CALIFORNIA STATE LIBRARY

This Paper not to be taken from the Library.

Anaheim Weekly Gazette.

VOLUME XXIX. ANAHEIM, CALIFORNIA, THURSDAY, FEBRUARY 2, 1899. NUMBER 15

DR. F. H. HOUCK
DENTIST.
OFFICE NEXT DOOR to P. O.
(Federman Block, upstairs.)
—HOURS 9 to 5.—
ANAHEIM CAL.

I. L. Menges,
DENTIST.
Metz Building, - - Anaheim.
feb24

S. G. WILSON, M. D.
Office and Residence: Over H. A. Dickel's Store.
CENTER ST., - - ANAHEIM.

HERBERT JOHNSTON, M. D.
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON.
Office and Residence:
Los Angeles St., 3 doors south of Boyd's store.
Open Day and Night.

A.W. Bickford, M.D.
PHYSICIAN & SURGEON.
OFFICE OPPOSITE POSTOFFICE.
Residence near Christian Church.
ANAHEIM, - - CAL.

G. S. EDDY, M. D.
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON.
OFFICE—First door East of Boston Bakery. Residence—The Witte residence on Center St., opposite Catholic Church.
CALLS ANSWERED AT ALL HOURS.
ANAHEIM - - - - CAL.

Paul A. Derge.
Graduate in Pharmacy.
DRUGS, MEDICINES,
Perfumes and Toilet Articles.
BEST 5-CENT CIGAR IN TOWN
MEDICAL HALL,
KOLL BLOCK.
PUBLIC TELEPHONE OFFICE.

GO TO THE
Oak Barber Shop
—FOR A—
FIRST-CLASS SHAVE OR HAIR CUT.
TWO DOORS WEST OF BANK.
HUSMANN BROS.

E. B. Merritt & Co.
FURNITURE
Dealers.
CENTER STREET. OPPOSITE POSTOFFICE

L. NEMETZ,
Carriage Painting & Trimming
New Buggies for Sale.
Shop on Center St., near Opera-house, Anaheim.

ONLY FIRST-CLASS
RESTAURANT!
—IN TOWN—
In Connection with Boston Bakery.
S. KISTLER,
PROPRIETOR.

PALACE
MEAT MARKET
W. Feischmann,
PROPRIETOR.
Best Meats the Market Affords
Always on Hand.
Also keeps on hand Sausages, Bacon, Ham, Lard, Etc.
Meats delivered to all parts of the city free of charge.
Shop on East Center St.

J.M.Griffith Company
A CORPORATION
LUMBER DEALERS
Near Railroad Depot, Anaheim, keep constantly on hand Doors, Blinds, Windows, Mouldings, Posts, Shakes, Shingles, Lath, Hair Plaster of Paris.
Anaheim Grist Mills operating on Wednesdays and Saturdays of each week. Grain, feed, meal, etc., of all varieties. Cornshelled and shipped.
W. T. BROWN, Agent.

N. HART'S PLACE.
SCHLITZ
MILWAUKEE BEER
ON DRAUGHT.
.....DEALER IN.....
FINE LIQUORS!
.....AND.....
Choice Wines
FOR MEDICINAL PURPOSES.
Fine Domestic and Imported Cigars.
Headquarters for the famous Schlitz, Milwaukee, beer.



At Reiser's Opera-house, to-morrow (Friday) evening, Feb. 3. Seats on Sale at McCollum's.

If you Need a Good Watch
Drop in and Let us show you
OUR STOCK of them. We have an Endless Variety, both in Price and Quality.
O. R. Luedke, JEWELER AND OPTICIAN.

ANAHEIM BREWERY
Pure Lager Beer
Made from Pure Malt,
For Sale by the
Bottle or by the Keg.
PURE CRYSTAL ICE DELIVERED TO ANY PART OF THE CITY AT ONE CENT PER POUND.
The Patronage of the Public is Solicited.
F. CONRAD, - - Proprietor

CITIZENS' BANK
OF ANAHEIM
Hippolyte Cahen - President
W. T. Brown, - Vice President
J. Hartung, - - - Cashier
DIRECTORS.
Kaspare Cohn, W. T. Brown.
Richard Melrose, J. Hartung.
Hippolyte Cahen.
STOCKHOLDERS
Kaspare Cohen, H. W. Hellman, W. T. Brown, R. Melrose, John Hartung, R. Courreges, M. A. Newmark & Co., Pierre Nicolas, H. Cahen, T. J. F. Boege.
CORRESPONDENTS:
Farmers and Merchants' Bank of Los Angeles; London, Paris and American Bank, San Francisco; Importers and Traders' National Bank, New York City, N. Y. Exchange Bank, Santa Ana.
Exchanges for sale on all the principal cities in the United States and Foreign Countries.

L. GUNTHER.
PIONEER BOOT AND SHOE MAKER.
Corner Adele and Los Angeles Sts.

RICHARD MELROSE
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW
And Notary Public.
Special attention given to Probate Matters.
—Center Street, Anaheim.—

JOSEPH BACKS,
—DEALER IN—
FURNITURE
Repairing Done.
Funeral Director.
Los Angeles St. - - Anaheim, Cal

A. FREISE,
....KEEPS THE FINEST OF....
Wines, Liquors
— And Cigars. —
LOS ANGELES BEER
ON DRAUGHT.
Koll Block, Los Angeles Street.

The Weekly Gazette.
Established 1870.
SUBSCRIPTION, - $1 50 Per Year.
Six months..... .75
Three months..... .25
Payable invariably in advance.
Transient advertising rates, $1 per inch per month.
The GAZETTE is issued every Thursday morning.
Entered at the Anaheim Postoffice as second-class matter.
Items of news and correspondence on all live subjects are solicited by the editor.

RAILWAY TIME TABLE.

Time of Arrival and Departure of Trains.

SOUTHERN PACIFIC RAILROAD.
Trains on the Southern Pacific pass Anaheim as follows:

To Los Angeles.		From Los Angeles.	
Daily	7:54 am	Daily	9:45 am
Daily	4:25 pm	Daily	6:01 pm

Train leaving Anaheim at 7:45 a. m. connects at Miraflores for Tustin, except Sunday. Daily connections at Studebaker for Whittier.

LOS ALAMITOS TRAINS.

Leave for—		Arrive from—
9:46 a.m.	Sugar Factory	7:32 a.m.
6:02 p.m.		4:25 p.m.

In effect Nov. 1st, 1898. Street cars connect with all trains.

SANTA FE ROUTE.
Trains on the Santa Fe route leave Anaheim for points named:
Los Angeles—7:55 am, *10:15 am, 11:14 am, *4:55 pm. (3:55 pm Sunday only)
Pasadena, Azusa, Redondo, San Bernardino—7:55 am, *10:15 am, 11:14
San Diego—9:46 am, *2:50 pm.
Santa Ana—9:46 am, *2:50 pm, 5:54 pm.
San Bernardino and Riverside—9:46 am, *10:45 am, *5:54 pm.
Redlands—9:46 am, *10:45 am.
Escondido *2:50 pm. Fallbrook *9:46 am.
California limited (Monday, Wednesday and Saturday) 10:15 am, 11:14 am.
Overland express 7:55 am, 9:46 am, *10:45am
Trains marked with a * are daily except Sunday. All others daily.

TIME TABLE
SANTA ANA & NEWPORT RAILWAY CO.
Effective Oct. 4, 1898.

Leave Santa Ana.	Arrive Newport.
9:50 am, 110 am, *2 pm.	10:30 am, 2:30 pm.
Leave Newport,	Arrive Santa Ana.
3:45 pm.	4:15 pm.

Daily except Sunday. *Steamer days only.
‡Santa Fe depot.
JAMES MCFADDEN, General Manager.

OUT OF SORTS? TAKE
Casca Ferrine BITTERS
TONIC, STOMACHIC, LAXATIVE!
CURES POSITIVELY
CONSTIPATION, PILES, MALARIA
Biliousness and all Stomach and Bowel Troubles
As a Liver Remedy and Blood Purifier it has no equal
THE ONLY TONIC LAXATIVE in the WORLD
SOLD BY
P. A. DERGE.

ELECTION OF DIRECTORS.

A New Board Chosen by Acclamation.

No Contest for Places on the Board, and Matters Proceed on the Even Tenor of their Way, Very Like a Programmed Convention—A Good Board of Directors Selected to Guide the Destinies of the Corporation During the Year—Noteworthy Address of President Fay—His Report is Hopeful as to the Development of Water up the River Ordered into the Secret Archives—An Amendment to the By-Laws—An Interesting Meeting.

The annual election for a Board of seven Directors of the water company was held at the office of the company on Saturday. It was the quietest election in the memory of the oldest inhabitant. There was no contest, and only seven gentlemen were placed in nomination. These were elected by acclamation, as follows: W. J. Fay, J. B. Rea and Max Nebelung of this city; Wm. Crowther, A. Pierotti and C. C. Chapman of Placentia, and L. B. Benchley of Fullerton. The board is the same as the old board, with the exception of Messrs. Chapman and Crowther, who were chosen in place of Messrs. Carpenter and McFadden.

The rule requiring proxies to be filed with the Secretary 24 hours previous to the time of opening the annual meeting worked like a charm. It served to expedite matters, and did away with the practice of revoking proxies and piling extra work upon the proxy committee at the last moment preceding the voting. At the contest for Directors three years ago there were so many revocations of proxies, and re-revocations of the same, that the practice became an unmitigated nuisance, and the new rule was devised to do away with this practice.

Most if not all the heavy stockholders sent in their proxies, among them being the Botsford, Wilshire, Benchley, Carpenter and Semi-Tropic orchard holdings from the northern end of the district, and the Dreyfus and Mrs. Langenberger and other large blocks of stock from this city. Before 10 o'clock on Friday there were in the neighborhood of 4800 shares handed in by proxy.

The morning train from Los Angeles brought W. F. Botsford, T. W. Phelps, A.W. Worm, F. W. Braun, Mr. Kraut, of Chicago, Newman Essick and other stockholders who came to participate in the deliberations of the day.

At 10:30 o'clock President Fay called the meeting to order. There were not half a hundred shareholders present, but all the big blocks of stock were represented by proxy. It was known that there would be no contest—that the old board had sufficient stock pledged to them to secure the election of the necessary seven men, and the aforetime scenes of activity consequent upon there being eight men nominated to fill seven offices, were notably absent.

Col. H. Z. Osborne of Los Angeles, who happened to be in town, and who was present by invitation during the deliberations of the afternoon, was asked if it looked like a "programed convention," whereat he smiled, and remarked he thought the board could give Dan Burns pointers on harmony with a capitial H. Everthing, as Tim Carroll would say, was "smooth and nice."

Max Nebelung was appointed Assistant Secretary of the meeting.

The Secretary called the roll of those shareholders who had not handed in their proxies.

Prominent among the names of those called were Sydmer Ross, who voted 23 shares, and Wm. Crowther who owns 103 shares.

After the roll-call the Secretary announced that 4872 shares were represented by proxy, and with those who had answered to their names, there were 5496 shares represented. Five thousand and eighty-four shares were necessary for a quorum.

A quorum was present, and the chair announced that the meeting was ready for business.

The chair appointed the following Committee on Proxies: F. W. Braun, A. S. Bradford and Geo. A. Hunter.

An adjournment was taken until 1 o'clock to give the Proxy Committee an opportunity of examining the proxies, verifying them and reporting upon the same.

At 1 o'clock the meeting re-assembled, and the Proxy Committee announced that 4993 shares had been passed upon by the committee, all of which had been duly stamped and verified. Each proxy bore an internal revenue stamp. In addition to the stock represented by proxy, 624 shares had been answered for by roll-call; making a total representation of 5617 shares; necessary to a quorum, 5084.

At last year's election, when a spirited contest was on, 5893 shares were represented.

Last year Wm. Crowther was just 3 shares shy of election. He received 5622 votes (the voting being by the cumulative system, 7 votes to a share), to Wm. M. McFadden's 5643 votes. This year Mr. McFadden retired in favor of Mr. Crowther.

Secretary Blennerhassett read the minutes of the last annual meeting, held in January of last year. On motion of Mr. Hunter, seconded by Mr. Gilman, the same were approved.

President Fay arose and read the following report, according to his custom of making a report to the stockholders once a year:

To the Stockholders of the Anaheim Union Water Company—Gentlemen: The report presented by the Committee of Audit will afford you explicit information concerning the use of water, the moneys received for water, the disposition made of them, and other moneys that may have come into the hands of your officers.

But, following the practice introduced at the last annual meeting, I will supplement that report with a few remarks on the financial and physical conditions of your property. At an early day after the last annual meeting I decided that an effort to reduce the interest rate of the floating debt ought to be made. My views on this receiving the hearty support of the Directors, and the efforts being made, the result was complete success.

Thus, with the one exception of the debt incurred for reservoir site, you now pay 6 per cent on floating debt, that heretofore carried 8 per cent per year, and your financial standing is improved.

The above action, together with the great increase in the market value of the stock, enables us to say that the company's note is the equal in value of any security in the market. To be able to make such a statement amply repays your Directors for their labors in that behalf.

During the year the physical condition of the property has been much improved, although necessity for such improvement is so great that the total possible of accomplishment in one year appears small. The permanent work of the year has been the construction of about 6800 feet of cement distributing canals, something over 400 feet of cement head of Cajon canal, the replacement of many worn-out road and street crossings by substantial arches and pipes and the construction of many gates and drops on main and distributing canals; also one large flume on North Branch ditch. While your ability to do has been used to the limit, much work of similar character is loudly demanding early attention. Detailed mention of these wants may be omitted and the subject passed with the request that in your going about you use your eyes.

The very great shortage of water during the past summer being the incentive, your Directors initiated a movement which may at some, (let us hope not too remote,) future day provide an improved summer supply of water by securing control of the land known as the La Habra reservoir site. This, the first and most important move in the enterprise, (as without a site there cannot be a reservoir), is as really but as the cracking of a match to the burning of London, in so far as the cost is concerned. I have contemplated with amusement and amazement the expressed views of the uninformed on the matter of constructing the proposed reservoir. It is to be noted in this connection that the least informed are most prolific of views, on what might well be called dangerous ons and costly non-construction.

Consideration of this subject and study of the character and extent of the property at risk under this site, impels me to use this opportunity, (probably the only one I may have), to direct your attention to the fact, that immediately under this proposed site, lies a section of country so highly improved and valuable, as to be, acre for acre, unequaled by any section of country heretofore placed at anything approaching similar risk. Should a break unh apply occur one of the gardens of California would be engulfed.

Were the site more remote, and with its opening into the valley of the river, the aspect would be entirely different. There the result of cheap unskilled work would be confined to the structure in question. As it is, where it is, consideration the most earnest, advice the most skillful, work the very best that can be done, regardless of cost, will be none too good for the job.

Again, lest I be deprived of other opportunities, permit me to beg that you disregard clamor, count well the cost, and in beginning, begin right.

While on this subject, I desire to say that Madame Nature has provided for you a ready-made reservoir in the bed of the Santa Ana river, from which you can procure during two months in the short-water season, up to its capacity, more water for one dollar expended, than you can for two dollars expended on any reservoir you will ever build.

In this connection, I submit herewith a copy of the report of an investigation of this matter, made to your Directors in August last.

And now a word concerning the daily workings of the distributing system. In this there is much room for, and much need of, improvement. The present haphazard plan of conducting the work by means of a lot of individual bosses, wholly independent of each other and of your superintendent; and this superintendent independent of all possible practical supervision by a scattered Board of Directors getting together for a few hours twice a month should be discontinued.

I have come in contact with so many weak links in this disjointed system, and have had poured into my ear so many complaints, that I have concluded to request that you authorize the incoming Board of Directors to so arrange the status of the employees, that there shall be no divided responsibilities, and that the superintendent shall have full power over, and be responsible for, the acts of all outside employees. And that the superintendent be under control of the President, or some designated member of the Board of Directors.

These matters are, in my judgment, worthy of more extended remarks, but with these "hints" I leave them to your own consideration. Respectfully,

W. J. FAY.

Mr. Fay stated that he had expected a much more elaborate report from the Board of Audit, which will be found in an adjoining column. The figures given in the report of the Auditing Committee, he said, showed the receipts and disbursements of moneys by the company during the year, but they were not so explicit or elaborate as the reports had been in previous years. The affairs of the company were, he said, in excellent condition, and the physical condition of the works showed a marked improvement over last year.

At the conclusion of the reading of the report, Mr. Fay read the report, made by him to the Directors in executive session on August 12th of last year, and which was referred to in his annual report. The latter report dealt exhaustively with the President's idea of developing water up the river.

Mr. Botsford moved that the report be accepted and filed, and that a vote of thanks be tendered the President therefor.

The Chair—Leave out the thanks——

Mr. Hunter seconded Mr. Botsford's motion, thanks and all, and the same was carried without a dissent.

Mr. Crowther arose and referred to the importance to the stockholders of the report, and moved that it be not published by the press. Seconded by Mr. Bradford and carried.

Mr. Tuffree thought the proposition contained in the President's address, relative to the construction of a reservoir in the bed of the river, timely and worthy of great consideration. While the La Habra reservoir would supply water for a part of the district only, that in the river would supply water for the whole of it. He elaborated upon the suggestion of the chair, which he pronounced a good one, coinciding with his views upon the subject.

The same Board of Audit (Chester Holcomb, Alex Wright and Geo. A. Hunter) were, on motion of Mr. McFadden, seconded by Mr. Crowther, appointed for the coming year.

Mr. Hunter moved that the nomination of a Board of Directors be proceeded with. Carried.

Mr. Tuffree nominated William Crowther.

Mr. Crowther nominated A. Pierotti.

Mr. McFadden nominated C. C. Chapman.

Mr. Ross nominated W. J. Fay.

Mr. Botsford nominated Max Nebelung.

Mr. Blennerhassett nominated J. B. Rea.

Mr. Phelps nominated L. B. Benchley.

On motion of Mr. McFadden, nominations closed, and the Secretary was instructed to cast the ballot for the seven gentlemen named, to constitute the Board of Directors for the ensuing year.

Mr. McFadden called up the amendments to the by-laws submitted by him some weeks ago.

After discussion the by-law fixing the compensation of Directors at $2 per month, and imposing a fine of $2 50 for each meeting unattended, was amended to read that they have the same compensation, and to receive no compensation for unattended meetings, in lieu of the fine.

The second amendment, providing for the election of Superintendent and Zanjeros, was after discussion laid upon the table, while the following motion, offered by Mr. Sydmer Ross, as a substitute, seconded by Mr. Phelps, prevailed:

Resolved, That it be the sense of the stockholders of the Anaheim Union Water company that the Board of Directors shall, without delay, adopt and put in force such rules and regulations as to fully carry out the reforms proposed by President Fay in his annual report regarding the duties and responsibilities of the Superintendent and other employees of this company.

Mr. Worm was of the opinion that instead of annual elections, it would be preferable to have them bi-ennially, but he withdrew the suggestion when agreed with Mr. Worm as to the advisability of bi-ennial elections, yet the Legislature had passed a statute providing for annual elections.

Upon the suggestion of the Chair, an informal discussion of the affairs of the company was participated in by a number of stockholders, after which the meeting adjourned *sine die*.

Abner Hamilton, colored, of San Diego was sentenced by Judge Torrence to serve five months upon Ah Fie in the county jail for a simple assault. Hamilton was a vegetable Chinaman. Hamilton was convicted by a jury. The evidence on behalf his wife was introduced in his behalf before sentence was pronounced. Mrs. Hamilton testified that on the day before the battery the Chinaman came to her house while she was washing and demanded 60 cents which was due him. She told him that she did not have it and he struck her in the mouth and face several times. He then pushed her up against the wall and choked her and finally grabbed a broom and struck her with it. The Chinaman then left, telling her that he would return next day for his money. When Ah Fie returned next day Hamilton was at home waiting for him with a baseball bat and gave him a hard threshing. In pronouncing sentence Judge Torrence said: "Personally I don't blame the defendant at all, and under similar circumstances I would have probably done the same thing myself, but as a magistrate of the law I have a duty to perform, and I will sentence Mr. Hamilton to five minutes imprisonment in the county jail. Now, Mr. Hamilton," continued the Judge, looking up at the clock, "it is just five minutes of 12, and if you will hurry up you can get out in time to go home to dinner."

Two Pointed Questions Answered.

What is the use of making a better article than your competitor if you cannot get a better price for it?

Ans.—As there is no difference in the price the public will buy only the better, so that while our profits may be smaller on a single sale they will be much larger in the aggregate.

How can you get the public to know your make is the best?

If both articles are brought prominently before the public both are certain to be tried and the public will very quickly pass judgment on them and use only the better one.

This explains the large sale on Chamberlain's Cough Remedy. The people have been using it for years and have found that it can always be depended upon. They may occasionally take up with some fashionable novelty put forth with exaggerated claims, but are certain to return to the only remedy that they know to be reliable, and for coughs, colds and croup there is nothing equal to Chamberlain's Cough Remedy. For sale by P. A. Derge.

Chicago will supply Europe with 10,000 coach and 'bus horses. They are to come from different parts of Illinois and Iowa, and will be shipped at the rate of 200 head a week. The first consignment left for London and Liverpool last Friday. A few years ago a Chicago dealer sent over a shipload of horses and offered them on the English markets. At first he could not induce the auctioneer to allow them to be brought into the pavilion where the sales were to take place. At last the horses were placed on sale. "They won in a walk," is the way the cablegram read that was sent back to America. Since that time orders for American horses have been sold, which increase and now comes this latest order for 10,000. Already there are several horsemen in Chicago who have come across the ocean to buy and take home some of our horses. Among them are Hector Verveck of London, Job Johnson of Belfast, Ireland; Gaston Roy of Paris, W. H. Lee of London, Burt Spaulding of London, John Dainty, who represents Joseph Hoar of London, and Remi De Jonke, who comes to purchase several hundred 'bus horses to be used in Antwerp. At the stockyards the exporters are jubilant over the big order. The prices paid are satisfactory, ranging from $150 to $500 for best coach horses and $100 to $250 for 'bus horses.

"Cap" Caswell died at Santa Ana a few weeks ago and was buried in the Potter's field. He would probably have been forgotten by this time had it not since transpired that he had lived for the past forty years under an assumed name. Caswell ran a peanut stand at Santa Ana for several years, and saved $2000. Then he went to Los Angeles, fell into the hands of gamblers, and returned a few weeks ago penniless. Becoming despondent he planned suicide, but in this was prevented by Sheriff Nichols. He died in the County Jail about three weeks ago, after having been on the county for a year. Since Caswell's death it has been ascertained that he comes from a wealthy and influential family in New York, but was disinherited in his younger days. He then dropped his family name, after which he was known as Cap Caswell. In a letter written before his death he admitted that his name was not Caswell, but did not give his real name. Caswell was a resident of San Francisco for more than twenty years, leaving there about fifteen years ago under suspicious circumstances. He turned up at Santa Ana ten years later after having lived in the mountains of Santa Barbara county all this while. An effort is now being made to learn the identity of Caswell so that his people in the East may be notified.

Buckien's Arnica Salve.

The best salve in the world for cuts, bruises, sores, ulcers, salt rheum, fever sores, tetter, chapped hands, chilblains, corns, and all skin eruptions, and positively cures piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. Price 25c per box. For sale by P. A. Derge.

BOARD OF AUDIT.

Its Report upon the Condition of the Water Company During the Past Twelvemonth.

Following is the report of the Board of Audit to the stockholders of the water company, which was completed on Thursday last at noon:

ANAHEIM, Cal., Jan. 28, 1899.

To the Stockholders of the Anaheim Union Water Company:

We have examined the books and accounts of the company for the year ending Dec. 31, 1898, and from the books as they now stand we offer the following report:

TOTAL RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURES.

RECEIPTS.

Water sales	$20,717 92	
Assessments	12,060 00	
Stock—Shares sold	6,050 00	
Bills payable, new		
loan	3,500 00	
Rentals	12 50	

EXPENDITURES.

Rentals		$75 75
Tools & implements		41 58
Interest		11,415 99
Repairs		37 70
General expense		634 38
Salaries		1,132 00
Supt. & zanjeros		4,200 00
Cleaning		3,339 24
Jurupa litigation		6 00
Office furniture		6 60
Prospecting		126 32
Construction (net 1898)		7,548 86
Bills payable		7,300 00
Real estate, 25 per cent on $12,000, reservoir site		3,000 00
Overdraft treasurer's acct, 1897		1,195 61
W. H. Blennerhassett acct, 1897		13 00
Accts payable Dec '97, paid Jan. '98		1,166 42
		$41,239 45
Total accts. payable		
Deduct amount unpaid due, but in paid, includes above expenditures		3,149 59
		$38,089 86
Net expenditures, 1898		$ [illegible] 36
Cash in hands of treasurer		4,249 [illegible]
Cash on hand		1 50
Total	$42,340 42	$42,340 42

BALANCE SHEET TAKEN FROM GENERAL LEDGER IS AS FOLLOWS.

Stock		$115,325 00
Delinquent stock purchased	$149 00	
Construction, franchises and good will	273,381 83	
Real estate	16,[illegible]00	
Rentals	[illegible]3 25	
Tools & implements	831 95	
Office furniture and fixtures	224 60	
Treasurer	4,249 06	
Cash	1 50	
Prospecting	126 32	
Wm. Crumley	4 25	
L. D. Blomstrom	6 50	
Loss & gain, '97	1,963 42	
Interest	11,415 99	
Repairs	37 70	
Gen. expenses	634 38	
Salaries	2,132 00	
Supt & zanjeros	4,200 00	
Cleaning (ditch expense)	3,339 24	
Jurupa litigat'n	6 00	
Bills payable		20,650 00
Water		20,696 64
Consumers		889 56
Bonds		150,000 00
Accts. payable		3,149 59
Gus Shade		18 40
W. H. Blennerhassett		8 30
E. J. Swan		1 25
Mrs. L. Keller		6 25
C. Gomber		7 00
Asst. Nov. 5, '98		7,530 00
Total	$318,281 99	$318,281 99

From the foregoing it will be seen that the notes of the company outstanding, as shown by bills payable, amount to $20,650, an increase of $5200 over amount outstanding last year. The purchase of the new reservoir site, for which the notes of the company to the amount of $9000 have been given, is largely responsible for the increase. It will be readily seen, however, that a net amount of $3800 of bills payable has been paid off the past year. The interest on outstanding notes has also been reduced from 8 per cent to 6 to 7½ per cent.

At the annual stockholders' meeting held last January, 7445 shares of stock had been issued, and were entitled to vote at that election. Since then 179 shares more have been sold, which makes the amount of stock issued 7624 shares, which are entitled to be voted at the annual election, Jan. 28, 1899.

We notice that the practically new issue of one thousand shares, authorized by vote of stockholders of the company in 1894, has not been treated upon the books of the company as a separate and distinct issue, which in our opinion both law and justice require, and we recommend that proper cognizance of this fact be taken in the books of the company.

All of which is respectfully submitted.

C. E. HOLCOMB,
ALEX WRIGHT,
GEO. A. HUNTER.
Board of Audit.

La Grippe Successfully Treated.

"I have just recovered from the second attack of la grippe this year," says Mr. Jas. A. Jones, publisher of the Leader, Mexia, Texas. "In the latter case I used Chamberlain's Cough Remedy, and I think with considerable success, only being in bed a little over two days against ten days for the former attack. The second attack I am satisfied would have been equally as bad as the first but for the use of this remedy as I had to go to bed in about six hours after being 'struck' with it, while in the first case I was able to attend to business about two days before getting 'down.'" For sale by P. A. Derge.

NO 16 TO 1
FOR CROKER.

To Revive That Cry Would Bring Hard Times Again.

Richard Croker, the New York Democratic leader, commenting on newspaper criticism of his published statement that free-silver coinage at 16 to 1 is a dead issue, says:

"According to their point of view, these gentlemen of the press are quite right in saying that I do not represent the Democracy of this country. If they had only been thoughtful enough to read the article in question a little more carefully, they would have seen that I gave my views simply as a citizen of New York. I trust that they will concede that I am entitled to the right of free speech as well as they are.

"I reiterate that the 16 to 1 question is a dead issue. That was proved conclusively by the expression of the will of the people in 1896, when they elected Mr. McKinley President of the United States. Now, the Democrats of the west and other sections of the country are trying to foist this dead issue upon the Democratic party and to make the old, dead cry of '16 to 1' the Democratic slogan in 1900. Why should we carry a dead weight in that campaign? There is no earthly reason for it. The times of four years ago are past. Today the times are different, and the issues are not the same.

"Speaking for this section of the country, I say that if the 16 to 1 question is again brought before the people there will be felt again throughout the nation the same distrust that prevailed in 1896. During the fall of that year, while the campaign was in progress, every man with a dollar of surplus, whether he was millionaire or workingman, hoarded his savings; in fact, locked them up so securely that there was actually no money in circulation. As a natural consequence the times then became well-nigh desperate. Look back at the winter of 1896, and see what the mere rumor of silver coinage at the ratio of 16 to 1 did to this country. You could not get money in the banks, you could not raise money on any kind of security, and the result was the very hardest kind of hard times.

"From the South and West there always comes the hue and cry against New York, because it is the money centre of the United States. But whenever there is any great public improvement to be made in any section of this country the first look for help is toward abused New York. They rush to our great city to raise the money. They come here for the means to build their railroads, to construct their water works, to erect the plants for gas service and bond their cities for any kind of improvement. Then, no matter how much benefit is derived from this section of the country, there is always the same howl against the great city, because it is the money centre—that very centre without without which public improvement would be an impossibility.

"If this silver question comes again before the people and is made a factor in the national platform, the moneyed men of the East will look for investment outside of this country, and the banks in other states in the Union will be unable to borrow money in the East. The result will be that the poor will be the greatest suffers.

"The present winter of 1898-99 has been free from the scenes of starvation and suffering that were so painfully characteristic of the time when the financial strength of the country was threatened. Every body seems to be making a living and [illegible]silly found. The reason for this is [illegible]oosched The men with money have [illegible]being their purse strings and money is [illegible] plentifully spent for public improvements. Labor is not idle and money is in circulation, because there is a feeling of financial security.

"Now, I am talking, of course, from the standpoint of a New Yorker, as I find almost a unanimous sentiment against New Yorker advocate silver? should the [illegible]er for all, mere- The free sil[illegible]er issue is, after all, merely a local issue. [illegible]enefit the residents it free silver will [illegible]hem to declare for is but natural for [illegible]n my opinion the 16 to 1. However, [illegible]be settled in money question should New York, we Congress. But, here in [illegible]tion of our must see to it that the post[illegible]ust meet party on the money question [illegible]ne see the requirements, not of any [illegible]ited tion, but of every section of the United States.

"When, in convention assembled, the majority of the delegates demand a certain standard or a certain reform, New York will, as it ever has, fall faithfully in line, without a moment of opposition or a murmur of protest.

"But the Democratic platform of 1900 has not yet been written."

The Homliest Man in Anaheim.

As well as the handsomest, and others, are invited to call on any druggist and get free a trial bottle of Kemp's Balsam for the Throat and Lungs, a remedy that is guaranteed to cure and relieve all Chronic and Acute Coughs, Asthma, Bronchitis and Consumption. Price 25c. and 50c. jan26-1p

There were on the pension rolls on June 30, 1898, 993,714 names, an increase of nearly 18,000 over the number on the roll on the same day of the preceding year. The amount appropriated by the act of December 22, 1896, for the payment of pensions for the fiscal year 1898, was $140,000,000. Eight million seventy thousand eight hundred and seventy-two dollars and forty-six cents was appropriated by the act of March 31, 1898, to cover deficiencies in army pensions and repayments in the sum of $12,020 33, making a total of $148,082,892 79 available for the payment of pensions during the fiscal year 1898. The amount disbursed from that sum was $144,651,879 80, leaving a balance of $3,431,012 99 unexpended on the 30th of June, 1898, which was covered into the treasury. There were 389 names added to the rolls during the year by special acts passed at the second session of the Fifty-fifth Congress, making a total of 6486 pensioners by congressional enactment since 1861.

Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy can always be depended upon and is pleasant and safe to take. Sold by P. A. Derge.

Plumbing and Tinning.

Bicycles and Bicycle supplies, plumbing and tinning, pump repairing. All kinds of light machine work. Agent for Eclipse and Fairbanks wind wills, and Tower's the best wind mill made. Also agent for the Santa Ana Steam Laundry. I run a wagon that will call for and deliver your laundry twice a week. [j26tf] E. W. M'COLLUM.

Remember the "Bain!"

No wagon equals it in quality and price. Popular vehicles at Baker & Hamilton's, Los Angeles, Cal. s1-6m

Senator Dickinson has introduced a bill which specifically defines what justifiable homicide is, as follows:

"When resisting any attempt to murder or to commit a felony or to do great bodily harm to any person.

"When committed in defense of home or habitation against any attempt to commit a felony, or where a person attempts to enter a house in a violent or tumultuous manner.

"When committed in lawful defense of wife, husband, parent, child or master, mistress or servant when there is reasonable ground to apprehend the commission of a felony.

"When necessarily committed in attempting by lawful means to arrest a person for a felony or lawfully suppressing a riot.

"When committed in the heat of passion by the willful and malicious publication of libelous matter of and concerning the slayer by the party slain."

The point of the bill is in the last paragraph.

The Weekly Gazette.

ISSUED EVERY THURSDAY.

HENRY KUCHEL, CHARLES KUCHEL,
Editors and Proprietors.

THURSDAY.....FEBRUARY 2, 1899

COL. H. Z. OSBORNE, United States Marshal for the Southern District of California, was in town on Saturday, having driven up from Los Alamitos after attending to a matter of official business at that point, to spend the day with friends in this city. Col. Osborne was for many years editor of the Los Angeles *Express*, and as such contributed more largely to the election of McKinley than probably any other man in Southern California. His membership upon the State Executive Committee was also largely responsible for the very flattering vote polled for Henry T. Gage for Governor last Fall. Col. Osborne is a gentleman of charming suavity of address and agreeable personality, and to know him is to hold him in very high esteem. He was President of the editorial association at the time of the memorable visit of the, association here a number of years ago and readily recalled his pleasent experiences here at that time.

Col. Osborne was in Washington at the outbreak of the war with Spain, and hastened to New York to participate in the scenes of patriotic enthusiasm among the people of the metropolis. The special editions of the newspapers at the time interested him to a degree. Two of the papers issued extras every half hour, and often the only things changed in them were the head lines, which spread themselves across the entire page. The extras sold for a penny, and his average investment in them was fifteen extras per day. The scenes of patriotic fervor impressed him with the same sentiments that filled him when, a quarter of a century before, the alarums of war ringing throughout the land, he shouldered a musket and marched away to do battle for his country.

The Colonel is an old-time printer, and in his day "held cases" on the New York *Times* and *Tribune*, and in the big Appleton publishing house. He came to Los Angeles in the early 80's, and purchased the *Evening Republican*, and shortly thereafter the *Evening Express*, merging the two together. He brought to the *Express* a high order of editorial ability and it was soon one of the influential papers of the State. He has laid aside the pen for more congenial labors in the public service, but still retains an abiding interest in newspapers and newspaper affairs. The newspaper field lost an able editor, a kind, genial and companionable gentleman, one steadfast in his friendships, when he laid aside the pen; but the public service has been enriched just so much thereby.

W. A. CLARK, the millionaire mine owner of Butte City, Montana, and with his brother, J. Ross Clark, owner of the Alamitos Sugar factory, was on Saturday elected United States Senator for Montana. The contest was protracted, and ended in the triumph of Mr. Clark over the forces of Marcus Daly, the Anaconda copper miner. Mr. Clark is rated as being worth forty millions, and is a free silver Democrat. He is 60 years of age, a native of Connelisville, Fayette county, Pennsylvania. In 1856 his parents moved to Van Buren county, Iowa, where the Senator-elect farmed and pursued his schooling. He studied law, but never practiced. In 1862 he crossed the plains, driving a team, and located at South Park, Colorado. Mr. Clark was one of the first to reach Bannock, Mont., on the discovery of gold there in 1863, driving an ox team. His Montana career began with merchandising, but he soon got into mining, in which the most of his vast fortune was acquired.

Mr. Clark is the largest individual owner of copper mines and smelters in the world, his principal properties being in Butte, Montana, and Jerome, Arizona. He has extensive beet sugar interests in California and a large copper wire works at Elizabethport, New Jersey. He has a plantation of 32,000 acres in Mexico, devoted to growing coffee, tea, tobacco and rubber. His net income for 1898 was not far from $10,000,000.

JOHN J. VALENTINE, President of the Wells, Fargo & Co.'s express company, has issued his usual annual statement of the production of precious metals in the United States west of the Mississippi river, including British Columbia, and the Northwest territory, for the year 1898, a copy of which the local agent, H. A. Dickel, has been kind enough to hand us. The aggregate valuations are shown as follows:

Gold, $78,461,202; silver, $39,016,565; copper, $46,200,648; lead, $13,344,251. Total gross results, $177,022,666.

The "commercial" value at which the several metals named have been estimated is: Silver, 58 cents per ounce; copper, 12 cents per pound, and lead, $3.65 per cwt.

Classified, the production of gold dust and bullion in the several states and territories, based on the shipments handled by the express company and other conveyances, is shown as follows:

Source.	Value.
California	$15,402,653
Nevada	2,792,788
Oregon	2,172,320
Washington	320,501
Alaska	3,353,941
Idaho	2,488,000
Montana	4,620,000
Utah	2,160,280
Colorado	23,177,261
New Mexico	304,886
Arizona	3,167,621
Dakota	6,575,220
Texas	3,250
Wyoming	21,115
British Columbia and N. W. Ter	11,975,000
Total	$78,461,202

The production of gold, silver, copper and lead in the several states and territories during 1898 were divided as follows:

Source.	Value.
California	$16,196,251
Nevada	2,595,542
Oregon	2,215,119
Washington	457,598
Alaska	3,321,491
Idaho	11,648,205
Montana	43,893,060
Utah	10,481,868
Colorado	41,316,541
New Mexico	1,704,866
Arizona	15,797,800
Dakota	6,704,420
Texas	281,109
Wyoming	52,271
British Columbia and N. W. Ter	17,667,300
Total	$177,022,666

The year's combined product of the metals named is the greatest in the history of the countries—United States of America and British Columbia and Northwest territory—that of gold, $78,461,202, being above any previous record officially reported, and the world's output of gold for 1898—approximately $280,000,000—is amazing. The most notable increases have been in South Africa, $25,000,000; the British possessions of the northwest, $6,000,000; Australasia, $6,000,000 and the United States of America, $3,000,000.

The exports of silver during 1898 to Japan, China and the straits settlements were as follows:

From London, $27,404,623; from San Francisco, $5,217,400, making a total of $32,622,032. The total for 1897 was $48,412,009.

HI HENRY'S MINSTRELS

Will Appear at the Opera-House To-Morrow Evening.

The citizens of Anaheim and vicinity will have an opportunity of witnessing, at the Opera-house tomorrow evening, one of the leading minstrel organizations of the county—Hi Henry's Big Minstrels—which have been prevailed upon to appear here one night, on their way from Los Angeles to San Diego. The company includes 50 people, including a splendid brass band of 30 pieces. It is no exaggeration to say that the performance will be the most striking and enjoyable of its kind ever given in our city.

From the San Francisco papers we take the following reference to the company, which played a two-weeks' engagement at a leading theater in that city:

Twice was the "Standing Room Only" sign displayed yesterday and each time it had to be withdrawn and the announcement posted "Everything Sold." The Hi Henry minstrels, who made their first appearance, were received with cordiality that argues well for their two weeks' season. The company is one of the largest in its line that has visited us, and is exceedingly well balanced. Its vocalists sang well and its comedians are funny. The chief feature of the entertainment is Mr. Henry himself and his brass band of thirty pieces. He is an exceptionally fine cornet player, and his solos were heartily encored. The hit of the evening was made by a quintet of cornets, led by Mr. Henry, who by the aid of a contrivance of his own invention, gave an excellent imitation of the Scotch bagpipe playing "The Campbells are Coming." The opening of the program is a novelty: the old-time first part is entirely discarded, even the bones and tambourine are dispensed with, and the curtain rises on the deck of the warship Brooklyn, where the crew are discovered amusing themselves by singing and dancing, while their captain encourages them and supplies the place of interlocutor. Only the comedians black up. Dan Allman caught the house with an amusing ditty, "I Love Nobody But You," and Billy Clark made a success with his song "A Rye Mixture." The acrobatic feats of the Coulture Brothers were very clever and greatly appreciated. The show has evidently hit the popular taste.

Seats on sale at McCollum's.

PLACENTIA.

The recent heavy wind did a lot of damage to the orange crop, blowing off large quantities of the fruit. The wind blew down the Placentia school district windmill, and Henry Heterbrink's. It broke three fans from a new steel mill, and a new steel Woodman mill on the old McFarland place was blown to the ground. Mr. Crowther's large cypress hedge was uprooted, and in many places the cement ditches were drifted full of sand. "The worst wind in years," an old resident said.

Mrs. J. N. Nenno will open a singing school here next Saturday night. A large class of 22 have subscribed.

Mrs. A. S. Bradford is slowly recovering from a severe attack of la grippe.

George Johnson is recovering from the typhoid fever.

Mr. Andrada and wife are down with la grippe.

A. Pierotti and wife are visiting in Los Angeles.

Mrs. Forbes is improving, although she is not able to sit up as yet.

Oranges are still moving out, and 4 or 5 buyers are here all the time.

Thos. Strain has started a packing house and is buying and shipping oranges.

Mrs. F. G. Ryan visited her parents Saturday.

The Ralston Cure people have started a class here. They held their first meeting on Saturday evening and a large class was formed.

Mrs. R. H. Gilman arrived on Saturday from Redondo with her children and joined her husband, who has charge of the Placentia Fruit Co. ranch.

Placentia, Cal., Jan. 31, 1899.

The Ravages of Grip.

That modern scourge, the Grip, poisons the air with its fatal germs, so that no home is safe from its ravages, but multitudes have found a sure protection against this dangerous malady in Dr. King's New Discovery. When you feel a soreness in your bones and muscles, have chills and fever, with sore throat, pain in the back of the head, catarrhal symptoms and a stubborn cough, you may know you have the Grip, and that you need Dr. King's New Discovery. It will promptly cure the worst cough, heal the inflamed membranes, kill the disease germs and prevent the dreaded after effects of the malady. Price 50c. and $1. Money back if not cured. A trial bottle free at P. A. Derge's Drug Store. jan

Farmers.

Now that the glorious rain has come, you will be wanting seed barley, oats, wheat, rye, potatoes, etc. We make a specialty of alfalfa and imported beet seed. Do not forget that we carry the largest variety of field, garden, grass and flower seeds of any house in Orange county. We buy in large quantities direct from the growers and responsible wholesale seed houses, and can make it to your advantage to buy of us. We also carry a good variety of poultry supplies. Remember the place, S. E. corner Main and Fourth streets, Santa Ana, Cal. SANTA ANA PRODUCE CO. jan19-4t

American Beet Sugar.

BERLIN, Jan. 30.—During the discussion of the sugar question in the lower house of the Prussian diet today Baron Erffaa, referring to the opinion of the secretary of the imperial treasury, Baron von Thielmann, that there is no danger to the German sugar industry from America in the near future, said the manufacturers of Saxony took a quite different view from those who pooh-poohed the danger and underrated the colossal financial resources and enterprise of "the American race," which in California was making a great progress in sugar production. The only thing to help German manufacturers, in the opinion of the speaker, was to lighten the excise duty on sugar and thus promote more consumption.

Baron von Hammerstein-Lexlen, minister of agriculture, in reply, said he fully agreed with the statement that serious danger existed from America. Moreover, he remarked, the export of sugar from Cuba would greatly increase during the next few years, now that energetic and intelligent American capitalists had taken the matter in hand. The danger arising from the production of beet sugar in America, he further said, was continually increasing and it was true that the export of German sugar to America was 2,400,000 double-hundredweight below the exports of Great Britain. Nevertheless, it constituted a considerable portion of the production and the only remedy was an increase in the home consumption. It had already been found that the use of sugar in the army increased the marching capabilities of the soldiers. It was also excellent in fattening pigs.

While all of the ills that flesh is heir to are not cured by Cascs Ferrine Bitters, it is a fact that many of them are prevented by its intelligent use. It is the only tonic laxative in the world.

Kearsarge Tested.

NEWPORT NEWS, Va., Jan. 31.—The big battleship Kearsarge has been given its first trial in the James River for the purpose of testing its propellers. The result was in every way satisfactory. The Kearsarge was towed out in the stream for a mile, and then the propellers were started. Slowly the screws revolved, until everything worked satisfactory, and then the battleship was headed for its berth to receive the finishing touches.

Catarrh in the head is cured by Hood's Sarsaparilla which eradicates from the blood the scrofulous taints that cause it, soothing and rebuilding the delicate and diseased tissues. Hoods pills cure all liver ills, and are easy to take.

The Crisis in Samoa.

At last an American war vessel is ordered to Apia, where months ago it would have been well to station one, in company with the British ships Porpoise and Ringdove and the German Falke and Buzzard. The Philadelphia, Admiral Kautz's flagship, chosen for the purpose, is now at San Diego, but will be coaling and the scraping of her hull, can hardly reach Samoa under three weeks. Admiral Dewey has a strong naval force at Manila, and might, in an emergency, hurry a vessel or two to Apia, just as the British are reported to have already ordered thither three more ships from Australia.

It is well known that the current disturbances arose out of the disputed election of a king to succeed Malietoa Laupepa, who died last August. Their gravity, however, is due not only to the armed conflicts between the forces of the rival claimants, Mataafa and Malietoa Tanus, but to the extraordinary attitude of the German Consul in supporting the former against the latter, whose claim had been pronounced valid by Chief Justice W. L. Chambers, acting under the authority given him by the treaty of Berlin.

There can be no doubt about the jurisdiction of the Chief Justice in this matter. Section 1 of Article III, of the tripartite agreement of June, 1889, respecting the establishment of a Supreme Court of Justice for Sonoma and defining its jurisdiction," is decisive on that point:

"In case any question shall hereafter arise in Samoa respecting the rightful election or appointment of a king or of any other chief claiming authority over the islands, or respecting the validity of the powers which the King or any chief may claim in the exercise of his office, such question shall not lead to war, but shall be presented for decision to the Chief Justice of Samoa, who shall decide it in writing conformably to the the provisions of this act and to the laws and customs of Samoa not in conflict therewith, and the signatory governments will accept and abide by such decision.

The German representative at Apia, according to the latest tidings, not only refused to accept the Chief Justice's decision in favor of Malietoa Tanus, but encouraged Mataafa to resist it, and accompanied the forces that invaded the capital. The accounts say that he even broke open the doors of the courthouse and brought in the President of the municipal council, who is also a German, and who thereupon declared to the crowd in the square that he would act as Chief Justice. Then, it appears, the British and American representatives interfered, and, aided by marines, expelled their German colleague and reopened the court.

As to the exact merits of the controversy over the throne it is as yet difficult as this distance to decide. It would seem, however, that the Chief Justice's decision against Mataafa was based on the ground, not that he had failed to receive the vote of those entitled to choose, but that he was ineligible. The first thought might be that this ineligibility arose out of his having rebelled against the lawful monarch, the late king, Malietoa Laupepa, his offense leading to his banishment, from which he was brought back, after the king's death, in a German ship. But the accounts indicate that the disqualification was based on the language of the treaty, although the precise reasons adduced do not yet appear.

The three treaty powers will doubtless examine carefully the exact grounds of the Chief Justice's decision, since, as the Berlin treaty provides, it must conform to the treaty provisions "and to the laws and customs not in conflict therewith," while Artitle I. of the treaty declares that "the three powers recognize the independence of the Samoan Government and the free right of the natives to elect their King or chief and choose their form of government according to their own laws and customs." But meanwhile the German Consul's substitution of his own opinion for the Chief Justice's decision on these points demands attention. Mr. Chambers, like his predecessor, is an American, and he is the appointee of all three treaty powers. Fortunately, there is no reason yet to conclude that the Government of Berlin will not stand loyally by the treaty. —*N. Y. Sun.*

Two Pointed Questions Answered.

What is the use of making a better article than your competitor if you cannot get a better price for it?

Ans.—As there is no difference in the price the public will buy only the better, so that while our profits may be smaller on a single sale they will be much larger in the aggregate.

How can you get the public to know your make is the best?

If both articles are brought prominently before the public both are certain to be tried and the public will very quickly pass judgment on them and use only the better one.

Who did last August. Their gravity, however, is due not only to the Chamberlain's Cough Remedy. The people have been using it for years and have found that it can always be depended upon. They may occasionally take up with some fashionable novelty put forth with exaggerated claims, but ard certain to return to the only remedy that they know to be reliable, and for coughs, colds and croup there is nothing equal to Chamberlain's Cough Remedy. For sale by P. A. Derge.

Crushed by Beecher.

Henry Ward Beecher was once approached by a young man who considered himself very clever.

"Do you know, Mr. Beecher," said he, "I've been thinking that I would settle down, behave myself and join your church. Now, I like your preaching, but when I go to your church and see such men as old D. and others, grasping skinflints and hypocrites to the core, sitting there in full membership, why, the thing is just a little too much for me, and really," he added, "I cannot join."

"Well, you're right," said Mr. Beecher. "Every church has such men, and I fancy Plymouth is not free from them, and until you spoke I have always wondered why the good Lord permitted it. Now I understand."

"Ah," gurgled the young fellow, "I am glad I have thrown light on the question! What strikes you as the reason, Mr. Beecher?"

"Well," replied the great preacher, "it is permitted in order to keep just such fools as you out of the churches."

Make use of time while it is present with you. It depends upon your will and not upon the number of days to have a sufficient length of life.—Montaigne.

Let's Have His Name!

From the Santa Ana Herald.

Mr. Chynoweth has received a letter from one of the most prominent Republicans of Orange county intimating that almost anybody would be preferable now to Bulla, but urging him and Senator Jones to remain with Grant to the last, even if the latter should fall to be elected.—L. A. Times special from Sacramento.

It is in order for Mr. Chynoweth to give the public the name of this "one" prominent Republican who urges "him and Senator Jones to remain with Grant to the last," and who says that "almost anybody would be preferable to Bulla." Personally I would like to know who this one man is that takes it upon himself to dispose of the wishes of Orange county at one fell swoop. I happen to know that Mr. Chynoweth has received a petition from 107 "prominent Republicans" from Santa Ana, and a large number in addition from Orange and Anaheim, asking him to transfer his support from Grant to Bulla. This "one" prominent Republican, however, seems to have more weight than the 107. Was he the man who handled the Grant money in Orange county? Was this money used to assist Mr. Chynoweth's election to the sacrifice of the balance of the ticket, as charged by Henry Gage? Let us have the name of this "one" prominent Republican, Mr. Chynoweth; and in the meantime, it would seem to me, after your good talks about "subservient tools," etc., that you should be careful about following advice given in the ratio of 1 to 107. I believe Mr. Chynoweth desires to do what is right, but I believe also that he makes a mistake by not receiving advice from the people's fountain of expression instead of from a "one" man source.

Assemblyman Works of San Diego has introduced a bill in the Legislature regarding notaries. It provides that appointment to the office of notary public may be made upon petition of two or more freeholders of the county in which the petitioner seeks appointment, indorsed by a judge of the superior court. Before such indorsement is made the applicant must undergo an examination in open court as to his or her qualifications by the judge who makes the indorsement or by a commission appointed by him for such purpose. If the examination shows the applicant is not qualified, such indorsement shall not be made. It is provided that women having the necessary qualifications may be appointed notaries public.

The Deadly Grip

Is again abroad in the land. The air you breathe may be full of its fatal germs! Don't neglect the "Grip!" or you will open the door to Pneumonia and Consumption and invite death. Its sure signs are chills with fever, headache, dull heavy pains, mucous discharges from the nose, sore throat and never-let-go cough. Don't waste precious time treating this cough with troches, tablets, or poor, cheap syrups. Cure it at once with Dr. King's New Discovery, the infallible remedy for bronchial troubles. It kills the disease germs, heals the lungs and prevents the dreaded after effects from the malady. Price 50 cts. and $1. Money back if not cured. A trial bottle free at P. A. Derge's drugstore. jan

—Word has been received at Santa Ana that J. H. Brunner, formerly of that city, was killed recently on Telegraph creek, midway between Seattle and Klondike, by the caving in of the dugout in which he lived. Brunner left Orange county a year ago. He has valuable property at Santa Ana, but it is mortgaged. Before leaving he told friends that if he struck it rich in Klondike he would return; if not, he would never see Santa Ana again. Only a few days ago a suit pending, in which Brunner was defendant, was decided in his favor, and the city attorney deposited $163 to his credit, to be received or rejected by him as damages sustained by running an alley across the Brunner property on Fourth street.

We have decided to Continue

OUR

12 1/2 PER CENT CASH DISCOUNT SALE.

In order to save us work and to make room for our SPRING STOCK, and to turn the remnants we have on hand and also our heavy Fall Goods into cash, we will inaugurate

THE GREATEST CASH CLEARANCE SALE

EVER KNOWN IN SOUTHERN CALIFORNIA.

Now is the time for everybody to lay in their supply until our Spring Opening, for our prices will talk. Here is a small list of what we will sell for Cash Only for the next 30 days.

CLOTHING DEPARTMENT.

Men's and Boys' Overcoats	Men's Heavy Nobby Suits	Men's Pantaloons Latest Styles	Boys' and Youths' Suits Plain and with Sailor Collars

FURNISHING GOODS DEPARTMENT.

Gents' Neckwear Collars and Cuffs	Fine Dress Shirts Woolen and Cotton Underwear	Suspenders Men's Woolen and Cotton Sox	Men's Working Gloves Men's Dress Gloves

DRY GOODS DEPARTMENT.

Outing Flannel Light and Dark Colors	Prints Pretty Designs.	Ginghams and Shirtings	Cotton Flannel and Muslin in Brown and Bleached.
Ladies' Capes in Astrachan, Plush and Kersey	Ladies' Woolen Shirt Waists in Plads and Handsome Colors	Ladies' Heavy Fleeced-lined Wrappers. Cotton & Woolen Uuderwear	R. & G. Corsets Kid Gloves

Shoe Department.

Ladies' Shoes	Men's Shoes	Misses' and Children's Shoes	Boys' Shoes

All articles mentioned above, as well as the balance in our Store will be sold at a Discount of **12 1/2 per Ct.**

CHAS. FEDERMAN & CO.

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS

For The Week Ending January 30, 1899.

Furnished by the Orange County Title Company, Santa Ana.

Reuben A. Adams and wife, Demmis M. Adams, to John Schmidt—Lot 19, of the C. Z. Culver home tract; $75.

Richard Egan to J. E. Bacon—Lot at Capistrano, 2 acres; $200.

Nettie C. McBain and husband, Geo. A. McBain, to Wilhelm Blerwagen—30 acres in block E, of the A. B. Chapman tract; $6500.

Conrad Tatge and wife, Sophie Tatge, to Amanda T. Schoenfeld—20 acres in block G, Chapman tract, and other property; $1.

P. H. Look to Mary Helen Parcels—Lots 5, 7, 9, 11 and W½ of lot 13 of Look's subdivision, 22.50 acres; $1.

Charles C. Holland to Wm. Woodruff—5 acres in the Henry Watson tract; $1250.

Ramon Yorba et al., by comissioner, to M. Mendelson—Lot 6, block K, of San Juan Capistrano; $432 98.

Robert J. Northam and the Stearns Rancho Co. to W. H. Mills—211.73 acres in Sections 13 and 14, T 6 S, R 11 W; $800.

Aurilla Schunk to Frank True—S½ of SW¼ of SW¼ of Sec. 27-4-10, 20 acres; $10.

Wm. Millen, sr., et al., to W. R. Ball—Lots 1, 2, 3, 4, Sec. 13-7-9, and SW¼ of NW¼ of Sec. 18-7-8, 148.25 acres; $800.

John Reeve to Algernon S. Davis—All interest in E½ of SW¼ of lot 14, block C, Chapman tract; $50.

Eubert G. Stine and Harry C. Stine to John P. Stanley—Undivided ½ of lot 50, Plat 1, Irvine's subdivision; $50.

George V. Stine to same—Undivided 1-20 same property; $30.

R. H. Stine, et al., to same—Undivided 3-20 same property; $90.

Ada A. English to same—Undivided 1-20 same property; $30.

Andrew L. Stine to same—Undivided 1-20 same property; $30.

Leonora E. Skinner, et al., to same—Undivided 2-5 of same property; $200.

John P. Stanley to Linneaus A. Cook—Same property; $1200.

L. A. Evans and wife, L. J. Evans, to L. Hargrave—E½ of W½ of NE¼ of NW¼ of Sec. 19-4-10, 10 acres; $10.

P. A. Stanton to L. Hargrave—E 20 acres of SW¼ of SW¼ of Sec. 7-4-10; $10.

Thomas R. Jennings and wife, Bertie B. Jennings, to F. E. Davis, A. L. Drown and D. S. Lineberger—Lot at Fullerton in block 34; $2000.

Stearns Rancho Co. to W. J. Hole—SE¼ of NW¼ of Sec. 5, T 5 S, R 10 W, 40 acres; $10.

T. J. Lockhart and wife, Mary B. Lockhart, to G. W. Pratt and wife, Adda B. Pratt—Lot 14, block A, P. J. Schaffer's addition to Orange; $1.

G. Spingath and wife, Maria Spingath, to Peter Berg—SW¼ of NW¼ of SW¼ of Sec. 12-4-10, 10 acres; $400.

A. J. Timmons and wife, L. A. Timmons, to Wm. Keseman—SE¼ of SW¼ of SE¼ and SW¼ of SE¼ of Sec. 15-5-11; $2500.

D. W. Gishwiller to Clinton E. Sheets—Lot 34, block 12, Carlton; $200.

Same to Hattie G. Leroy—Lot 35, block 12, town of Carlton; $200.

Harold Mitchell to Wm. G. Wells—Lots 4 and 21, block A, of Cauldwell & Witherbee's addition to Orange; $75.

Harriet A. King and husband, Arthur King, to W. H. Jones—All interest in E½ of SW¼ of Sec. 6, T 5 S, R 10 W, 80 acres; $125.

George F. Hogle and wife, Verennis Hogle, to Thomas Gilroy—Lot 28, in block C, of Gardner & Moye's addition to Santa Ana; $1000.

G. W. Pratt and wife, Mrs. Adda B. Pratt, to Bertha Bandick, wife of Henry F. Bandick—Lot 14, block A, Shaffer's addition to Orange; $500.

James T. Lourie and wife, S. M. Lourie, to Edwin M. White, William H. White and Olivia Jane White—10½ acres northwest of Santa Ana; $873.

Walter S. Maxwell and wife, Amelia C. Maxwell, to Guy L. Hardison—NE¼ of NW¼ and NE¼ of Sec. 9, T 3 S, R 9 W; $5.

Thomas R. Bard, D. T. Perkins, S. C. Graham, C. H. McKevett and Wm. Loftus to Walter S. Maxwell—NE¼ of NW¼ and NE¼, Sec. 9, T 3 S, R 9 W; $5.

Ben Ziegler, Bernhard Ziegler and wife, Bessie Ziegler, to M. A. Pierce and William H. Pierce—19 acres in NW¼, Sec. 16, 5-10; $1000.

Grip's Ravages Doomed.

So much misery and so many deaths have been caused by the Grip, that every one should know what a wonderful remedy for this malady is found in Dr. King's New Discovery. That distressing stubborn cough, that inflames your throat, robs you of sleep, weakens your system and paves the way for consumption, is quickly stopped by this matchless cure. If you have chills and fever, pain in the back of the head, soreness in bones and muscles, sore throat and that cough that grips your throat like a vice, you need Dr. King's New Discovery to cure your Grip, and prevent Pneumonia or Consumption Price 50c. and $1. Money back if not cured. A trial bottle free at P. A. Derge's Drug Store. jan

CANAL ASSURED.

Encouraging Reports from Washington in Respect to Its Passage Through the House.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 31.—The House Committee on Commerce today held a short meeting for consideration of the Nicaragua Canal Bill, and made most satisfactory progress. A decision was reached to complete the amending of the Hepburn Bill at the next meeting of the committee, which will be held on Friday of this week, and report that bill to the House.

This is in the way of a concession to Mr. Hepburn, chairman of the committee, who is the author of the bill, and who recently announced his willingness to work for the canal. Probably he would not agree to reporting a bill not bearing his name, and the other members of the committee are wise enough not to antagonize him in the committee by going counter to his wishes, for he is bad medicine on the floor of the House when he takes a notion to fight any measure.

However, the Hepburn Bill when it reaches the House, will be the Hepburn Bill in name only, for all the objectionable features will be eliminated in committee. It will be somewhat different in unimportant details from the Morgan Bill, which passed the Senate, but it will be similar enough to that bill to allow a complete and almost perfect bill to be arranged in committee.

With the positive assurance that the House committee will report a bill to the house, the Nicaragua canal becomes assured. There is absolutely no question that the bill will go through the house with ease when it gets into that body. There will be some debate, but nowhere near so much as there has been on the army bill, which went through the house this afternoon, and to which there was most bitter opposition, both on the Democratic and Republican sides.

It does not appear that there will be any very important opposition to the Canal bill in the House. The canal is so strongly demanded by all sections of the country that no party can unite in opposition to the bill.

The Nicaragua canal will be important and beneficial to all America, and more especially to the Pacific Coast, while in California it is destined to make an era of commercial enterprise and prosperity far surpassing the most sanguine expectations of those who have all along been interested in the gigantic scheme.

To-Night and To-Morrow Night,

And each day and night during this week, you can get at any druggist's Kemp's Balsam for the Throat and Lungs, acknowledged to be the most successful remedy ever sold for Coughs, Croup, Bronchitis, Asthma and Consumption. Get a bottle today and keep it always in the house, so you can check your cold at once. Price 25c. and 50c. Sample bottle free. jan26-2p

LITTLE GEM
BARBER SHOP
CRAIG & DYER, Proprietors.
First-Class Tonsorial Artists.
Shop 1 door east of McCollum's cyclery.
We keep constantly on hand the best of Hair Restorer, Dandruff Cures, and other articles found in a well-appointed barber shops.
A share of the public patronage solicited.

Hay & Grain
FOR SALE.
Extra Quality. Inquire of
Samuel Kraemer,
dec22-2m* PLACENTIA.

Shanley & Nebelung
REAL ESTATE
For Sale and Exchange. Houses Rented, Collections Made and Taxes attended to
Put Up Your Horse
.....AT THE.....
Rossmore Stables,
Cor. Fifth and West Sts.
SANTA ANA.
jan12tf W. T. SALVIN & CO., Props.

Southern Pacific Company.

San Francisco and Los Angeles Limited—"THE OWL." Between Los Angeles and San Francisco daily. Leave Los Angeles 7 pm., arrive San Francisco 9:45 am. Leave San Francisco 5 pm., arrive Los Angeles 7:45 am.

The Sunset Route offers unexcelled advantages for winter travel, and an unequalled train service, scheduled as follows from Los Angeles: Sunset Limited, season Nov. 20, 1898, to April, 1899, leave Los Angeles eastward, 3 p. m. Wednesdays and Sundays; arrive Los Angeles, westward, 9 p. m. Wednesdays and Saturdays; between San Francisco and New Orleans.

This is the most magnificent train in America, vestibuled throughout, illuminated with Pintsch gas and heated by steam. Every train is made up as follows: One composite car, containing bath-room, barber-shop, cafe, library and smoker; one compartment car with lavatory in each compartment, and parlor for the special use of ladies, and a ladies' maid in attendance; as many double drawing-room, tension sleepers as may be necessary, with toilet annexes, one dining-car, meals served a la carte.

Pacific Coast Limited—St. Louis, Chicago and East. Leave 11:30 am. Tuesday and Friday. Arrive 12:15 pm. Tuesday and Friday.

1898—SUNSET EXCURSIONS—1898
Through Tourist Sleepers from Los Angeles:
To Washington, D. C., via New Orleans, 8:15 a.m. Sundays and Thursdays.
To Chicago, Ill., via New Orleans, 8:15a. m. Tuesdays.
To Cincinnatti, Ohio, via New Orleans, 8:15 a.m. Fridays.

OGDEN ROUTE EXCURSIONS.
To St. Paul, via Sioux City, 12:30 pm Thursdays. To Chicago, Mondays, Tuesdays, Wednesdays and Thursdays. Leave Los Angeles 12:30 pm.

SHASTA ROUTE EXCURSIONS.
To Portland, St. Paul and Minneapolis, Mondays, 10:20 pm.

First and second-class tickets for sale at Anaheim at Los Angeles prices, and baggage checked through to any point in the United States, Canada or Mexico.

Our local train service is unexcelled for comfort. Day coaches are equipped with the celebrated Scarritt seats, luxuriously upholstered, and passengers for Los Angeles are landed right in the center of the business part of the city—at First street or Commercial street—within a block of the large wholesale houses.

Our connection at Mojave for the famous gold mining camp of Randsburg is superb; good hotel at Mojave and elegant stage coaches through to the city of gold. Fare from Anaheim to Randsburg, $7 50.

Family commutation tickets for sale between Anaheim and Los Angeles, and other local points at greatly reduced rates. Limit, six months. For further information, call at the Southern Pacific depot at Anaheim.

T. A. DARLING, Agent.
G. W. LUCE, Asst. Gen Pass. Agt., Los Angeles, 261 South Spring St.

Notice to Contractors.

Sealed proposals will be received by the Anaheim Union Water Company for the construction of half a mile of cement ditch on Northam Avenue, and about 200 feet on the north line of B. F. Porter's place in Orangethorpe, in accordance with plans and specifications on file in the office of the Company.

Proposals must be filed with the undersigned not later than 2 p. m., on Saturday, February 4th, 1899.

By order of the Board of Directors.
W. H. BLENNERHASSETT,
Dated January 21, 1899. Secretary.

For Sale.

My Store at Placentia, including stock, fixtures and building, is offered for sale at a bargain.

The Placentia postoffice connected with the store.

My reason for selling is on account of sickness in my family.

Call on or address,
HUGO WETZEL,
jan26-1m* PLACENTIA.

Matchless Wit and Wisdom.

These gems are from a reprint of Poor Richard's Almanac—1733:

Love your neighbor; yet don't pull down your hedge.

Take counsel in wine, but resolve afterward in water.

Beware of meat twice boil'd, and an old foe reconcil'd.

Mary your son when you will, but your daughter when you can.

Avarice and happiness never saw each other; how, then, should they become acquainted?

He that falls in love with himself will have no rivals.

He's a fool that makes his doctor his heir.

Beware of the young doctor and the old barber.

He that would have a short Lent, let him borrow money to be repaid at Easter.

The family of fools is ancient.

Necessity never made a good bargain.

Three may keep a secret if two of them are dead.

Where there's marriage without love, there will be love without marriage.

There are three faithful friends, an old wife, an old dog, and ready money.

After three days men grow weary of a wench, a guest, and weather rainy.

To lengthen thy life, lessen thy meals.

Keep your eyes wide open before marriage, half shut afterward.

Never intreat a servant to dwell with thee.

If you would not be forgotten as soon as you are dead and rotten, either write things worth reading, or do things worth the writing.

At twenty years of age the will reigns; at thirty the wit; at forty the judgments.

Visit your aunt, but not every day, and call at your brother's, but not every night.

If you'd lose a troublesome visitor, lend him money.

Hundreds of new sayings have been credited to the old Franklin list, but most of them are insipid compared to the above, besides being, no doubt, spurious.

WEEK'S HAPPENINGS.

Two Boys Go Duck Shooting At the Landing.

Kill a Solitary Bird, and Have a Series of Unpleasant Experiences Before They Reach Home—Santa Ana High-School Boy Takes Exceptions to a Baseball Item—Mr. Sproul of Norwalk Comes to Town, Paints 'Er Red, and is Locked up in the Dungeon Keep. While His Wife Spends the Night with Friends —Fred Crist's Illness Takes a Critical Turn—Runaways—Concerts—Brevities.

Charley Bauer and Otto Baun drove down to the Landing on Sunday afternoon on a duck hunt, intending to reach the Landing in time to get the evening shooting, but a heavy fog came up and they were deprived of the sport. The boys report having seen thousands of ducks, but were unable to get within range of them. After scampering over the sand hills awhile they became discouraged and made up their minds to hunt no longer, it having become quite dark and foggy. They succeeded in bagging a single bird. They harnessed up their horse, and by half past six started homeward, going by way of Westminster, and when some six or seven miles from town got off the road in some way.

Charley was driving his fiery untamed three-minute horse, which was going along at a good pace, when suddenly it was thrown back against their vehicle, it having run into a barb-wire fence. The horse was thrown back so suddenly that it cramped their vehicle in such a manner as to spring the front axle and bending it so badly that both front wheels rubbed against the bed of the vehicle when it was drawn straight forward. Both boys escaped injuries, but their animal received a severe gash on the breast, the cut being about ten inches long and in one place nearly three inches deep. It also sustained several bad cuts about the front legs from one of which the blood gushed forth at every beat of the animal's heart, and it appeared that a large blood vessel was cut. Charley bandaged up the cuts he thought most dangerous, and they led their horse for some 2½ miles. Baun led the animal, while Bauer helped it along by pushing at the vehicle behind. Thus they succeeded in reaching Wm. Kennedy's place at Clair, where they stopped, resting their animal, which had become quite weak from loss of blood.

They related their troubles to that gentleman, who loaned them his horse and cart, and hitching their outfit behind the cart they pulled into town at about 11 o'clock.

When passing Dr. Stolberg's place they intended to secure his assistance, but found him sick and he was unable to attend to the animal's wounds. Then the boys brought the horse up town, putting it up at Hank Stough's barn, where they did all they could for it, bandaging up its wounds and applying such remedies as were close at hand. On Monday the horse looked pretty stiff, but yesterday was getting along nicely and Charley feels confident that he can cure him up all right in a few months. He does not believe in barb-wire fences along roadways, and says he wouldn't lose the horse for a farm.

Southern California.

Southern California is a land of prosperous homes and orange groves; the refinement of the east and west is united here in the one endeavor to make of Southern California a fruitful, beautiful and, so far as lies within human power, an ideal region. No wonder its residents are proud of what they have accomplished! Each settlement is the model colony and each town is destined to be the metropolis, but it is a pardonable pride when we realize how vital the interest of each man is in own home and section, when we realize that he has made it out of a waste of sand and sagebrush by his own toil, and that to him it seems a veritable miracle, this sudden springing of a garden out of a desert.

Perhaps there is no feature which so fully insures the future greatness of Southern California, and which is so frequently overlooked by its admirers, as its excellent school system. The influence of the state university has been most important in elevating the standard of instruction, for both the public and private schools are annually examined by its professors, and only those schools placed on the accredited list can admit students to the university without examinations. It is sufficient to add, says Charles A. Keeler, in his book "Southern California," that although the requirements are rigidly enforced, the graduates of a large percentage of the high schools even in country towns, are allowed to enter the university without examination in all or nearly all subjects.

The old Southern California, so graphically pictured by Dana, is but a poetic background for the new, so different, so much more subtle and intricate in its significance, fraught with such boundless promise of all that is inspiring in modern civilization. The mission bells are cracked and the adobe walls have crumbled away, but phœnix-like upon their ruins has grown up a new life and a new people, the pioneers of enlightenment and culture.

That Ball Game.

EDITOR GAZETTE:—I noticed in the last issue of your paper that the Anaheim high school baseball team defeated the nine from the Santa Ana high school. Whether it was a joke or not, I fear it might give some one a wrong impression. Being myself a member of the high school nine of this place, I naturally resent the statement made in last Thursday's issue. It seems to me that either the members of your home team can be strangled on a goat or else they have a first-class opinion of our high school. Evidently they did not stop to consider that if our school was to play an outside school, whether in baseball or foot ball, we would employ the best men available, and not take men from the fourth or fifth grades.

The nine that played your high school nine was composed entirely of small boys in the grammar grades, ranging from the fifth to the eighth grades, and not from the high school.

Hoping this will enlighten some and prevent a misunderstanding among others, I remain, Yours truly, L. M. P.

Santa Ana, Cal., Jan. 31, 1899.

California Violets for Sale.

Blossoms, 15 cents a hundred; plants, 2 for 25 cents. Inquire of N. F. Steadman. feb2-2t*

For Sale.

Fine 2-year-old Softshell walnut trees. Apply to J. S. Gardiner, Anaheim. feb2-1m

Prof. A. J. Cook of Claremont, California, representative of the extension work of the agricultural departme nt of the California State University, is arranging for a University Farmers' Institute to be held at Villa Park the latter part of March next. In furtherance of the project a meeting of the residents of El Modena, McPherson, Olive, Villa Park and vicinity is called for next Saturday evening at 7 o'clock at Villa Park, when the date of the meeting and preliminary matters are to be settled.

NEWPORT RAILROAD.

Said to Be Sold to the Clark Brothers of the Alamitos Sugar Factory.

Yesterday afternoon the report reached here from Santa Ana that the Newport railway, owned and operated by James McFadden, had been purchased by W. A. and J. Ross Clark, the millionaire owners of the Alamitos sugar factory.

It is said the railroad will be built to the Alamitos factory and be continued to San Pedro.

There have been many rumors about railroads and railroad building for some time past, one of them being to the effect that the Newport road would be built to Santa Fe springs and connect with the Santa Fe.

The report that the road has been sold to the Clarks is said to be well founded, and a public announcement of the transfer will probably soon be made.

DEATH OF WALTER COLE

An Old and Highly Respected Citizen Passes Away.

Walter Cole of Hardscrabble ranch, situated some 6½ miles west of town, died on Saturday morning at 7 o'clock, from the effects of an attack of *la grippe* sustained but a few days before. He was aged 75 years, 9 months and 5 days and leaves behind him to mourn his loss a widow and three grown children, Jay Cole, owner of Hardscrabble ranch, Mrs. George Dutton of Buena Park, and L. L. Cole of Battle Creek, Mich. Mr. Cole was a native of Bethany, N. Y., and had been a resident of Centralia, where his ranch was situated, for some 13 years. He was a breeder of fine stock, and some of the best strains of Jersey thoroughbreds in the county could be traced to his farm. The herd of Jersey cows on the ranch are the equal of any on the coast, and the fame of Hardscrabble spread far and wide as the breeding place of the most approved strains not only of cattle, but of horses as well. Mr. Cole was a man of kindly habit, and numbered his friends by scores throughout this section. Especially was he favorably known among stock men, who credit him with the importation of much of the finer strain of stock in this section. He was ill but a few days, and died surrounded by the sorrowing members of his family. Mr. Cole lived in Bethany until 1876, where he made a specialty of blooded stock, that was widely known among stockmen for the prizes they had taken at the fairs and exhibitions at New York and other State fairs. He lived two years in Canasarage, then two years in Batavia, and in 1884 came to California and lived in West Los Angeles two years, whence he moved to Centralia. The funeral occurred Sunday afternoon at 2, the remains being followed to their last resting place by a large concourse of sorrowing friends.

NICARAGUA CANAL.

Letter To Gov. Whitaker Setting Forth The Necessity for Contributions.

Gov. Whitaker of Buena Park is in receipt of the following letter in respect to the necessity for contributions for the Nicaragua Canal bill, which is now before Congress, and has kindly handed it to us for publication. The Governor has collected $50 from Orange, $8 50 from Placentia and $5 from Buena Park (the latter subscription being made by Supervisor Potter). Orange county, he informs us, is expected to contribute $500 in support of the canal bill, and those who have not yet contributed will see the necessity for doing so by perusing the following letter:

NICARAGUA CANAL ASSOCIATION OF SOUTHERN CALIFORNIA
LOS ANGELES, Jan. 24, 1899.

James A. Whitaker, Esq., Buena Park, Cal.—Dear Sir: In reference to Congressional action on the Nicaragua Canal bill, I will say that it has been expected all the time that the Senate would pass the bill, and that no work was deemed necessary in the Senate; therefore none has been done, and no money expended; but the fight on the bill will be made in the House of Representatives, and it is there where we expect to do some efficient work.

Some time ago we received a letter from Senator Morgan in which he stated that he anticipated no difficulty in getting the bill through the Senate, but he strongly felt the urgent need of contributions when the matter should come up in the House, and advised that a strong delegation be sent on at once to Washington for that purpose, as in his judgment it could accomplish very considerable good. While the passage of the bill is of course encouraging, we do not by any means think that it should result in over-confidence, or an apathetic view of the necessities of the situation. It is of course to be borne in mind that none of the money contributed will be spent uselessly; it will all be accounted for strictly, and if any is subscribed which is not needed it will be returned to the subscribers. Every possible effort to raise money is being made in the counties of Southern California, and returns so far, and the outlook for returns in the future, are encouraging, but it is highly desirable that there be no relaxation of effort, and we earnestly hope that the people of Orange county will supply the remainder of the amount that was allotted to the county. The importance of this is so great that we feel that no possible effort should be spared to ensure the ultimate success of the movement. It was in the House of Representatives that the Canal bill was beaten before, and there is enough likelihood of its being beaten there again to justify us in making every possible effort in our power.

Trusting that your people will not relax their interest or their efforts in this movement in the slightest degree, and that we may hear from you further at an early day, and favorably, I am,

Yours very respectfully,
H. S. MCKEE, Secretary.

Dr. A. B. Haywood died at his home in Orange last Thursday night, at the advanced age of 92 years. The doctor was one of the best-known characters in Orange county, and his acquaintance extended all over Southern California. He was a resident of Los Angeles during the civil war, and was a warm supporter of the Union, doing much at the time to keep California from seceding. He practiced medicine for a number of years in the city of Los Angeles, moving to Orange twenty-seven years ago, and has since resided in that town. He took a great interest in political and public affairs and was one of the most interesting talkers in the county.

—While Mrs. Rannow was driving in a carriage with her husband and family some days ago on the Garden Grove road, south of town, she was thrown to the ground by the overturning of the vehicle and sustained the fracture of the right elbow joint. Mr. Rannow was driving, when as he came to a ditch, one of the lines broke, and in trying to stop the team with the remaining line, the wagon became cramped in the ditch, partly overturning and precipitating the lady to the ground as stated. Dr. Wilson was sent for and set the broken bone, and Mrs. Rannow is getting along as well as the circumstances will permit.

Kleinigkeiten.

—The New York *World* has our thanks for a copy of its almanac for 1899.

—St. Michaels' guild will meet this (Thursday) afternoon at the residence of Mrs. H. Cahen.

—The new Board of water Directors meet next Saturday afternoon at the usual hour.

—Orange has a man named Bierwagon — Wilhelm Bierwagon. Good name for a temperance town.

—The wife of Samuel Kraemer presented him with a bouncing nine-pound baby boy on Saturday night.

—The Anaheim high-school nine will play the Santa Ana high-school nine on the grounds of the latter club on Saturday afternoon.

—The weather last evening looked like rain. A downpour of about 2 inches would make matters about right, Mr. Weather Clerk.

—Seats for the Hi Henry minstrels at the Opera-house tomorrow night are going like hotcakes at McCollum's. If you want a seat, step up lively before they are all gone.

—Bear in mind all the time that the wise merchant advertises most when business is slackest, and advertises all the time. He never lets people forget that he is in town and that he has a stock of goods to sell. It is the steady and not the spasmodic advertiser who sells.

—A marriage license was issued by Cupid Beckett on Monday to William M. Woodhouse, aged 24 years, a resident of Santa Ana, and a native of California, and Jessie Rodger, aged 18 years, a resident of El Toro, and a native of Missouri.

—The next concert to be given by the brass band will be on Washington's Birthday (Wednesday, Feb. 22), when a feature of the program will be an original composition by Leader Whann. In the evening the band will give a masquerade ball at the Opera-house.

—The Farmers and Merchants' bank of Los Angeles has issued an attachment against the 40-acre tract belonging to Maria Jesus de Shorb, situated near Yorba, to recover $112 87, and have brought suit against that lady to foreclose a mortgage on the property.

—The Fullerton high-school baseball club will have a game with the Placentia nine at the Fullerton grounds on Saturday afternoon. It will be the first game of the season between these two clubs. Fred and Stephen Rimpau and Archer Fay of this city will play with the high-school nine.

—F. Backs is repapering and repainting the interior of the premises at the Commercial Hotel to be occupied by Ed Morgan as a saloon. Ed went up to Los Angeles on Tuesday to lay in a large stock of whistle-wetters. He has lately blossomed out in a new suit of store clothes, and thinks he will soon be wearing diamonds.

—It is reported on good authority that the Newport Railway Company has secured a right of way from Smeltzer station to Westminster, and with the exception of small intervals, as far as the Alamitos ranch line. It is stated that the company intends to build across to the main line of the Santa Fe, somewhere in the neighborhood of Santa Fe Springs, and thus reach Los Angeles.

—J. A. Brainard, aged 80 years, died at his home in Santa Ana on Sunday afternoon of the grip. Brainard used to be a well-to-do fruit-grower of the county, owning a vineyard and orchard between Anaheim and Santa Ana, but trouble with his eyes resulted in his being left almost penniless in his old age, and totally blind. He has been under the care of the county for the past several months.

—In the Assembly on Saturday a petition was presented signed by 1420 residents of Los Angeles, urging the Legislature to enact a Sunday law. Similar petitions were presented by Cargill of San Benito with fifty-three signatures, Burnett of San Luis Obispo with forty signatures, Works of San Diego with twenty-two signatures, Meserve of San Bernardino with 730 signatures, Felis of Monterey with twenty-six signatures, and two by Mellick with 1396 signatures from Riverside and Orange counties.

Fred Crist has been critically ill during the week, his sickness having culminated in brain fever and his condition being very low. Dr. Bullard has been in consultation from Los Angeles on several occasions, and Mrs. Witte (mother of Mrs. Crist) has come down to assist in the nursing. Mr. Crist was taken ill a month ago, and at first no serious results were apprehended. Some days ago, however, a serious turn for the worse ensued, and for some days past his condition has been low.

Dr. Wilson is attending the case, and he informs us the condition of his patient is very low.

Yesterday afternoon the patient lapsed into semi-unconsciousness, his many friends will regret to learn, and small hopes were entertained for his recovery.

—Ed Morgan informs us that while he will probably be able to open the Commercial bar by next Saturday evening, he will not be in position to regale his customers with that roast-pig and roast-turkey wedding breakfast, mentioned in these columns last Thursday, until the following Saturday evening. He is having the premises repainted and repapered, and while he contemplates being installed in his new place by Saturday evening, and will be enabled to walk upon his customers in the matter of the various kinds of whistle-wetters on display, yet he feels that he will not be able to do himself justice in the wedding breakfast line until a week later, when the finest the market affords will be spread before his guests. His excuse is accepted, and the soda is on Ed. Also the roast pig and roast turkey.

—Atwood Sproul sat in Judge Shanley's courtroom yesterday morning, his wife sitting by his side, her eyes and his suffused with tears, as he heard the sentence imposed by the Court, $10 or ten days in jail. Atwood came to town the preceding afternoon and began operations in the line of painting the town a deep red carmine. On Los Angeles street in front of the Backs block he used very indecent language, and coming upon an inoffensive citizen, struck him in the face, knocking him down, and kicking him viciously while he lay prostrate upon the sidewalk. Marshal Steadman happened along and arrested the obstreperous Norwalk youth, and quietly led him off to the dungeon keep. He was brought into court yesterday morning, being joined by his weeping wife, who had spent the night with friends. The Judge was almost melted to tears at hearing the tale of woe as recited by the prisoner, and let him off with a nominal fine of $10 or ten days in jail. The Judge remarked that if it was not for his wife, Mr. Sproul would have been given a much longer sentence. As the Marshal was about to conduct Sproul from the courtroom, the latter asked the Judge:

"Can my wife go with me?"

The lady had meantime remained in her seat weeping.

The Judge nodded assent, and they both left together in charge of the Marshal. It was said that Sproul would have no trouble in digging up the fine.

—E. S. Merritt, the alleged author of the circular labeled "Offspring of the Plain Dealer," who was indicted for libel by the Grand Jury, was on Friday released from custody by Judge Ballard. Otto Rust, whom Merritt was charged with libeling, wrote the District Attorney that he would refuse to prosecute the case, and the Judge thereupon ordered Merritt's release. Merritt claims to be a brother of Assemblyman Merritt of Santa Barbara. He has not yet returned to town.

Yesterday afternoon it was reported that Merritt had gone to Sacramento.

—On Sunday night about 8 o'clock some one in a wagon ran into the hydrant left in the street by the cement workers in front of the Hussman place, breaking it off where it tapped the water main, and water streamed up some 15 feet into the air. The noise of the spouting water attracted the attention of one of the Hussman boys, who notified the city authorities, and the water was turned off in the main and shortly afterward the break was repaired.

—There was no quorum at the meeting of the Farmers' club at the City Hall on Monday afternoon and the meeting adjourned without action upon much important business that was up for consideration. A committee consisting of Messrs. A. H. Cargill, W. J. Fay and M. L. Rogers was appointed to select the next meeting place, and the meeting will probably be held at the residence of one of these gentlemen. Members of the club should be upon the *qui vive* for the announcement of the time and place of the next meeting, as the time may be before the next regular meeting day, and a volume of important business presses for consideration.

—The cannery Directors met on Monday afternoon and formally transferred the business to Peter Weisel, who purchased the stock and will assume control of the corporation. In accordance with this plan, all the old Directors tendered their resignations, which were accepted, and the following new Directors were chosen: Peter Weisel, Sr., Peter Weisel, Jr., Mrs. Josephine Weisel, Miss Elsie Weisel, Alex Ruch, Herman Dickel and Herman Stern. The two latter each retain one share of stock and remain in the corporation at the suggestion of Mr. Weisel. Peter Weisel, Sr., was elected President of the cannery, and Peter Weisel, Jr., secretary and treasurer.

Supt. Kennedy, who was last year in charge of the cannery, has been re-engaged by Mr. Weisel to superintend operations during the coming season.

—The band never played more sweetly or more harmoniously than in their concert on Sunday afternoon, and favorable comment upon their improvement as a musical organization was heard on all sides. The concert began with the rendition of Prof. Nebelung's "Liberty Hymn," which the band played with good effect, its melody being characteristic of this gifted musician. Prof. Nebelung was present, and was highly pleased at the manner of the rendition of his composition. The other numbers included a barytone solo by Harry Bundy, entitled "My Sweetheart Went Down with the Maine," which was capitally rendered. Prof. Whann is entitled to great credit for the proficiency attained by the band, and the wish is universal that the concerts be continued. The last number on the program was "Home, Sweet Home," which the band played delightfully.

"What's the name of that last piece the boys just played?" inquired Bro. Harker of the reporter on the sidewalk.

"That was 'Home, Sweet Home.'"

"That's the sweetest piece of music I ever heard," he responded.

After the concert the members of the band were photographed in a group.

—As Mr. Kistler and wife were about to get into his cart at his residence in rear of the bakery, on Tuesday afternoon at about 1:30, the horse became frightened and bolted down the street, turning into Center at a mad gallop. Instead of continuing on down the thoroughfare, it turned, and seeing Bud Paty's Peat Land meat wagon standing in front of Stough's blacksmith shop on the corner, where Bud was having some repairs made to his wagon which it sustained in a runaway of its own down in the Peat some days ago, it made down the horses attached to the vehicle, just missing them as it ran into the sidewalk ahead of them. Here it was caught and returned to the owner, who came up to find that nothing had been broken and that the horse was just about as good as new. Bud thought for a time that he would have the second runaway in a week, but his broncos were quieted, his wagon underwent the necessary repairs and he went on his way rejoicing.

—G. W. Scott, a resident of Placentia, was last week examined as to his sanity by Drs. Clark and Crane and on the report of the examining board was committed to Highlands by Judge Ballard. Scott is a man of about 45 years of age and has resided in Placentia for about two years. His present trouble dates from the time when he had *la grippe* about five years ago, on recovering from which he showed signs of mental aberration, gradually growing worse until finally culminating in violent insanity. Scott is a laborer and has a wife and seven children. A few days ago his case became so bad that his wife applied to Dr. Clark for advice, her husband having threatened to kill the whole family. At one time he was found by his wife in the middle of the night sitting on the bed with a loaded gun across his knees with which he said he was going to shoot her and his children. Dr. Clark advised Mrs. Scott to report the case to Judge Ballard, which was done and a complaint was sworn to by Scott's son, a youth of about 18. Scott was taken to Highlands.

—The concert given by the Singing Section of the A. T. V., under the management of Prof. Ludwig Thomas, at the Opera-house on Saturday evening, was quite largely attended, and the program was heartily enjoyed by those present. The singing of the Turners was a feature of the evening, and met with appreciative applause. Miss Happy Smith of Santa Ana sang two numbers in sweet voice and capital effect, and had to respond to an encore. The playing of Mr. and Mrs. Carter of San Diego stamped them as musicians of no mean order, and the bass solo of Rhinold Schellen of this city was the best of its kind we have heard in a long while. The audience was disappointed in failing to hear Prof. Thomas' piano solo, but owing to the fact that a couple of strings in the instrument were defective he could not do justice to himself nor his number, and it was omitted. The concert proved the Professor to be a leader of fine ability, the many difficult numbers being exceedingly well rendered.

Henry Neill came over from Santa Ana on Sunday to hear the band concert and spend an hour in the coming town of Orange county. He recently returned from Honolulu, where he spent 40 days. He left for the islands immediately after the election, and is glad to get back to Southern California.

PERSONAL MENTION.

F. Conrad made a business trip to Santa Ana yesterday.

George Betts has removed from Placentia.

H. P. Larsen of Los Alamitos has gone into insolvency.

Dr. J. S. Gardiner was able to be out yesterday after a week's illness of la grippe.

Herman Dickel went over to Olive on his bicycle on Tuesday afternoon, looking for potatoes.

Mrs. Jos. Hatfield who has been seriously ill with *la grippe* is recovering and will soon be able to be out again.

C. Lorenz is improving from his recent attack of illness, and will shortly no doubt be restored to his usual good health.

Charley Dussourt has gone to Santa Fe springs, where he has taken a position at John Baker's winery.

Judge Shanley went over to Santa Ana on Friday to file his bond as Notary Public, he having been appointed as such officer by Gov. Gage.

Senora Maria Antonia Rivera died at Alamitos on Tuesday, and the remains were interred by Undertaker Backs yesterday in the Yorba cemetery.

Miss Anna Everhardy will entertain the young folks' social club on the evening of Tuesday, Feb. 14th (St. Valentine's day), instead of Friday evening, the 9th.

Messrs. McFadden and Bradford of Placentia and Agent Davis of the Santa Fe at Fullerton were in town on Monday evening to attend a short session at the Masonic lodge.

Mrs. Theo. Rimpau and her son, Adolph Rimpau, who have been quite ill for a fortnight past, are improving and will doubtless soon be restored to health.

Joe Backs informed us yesterday that the ball game to have been played on Sunday between the Anaheim and Norwalk nines has been indefinitely postponed.

Frank A. Whitaker who for a year past has been traveling for Swift & Co., Los Angeles meat packers, was in town yesterday on a short business mission, having driven over from Santa Ana in company of M. P. Light.

Private Henry S. Peabody of Co. L returned to his home in Santa Ana last week from Manila, to which place he went as a stenographer under Gen. Otis. Peabody gives an interesting account of his two long ocean voyages and of his stay in the Philippines.

E. H. Kennedy, superintendent of the cannery, arrived yesterday afternoon from Los Angeles to remain permanently. He will have charge of the enlargement of the works, and will superintend operations during the coming canning season.

W. H. Kennedy was in from Clair on Tuesday evening. He reports the condition of his son Ed, who was taken down with the grip, as being unimproved, but hopes are entertained for a favorable turn in his condition.

Attorney John N. Anderson met with a painful accident Saturday in Los Angeles by falling from an electric car by which he sustained a serious scalp wound and some severe bruises. Mr. Anderson came home in the evening, feeling badly used up as a result of his fall.

Thomas Johnson was in from Placentia on Tuesday afternoon. Thomas has laid aside the accoutrements of war, he having been a member of the Seventh regiment, and is engaged in the peaceful avocation of packing oranges at the Chapman orchard at Placentia.

Supervisor Potter informed us yesterday that he had appointed the following road bosses for his district in Orange county: Chas. Norman for Anaheim district; J. J. Hunter for Fullerton, Ike Williams for Buena Park, and Jake Berlin for Yorba. What's the matter with that lot of road bosses?

Jacob Everhardy went to Los Angeles yesterday to attend the funeral of an old-time friend, Dr. Logan, who breathed his last at his home in that city the preceding day. Dr. Logan was a cousin of John A. Logan, and was United States minister to Chili under President Grant's administration.

Ben Hiss and Joe Gell were in town on Tuesday, *en route* to Santa Ana, where they have brought suit in the Superior Court against the Alamitos sugar factory, for beets delivered which were not paid for. The factory company claims the beets were unfit for sugar, and the plaintiffs aver the beets showed a good sugar content, and were furthermore used by the factory and made into sugar. The case is being tried before Judge Ballard and a jury.

John Pfeninger on the 27th ultimo executed a mortgage to James Wool of Los Angeles, covering property located in this neighborhood, in the amount of $2000, running three years at 12½ per cent. Pfeninger will leave the country, and it is doubtful if the people of this vicinity will soon look upon his likes again. He may stop off at Indianapolis to call upon Mrs. Goodhart!

Jack Hill found association with his old acquaintances so agreeable that when it came to the announced time of his departure for his home in Arizona last Thursday, he found that he could not tear himself away, and he lingered with relatives and friends until Tuesday, when he bade farewell to all and departed on the morning train for Los Angeles. After spending a day or two in that city he will return to the Territory.

Mrs. Wm. Thomas, living east of town, has been lying critically ill at her home for some time, and doubts are entertained for her recovery. She is aged 80 years. She suffered an attack of the grip some weeks ago and has not been able to recover from its debilitating effects. Mrs. Thomas is a woman of kindly impulses, and is held in high esteem by her friends and neighbors, who hope for her recovery. Dr. Eddy is attending the case.

Allen M. Robinette was in town on Tuesday taking subscriptions for the directory of Orange county which will be issued by the Santa Ana *Blade*. He reports meeting with marked success, and informs us Anaheim will have an extended reference in the book.

Yesterday he was joined by C. J. Overshiner and Belt Fine and a systematic house-to-house canvass of the city was made, with very flattering resultant prospects.

Misses Adele Mosseman and Addie Wallop have graduated from the Los Angeles normal school.

C. H. Nickey has been at work repairing the tin roof of the Opera-house, which was partly blown off by last week's wind.

Miss Melanie Cahen has been visiting at Long Beach, the guest of Mrs. Scott, for a week past, and is expected home today.

Mrs. Gustav Heimann and Mrs. Sorenson of Los Angeles were in town on Monday spending the day with relatives and friends.

Mrs. Perdomo has taken out the cypress hedge at her residence on Hedwig street, and replaced it with a neat wire fence.

E. Turk returned on Saturday from Louisiana, where he has been during the past sugar-making season, and will remain with his family here previous to the opening of operations at Chino.

Mrs. Steley departed on Saturday afternoon for El Pasa, Tex., to be absent a fortnight on business. Theo. Meyer accompanied her as far as Los Angeles.

Revs. Oliver and Rice of Los Angeles are assisting Rev. Carnes of the Methodist church of this city in holding a series of revival services at that church, which will continue during the week.

John Hartung and Herman Dickel went up to Los Angeles one evening last week to attend the concert given by Gerome Helmont, the boy violinist. They pronounce him a wonderful violinist and they enjoyed the concert immensely.

Dr. A. J. Frost of Los Angeles will lecture to the pupils of the High school on Friday evening, February 10, at the Opera-house at 8 o'clock, taking for his subject, "The Wonders of the Yosemite Valley." The public is cordially invited to attend.

Omar Stough of Mt. Pleasant, Iowa, an uncle of our fellow-townsman Hank Stough, arrived in town one day last week on a brief visit to his relatives. He left on Monday morning for Los Angeles, and after visiting in various sections of California will return to his home in the East.

Newman Essick and wife and baby came down from Los Angeles on Saturday, Mr. Essick having come to be in attendance at the annual water meeting. He is now paying teller in the Southern California Savings Bank, having been recently promoted to that responsible position. During their stay they were the guests of Mr. and Mrs. Rust.

C. G. McKinley drives over to Orange each morning to superintend the shipment of oranges by the county exchange, having head-quarters at that point. Twenty-four cars of association fruit have been shipped from Anaheim, and as many more from Orange. The local association will send out some fifty carloads. The fruit is bright and clean and is fetching a good price in the Eastern markets.

Mr. and Mrs. A. M. Jones (*nee* Langenberger) returned on Saturday from their honeymoon trip to San Francisco, and were guests for a day or two with Mrs. Langenberger, the bride's mother. On Monday they departed for Los Angeles, where they will reside.

A. H. Cargill has been a sufferer with rheumatism since his return from New York, but was sufficiently recovered to be able to be in town on Monday. Mr. Cargill was in New York at the time of the Sharkey-McCoy argument, but did not take sufficient interest in the contest to attend the exhibition.

L. Phipps was in town yesterday from Los Angeles. He informs us Scott & Hardison have struck a fine oil well on the Olinda ranch at a depth of between 600 and 700 feet, and are now at work upon a second. Mr. Phipps pronounces the completed well the best on the hill, the oil being of a superior quality.

Mr. and Mrs. W. J. Smith of Fullerton were tendered a social party by a number of their friends from Buena Park on Friday evening. The young folks took that occasion to pay Mr. and Mrs. Smith a wedding call, and the evening was made very enjoyable by musical selections and social conversation. Refreshments were served and at a late hour the guests departed for their homes.

Mrs. Hermine Staheli who lives with her husband, Dr. Staheli, at Katella, has reproduced a life-size crayon portrait of Napoleon Bonaparte for N. Hart of this city, which has attracted no little attention at that gentleman's establishment during the week, and drawn to her many flattering encomiums of her ability as an artist. The picture is life-like and real, and by many is held to be in superior finish to the original. Dr. Staheli's brother is postmaster of Zurich, Switzerland.

E. G. Huntington, the windmill man, was over from Santa Ana on Monday and informed us he had put up seven windmills during January. He has recently erected a mill for Mr. Phelps, on his place between Anaheim and Fullerton, and has contracts to erect one for John Hanna at Miraflores, and others for John Eyraud and Mr. Koesert in this city. The recent wind, which blew windmills down all over the valley, was right in Mr. Huntington's hand, and whenever it blows, he gets ready for a boom in business.

Bobby Mills drove home from Santa Ana on Friday afternoon shortly before 4 o'clock, driving his fiery untamed team of broncos hitched to a farm wagon. He drove up to the gate leading into the yard in rear of Deacon Crowninshield's store on Center street, just west of Lewis' barn, and alighted to open the gate. When the horses started through the open gateway a moment later the rattle of the wagon upon the cement sidewalk frightened them and they started lickety-split for the other side of the corral, going at the rate of a mile a minute. Bystanders ran across the street expecting to witness a smashup when the horses reached the shed at the other end of the yard, but the demolition was not so warm after all. The horses plunged into the shed, the pole thrusting itself through a partition in the stalls, knocking off a number of the boards, breaking the neckyoke and mixing the horses, harness and shed in an almost inextricable mess. The kicking horses were soon liberated, the wagon was backed out of the shed and Bobby remarked that it was the second time the horses had run away since last seeding time.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER
ABSOLUTELY PURE
Makes the food more delicious and wholesome
ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., NEW YORK.

New York State
SWEET CIDER
AT
DICKEL'S

EASTON ELDRIDGE & CO. REAL ESTATE AGENTS GENERAL AUCTIONEERS

Under Owner's instructions we are offering for Sale the famous

OLINDA RANCH

In Orange County, 7 Miles East of Anaheim.

5000 Acres

Of choice Citrus, Deciduous, Olive, Alfalfa and Grain Lands, in subdivisions to suit purchasers. Over 500 acres under water ditch. Finest Alfalfa Land in the State. 10 year old Olive trees in full bearing. Navel oranges producing two boxes to the tree.

This is your opportunity. Secure a paying property on the most

LIBERAL TERMS;

Only ¼ Cash, balance in easy payments.

Call on us, we will show you the property and give you prices that will please you.

Easton, Eldridge & Co.,
MANAGERS,
121 South Broadway - - - - - - Los Angeles.

SUBSCRIPTIONS
—FOR ALL—
Newspapers and Magazines
RECEIVED BY
JOSEPH HELMSEN.

I supply any periodical published in any country or in any language.

PIANOS.

PIANOS—At prices and terms that defy competition.
WHY—For many reasons. We are the representatives of the factories direct. We buy outright from the Eastern factories in carload lots, which together with our low rents, enables us to undersell our competitors from fifty to one hundred dollars on every piano. We mean just what we say, and we prove that such is the case by making
THIS OFFER—We will sell first-class pianos guaranteed for five years, sold by dealers in Los Angeles at $300 and $350, for ONLY $250 on the installment plan of
SIX DOLLARS per month until paid for.
REMEMBER, Six Dollars per month pays for a first-class instrument, at the very low price above quoted.
PATRONIZE a reputable home concern that you can depend upon.
VISIT our sheet-music department; look at our guitars, violins, mandolins, banjos, etc., etc.
CALL and see us, or drop us a line and we will call and see you.
PYNE MUSIC COMPANY.
Corner Fifth and Main Sts. - - - SANTA ANA, CAL

Washington and Thomson's
Improved Navels
A SPECIALTY
NURSERY ... STOCK!
Choice
CITRUS TREES IN GREAT VARIETY
THEO. STALEY,
..... Agent, ...
Placentia, Cal.

MISSIONS OF CALIFORNIA.

Some Noteworthy Examples of Architecture.

The Site Chosen was Usually upon a Commanding Point in a Valley a few Miles Inland from the Sea, Where Water was at Hand to Irrigate Their Gardens and Orchards, and Where the Surrounding Country was in View to Guard Against Surprise by Indians.

The founding and developing of the missions of California constitutes an episode unique in history. The story has been often related, but a brief account cannot be omitted in a sketch of Southern California. To understand the zeal of these men and the wonders which they performed, it is necessary to realize their point of view on the great questions of life, and this in an age of skepticism, is not easy. It is hard for us to understand that the mainspring of men's action could have been a belief, bitterly realistic, that the souls of all human beings not baptized into the Catholic church were certain to suffer the eternal torments of hell punishment. To men of gentle and refined natures, the pity aroused by this belief stimulated them to almost superhuman effort, and enabled them to consecrate their lives to endless toil and pain in behalf of the savages thus doomed by divine mandate.

It was this conviction which enabled Father Junipero Serra, an old man with a painful sore of years' persistence upon his leg, to walk with trembling steps from San Diego to Monterey, and weep because he could do so little for his people. To illustrate the torments of hell he would, during his sermons, pound his breast with a stone until the blood would stream from the wounds. To his dying day he would relate, with tears in his eyes, the incident of the first Indian baby he attempted to baptize. The mother had consented to the ceremony and stood before him with her child. Suddenly, just as he was about to sprinkle water in the baby's face, she turned and fled, panic-stricken. He always felt that some unworthiness of his was responsible for the loss of this infant's soul.

When the news of the founding of the Monterey Mission reached Mexico and Spain, the people were filled with joy and a festival was held in honor of the event, although all that had been accomplished was the erection of a rude hut of thatch, with a cross beside it and the mission bell suspended in a tree. But it meant to them the salvation of countless Indian souls during the years to come, and a new land brought under the dominion of the King of Spain.

Such was the temper and zeal of the people who accomplished these wonders in the wilderness, remarkable alike for their original singleness of purpose and lofty aim, and for the utter lack of result from their labor upon the ultimate destiny of the land in which they toiled. But their labors, although not productive of permanent result in the historical sequence of events, cannot fail to be significant in example and inspiration; for, however narrow and bigoted their view of life may have been, the unselfish devotion and purity of purpose, coupled with great personal suffering and sorrow, is a lesson which will ever be fraught with meaning as long as men suffer and yearn for better things.

Father Serra and his three fellow-toilers in the work of establishing the missions, were life-long friends, and had been associated from youth in the order of Saint Francis. In middle life they were sent together to the college of San Fernando in the city of Mexico, and after much persuasion received permission from the home authorities to attempt the founding of a chain of missions in Alta California. The Jesuits of Lower California had just been replaced by Franciscans, and the time seemed ripe for an attempt at gaining a foothold to the north. The country was an unexplored wilderness, except that over a century before Vizcaino had discovered the bay of San Diego and Monterey, and had told of the hosts of savages living in the land.

Accordingly, in 1769, an expedition left Mexico for the unknown land, divided into two detachments, one going by land and driving stock for the mission establishments, and the other embarking at sea in two vessels, one of which was lost before reaching San Diego. The plan called for the establishment of a mission at San Diego, another at Monterey, and a third at a point to be chosen midway between the two. I would that I could dwell upon the trials and disappointments of the first few years in this strange land—of the perils of unfriendly Indians, the danger of starvation, the wanderings without map or guide in search of Monterey, but for all this the reader must be referred to more detailed narratives.

Then followed the labor of building churches and cloisters, with no materials at hand and with only the rudest of tools, with unskilled workmen and often surrounded by savages more or less hostile in their attitude. The site chosen was usually upon a commanding point in a valley a few miles inland from the sea, where water was at hand to irrigate their gardens and orchards, and where the surrounding country was in view to guard against surprise by the Indians. Timber for the missions had to be transported from the pine forests high up in the mountains, and at a distance of from thirty to sixty miles from the building sites. It is related that when a tree was felled and dressed in the mountains it was put upon the shoulders of a line of Indians and blessed by the padre in charge of the work. From this time it never touched the ground until it reached the mission site, being passed from one relay of Indians to another, and carried thus through a wilderness, with but the roughest of trails leading from place to place. Bricks were baked on the spot, as well as floor and roof tiles, while sun-dried bricks of adobe served for many of the walls. The churches, however, were built of stone quarried out of the neighboring hills and joined together with cement.

With such difficulties to overcome, it would not have been surprising had the resulting structures been uncouth and clumsy in effect, but, on the contrary, they form today, ruined as they are, some of the most noteworthy examples of architecture in America. It is the spirit of absolute sincerity, of immediate contact with nature, of loving interest in the work, which characterizes them. They are literally hewn out of the surrounding land by the pious zeal of their makers. There is a softness and harmony about the lines which shows the work of hands instead of machines, and the dull red tiles and soft terra cotta and buff walls of stone are beautifully harmonious in color. Even the whitewashed walls of plaster are effective with the long cool shadows of the arches upon them, showing between the green of the garden or orchard.

Most of the missions were erected around a large rectangular court or quadrangle, the rooms being surrounded by a corridor supported by massive arches and roofed with tiles. At one corner of the quadrangle stood the church, built with massive walls, five or more feet in thickness, and dimly lighted by square windows high up on the sides. The interior of these buildings is dark, gloomy and forbidding, but well calculated to inspire the worshipers with awe. The interior decorations, although barbaric in feeling, are often beautiful and soft in color.

Father Serra did not live to see the full realization of his hopes and plans, but the seed had been sown ere his death. Fifty years from the date of the establishment of the first mission, a chain of twenty-one establishments dotted the coast valleys, each within an easy day's journey of the next. There were on an average about a thousand Indians living permanently at each mission, and many thousands of cattle, horses and sheep roamed over the intervening country. These Indians were devout Catholics, conversing in the Spanish tongue, living under a strict ecclesiastical regime and carrying on faithfully the manifold occupations imposed upon them.

From the very inception of the mission movement, however, it was intended that the Indians should become self-sustaining, and, when finally converted and civilized, left to their own devices. With the growth of power and temporal possessions, the Franciscans became more worldly as a class. They did not wish to relinquish the authority won at cost of so great labor, and subsequent events proved that it would have been far better for the Indians had they been left in power. But the politicians of Mexico finally succeeded in passing the order of secularization which placed the missions in the hands of administrators to become the prey alike of politicians and the people. What the hand of man finally spared has since been at the mercy of the elements and many of the beautiful structures have become mere crumbling heaps of ruin.

The Landmarks Club, organized and carried on largely by the enthusiasm of Charles F. Lummis, has already done much toward preserving what is left of the mission. They have restored a large part of San Juan Capistrano, one of the most beautiful and extensive ruins in America, the work having been accomplished at surprisingly small cost under the careful direction of Father O'Keefe, and they have recently undertaken similar labor upon San Fernando. Lack of sufficient funds alone prevents them from protecting what is left of all the other missions, and it is to be hoped that this deficiency will be supplied ere long.

San Luis Rey has been restored in part by the Franciscans under the direction of Father O'Keefe, and it is now used as a school for the education of priests who are to serve in Mexico, the government of our neighboring republic not tolerating such schools in its midst. When I first visited this mission the priests were holding an afternoon service. I stepped inside from the warm, sunny day into the chill, vault-like church, and in the dimly lighted place saw one Mexican woman with her black shawl drawn over her head, kneeling upon a mat before the altar, her little child beside her. They were the only worshipers in view. But the voices of the priests in monotonous refrain reverberated through the empty chamber. I seemed transported into another land and another century, and a feeling of awe and wonder took possession of me. It seemed unreal, uncanny, and I could almost fancy the kneeling mother and child were but ghosts, and the droning chant of the priests the voices of spirits.

Pala, twenty miles inland from San Luis Rey, is another fascinating spot. The little church never attained the dignity of becoming a fully developed mission, but today, as in the olden times, it is the place of worship for all the Indians in the country for miles around. Its quaint little belfry, overlooking the cemetery, is a unique feature, and the decorations in the church are singularly primitive in character, with saints carved and dressed by the Indians, and colored decorations of the crudest character upon the walls. Pala is most beautifully situated at the foot of the Palomares Mountains, in a fertile valley where the San Luis Rey river winds through a tangle of verdure. Between the mission and the Palma and Rincon Indian agencies is as lovely a country as any I encountered about the missions, and I was not a little surprised to find an excellent country inn at Pala, so removed from the centers of civilization.

The power of the missions is gone, the people to whom they ministered are largely gone and scattered, and the buildings are rapidly crumbling into dust, but about them still clings an atmosphere of romance and poetry, a melancholy peace which is sad, yet beautiful and fascinating. They hold the poet and painter in their spell, but for the pleasure-seeker there are brighter scenes and happier hours awaiting in the modern centers of life, where the past is forgotten and where the days are too short to crowd in all the diversions which are at hand. Coronado and Pasadena, Catalina and Mount Lowe—on every hand are sightseers and pleasure-seekers, and the old life is but dimly remembered by the new.

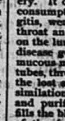
—Charles A. Keeler, in "Southern California."



LAUNCHING THE LIFE-BOAT.

There are greater dangers than those of the angry sea. That dread disease—consumption, kills more men and women in a generation than the sea has swallowed up since the earliest history of navigation.

There is a sure and safe life-boat ever ready to be launched for men and women who suffer from this merciless destroyer. It is Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery. It cures 98 per cent. of all cases of consumption, bronchitis, asthma, laryngitis, weak lungs, spitting of blood and throat and lung trouble. It acts directly on the lungs, driving out all impurities and disease germs. It soothes and heals the mucous membranes of the lungs, bronchial tubes, throat and nasal cavities. It restores the lost appetite, makes digestion and assimilation perfect, invigorates the liver, and purifies and enriches the blood. It fills the blood with the life-giving elements of the food that build new and healthy tissues. It tears down, carries off and excretes the diseased and half dead tissues upon which the germs of consumption thrive. It checks the cough and facilitates expectoration until the lungs are thoroughly cleared. It is the great blood-maker and flesh-builder. Unlike cod liver oil, it does not build flabby flesh, but the firm, muscular tissues of health. It does not make corpulent people more corpulent. Thousands have testified to their cure under this great medicine after they were given up by the doctors, and all hope was gone. An honest dealer will not suggest some inferior substitute for the sake of a little extra selfish profit.



A man or woman who neglects constipation suffers from slow poisoning. Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets cure constipation. One little "Pellet" is a gentle laxative, and two a mild cathartic. All medicine dealers sell them. No other pills are "just as good."

The marriage of C. Waring Leffingwell, Jr., of Fullerton and Miss Virginia Preston Rowland, eldest daughter of Dr. and Mrs. Frances F. Rowland of Pasadena, was solemnized on Wednesday evening of last week at All Saints' Episcopal church at Pasadena. The wedding was one of the most brilliant functions which has occurred in that city for several years. The groom is the son of Dr. C. Waring Leffingwell, the well-known Episcopalian divine of Knoxville, Ill., who is also the editor of The Living Church. The bride is one of the youngest of Pasadena's society girls, who by her charming personality and simple, unaffected manner has attracted to herself a large circle of warm friends. The ceremony was performed at 8 o'clock by Rev. William McCormack, in the presence of a large number of invited guests. The church was beautifully decorated with smilax, festoons of brides roses and white carnations, supplemented by masses of tropical plants and foliage. The bride entered the church leaning on the arm of her father, and was met at the altar by the groom and his best man, A. M. Lindsay. She wore a beautiful gown of white bengaline, en train, the high bodice being handsomely trimmed with Duchesse lace. The light folds of her tulle veil were fastened with a spray of orange blossoms, and she carried a bouquet of lilies of the valley. After the ceremony Mr. and Mrs. Leffingwell departed on their wedding journey, and will make their home in Fullerton, where Mr. Leffingwell has a handsome home. Mr. and Mrs. Leffingwell were the recipients of an unusually large number of beautiful wedding gifts.

Musings of the Band Stand.

You know me. I am the band stand. To be sure I have not been here very long. But I am here now, and that is enough for present purposes. I fancy I am a little of an ornament to the place. May be useful, too. You may think that I look rather green. Well, I admit it, but remember that shows that I am more hopeful. More promising than some of you that are so speckled, or faded out, or splotched, that it is hard to tell what your color is. Now, you can see my color. It is green.

Would you like to hear some of my music? No, I did not say *meu*. I do not belong to the felines, although I may sometimes get among the feelings.

I think I am pretty well located here. I have close at hand Jew and Gentile, commerce and finance, law and medicine, fraternities and literature, besides the show bills. Then there are the men who want to sell the earth, to say nothing of the people who live on it.

There is quite a variety of people about here, and they are not all silent. Sometimes they talk about themselves, and their own affairs, and sometimes they talk about other people and their affairs and doings, and if you could only hear what they say, there might be some hard feelings produced, to say nothing of hard words uttered. When they talk I sometimes do a little musing. You may be inclined to call me soulless. Please, don't. I admit that I am soleless, still I manage to stand, and I expect to keep on standing.

I don't profess to be a painter, and that is a good thing, because I am under no temptation to try to paint the likenesses of some of the prominent citizens that pass this way. Then if I had to paint the men themselves—not their likenesses. Why, I might not use so becoming a color as somebody used when they painted me. Pardon the seeming variety about my greenness. Did you say you admired verdancy? Oh, thank you. Yes, I saw that man come stepping across the street, as important as though the government of everything about rested on his shoulders. He was met by another equally important citizen going at about the same gait. Both come to a sudden standstill, and the words "Senatorial deadlock" shot out from somewhere between them. Rubbing his rather warm brow, one of said citizens asked his neighbor, "Now, don't you think that we might very fairly look at something nearer home than the unseemly wrangle at Sacramento? Look at our county seat. Very lately we had a Grand Jury in session here. Its members did some good honest work. They made some plain, manly statements. They stated some things that are well-known facts. They made some wise recommendations. Now here is another body of men who were elected by popular vote. These men say of some of the others' work, It is not so. Both bodies of men claim to be honest, and to possess common sense. Yet they say opposite things. Which of these two bodies of men is right? Both or neither? Both cannot be right. Is the matter to be decided? and if so by whom? If a legally constituted court is not called on to decide it, who will do it?

The talk of these citizens set me a musing. Maybe there is a screw loose somewhere. It does seem as if we in this country ought to be well governed. We want to be so. We pay so good a price to be well governed, that numbers of men go about the country begging for office. They will often promise anything to anybody who will vote for them; and when they have got the place they want, in many cases, instead of making their chief care the right performance of the duties of the office, their chief work is laying wires to secure re-election. One of the great blights in our public life today is the large and ever-increasing number of candidates for a place at the public pie counter. Men who cannot properly manage their own affairs, can run the public affairs to perfection, so they say; and in consequence of great carelessness in putting such men into office and power, we suffer from so many official blunders, not to use a stronger word.

One thing is certain—no man can serve two masters, even though one may be a band and the other a county. And it is not just the kind and time of report that he makes, but the actual service that he gives that we want to be clean about. So muses the

BAND STAND.

Anaheim, Jan. 28, 1898.

How to Prevent Pneumonia.

You are perhaps aware that pneumonia always results from a cold or from an attack of la grippe. During the epidemic of la grippe a few years ago when so many cases resulted in pneumonia, it was observed that the attack was never followed by that disease when Chamberlain's Cough Remedy was used. It counteracts any tendency of a cold or la grippe to result in that dangerous disease. It is the best remedy in the world for a bad cold and la grippe. Every bottle warranted. For sale by P. A. Dorge. j

Strong, steady nerves
Are needed for success
Everywhere. Nerves
Depend simply, solely,
Upon the blood.
Pure, rich, nourishing
Blood feeds the nerves
And makes them strong.
The great nerve tonic is
Hood's Sarsaparilla,
Because it makes
The blood rich and
Pure, giving it power
To feed the nerves.
Hood's Sarsaparilla
Cures nervousness,
Dyspepsia, rheumatism,
Catarrh, scrofula,
And all forms of
Impure blood.

Heroes of the War with Spain



thousands of them, are suffering from lingering diseases induced by life in poisonous southern camps, the result of changes of climate, or of imperfect nutrition caused by improper and badly cooked food. Sleeping on the ground has doubtless developed rheumatism in hundreds who were predisposed to the disease. In such cases the Boys of '98 may take a lesson from the experience of the

Heroes of the Civil War.

Hundreds of the Boys of '63 have testified to the efficacy of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People in driving out malaria, rheumatism and other diseases contracted during their days of hardship and privation in the army. These pills are the best tonic in the world.

Asa Robinson, of Mt. Sterling, Ill., is a veteran of the Civil war, having served in the 83rd Pennsylvania Volunteers. He went to the war a vigorous farmer's boy and came back broken in health, a victim of sciatic rheumatism. Most of the time he was unfitted for manual labor of any kind and his sufferings were at times intense. He says: "Nothing seemed to give me permanent relief until three years ago, when my attention was called to some of the wonderful cures effected by Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People. I had not taken more than half a box when I noticed an improvement in my condition, and I keep on improving steadily. To them I owe my restoration to health. They are a grand remedy."—*Mt. Sterling Democrat-Message.*

At all druggists, or sent postpaid, on receipt of price, 50 cts. per box, by the Dr. Williams Medicine Co., Box V, Schenectady, N.Y.

KEEP WARM
BY USING A
BARLER'S IDEAL
We have them
WM. BOYD & SON.

Anaheim Bakery,
PETER SYRE, PROPRIETOR.
FRESH BREAD, CAKES & PIES
CONFECTIONERY, ETC.
Wedding Cakes a Specialty. Los Angeles and Cypress Sts.

R. H. SEALE
—DEALER IN—
Groceries and Provisions!
First-Class Stock of Goods!
My Prices Defy Competition.
A share of the public patronage is respectfully solicited.
Koll Building, Los Angeles St., - R. H SEALE, Proprietor.

CITY MEAT MARKET.
—KEEPS ON HAND ALL KINDS OF—
FRESH AND SALTED MEATS,
Fresh and Smoked Sausages,
Hams & Bacon, and the Purest Lard of Our Own Rendering
Highest Market price Paid for Fat Stock.
PLEASE GIVE ME A CALL.
VEIT BENTZ.

Moline Orchard Cultivator
Vertical Lift Horizontal Gang.
WM. F. LUTZ CO.
..... SOLE AGENTS .....
Anaheim and Santa Ana.
J. W. WHANN, MANAGER.

Orphans.

ANAHEIM, Cal., Jan. 11, 1898.

The following are the orphans admitted into St. Catherine's Orphanage, Anaheim, since the last publication:

Whole Orphans—Castillion, Joseph, aged 9 years.

Half Orphans—Ruis, Emilio, aged 6 years 7 months; Moss, Carl Henry, aged 13 years; Moss, Walter Price, aged 12 years; Czarske, Daniel Frederick, aged 9 years; Mejia Nicolas, aged 7 years; Hupe, Louie, aged 11 years 3 months; Finnigan, Edward, aged 6 years; Finnigan, John, aged 1 year 4 months.

jan12-4t MOTHER SALESIA, Directress.

CASTORIA
For Infants and Children.
The Kind You Have Always Bought
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.

Money to Loan.

In sums to suit. Apply to H. W. Chynoweth, Secretary Building and Loan Association, Anaheim Cal. f10-t

Money to Loan

From $5,000 to $10,000 in sums to suit, on real estate or approved security. Apply to Richard Melrose. dec-23d

Fresh Oysters.

Fresh oysters in bulk on can, or served, at Olympic Billiard Parlor; also keep on hand Peat Land celery. Large stock of choice confectionery just arrived. Also Fresh Dates. dec8t

NEWS AND OPINIONS
....OF....
National Importance
THE SUN
Alone
Contains Both.

Daily, by mail.....$6 a year
Daily and Sunday, by mail.....$8 a year
The Sunday Sun
Is the greatest Sunday newspaper in the world.
Price, 5c a copy. By mail, $2 a year.
Address, THE SUN, New York.

H. A. STOUGH.
GENERAL
BLACKSMITHING!
All work done in first-class manner, and at prices as low as the lowest.
Horse-Shoeing
Neatly and Promptly Done. — Shop in Har Block, Center St., Anaheim.

TREE FULL OF SLEEPING COONS.

A Lucky Find by Frank Brown When Fresh Meat was Getting Scarce in Camp.

DEDHAM, Me., Jan. 9.—Since the wardens began to enforce the game laws prohibiting the shooting of deer after Dec. 31, fresh meat has been a rarity in Frank Brown's lumber camp on the shores of Big Pond. This week, however, Brown has struck a streak of good luck which promises to keep his crew in fresh and tender raccoon meat for a month to come. Good, plump raccoons have always been hard to kill. The autumn hunters, who go out by moonlight and skulk about cornfields and orchards where sweet corn and sweet apples abound, never capture coons of any size, seldom getting anything larger than yearlings, with an occasional tough and toothless old settler that had grown desperate from hunger. As soon as the dogs were put on the trail of a fat coon the wily animal led them through the woods to some boggy marshlands that were inundated, and swimming out for half a mile or so among the ooze and lily pads, climbed the stub of some old pine that had been drowned out by the water, and hid itself away in the hollow cavity at the heart of the tree. As the water could not hold the scent for the dogs to follow, the coon coiled up and went to sleep until the barking subsided, when it stole out after nightfall to visit new fields.

Every year dry wood grows more scarce in the Maine forests, the hunters and woodsmen using it up for kindling faster than it is produced from natural causes. Two days ago as Brown was cruising in the woods in quest of dry fuel, he saw a giant pine stub on a knoll in the middle of an icy marsh and cut it down, intending to load it on his sled and carry it to camp. As Brown was splitting the butt cuts so he could load them on his sled, his axe broke through the shell and entered something that felt like clay or putty, and on removing the axe he saw the blade was smeared with fresh blood. Thinking he had found a bear he proceeded cautiously, using wooden wedges instead of his axe, and when the trunk fell apart he looked in the cavity and saw eight fat coons housed away for the winter. The cut above contained two more coons, while the stump held a fifty-pounder, the biggest one of the lot.

He secured two cords of nice, dry wood and more than 200 pounds of fat coon meat from the tree, since which time he has neglected the wood chopping and turned coon hunter. He walks through the woods a few days after a damp snowstorm, and if he sees thawed spots along the trunk of a hollow tree, he knows that they are the telltale signs which indicate that an animal is inside, and has melted the snow with its breath. Then he cuts down the tree and pulls out the sleeping raccoon.

STATE OF OHIO, CITY OF TOLEDO, } ss.
LUCAS COUNTY.

Frank J. Cheney makes oath that he is the senior partner of the firm of F. J. Cheney & Co., doing business in the city of Toledo, county and State aforesaid, and that said firm will pay the sum of one hundred dollars for each and every case of catarrh that cannot be cured by the use of Hall's Catarrh Cure. FRANK J. CHENEY.

Sworn to before me and subscribed in my presence, this 6th day of December, A. D. 1886.

SEAL. A. W. GLEASON, Notary Public.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally and acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Send for testimonials, free.

F. J. CHENEY & Co., Toledo, O.
Sold by druggists, 75 cents.

LARGEST EXPORTS EVER RECORDED.

Importations Into the United States from all Parts of the Globe Extremely Light.

The import record of the calendar year 1898 is as remarkable as that relating to its exports, but for opposite reasons. The total imports of the year are less than those of any calendar year in more than a decade, while the exports of the year are the largest on record.

The imports fall more than $100,000,000 below those of 1897, and nearly $50,000,000 below those of the years of great depression, 1896 and 1894, on which occasions the imports were phenomenally light.

That the importations in the early part of the year 1898 should have been light was not surprising because of the heavy imports in certain lines prior to the enactment of the tariff law of 1897; but that they should continue light during the entire year in the face of the large home demand which prosperous business conditions would naturally create has proved surprising to those following closely the commercial developments of the year.

The importation of a full year's supply of wool, sugar and other articles of that class just prior to the enactment of the Dingley law naturally had a marked effect in reducing the imports in the closing months of the calendar year 1897; but that the imports of the closing months of 1898 should remain as low as those of 1897 is a matter of very considerable surprise. The November imports in 1898 are no greater than those of November, 1897, and the eleven months of 1898, when compared with the corresponding months of 1897 or 1896, show a remarkable reduction in certain classes of imports.

To the Public.

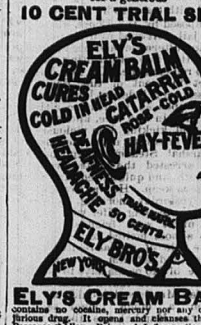
We are authorized to guarantee every bottle of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy and if not satisfactory to refund the money to the purchaser. There is no better medicine made for la grippe, colds and whooping cough. Price, 25 and 50 cents per bottle. Try it. For sale by P. A. Dorge. j

Best Drill for Sale.

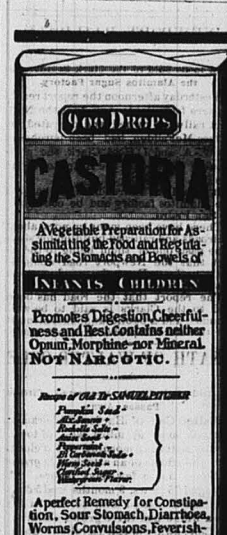
First-class best drill for sale; can be seen at Nick Hugo's blacksmith shop. jan19-2m*

No deception practiced. No $100 Reward.

ASK YOUR DRUGGIST for a generous
10 CENT TRIAL SIZE.



ELY'S CREAM BALM
contains no cocaine, mercury nor any other injurious drug. It opens and cleanses the Nasal Passages, Allays Pain and Inflammation. Heals and Protects the Membrane. Restores the Senses of Taste and Smell. Is quickly absorbed. Gives Relief at once. 50 cts. at Druggists or by mail; Trial Size 10 cts. at Druggists or by mail.
ELY BROTHERS, 56 Warren Street, New York.



CASTORIA
For Infants and Children.
The Kind You Have Always Bought
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.
The Kind You Have Always Bought.
CASTORIA
THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.

Pacific Coast Steamship Co.



The Company's elegant Steamers SANTA ROSA and CORONA leave Redondo at 11 a. m. and Port Los Angeles at 2:30 p. m. for San Francisco via Santa Barbara and Port Harford Jan. 2, 6, 10, 14, 18, 22, 26, 30, Feb. 3, 7, 11, 15, 19, 23, 27, Mar. 3, and every fourth day thereafter.

Leave Port Los Angeles at 6 a. m., and Redondo at 11 a. m. for San Diego, Jan. 4, 8, 12, 16, 20, 24, 28, Feb. 1, 5, 9, 13, 17, 21, 25, Mar. 1, and every fourth day thereafter.

Cars connect via Redondo leave Santa Fe depot at 9:55 a. m., or from Redondo Ry. depot at 9:30 a.m.

Cars connect via Port Los Angeles leave S. P. R. R. depot at 1:35 p. m. for steamers north bound.

The steamers ORIZABA and COOS BAY leave San Pedro and East San Pedro for San Francisco via Ventura, Carpenteria, Santa Barbara, Gaviota, Port Harford, Cayucos, San Simeon, Monterey and Santa Cruz, at 6:30 p. m., Jan. 3, 7, 11, 15, 19, 23, 27, 31, Feb. 4, 8, 12, 16, 20, 24, 28, Mar. 4, and every fourth day thereafter.

Cars connect with steamers via San Pedro leave S. P. R. R. (Arcade depot) at 5:03 p.m. and Terminal Ry. depot at 5:25 p. m.

For further information obtain folder.

The company reserves right to change, without previous notice, steamers, sailing dates and hours of sailing.

W. PARRIS, Agt., 134 W. Second St., Los Angeles. GOODALL, PERKINS & Co., Gen. Agts., S. F.

Southern Pacific Company.

The political campaign is now over, and a great many of our people are not satisfied with results, but it is pleasant to know that the Southern Pacific Company offers to the public a choice of three routes to the East, and it does not matter which route is selected, there will be no dissatisfaction on the part of their patrons.

The Sunset Route offers unexcelled advantages for winter travel, and an unequalled train service, scheduled as follows from Los Angeles: Sunset Limited, season Nov. 30, 1898, to April, 1899, leave Los Angeles eastward, 3 p. m. Wednesdays and Sundays; arrive Los Angeles, westward, 9 p. m. Wednesdays and Saturdays; between San Francisco and New Orleans.

This is the most magnificent train in America, vestibuled throughout, illuminated with Pintsch gas and heated by steam. Every train is made up as follows: One composite car, containing bath-room, barber-shop, cafe, library and smoker; one compartment car with lavatory in each compartment, and parlor for the special use of ladies, and a ladies' maid in attendance; as many double drawing-room, tension sleepers as may be necessary, with toilet annexes, one dining-car, meals served a la carte.

Pacific Coast Limited, season 1898-99, between Los Angeles and Chicago, via. El Paso, Fort Worth, Hot Springs, Ark., and St. Louis, per following schedule:

Leave Los Angeles, eastward, 2 p. m. Tuesdays and Fridays; arrive Los Angeles, westward, 4 p. m. Tuesdays and Fridays. The above trains are strictly first-class.

1898—SUNSET EXCURSIONS—1898

Through Tourist Sleepers from Los Angeles:

To Washington, D. C., via New Orleans, 8:15 a.m. Sundays and Thursdays.

To Chicago, Ill., via New Orleans, 8:15a. m. Tuesdays.

To Cincinnatti, Ohio, via New Orleans, 8:15 a.m. Fridays.

GOLDEN ROUTE EXCURSIONS.

To St. Paul, via Sioux City, 12:30 pm Thursdays. To Chicago, Mondays, Tuesdays, Wednesdays and Thursdays. Leave Los Angeles 12:30 pm.

SHASTA ROUTE EXCURSIONS.

To Portland, St. Paul and Minneapolis, Mondays, 10:30 pm.

First and second-class tickets for sale at Anaheim at Los Angeles rates, and baggage checked through to any point in the United States, Canada or Mexico.

Our local train service is unexcelled for comfort. Day coaches are equipped with the celebrated Reed's seats, luxuriously upholstered, and passengers for Los Angeles are landed right in the center of the business part of the city—at First street or Commercial street—within a block of the large wholesale houses.

For connection at Mojave for the famous gold mining camp of Randsburg is superb; good hotel at Mojave and elegant stage coaches through to the city of gold. Fare from Anaheim to Randsburg, $7 55.

Family commutation tickets for sale between Anaheim and Los Angeles, at very low rates, points at greatly reduced rates. Limit, six months. For further information, call at the Southern Pacific depot at Anaheim.

T. A. DARLING, Agent
G. W. LUCE, Asst. Gen Pass. Agt., Los Angeles, 229 South Spring St.

F. BACKS,
UNDERTAKER
And Dealer in
FURNITURE.
Wall Paper, Cornices, Window Shades, Picture Frames, Upholstery Goods, Paints, Oils and Glass
Sewing Machine Supplies, Etc
Cor. Los Angeles & Chartres Sts.

DR. GARRISON.
CANCER, TUMOR, GOITRE, PILE & RUPTURE SPECIALIST
Knife Not Used
123 South Main St., Los Angeles.
Rooms 16 and 17. aug4-6m

Owl Train.

The following is the schedule of the Owl, the new limited train on the S. P., between Los Angeles and San Francisco.

South Bound read down			North Bound read up
5.00 p. m.	Lv.	San Francisco	Ar 9.45 a.m
5.30 p. m.	"	Oakland, 16th St.	" 9.15 a.m
7.15 p. m.	"	Tracy	" 7.27 a.m
10.06 p. m.	Ar.	Fresno	" 4.33 a.m
12.45 a. m.	"	Bakersfield	" 1.48 a.m
6.32 a. m.	"	Saugus	Lv. 8.15 p.m
7.45 a. m.	"	Los Angeles	" 7.00 p.m

ALL
Woolens, Blankets,
Laces and Fancy Articles
Washed With
"OUR OWN MAKE"
WOOL SOAP.
Entirely by Hand!
A SPECIALTY OF WASHING AND PRESSING MEN'S SUITS.
.....Entire Satisfaction Guaranteed.....
Wagon calls for and delivers free to any part of town on Mondays and Fridays.
Santa Ana Steam Laundry,
McCullom's Bicycle Agency,
Agent, Anaheim.

F. CRIST
Merchant Tailor
LATEST STOCK OF
Fall and Winter
SUITS, $18 UP. PANTS, $5 UP.
Goods of latest Styles. Call and see my stock.
Center St. - Near Operahouse

GRAY BROTHERS & WARD
Cement Contractors
Shillinger Patent.
Contracts for RESERVOIRS, IRRIGATION DITCHES, Cellar and Stable Floors, Sidewalks Etc.
OFFICES—No. 125 N. Broadway, Los Angeles Cal. Telephone—296.
No. 316 Montgomery St., San Francisco, Cal.

FRED. PRESSEL
Blacksmithing
.....AND.....
Wagon-Making.
Horse-Shoeing a Specialty.
Shop on Center Street, opposite Metropolitan Block.

T. J. F. BOEGE.
Wholesale and Retail Dealer in Choice
Wines, Liquors & Cigars
Keeps always on hand a complete stock of the Finest Wines and Liquors. By the Keg, Gallon or Bottle.
Orders by mail promptly attended to. Goods delivered free of charge.
OPPOSITE S. P. DEPOT.

FRITZ RUHMANN'S
Germania Halle.
BACKS' NEW BUILDING
LOS ANGELES STREET.
Keeps on hand a Large and complete stock of liquors, wines and cigars. Cold beer always on draught

City Stables,
L. F. Lewis, Proprietor.
Center St, opp. Kroeger Block
Single and Double Teams

Roman Wisser
Favorite Saloon.
Finest of Wines, Liquors & Cigars
Pool & Billiard Tables
Schindler's Building, Center St., Anaheim.
LOS ANGELES BEER ON DRAUGHT.

D. Lieb's Saloon.
Dominick Lieb, Proprietor.
BEST BRANDS OF ALL KINDS OF
Wines, Liquors & Cigars!
KEPT ON HAND.
BEER ON TAP!
Kroeger's Block, - Anaheim.