60,000 are annually exported from the island of Crete. The great African snail, that attains a length of eight inches, is converted into soup.

Cock's combs are considered a great delicacy in the East, and are eaten in the British swallows' stews in their entirety.

How to Cool a Cellar.

A great mistake is sometimes made in ventilating cellars and milk houses. The object of ventilation is to keep the cellars cool and dry, but this object often fails of being accomplished by a common mistake, and instead the cellar is made both warm and damp. A cool place should never be ventilated, unless the air admitted is cooler than the air within, or is at least as cool as that, or a very little warmer. The warmer the air, the more moisture it holds in suspension. Necessarily, the cooler the air, the more this moisture is condensed and precipitated. When a cool cellar is aired on a warm day, the entering air, being in motion appears cool, but as it hits the cellar floor, the cooler air with which it becomes mixed chills it, the moisture is condensed, and dew is deposited on the cold walls, and may often be seen running down in streams. Then the cellar is damp, and soon becomes moldy. To avoid this, the windows should only be opened at night, and late—the last thing before retiring. There is no need to fear that the night air is unhealthy—it is as pure as the air of midday, and is really drier. The cool air enters the apartment during the night, and circulates through it. The windows should be closed before sunrise in the morning, and kept closed and shaded through the day. If the air of the cellar is damp, it may be thoroughly dried by placing in it a peck of fresh lime in an open box. A peck of lime will absorb about seven pounds or more than three quarts of water, and in this way a cellar or milk room may soon be dried, even in the hottest weather.

A Terrible and Destructive Storm.

GRAFTON, Dakota, July 28.—A hail storm of unexampled fury burst upon this locality Saturday afternoon, sweeping a track five miles wide, from St. Thomas across Red river into Minnesota, a distance of thirty miles. The hail stones were as large as hen's eggs. Houses at St. Andrews were riddled, hailstones bearing through the shingles and breaking sash as well as glass.

Several persons were severely injured, and one boy is missing. The damage to crops and otherwise is estimated at half a million dollars. Many farmers are left entirely destitute.

Indian Lobbyists.

During the present session of Congress, a very strong Indian lobby has been formed. It is composed of eight or ten Indians and a half dozen white men. They are here on a number of missions, and are paid by the tribes interested in threatened legislation. The strongest lobby is that in opposition to any portion of the Indian Territory to settlement, and is known as the Oklahoma lobby. Four or five of the Indians who came here last fall, to remain and work against opening up any portion of that country to settlement, are fine-looking fellows, averaging six feet in height and weighing 210 to 230 pounds. They are educated, dress like Americans, speak the English language fluently, and are shrewd, cunning fellows. They live at the big hotels, and are enjoying themselves greatly.

They claim to talk for their own people, but the truth is they are hired by cattle kings, and are here in the interest of that class. Nearly all that is known as the public land strip, in the northwestern part of the Indian Territory, and, in fact, a large portion of that country, is occupied by cattle men. They lease the ground from the Indians, and if the Territory is opened their business is ruined. Another lobby is in the interest of white men, who wanted some Indian reservations thrown open to settlement, and who are speculators. Still another lobby, a mixture of Indians and white men, is in the interest of the allotment of lands to Indians in severalty. These men are also paid by white men, who want to speculate in the lands.

Another lobby is in the interest of appropriations for educational purposes, and to pay for alleged services of Indians during the late war, and in assisting the regular army to suppress outbreaks. This is probably the only genuine Indian lobby here, and is supported by the Indians themselves.—*Baltimore American.*

The Effects of Low Freights.

NEW YORK, July 25.—Isaac S. Coffin, of the New York house of Coffin, Redington & Co., and the San Francisco firm of Redington & Co., drug and paint importers and dealers, said yesterday: "As a large shipper by both ways, I am in a position to know the plan upon which the Pacific railroads, reduced freights has tended to bring Eastern manufacturers into injurious competition with California manufacturers, without affording a corresponding opportunity for the shipment of California goods. The charges were less to California than coming this way, and at one time a carload of merchandise could be shipped clean through to California from New York cheaper than from New York to Chicago. That brought the New York markets into as close competition with California as with Chicago, and much have affected some interests unfavorably."

He thought the investment of large sums by California in Eastern real estate is significant. "It shows," he says, "that there are vast sums of ready cash in California. Many men have made money faster than they can invest it, and naturally look all over the globe for an opportunity for 'sticking it away,' as the Californian's phrase has it. There are not enough interests on the coast to employ all this vast capital, and the question naturally arises, why, if the rate of 6 per cent may be obtained for money in San Francisco, don't rich Californians invest their funds at home? The answer is 'they do,' they continually invest all they can, but men with idle millions can't giggle, and at the same time safe borrowers, and after putting out all their small sums, they must go to the great money centers with the bulk of their capital."

Bogquets Under Water.

The following is a description of the process by which a bouquet of flowers can be preserved fresh for a long time. A vessel of water is required; the vessel should be large enough to allow the submersion in it of a plate or dish holding the bouquet to be preserved, and a bell glass to cover the bouquet. The dish or plate should contain no moss or other material; the water should be limpid and quite pure. Place the plate at the bottom of the water, and on the plate, submerging it, place the bouquet, which is maintained in an upright position by a weighted base previously attached to it. This being done, the bouquet is covered with a bell glass, the rim of which ought to fit exactly to the flat part of the plate; the bell glass should be entirely filled with water, and without the least air bubble. Then, all raised together, plate and bell glass filled with water, and placed on a table, carefully wiping the exterior, but leaving on the plate, around the base of the bell glass, a little provision of water which prevents the entrance of air. The flowers in this condition will be preserved in all their freshness for several weeks, and their beauty is increased by a great number of bubbles of gas produced by the respiration of the leaves, and which attach themselves to the petals, appearing like pearls. The edge of the plate and the water that it contains should be concealed by a light bed of moss, in which are set some other flowers. In the evening, by artificial light, a bouquet thus arranged produces a most charming effect.

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THE ABSORBING TOPIC.

In an interview with Stephen M. White, Esq., published in the Times, that gentleman says, referring to the riparian decision: This county is all right if it is left alone. Take, for instance, Anaheim and Santa Ana. The title upon which Anaheim bases its right to use water is a deed from the former owner, Olinari, to Frothingham & Hansen. At the time of making that deed, Olinari was the owner of the rancho San Juan y Cajon de Santa Ana, which rancho is riparian to the river Santa Ana. By the terms of that deed Olinari granted the privilege of using so much of the water from the Santa Ana river as appertained to that rancho, for the purpose of irrigation. The land granted by this deed was the 1165 acres upon which Anaheim is now located, and by virtue of the riparian privilege so granted by Olinari, the gentlemen who founded Anaheim took water from the Santa Ana river, carried it to their newly acquired tract, which before that had never been irrigated, and have built up the flourishing town which is now located there. The Rancho Santiago de Santa Ana, upon which Tustin, Orange and Santa Ana are located, is riparian to the river Santa Ana, and the result of the litigation, which has been decided by the Supreme Court, is that the riparian right of Anaheim and Orange people was the recognition by the Supreme Court of the fact that the waters of the river appertained to both parties litigant, and one of the judges said in his opinion that the rights of the respective parties originated in a riparian source. I know a good deal about that case, as Mr. Gissell and myself conducted one side of it during the seven years which were covered by the litigation. Under the doctrine of Lutz vs. Higgins the Anaheim and Santa Ana people are safe. They may be under any theory, but they certainly are under the rules laid down by the Supreme Court. I might call your attention at this point to another fact. The Anaheim Water Company and the Santa Ana Valley Irrigation Company are corporations formed merely to facilitate the distribution of water. Heretofore they have been charged only enough to pay the actual cost of maintaining their works. I have no doubt that the water consumers would be somewhat astonished if they were compelled to pay six per cent. on the cost of construction and the water works belonging to these corporations.

This is comforting, if correct. If, however, a litigant desires a straightforward, unbiased opinion of his case, he usually seeks for it in other quarters than in the office of the opposing lawyer. It is a pity, too, that Mr. White's opinions are not generally shared by men of money, whose wealth is needed for the development of water. There is not an irrigation company in the State to-day that can borrow money on its franchise, because of the recent decision. Whenever it can be shown that under riparian rule the desert has been reclaimed and waste places made productive; or if it can be shown that the State's prosperity will expand and broaden under a system that practically confines the waters of the stream to its banks, then we will cast our hat high in the air and hurrah for Lutz & Miller and riparianism.

It is quite possible, also, that our water consumers will not only be astonished, but shocked, at being compelled to pay six per cent. on the cost of construction of the water works, and this, too, under a law at present in force. Mr. White has forgotten that it is only a few weeks since the operation of that law was invoked in the Superior Court, and that the Judge is even now considering his opinion.

It may be that there is a job hidden away in the recesses of some of the multitude of water bills which are being considered by the Legislature. It is quite possible that some of them, if they become law, will be as fraught with mischief as the purely riparian principle. There are some bills being considered that ought not to pass. But the same experience would be had at any session of the Legislature; good bills and bad bills will be introduced to the end of time, and the attempt to defeat all legislation on this question because some of the measures proposed are ill-advised or outright bad, is the tactics of an enemy who is driven to very puerile arguments. If the Legislature acted upon such a hypothesis, it would never pass another important law upon any subject.

The solution of this subject, in our opinion, is in State control of water. The State ought to buy every vested interest in water supply and then develop every inch of the precious fluid and distribute it in such a way that it will do the greatest good to the greatest number. When such a system exists, the greatest point of prosperity will be within reach.

The citizens of Washington, Nevada county, notified A. G. Hoffman and E. B. McPhetridge of Marysville to leave that vicinity Tuesday. The people claim that they were there as spies. The mandate was obeyed. It is evident that the injunction against hydraulic mining is not strictly observed, else the frequent bouncing of spies would be unnecessary.

The Legislature.

The San Francisco Post having charged that Senators Creighton, Boone, Cox, Chandler, Cross, Dougherty, Drumm, Kelley, Kellogg, Langford, Palmieri, Perry, Spencer, Taylor, Wallis, Whitney and Knight had been purchased to vote with the riparians on the Fresno Convention bill, the Senate resolved to exclude the Post reporter from the floor, and deny that paper the privilege of the Senate hereafter.

In the Assembly Committee on Constitutional Amendments, our Hazard introduced this:

Resolved, That it is inexpedient and improper at this time to present to the people of this State any amendment to the Constitution having for its object the reorganization of the Supreme Court, and the clerk of the committee is hereby directed to report all such amendments back with the recommendation that they do not pass.

The resolution was lost—6 to 8.

A large number of bills are being considered by the various committees. In fact, little else is being done, and probably little will be done until a U. S. Senator is elected.

On Wednesday a Republican joint caucus of Senators and Assemblymen to consider the advisability of electing a Republican to succeed Hearst was held. McClure presided and F. D. Ryan, Clerk of the Assembly, was Secretary. Seventy Republican Senators and Assemblymen answered the roll call. There was no question whatever as to the expediency of going into the election of a Senator next Tuesday, and the only difficulty foreseen was the possibility of a quarrel not being present next Tuesday, on account of the Grand Army celebration in San Francisco. A vote being taken, it was unanimously decided to proceed with the election of a successor to Hearst next Tuesday, and a committee was appointed to take necessary steps to secure a majority vote, and in every possible way to expedite the business of the occasion. It was suggested that if Tuesday should be declared a legal holiday, some questions may be raised as to the legality of an election on that day. The committee was instructed to look up the bearings on the question. The caucus adjourned after the members had pledged themselves to remain in Sacramento next Tuesday and fulfill their duty to their party by electing a United States Senator. Nothing especially new has been developed with regard to the candidates who are mentioned as the possible successors of Hearst.

In the Assembly Morris, of Alameda, introduced the petition signed by David S. Terry, of Stockton, requesting the removal by the Legislature of Chief Justice Robt. F. Morrison and Justice John R. Sharspein, of the Supreme Court, on the ground of their alleged incompetency to perform the duties of their offices by reason of physical and mental infirmity. The petition also asks that a committee of seven be appointed to investigate these charges.

Mr. Yule moved to lay the matter on the table. The motion was lost by a vote of 21 to 13.

Lovell moved an indefinite postponement. Lost by a vote of: Ayes, 14; nees, 50.

The resolution was then adopted and Speaker Parks appointed a committee to investigate the matter, as follows: Morris, McLaughlin, Gregory, McGlashan, Asher, Hussey, Davis.

In the Senate a similar petition was introduced by Baldwin.

The resolution requesting the Governor to declare August 31 and 4th legal holidays in deference to the G. A. R. Encampment was voted down almost unanimously. A resolution expressing full sympathy and accord with the Governor in his call of this extra session, and objects thereof, so far as pertains to needed legislation in regard to irrigation, was voted down with a loud laugh.

Crimes and Casualties.

At Needles on Wednesday William Story, while intoxicated, fell under the cars and had both legs cut off. He died soon after.

Manuel Ferrando shot his brother at Pittsburg last Friday, inflicting a slight wound.

John Koehler, a baker of Louisville, Ky., shot and killed John Carter and mortally wounded Peter Haupt. He found them in his house, and on their refusing to leave he did the shooting. He was jealous of Haupt.

At the same place on the same day J. P. Strunk shot and killed Chas. Hoover, and seriously wounded the latter's father, Dr. Hoover. Strunk asserts that young Hoover was intimate with his wife.

Constable M. Bombe, who was shot by one of the desperadoes who attempted to murder Draper Brothers near Salsed, after lingering for sixty-three days, died Monday at Castrolville.

E. B. Trainer of Calistoga suicided at a Merced hotel by cutting his throat.

Miss Lottie Catter and James Woods were drowned Sunday at Pittsburg Landing, about three miles below Antioch while bathing. Miss Catter waded into deep water, and being unable to swim called for help, when Woods went to her assistance. In endeavoring to aid her, both sank and were drowned. The body of Miss Catter was recovered. She was a sister of Mrs. J. Downey Harvey of Los Angeles.

A Great Water Scheme.

LODI, Cal., July 29.—A private irrigation scheme of gigantic proportions is being carried out by Lawrence & Hutchings of this place. The firm are the owners of 10,000 acres of land in the San Joaquin valley, and the proposition is to irrigate it by pumping water from the river of that name. The amount of water necessary is enormous, as it requires a great deal of moisture in that section to secure a good crop. A contract has been made with Gregory & Co., of this city, for an engine and a pump of a capacity of 6,000,000 gallons of water daily.

Newport Notes.

ED. GAZETTE.—Our party of four spent three days at Newport Landing last week, and as we were all unanimous in the expression that it is a fine camping place as there is on this part of the coast, we thought it might be of interest to your readers in giving a description of the place and its attractions, together with other notes picked up during our stay.

Newport is situated 10 or 11 miles south of Santa Ana and is the port for that place and surrounding villages in shipping a part of the products of the lower Santa Ana valley. There are at present but a dozen or more houses at the place, occupied by the fishermen and employees of the company. The wharves are about 1000 feet, and are built overlooking the bay to the south. The water at the piers is deep enough for the steamers to land up to two dozen, the main bay running in the form of a crescent to the landing place, although numerous small bays branch out on all sides, and run on by the water. The distance of four miles in an irregularly circular direction. Almost perpendicular cliffs rise up close to the water near the wharf, making it an object of attraction to row through the aqueous canyons. In its entirety the bay is several miles long and the rear of the ocean can be but faintly heard at the wharf, which is a mile or more from the seashore.

The principal features of attraction of the place are the two coves, one of which contains roomy shelter for the ocean steamer, and Rocky Point and Whitewash Point, the latter being the steamer's guide when entering the strait, which is 150 yards wide. The water inside the strait or bay is entirely calm, except the ripple caused by the tide and wind.

The facilities for still-water bathing are excellent, but we would not advise women or children to bathe at the wharf, except those that can swim, as the water is not so pure as elsewhere. The water is excellent, but we would not advise women or children to bathe at the wharf, except those that can swim, as the water is not so pure as elsewhere.

A Fearful Mistake.

PITTSBURG, July 27.—Mrs. John Prill, living on South Twenty-eighth street, is a victim of a peculiarly horrible mistake made today. She became greatly frightened when a terrible storm, which passed over the section, broke in its fury, and she ran up to her bed chamber for a vase of holy water with which to sprinkle herself in the hope that in that way she might ward off the impending danger. In the excitement of the moment and semi-darkness of the room she mistook the bottle in which the water stood for a bottle of acid, and instead of sprinkling herself with the holy water, she poured the acid over her face and over her head in considerable quantity. The first intimation of her mistake was the terrible pain which she felt in the acid-infused face, and she cried out almost instantly for help. Her neighbors, hearing her cries, ran in to see what was the matter. They found her lying on the floor almost insensible with pain. Great red blotches, the work of the acid, were already appearing on her face and neck. It was some time before the situation was understood, but when it was ascertained that the poor woman had done this, the neighbors, who attended Mrs. Prill, say that she will in all probability lose her eyesight, and that her face will be frightfully disfigured. The acid had been in the dish before its course was staid.

A View from the Top of Old Baldy.

Mrs. D. W. Coleman of Anaheim and his two daughters, Mary and Estelle, left the city on Monday morning for a trip to Old Baldy. They left at 8 o'clock and arrived at the summit at 10 o'clock. The view from the top of the mountain is a most beautiful one. The city of Anaheim is visible in the distance, and the surrounding country is a most fertile one. The view is a most beautiful one. The city of Anaheim is visible in the distance, and the surrounding country is a most fertile one.

2500 People Perish.

ST. JOHNS, N. F., July 27.—The schooner Barreille has just arrived here, bringing the latest news from the Labrador coast. For nearly two weeks she has been in York Harbor, forty miles east of the Northeast river, by a tidal of ice. York Harbor is crowded with icebergs, and the schooner has been unable to get out. The schooner has been unable to get out. The schooner has been unable to get out.

A Text for a Sermon.

OTTAWA, Ont., July 27.—The aged aunt of Joseph Golder, a French Canadian, died on Saturday, and last evening several friends of the family gathered at Golder's cottage to sympathize with them in their bereavement. After awhile the mourners began to make merry, and a wild and hilarious episode. A terrible thunder storm arose, but none of the revellers noticed it. Finally a bolt came down the chimney. The coffin, which had been placed near the fireplace, was ripped up as clean as with a razor, and the body was reduced almost to a cinder, while Eugene Golder and F. X. Bouvin, who were standing near, were instantly killed. The rest of the party, some six or seven in all, were rendered insensible by the shock and it was not until late this morning that any of them recovered. When they staggered out and told the story to the neighbors it was hardly credible, but when they fully realized it, the horror of the episode and the manner in which it occurred, and the ignorant passivity were aroused and not one would go near the house.

We have good news for those wishing photographs.

Lawrence & Son, the great photographers of Los Angeles, are making cabinet photographs for \$2.50 per dozen. This is the only first class gallery that charges less than \$7 per dozen. They have the finest rooms in the city, in the Downey Block, the same stairs that lead to public library.

A strange disease has appeared on the horse range of Elko county, Nev. The sick animals usually show lameness in the left hind leg, as if it had thrown its stifle out. Soon the other hind leg is taken, and the animal breaks down entirely, and seems to suffer great pain. The disease always fatal, though it runs from two weeks to three months.

H. C. Gade has been appointed agent for John W. Fisher's Philadelphia Bait Beer, and will deliver it to families in quantities to suit.

PACIFIC COAST ITEMS.

A boy living near Schell's Ferry, Oregon, climbed a tree, and a passing hunter, seeing only part of the body, fired upon him. The boy had several shot in his shoulder and thigh.

The China rancho, containing eight square leagues of land, has been mortgaged by Richard Gird to the Germania Savings and Loan Society of San Francisco for \$150,000. The mortgage note bears 6 1/2 per cent. interest, or \$900 per month.

At San Buenaventura the bee-men have called a mass meeting of bee-men throughout the county for August 5. It is proposed to form an association, and build warehouses and ship honey directly East through the association. Reports from all parts of the county show the honey yield to be about one-third of a crop.

A eucalyptus tree 106 feet high was cut down recently in Santa Rosa. The tree, instead of being chopped down in the usual manner, was commenced on at the top, and piece by piece was cut off and lowered to the ground. The growth of the tree had moved an adjacent house two inches off and one inch up from the foundation. It was one of the oldest trees in town.

In San Francisco on Wednesday a Chinese highlander named Lee Chack shot and instantly killed the Germana Savings and Loan Society of San Francisco for \$150,000. The mortgage note bears 6 1/2 per cent. interest, or \$900 per month.

Police Officer Martin, who was near, saw Chack fleeing from the scene of the murder and ran after him. The Chinaman turned and snatched a loaded revolver from his pocket, and fired at the officer's face. With the aid of another officer, the murderer was arrested and taken to the prison, charged with murder. Chack, on being searched, was found to possess four pistols. He had a steel coat of mail under his shirt, covering his entire body from the hips up.

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ESTRAY NOTICE.

CAME TO THE THOS. DUNN FARM, NEAR depot, July 25, 1886, one black hog. If the pen looks like it, for the animal is a hog, the owner can have it by proving property and paying expenses.

WANTED.

SITUATION WANTED BY MIDDLE-AGED LADY as nurse. Address: MRS. EMILY BASSFORD, Box 1, Anaheim, Cal.

BALED HAY!

Best Quality! FOR SALE IN ANY QUANTITY. Apply to: MELROSE & KNAPP.

To Wine Makers.

I HAVE BEEN APPOINTED AS AGENT FOR Book's Liquid Albumen, or Wine Finer, by Mr. Chas. Meinicke & Co., of San Francisco, sole agents for the Pacific Coast.

The Finings consist of Finings for Red and White Wines, Wine Preserver, Wine Restorer and Wine Corrector. For Clarifying VERY STUBBORN RED WINES.

I SHALL SELL ALL THESE AT SAN FRANCISCO PRICES WITH FREIGHT ADDED. PLEASE CALL FOR DIRECTIONS HOW TO USE THEM, AT MY STORE.

A. LANGENBERGER.

BOARD OF EQUALIZATION.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT THE BOARD of Town Trustees of the town of Anaheim will meet as a Board of Equalization, for the purpose of equalizing the assessment roll of said town of Anaheim, on the 25th, 26th and 27th of July, 1886, between the hours of 2 and 5 o'clock P. M. of each day at the Town Hall of said town.

By order of the Board of Trustees, M. NEBELUNG, Town Clerk.

ASHER, July 19, 1886.

WAGON FOR SALE OR TRADE.

I HAVE A SIDE AND END SPRING WAGON, second hand, but such as is good as new. Having been thoroughly overhauled and painted, which I offer for sale at a low figure, or will trade. Apply to: A. A. McS. Painter, Anaheim.

FIRST QUALITY OF Oregon Spruce GRAPE BOXES

FOR SALE. Enquire of M. NEBELUNG.

Outdoor Photographs.

SIX FOR TWO DOLLARS. Apply to: F. TEICHMANN, Anaheim.

Pacific Coast Steamship Company.

GOODALL, PERKINS & CO. General Agents, San Francisco.

NORTHERN ROUTES.

STEAMERS LEAVE SAN FRANCISCO for Wrangle, Sitka and Harrisburg, Alaska, and Nenana and New Westminster, B. C., as advertised in San Francisco newspapers.

For Victoria, Portland, Seattle, Tacoma, St. Louis, and Olympia on July 2, 9, 16, 23 and 30.

For Astoria and Portland, July 2, 9, 16, 23, 30 and Aug. 6, 13, 20, 27.

For Portland, Astoria and Hookton, every Wednesday.

For Point Arena, Gaff's Cove, Little River, Whitesboro, Mendocino City and Novato every Monday.

SOUTHERN ROUTES.

TIME TABLE FOR JULY, 1886.

STEAMERS	Coming South.	Going North.
San Francisco	July 2	July 2
San Pedro	July 4	July 4
San Diego	July 6	July 6
San Jose	July 8	July 8
San Luis	July 10	July 10
San Mateo	July 12	July 12
San Rafael	July 14	July 14
San Simeon	July 16	July 16
San Vicente	July 18	July 18
San Ysidro	July 20	July 20
San Juan	July 22	July 22
San Carlos	July 24	July 24
San Antonio	July 26	July 26
San Pedro	July 28	July 28
San Diego	July 30	July 30

Rates of Fare.

FROM LOS ANGELES.

TO	FARE	STOWAGE
To San Francisco	\$15.00	\$10.00
To San Francisco and return	\$25.00	\$20.00
To Monterey and Santa Cruz	14.00	9.00
To San Simon	12.00	8.00
To Cayton	11.00	7.00
To Port Harford	10.00	6.00
To Galveston	9.00	5.00
To Santa Barbara	8.00	4.00
To San Buenaventura	7.00	3.00
To San Diego	6.00	2.00

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

WANTED.

A NEAT, INTELLIGENT PERSON FOR GENERAL house work in family of five or six adults. One who can give good service without grumbling or scolding can find a pleasant home by addressing LOCK, Orange, Cal.

WANTED.

A LADY THOROUGHLY CONVERSANT WITH household duties wishes a place on a ranch in the country. Good home. Address: MRS. M. J. CONNOR, Anaheim P. O.

TO THE PUBLIC:

The undersigned desire to announce that for reasons that at present cannot be stated, but which will be duly announced, they are compelled to reduce their stock of

DRY GOODS,

And to that end offer their goods at a great reduction from former prices.

RESPECTFULLY,

This announcement is made in good faith, and we hope the public will so consider it.

There will be no reserve of goods.

Everything we have has been marked down, and will be sold.

Stone and Plated Ware.

Ollas, Water Coolers, etc.

LAMPS AND CHANDELIERS.

We carry a specialty of these goods, and carry the largest line of lamps and chandeliers to be found in the city and at prices lower than ever before. A beautiful hanging or library lamp now costs less than you formerly paid for a common stand lamp. They are up out of the way, and an ornament to any room.

OIL STOVES.

The Monitor Oil Stove is the only absolutely safe stove in the market, as the oil is in an elevated reservoir back of and removed from the burners, and cannot become heated. Price of single stove, 2 burners, \$6.00; double stove, 4 burners, \$10.00. We also have the Globe, an all iron two-burner stove; will boil a kettle of water in seven minutes, and costs only \$2.50. The Iron Clad is an all iron lamp stove; will boil a kettle of water in ten minutes, burns thirteen hours on one filling, and gives a light equal to four ordinary lamps. Price, \$1.25.

ICE CHESTS AND REFRIGERATORS.

The Iceberg Chief is constructed upon the open, hollow air principle. Pure, fresh air passing all around and through the chest keeps everything pure, sweet and cold. No filling to become mouldy. Provisions kept in them will not become musty nor partake of the flavor of other things in the same provision chamber. All sizes, suitable for families, stores or markets.

ICE CREAM FREEZERS.

The "White Mountain Triple Motion" is the only freezer having three distinct motions for mixing and freezing the cream. No poisonous zinc in contact with the cream, but the best of tin. Will do the work easier and quicker than any freezer in the market. All sizes from 1 to 25 quarts.

Please Call and See Our Goods And Get Prices.

Z. L. PARMELEE, 108, 110, 112 North Main St., Los Angeles.

P. PELLEGRIN & SONS.

ART AND MUSIC ROOMS!

P. O. BLOCK, CENTER ST.

Anaheim, California

AGENCY FOR NEW HOME SEWING MACHINES

Kleinigkeiten.

Extra copies of the GAZETTE are kept on sale at the stores of J. Helmsen and Max Nebelung.

Mr. Dunn has caught a jumper that can beat Mark Twain's frog all hollow. Read his ad.

Those who want to hire help, and those who want to work, will find three advertisements of interest in another column.

Fifty-six trains arrive and depart daily from Los Angeles, besides from six to twelve special trains.

Tones, of La Brea district, who endeavored to obliterate his family by mixing arsenic in the gravy, has been held for trial with bail fixed at \$2,000. He is in jail.

The County Assessor has increased this year's assessment roll five millions of dollars over that of last year. And yet he could only find 28 stills in the county.

A spark from a locomotive was responsible for the loss by fire of 3,000 acres of wheat and barley on the Puente rancho, owned by E. J. Baldwin. The grain was insured.

The melting and cleaning of asphaltum is a new industry undertaken at the Anaheim Oil Wells by Chandler & Maxwell. There is a large demand for asphaltum in Los Angeles for paving purposes.

Master Frank Ferdinand Ey had a few of his friends at a jubilation on Thursday, to commemorate his safe arrival at his birthday. May the young gentleman live to a good old age, and never know more of care and trouble than he does now.

Mr. F. S. Wallace, the financier of Anaheim Lodge, No. 85, A. O. U. W., is off for a brief season of recreation. Members of the lodge will please pay their dues and assessments to Dr. J. S. Goldman at the post office, until the financier's return.

An Indian, known in Anaheim by the name of "Cook," was recently released from a ninety-day term in the County Jail. He was arrested on Tuesday for indecent exposure of person, and taken to Los Angeles on Wednesday morning to serve a twenty-day sentence.

Ear A. Weil was in town on Tuesday as a committee from the G. A. R. to select contributions of wines to the veterans. In half a day he received all the requirements that were necessary, our veterans responding with the promptness with which such an appeal is always met.

In the contempt cases of Horace Bell, editor of the *Pacific*, Judge Branson has discharged the defendant from the \$100 fine imposed for contemptuous publications in his paper, but decided that he must pay the three \$100 fines imposed for insolent and contemptuous language used by Bell in addressing the Court.

Two men, who were under the influence of liquor, engaged in a high old fight on Monday evening, and one of the men was stabbed and otherwise bruised, but the other also received his share. The man who started the fight was arrested and lodged in jail but two hours, when some person hailed him out. Judge Fox fined him \$6.25 on Wednesday morning, and his companion in the affray "made up" by paying \$3 of the fine.

A distressing accident occurred at Long Beach Monday afternoon about 2:15 o'clock, by which Eddie Wright, the 11-year-old son of Rev. M. Wright of Riverside met almost instant death. The little boy was playing on the beach near the pier, when a huge log was thrown up by the surf. It rolled upon the boy and crushed him down. Assistance soon arrived, and the injured boy was picked up, but it was quite apparent he could not live, and he died in about fifteen minutes.

A Sunday at Long Beach does not differ greatly from a Sunday at other places which are denominated as wicked. A correspondent, writing of how last Sunday was spent at that resort, says:

"The shooting in this vicinity should bring many sportsmen here. A party of three from the hotel went out for a few hours this afternoon with their double-barreled and brought home fifty-five ducks, many of which were fat and plump. The manner of passing a day here can be arranged to suit all tastes. For instance, today some exercises were going on most all the time at the Tabernacle; bathing was kept up all day; the tennis court was occupied by active groups of players; the shooting party referred to hunted their sport; Captain Banning had his six in hand and coach out with a party of friends, and driving, resting, walking on the beach and flirting occupied others."

—Tra B. Kilgore shot and killed John H. Oldridge in Laitwell's wagon shop in Los Angeles on Tuesday morning. Kilgore was foreman of the paint shop. There had been ill feeling between the men for some time, and Kilgore had been thrashed on two occasions by Oldridge. On Tuesday Kilgore bore a message from Laitwell to Oldridge to "touch up those shafts, or take his things and go home." Oldridge having previously refused to obey Kilgore's orders, Oldridge threw a petty knife at Kilgore, and then advanced as if to attack him, when Kilgore drew a pistol and fired, the ball striking his opponent below the left shoulder and entering the heart, causing death within a few minutes. Deceased leaves a widow and two children. His slayer is unharmed.

Republican County Convention.

The Convention met on Wednesday, Chas. Macley was chosen Chairman. The following delegates to the State Convention were elected:

At large—H. H. Boyce and Chas. Macley; Los Angeles, George H. Bond, Frank J. Bond, John Thomas, L. E. Maher, Geo. E. Ford, Theo. Summerland, L. W. Reed, E. P. Johnson, S. M. Perry, T. H. Ward, S. Hatton, H. A. Barclay, Orange, Hiram Hamilton, Anaheim, R. J. Northrup, Santa Ana, Captain John West, Sierra, M. C. Carter, Murietta, W. N. Munro; Spadra, A. T. Carrier, Compton, Dr. McFarland, Wilmington, F. H. Downing, Cienega, Thomas Lloyd, San Fernando, Charles Macley, Tustin, H. K. Sauer, San Gabriel, E. L. Mayberry.

The following Central Committee were elected:

Los Angeles, T. A. Garey, Charles Wickman, J. H. Warren, Chas. E. Day, J. H. Book, J. W. McKinley, John Goldworthy, Dr. J. E. Cohn, S. Hatton, J. C. Daly, Tustin, A. Guy Smith, Santa Ana, G. E. Freeman, Orange, S. Armour, San Juan, M. C. Forster, Anaheim, E. J. Pellegrini, Artesia, J. Hay, Newport, A. P. Killy, Norwalk, Dr. J. H. West, R. T. Harris, Yorba, L. W. Kirby, San Fernando, G. H. C. Hubbard, Duarte, H. G. Briller, South Pasadena, O. R. Dougherty, Vernon, Isaac Gibbs, Santa Monica, E. H. Vester, Compton, Clinton Heath, Downey, F. H. Willis, Sepulveda, J. C. Schaefer, Sierra Madre, W. N. Munro, Wilmington, E. N. McDonald, El Monte, J. H. Leary, Norwalk, J. Y. Powell, Los Nietos, E. L. Gann, Santa Ana, R. C. Peckham, J. W. Batcher, Duarte, A. G. Miller, San Gabriel, J. R. Dolbins, Azusa, D. W. Hamilton, San Antonio, G. D. Barron, Rowland, J. W. Hudson, Pasadena, T. P. Lukens, San Pedro, W. H. Maltou, Fair Oaks, J. W. Vanderlip, Calumet, I. A. West, Cienega, J. C. Barron, Highland Park, S. J. Merrill, Spadra, A. H. Tule, Billings, J. O. Lamb, Old Mission, J. D. Duffie, Elizabeth Lake, John Harrison.

The host of the county is heard at night in the vicinity of vineyards, and he is probably aware that grapes are ripe in some parts. A young vineyardist on Center street informs us that he has "two-legged crows" making nocturnal visits to the place of ripe grapes and pulling off bunches of half-ripe fruit, which they throw away if not satisfactory. He also says that teams stop by the roadside and the men enter the vineyards to return with an armful of grapes, waiting half of them as a matter of course. It will certainly be necessary to put a watchman on the lookout if this practice continues.

Mr. Erwin Barr has presented us with a piece of petrified wood, taken from the cliffs on Laguna beach. There is a large petrified log plainly visible in these cliffs at a distance of forty-five feet from the summit. It would be an interesting calculation to "gigger out" how long that log has been reposing in its rocky bed.

The Times has it that the R. S. A. and L. A. R. will run direct to Long Beach, and thence direct to Los Angeles with a special deep water at Redondo beach. This rumor, like a thousand others, has not the signature of the General Manager of the road blown on the corks.

Still another grape-cellar is to be built. This time it is in West Anaheim, and Mr. Alex. Henry is the builder. It made some excellent wine last year, which brought a good price, and encouraged by his success he will go into the business largely this year.

A proposition is on foot to extend a small iron pipe from the Chandler well at Petrolia to San Pedro harbor, where it will steadily discharge a small stream of oil on the water and make it a placid sea, on whose beach the ships that float shall have no barnacles.

Beginning to-morrow (Sunday) and continuing until Wednesday, the Southern Pacific will sell round trip tickets from Los Angeles to San Francisco, good until August 10th, for \$21.70. These tickets are sold to everybody, including G. A. R. men.

Henry Kroeger, a public-spirited citizen of Anaheim, has offered one half of his twenty-acre vineyard, south of the village, to the new railroad company for a depot.

Sargeant Teichmann found it necessary to place a flag at the intersection of Center and Los Angeles streets, on Thursday, where \$80 men out of a possible \$200 wanted to know if the new depot had been located.

The jury in the case of the People vs. Dilley, charged with cruelly beating a horse, gave a verdict yesterday of not guilty, after a deliberation of less than ten minutes. The case was tried in Justice Fox's court.

—The Board of Supervisors have adjourned as a County Board of Equalization without doing any damage to this biweekly. Hence this sign of relief.

—Mrs. Wm. J. Smith, who has had the painful experience of an encounter with a stray dog, recommends the application of hot ashes as the most speedy remedy.

—No Eastern mail has been received at the Anaheim post-office since last Saturday. Washouts along the line are the cause.

August Krug.

Our enterprising druggist, guarantees positive relief for any cough, cold, croup, asthma, whooping cough and all lung and bronchial complaints by the use of that pleasant and never-failing remedy, SANTA ANA, the California King of Consumption cures. Try it.

—There is a lull in real estate matters. Cause—Mr. Keith is laying in a fresh supply of health at Laguna Landing.

Solicitor of Patents, F. O. McCleary, of Washington, D. C., says the only thing that did him any good, when suffering with a severe cough of several weeks' standing, was Red Star Cough Cure, which is purely vegetable and free from opium and poison.

Vitiicultural Matters.

The grape-growers of Anaheim met on Tuesday pursuant to adjournment, and in response to a telegram from L. J. Rose convened at 12 o'clock to permit of a conference with that gentleman regarding the assessment on distillers. Mr. Rose gave some facts connected therewith not generally known, and strongly urged organized resistance to the imposition sought to be practiced upon grape-growers. His suggestions were to the point, though brief, as he returned to Los Angeles on the afternoon train.

The meeting adjourned to 2 o'clock, and at that hour the committee reported a constitution and by-laws which were duly adopted. A letter to the Commissioner of Internal Revenue, setting forth "in language quite plain," the views and grievances of the grape-growers, was read and Messrs. Kohn, F. Harrison and Zyva were appointed a committee to get the signatures of every grape-grower to the letter. An adjournment was then taken to Saturday, August 14th, at 2 o'clock P. M., at which time officers will be elected and the society set fairly upon what is hoped will be a career of usefulness. It will be seen from the constitution and by-laws that horticulturalists as well as viticulturalists are eligible. There are enough of both classes in this vicinity to make every session of the society interesting, instructive and profitable not only to those who attend but to the outside world as well, through the reports of the debates and proceedings of each meeting which will be duly chronicled in the GAZETTE.

The following vigorous letter will be interesting reading to others besides grape-growers. It is commended especially to the careful consideration of Mr. Webb.

ANAHAIM, July 27, 1898.
HON. JOSEPH S. MILLER, COMMISSIONER OF INTERNAL REVENUE—Dear Sir:—The distillers and grape-growers and distillers of Anaheim and vicinity hereby protest against the assessment of the grape-growers of Anaheim and vicinity for the purpose of raising revenue for the support of the government. We are not in the least interested in the revenue of the government, but we are interested in the revenue of the grape-growers. We are not in the least interested in the revenue of the government, but we are interested in the revenue of the grape-growers. We are not in the least interested in the revenue of the government, but we are interested in the revenue of the grape-growers.

Following is the constitution and by-laws of the "Anaheim Viticultural and Horticultural Society":

ARTICLE I. The grape and fruit growers, manufacturers and distillers of grape brandy of Anaheim and vicinity hereby form themselves into an association under the name of the Anaheim Viticultural and Horticultural Society, for mutual information and the promotion of all interests connected with the viticultural and horticultural industries.

ARTICLE II. The officers of this society shall be a President, three Vice Presidents, a Secretary, a Treasurer, and Finance Committee of three members, to hold office for the year of their successors are elected.

ARTICLE III. The regular meetings of this association shall be held on the second Saturday of each month, at 2 o'clock P. M., in the town of Anaheim.

ARTICLE IV. Any member shall constitute a quorum for the transaction of business at any meeting.

ARTICLE V. No sectarian or political debates shall be allowed at any meeting of this association.

ARTICLE VI. Any member may be expelled by a vote of a majority of the members present, on charges preferred in writing at the preceding regular meeting.

ARTICLE VII. By a vote of three-fourths of all members at any regular meeting, a written resolution containing the proposed amendment having been offered at the preceding regular meeting.

ARTICLE VIII. The President shall preside at all meetings, and preserve order. In his absence the senior Vice-President shall perform the duties of the President.

ARTICLE IX. The Secretary shall record all proceedings of the society, preserve its records, pay over to the Treasurer all funds received by him, and perform such other duties as may be required of him; he shall also correspond with other societies and persons engaged in viticultural and horticultural industries, whenever instructed to do so by the society.

ARTICLE X. The Treasurer shall have charge of all funds of the society, and shall only disburse the same on warrants drawn by the Secretary and signed by the President. He shall report at the regular meeting in August of each year the condition of the treasury, and his books and accounts shall at all times be open for the inspection of the Finance Committee.

ARTICLE XI. The Finance Committee shall audit all bills against the society and warrants therefor shall be drawn when the bills are so audited. The committee shall also examine the Secretary's and Treasurer's books at any time and report thereon.

ARTICLE XII. The dues for membership shall be one dollar for each member, and monthly dues shall be twenty-five cents, payable quarterly in advance, to the Secretary.

ARTICLE XIII. Any member of the association neglecting to pay his dues for the space of six months, shall be considered as having forfeited membership.

ARTICLE XIV. The President shall appoint a Committee on Program, consisting of three members, whose duty it shall be to prepare a program of business to be carried out at each meeting, and to report to the committee in their judgment desirable.

ARTICLE XV. Immediately after the reading of any paper or essay, the author shall file the same with the Secretary of the society.

California embarked in this industry years ago. What they have is the accumulation of a year's toil. The revenue laws have been an after consideration, and California's grape industry has paid millions of dollars in revenue, and willingly, too. It is yet in its infancy, and it is protected in its infancy by an experimental stage, it will continue in its increasing revenue. It may be stated as a fact, although said by ourselves, that the vineyardists of this State as a body are the equals for honesty, industry and morality of any other class of men in any other part of the country, and it will not be deemed an unreasonable request when we ask that the laws that are to govern us should be just and equal. There should be a plain law governing distilling based upon a knowledge of the process and made in such a way that it cannot be evaded, for it is no great hardship to comply with a law if all others have to comply with it, but it would be very difficult to observe what others are enabled to evade, for it would simply mean ruin.

We claim, too, that there should be no traps set for us. Whether this trap be set by accident or by design makes no difference in our increasing revenue. To be led into the belief that a certain provision of law will not be enforced (in fact, as the regulations now stand, it is almost impossible to enforce it) and then continually and first one then another special agent being sent by his lawless and one that comes being caught by his lawless and ineptness, filling us with continuing dread and anxiety and making life a burden. For as a rule these men don't know how to distill or our affairs, and have no feeling or interest in our industry. Take the present instance: Almost every distiller is assessed whether such distiller ever made a gallon of sweet wine or not.

There has been much talk of late about the great damage supposed to have been done the grape crop by the warm weather and north winds. From what can be learned from different reports from all parts of the country, it appears that the loss in a great degree are groundless. In some sections one or two vineyards, perhaps, have suffered to some extent from the causes mentioned, but the majority of our grapecultivators feel safe and prophesy a larger than average crop. From the northern part of the country the prospects were never better, especially in the neighborhood of Cleveland and Geyserville.

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Mr. George Miller, owner of the Star Restaurant on Los Angeles street, is camping at Newport.

El. Luedke, Lawrence Bolt, Richard Rohn and George Bauer had a three days' jaunt at Newport last week.

Mrs. Mendenhall and daughter, Adelle, Mrs. L. F. Lewis and family, Mrs. Sarah Wright, Mrs. M. Clasen and family and Mr. E. A. Saxton and family are among the latest arrivals at the Landing, where they will camp.

Mr. C. B. Polhemus of the "land company" has been in town during the week. He is accompanied by J. B. Randel, Superintendent of the New Alameda quicksilver mines. This corporation employs 500 men, and its monthly pay roll is over \$20,000.

The Anaheim colony at Long Beach camp Mrs. R. M. Gamble, Mrs. John Kerr and family, Miss Alexander, Mrs. S. S. Wood, niece and two young lady friends from the East, Mr. and Mrs. T. F. Williams and children, Mrs. D. W. Fish, W. S. Fish, Mr. and Mrs. Von Schmidt, Miss Ella Hard, Mrs. Yeom, Miss Yeom, Mrs. Bernard, daughter and niece.

In Anaheim, July 25th, to the wife of J. D. Hackett, a daughter.

In Los Angeles, July 25, to the wife of Thomas Murphy, a daughter.

At Orange, July 30th, to the wife of Isaac Williams, a son.

In Los Angeles, July 26, Lillian McLean, aged 13 months, to the wife of W. W. Barnes, aged 3 years, 3 months and 9 days.

Buy your wall paper and decorative goods at the Chicago Wall Paper House, 145 and 147 South Spring street, Los Angeles. jy 10-6w

Go to Lawrence & Son, in Downey Block, and get the finest photographs you ever had for only \$3.50 per dozen. jy 10-6w

Save \$3.50 by going to Lawrence & Son, photographers in Downey Block, Los Angeles. jy 10-6w

Business and Pleasure.

You can insure against death or accident by the payment of a small premium in the Traveler's Life & Accident Association, of Hartford. Pollegien Bros. agents.

When you go to store your grain remember that Kellogg Bros. have a large, commodious warehouse.

If you have anything you want to get rid of leave it at Kellogg Bros. on commission. Kellogg Bros. took advantage of the cheap freights and laid in their stock of Lighting and Mason Fruit Jars and Crockery direct from the factories East.

New carriages, good horses, nobly rigs, at Lewis.

Best double and single rigs at Lewis's. Ladies, try Madam Reine's Special Supporting Corset. H. Cahen, Agent.

Reading of essay. General discussion. New business. Unfinished business. Adjournment.

According to information received at headquarters of the State Viticultural Commission in San Francisco on Monday it was learned that the previously estimated wine crop of 25,000,000 gallons will not be reached. The latest estimate, based on advice from all parts of the State, shows that this year's wine crop will not amount to much over 16,000,000 gallons. The decrease has been caused by a disease of "coulure" in the present year's crop will be greatly in excess of that of 1895, and after deductions for true consumption, will leave 10,000,000 gallons for exportation.

The S. Helena Star has the following contradictory reports: Reports from Glen Ellen state that the grape crop has suffered damage to the extent of 25 per cent, from the hot wind and will not average much above that of last year. Similar reports come from Windsor. The hot weather is working serious injury to the fruit crop, especially grapes, in the vicinity of Santa Rosa. The vines in a great degree are groundless, and corn especially, on adobe soils, is withered.

Grape-growers report that, contrary to expectation, the grape crop, except certain varieties, will not be nearly as large as anticipated in the Napa and Sonoma valleys and most other parts of the State. It will, however, be heavy in the San Joaquin Valley.

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Personal.

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New carriages, good horses, nobly rigs, at Lewis.

Best double and single rigs at Lewis's. Ladies, try Madam Reine's Special Supporting Corset. H. Cahen, Agent.

LOW RATES. CHEAP FREIGHTS.

Call, examine and price my large stock of GROCERIES, Dry Goods, Hardware, Etc., Etc., Before Buying Elsewhere. Will give all the benefits of

Cheap Freight Rates FOR CASH. THE BEST GOODS THE LARGEST ASSORTMENT IN ANAHEIM.

Call and Convince Yourself. HIPPOLYTE CAHEN. ANAHEIM. KELLOGG BROS.

Have now got most of their SPRING GOODS consisting of Straw Hats, Figured Lawns, Chambrays, Gingham, Victoria Lawns, Muslins and Sheetings, Cross Barred Muslins Etc. Etc. Etc.

OPEN FOR INSPECTION. Call early and secure some of the bargains offered and don't forget that we carry a full line of GROCERIES, PROVISIONS, HARDWARE, CROCKERY and GLASSWARE. Cheap Freights Make Cheap Goods. And we give the Consumer this Advantage.

Goods Delivered Free of Charge Anywhere in Anaheim and Vicinity. A LINE OF Men's and Boys' Clothing. Will be sold for less than wholesale prices for CASH.

THE CLOSING OUT SALE AT DOBNER'S IS NOW FAIRLY PROGRESSING

The large stock of Dry Goods, Clothing, Etc., is rapidly diminishing.

Call early and secure BARGAINS, as the remaining stock on hand will be disposed of at an early date.

M. DOBNER, ODD FELLOWS' BUILDING. ANAHEIM.

Anaheim COOPERAGE. Puncheons, Barrels, Half Barrels, Small Kegs Made and Repaired.

Cooperage in all Branches WILLIAM FISCHER, Saloon and Fixtures FOR SALE.

COMPREHENSIVE FULL ASSORTMENT OF BAR Fixtures, Billiard Tables, Stools of Liquors, etc. in the above on the S. E. corner of Los Angeles and Center streets. This store will be sold cheap, as it must be disposed of at once. Apply to H. CAHEN, Anaheim.

Dairy Cows for Sale. THIRTY-SEVEN HEAD OF MILK COWS AND One year's duration. A full line of dairy utensils. The above are for sale cheap. This is an excellent opportunity to get into a paying business, as I have a profitable stock with me. Apply to D. W. COWAN, Anaheim.

City Meat Market. Center Street, Opp. P. O. ANAHEIM, CAL. JOHN C. STEGE, Dealer in all kinds of choice cuts of Beef, Mutton, Pork, Veal and Lamb. All kinds of sausage constantly on hand. Orders for fresh meat taken and delivered every day to all parts of the city and vicinity. Apply to City Meat Market.

Give me a Call.

Anaheim Edition of Los Angeles Evening Express For sale by J. HELMSEN on and after July 31st.

Report of Secretary. Report of Treasurer. Report of Literary Committee.

