

The Weekly Gazette.

ISSUED EVERY THURSDAY.

HENRY KUCHEL, Editor and Proprietor

THURSDAY, APRIL 3, 1902

As we write, on Wednesday afternoon, no information has yet come of the action of the Supervisors in the application, inspired by a recently deposed principal of the West school, for the dismemberment of this school district. But all men are not insane yet, and we confidently await the reception of advice, in time for publication in this issue, that the thing has been set on, good and plenty. Yet it is astonishing the scheme progressed to the extent of putting the taxpayers of the district to the trouble and expense of contesting it before the properly constituted tribunal. We doubt if the purpose of the law admits by even the widest latitude such interpretation of its letter or its spirit.

The petition praying for dismemberment contains the names of some twenty-six taxpayers of the district, the signatures of many of whom, we feel free to say, could only have been secured by downright misrepresentation. A number of these have since rescinded their endorsement of the scheme, and we believe the rest would do so speedily were they made acquainted with the facts and the law governing the case.

What would be the result if this plan to divide the school district should succeed? As we understand the matter, the schoolhouses at the West End and Katella would thereupon become the property of the parent district. They could be moved forthwith into town, or could be otherwise disposed of. This would make it necessary for the newly erected district to immediately issue bonds for the building of a schoolhouse. Nor would the taxpayers of the new district be absolved from paying their pro rata of the outstanding school bonds. Should division come, the advantages would be all upon the side of the parent district; the disadvantages all with the seceders. Were these truths imparted to the people before the petition asking a division of the district? Or were signatures secured, as reported, by resort to the base uses of deception?

Against this petition another has been filed protesting against division, and signed by upwards of 100 taxpayers and patrons of the school. We have no doubt the number could be doubled—trebled—if such were thought necessary or advisable. But it is not.

There is a moral side to this question which transcends its physical features. A number of years ago, when the old Fairview district found itself unable financially to provide accommodations for its increasing number of school children, it laid the matter before this district, asked to be included in the district, and that bonds be issued for the erection of a new schoolhouse. The generous impulses of the Mother Colony never yet turned against one of her pretty suburbs. Seeing the plight of her children, many of whom were struggling with adversity, she folded them into her warm embrace and provided for them that which they had confided in her they could not themselves procure.

When the time, if ever, shall come when the welfare of these people shall demand that they be taken from her, she will say to them, we doubt not, like the mother hiding adieu to the soon-to-be-absent one, "Go in peace!" Sorrowfully, it is true, for she loves them with a mother's fond and enduring love.

But such time scarce prevails today, nor can it be forced upon the district by a rattle-headed little schoolteacher, dismissed for cause.

M. S. Davis of El Modena has been in this part of the county announcing his candidacy for the Republican nomination for county school superintendent. Mr. Davis is the man who electrified the last nominating convention by sweeping it almost clean of opposition during a personal canvass of only a week before the assembling of the delegates. He missed the nomination by a few votes in a convention of 200 delegates. Whole precinct delegations balloted for him, having never had the honor of his personal acquaintance. Such a man, peculiarly fitted as he is in every way for the office, it would be a pleasure to support. Were this section of the county otherwise situated than having two candidates for the same office, doubtless Mr. Davis would have no cause to regret submitting his name to it for endorsement at the polls.

The name of J. W. Duckworth, Postmaster of Losa, has been mentioned for County Clerk. Well, now, there are worse men than Duckworth, even if they are hard to find. We regard him as possessing in the highest degree the qualities of a successful business man and a close observer of things political, one entwining itself about the neck of the ivy green about the oak deep in the forest glade. That is what every man possessed of the ballot should strive to be—successful in business first, next a student of political economy. It would be a pleasure

to support Duckworth for any office the people of the county could prevail upon him to stand for.

JOHN P. GREELY, Superintendent of Public Instruction for the county of Orange, is an aspirant for the Republican nomination for State Superintendent of Public Instruction, and his name will be presented for that office to the Republican State convention. That his claims will be backed by a solid delegation from this county, goes without saying. And as soon as the Republicans in the neighboring counties—in San Bernardino, San Diego and other out-of-the-way places—have an end to their pre-election season of harmless, necessary hair-pulling, and permit the atmosphere to clarify, he purposes making an incursion into that territory, feeling of the public pulse, kissing babies and extending the glad hand in such an effectual manner that, we doubt not, when convention time arrives, his claims will have the cordial support of the combined delegations of the southern counties. That will give him the nomination, and his triumphant election follows as a matter of course. We can see him there now.

This is the first State office Orange county has ever asked for. It has gone steadily on rolling up majorities for the Republican party—for Presidents, Governors, Congressmen and all the rest—for a time whereof the memory of the oldest inhabitant runneth not to the contrary; and has gloried in her modest need of assistance to the victorious party of progress and prosperity and patriotism and enlightenment. At the last national election it contributed a Presidential elector to adorn the bouquet of politics.

San Bernardino has six candidates in process of incubation for State and Congressional honors, so we are told; San Diego has three candidates for Congress; Riverside has a glittering array of talent artfully waiting for a chance to hop into the band wagon. Whether all of these budding aspirants, or any of them, shall be rewarded with the places they seek, we are not advised. But the multiplicity of candidates elsewhere has not deterred Orange from modestly asking that to which it feels itself justly entitled.

Mr. Greeley was a successful instructor when, a number of years ago, his party favored him with nomination to the office which he has since held, to the honor of himself and the credit of the county. An able and experienced educator, he has made of his office one to be modeled after throughout the State; one to which favorable attention has been directed not only from this State but others as well throughout the Union. Politically he is a winner. He has never lost a fight from the time he made his first speech before a Republican convention in this county, having just emerged from the tall grass surrounding the country schoolhouse, with whips of straw protruding from among his auburn locks.

Orange county salutes the counties of the State, and presents for this important office the name of John P. Greeley.

Placentia.

H. H. Hale has moved into his new house.

C. C. Chapman's new house on the Tuffrey lot is nearing completion.

Walter Staley is quite sick with inflammation of the kidneys.

Wm. Berkenstock has moved the Kroeger house to its place.

W. M. McFadden is at Hemet and is reported to be improving.

C. Carlson has finished painting his house.

R. J. Laidlaw has moved into his house on his new ranch.

John Evans has quite recovered from his protracted illness. He is making many improvements around his home by grading, walks, etc.

C. Stone has returned from San Diego and has entered upon his duties as janitor. It is reported that the water will be in the ditches by the end of the week.

J. J. Hunter has graded the walks leading from the school house south to Crowther's corner, and east to Sam Kraemer's place.

School is on for a week's vacation. A kite party was given by Mrs. Geo. Key on Saturday. A good time is reported, with refreshments thrown in.

James Stafford has drawn the plans for the clubhouse to be erected on the southeast corner of Mrs. Tombs' ranch, facing the avenue, she giving a deed outright for the same, which is a very generous act on her part. It is proposed to form a stock company to raise the money to erect the same. The cost will be about \$3000. The ladies are the movers in the matter, and they will have a board of directors chosen from among them.

A. Pierotti visits Los Angeles today.

IRVINE DEAL IS CALLED OFF

Two Water Companies Cannot Come to Agreement, and Joint Canal Will Not Be Built.

The litigation committees of the two water companies held an executive session in this city on Thursday and agreed to disagree. The meeting was attended by Messrs. Irvine for the Santa Ana company, accompanied by Attorney Keach, and by Messrs. Sherwood, Crowther and Bradford for the local company, and Attorney Melrose. Engineer Kellogg was also present. The following report of the Santa Ana committee to its stockholders gives the reasons for the disagreement: LITIGATION COMMITTEE'S REPORT.

To the Board of Directors of the Santa Ana Valley Irrigation Company: Immediately after the adoption of the amendment to By-Law XXI, the joint committee took up the consideration of the united action of the two companies in purchasing Irvine's riparian rights in the river, enlarging the Cajon canal from a point opposite the intake to the division gate and extending said enlarged canal from a point opposite our intake to the division gate, and extending said enlarged canal up to the Narrows on the Ballistero tract.

By order of the committee, Messrs. Kellogg and Sherwood prepared the following estimate of the value of 144 feet of the upper end of the Cajon canal: Excavation, 41,000 yds. at 15 cents.....\$6,150 00 Structures, gates, chutes, etc., 2,000 ft. work on levees, 5,000 yards at 30 cents.....1,500 00 Cement work, Gray Bros., 2,000 feet.....3,337 20 Cement work, Gray Bros., 400 feet.....1,760 00 Add usual 10 per cent.....1,554 72 Total cost construction.....\$17,101 92 Right of way, 20 acres.....5,500 00

Total value canal.....\$22,601 92 Based upon this estimate the Board of Directors of the Anaheim Union Water company submitted the following offer in the form of a resolution adopted by said board:

Resolved, That it is the sense of this board that it make the following proposition to the S. A. V. I. Co.: That they pay us \$11,300 for one-half interest in the Cajon ditch up to our present intake, per centum by engineers, and \$2,500 for the loss that this company will sustain during the construction and enlarging of ditch from Homevale to Fullerton, 20,000 feet; and that we allow them \$2,000 for one-half interest in the Irvine purchase.

This proposition was rejected by our honorable body, and a conference of the two boards was held for the purpose of discussing the terms of the proposition were discussed. The engineers admitted that probably \$800 worth of the \$2,500 for gates, chutes, etc., would be useless in the new work. No satisfactory explanation was given for charging over \$250 per acre for the proposed ditch, the right of way, and no definite plan was made for the claim of \$2,500 for loss during the construction and enlarging.

An estimate of the value of the interests under consideration was then submitted to the Anaheim Union Water company by your honorable body, based on the facts drawn out in the discussion, as follows: Excavation, 41,000 yds. at 15 cents.....\$6,150 00 Structures, gates, chutes, etc., 2,000 ft. work on levees, 5,000 yards at 30 cents.....1,500 00 Cement work, Gray Bros., 2,000 feet.....3,337 20 Cement work, Gray Bros., 400 feet.....1,760 00 Add usual 10 per cent.....1,554 72 Total cost construction.....\$17,101 92 Right of way, 20 acres.....5,500 00

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REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS.

For Week Ending March 31, 1902.

George G. Guenther and Rebecca Elizabeth Guenther, his wife, to Paul B. Gatzke—13.92 acres 3 miles north of Orange; \$5000.

George G. Guenther and Rebecca Elizabeth Guenther, his wife, to Paul B. Gatzke—13.92 acres 3 miles north of Orange; \$5000.

Brookhurst Ranch company to Chas. H. Blair—46.75 acres in sections 6, 7, 4, 10; \$1000.

William S. Russell and Mary A. Russell, his wife, to E. L. Russell—5 acres in northeast corner of section 14-5-10; \$10.

West Coast Land and Water Co. to Abstract and Title Guaranty Co.—Lot 10, block 5, Pacific City; \$100.

Ehlen & Grote to C. H. Leat—East 54 feet of lot 6 and all of lots 18 and 19, block 5, Pacific City; \$100.

William B. Wilshire and Jennie E. Wilshire, his wife, to E. S. Gregory—Lot 5, block 5, Pacific City; \$100.

B. S. Kerns and Martha E. Kerns, his wife, to R. J. Webster—24 acres in section 22-5-10; \$1325.

R. J. Webster and L. L. Webster, his wife, to Jonathan Harmon—24 acres in section 22-5-10; \$1425.

Birdie M. Lee and Albert A. Lee, her husband, to E. S. Miller—4 acres in lot 2, Lotepack & Co. tract; \$850.

Edward R. Amerigo to Mrs. Susan A. Russell—Lots 24, 35 and 36 in block 29, townsite of Fullerton; \$225.

Emma E. Shackelford and Merritt J. Shackelford to Charles H. Thayer—Part of section 22-5-10; \$400.

Chas. Allgayer and Constance Allgayer to Wm. H. Spake—Southwest 1/4 of section 17-4-10; \$1740.

Frank Baum and Josephine T. Baum to Wm. H. Spake—East 3/4 of section 17-4-10; \$1820.

Richard N. Bird and Carrie A. Bird to Wm. H. Spake—NW 1/4 of section 17-4-10; \$1820.

E. S. Elston to Wm. H. Spake—SE 1/4 of section 17-4-10; \$1820.

Lillie M. Quigley, wife of M. A. Quigley—Part of lot C of the Van de Graaf tract; \$1000.

Lot 10, block 5, Pacific City; \$100.

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Announcement.

Having purchased the business formerly conducted by R. F. Zerman, I desire to inform my friends and the public generally, that I shall continue the business at the old stand, Los Angeles St., near Center, and keep on hand a full supply of:

Hay, Grain, Oils, Gasoline and Coal

AT THE LOWEST PRICES

A share of your patronage is solicited.

C. G. MCKINLEY

Grand Floral Pageant, Grotesque Parade of Elks, Fantastic Costume Parade, Horse Show, Equestrian Parade, Races by L. A. Driving Club, 8 Days Brilliant Illumination, Magnificent Decorations.

FOR CITY CLERK

I HEREBY ANNOUNCE MYSELF A CANDIDATE for the position of City Clerk for the City of Anaheim, subject to the decision of the voters at the election April 14, 1902.

EDWARD B. MERRITT

FOR CITY MARSHAL

I HEREBY ANNOUNCE MYSELF A CANDIDATE for the position of City Marshal for the City of Anaheim, subject to the decision of the voters at the election April 14, 1902.

JOHN BRUNWORTH

Good Pasture.

200 acres good pasture, at Buena Park. Terms, per month—Horses, \$1.50; cows, \$1.25. Apply to

J. H. Whitaker.

PASTURAGE.

Beginning April 1st, I shall have 200 acres of well-fenced pasturage, of all kinds of feed: bottom and mesa land; plenty of water. Terms, per month, \$1.50. Apply to

DAVID YORBA, Rincon.

J. HAHN

Palace Stables

Los Angeles St., Anaheim

Best Rigs at Reasonable Rates

X X X Give me a call

The Pure Bred Percheron Stallion

ALEXIS SECOND

will make the season of 1902 at JOHN HAHN'S LIVERY STABLE, ANAHEIM, CALIFORNIA.

TERMS FOR SEASON—\$10. Usual return privileges.

Gov. Gage and the Farmers.

Norwalk Cal.

The Los Angeles Times and its tricky band of satellites met with ignominious defeat at the Southern California Farmers' Institute in Pomona this week.

For several weeks the Times, with the aid of the Pomona Times and the Progress, have been laying their plans to have the farmers and fruit-growers, by resolution, denounce Gov. Gage for vetoing a bad fertilizer bill, and pronounced him a traitor to the cause of the State University. When the matter was sprung in the institute Thursday the conspirators were "sat down" on, and the institute refused to be made the instrument for carrying out such a dirty and disreputable trick.

NOTICE

All parties wanting information or wishing to buy lands in Rancho Las Bolsas, Bolsa Chica, San C. m. La Habra or Los Coyotes, are requested to apply to W. J. HOLE, LA HABRA, Cal., as he is our Sole Agent, and all offers on land must come through him.

THE STEARNS RANCHOS CO.

Anaheim Bakery,

PETER SYRE, PROPRIETOR.

FRESH BREAD CAKES & PIES

CONFECTIONERY, ETC.

Wedding Cakes a Specialty.

Los Angeles and Cypress St.

HE FEARED HE HAD LOST

When Wu Ting Fang, the famous Chinese Minister to Washington, irritably and somewhat fretfully from a severe cold, missed one day from the front of his cap the immense diamond he always wears there, he was dreadfully frightened. A friend pointed out that the diamond had undoubtedly been lost in the wash basin, and he was relieved to find it in the wash basin.

THE BIG DIAMOND ON HIS HAT

While a pretty thing to look upon, was of no practical use. But Senator Plaster's are so much more than that. They relieve and cure gout, rheumatism, neuralgia, colds on the chest, lumbago, etc., so quickly and completely as to make you wonder how it can be. Better now—well to remember that's the way they work. Get the genuine. All druggists, or we will prepare post-office order for the diamond in the United States on receipt of \$25, each.

Seabury & Johnson, Mfg. Chemists, N. Y.

A HASTY MARRIAGE.

And the Bride Was Not the One the Woods

Oliver Cromwell was no great a man that he dwarfed his surroundings, and it is singular how little the majority of people knew about the family and family life of this most typical Englishman of all time. He had three daughters, the youngest of whom was Frances. Her attractions must have been considerable. The young woman had several love affairs, but certainly none of them resulted in marriage. Her father's chaplain, Jerry White.

One day the protector surprised Jerry on his knees in the very act of kissing the lady's hand. Cromwell coldly demanded the meaning of the scene, and Jerry, with a pretty wit, exclaimed that he had long been courting "that young gentleman, my lady's woman," although without success. He was therefore humbly praying her ladyship to intercede for him.

Cromwell turned at once to the waiting woman and requested to be informed why she refused the honor his friend, Mr. White, would do her. The young woman, who acquiesced to the occasion, replied magnanimously that Mr. White intended her that honor she would not be so churlish as to deny him. "Call Godwin," returned Cromwell, and the pair were married straightway.

Reminiscence of Age.

Two attorneys who had slipped past the meridian of life without hardly the following condition, rates as an evidence that he will receive none in Southern California, and should not, because the splendid administration of Gov. Gage deserves and will be honored by a re-nomination and re-election. The sentiment down this way is all for our grand old governor.

Referring to the opposition of the Pomona papers against Gage, the Republicans of that city have rebelled against the misrepresentation of their sentiments for the Governor by their home papers, and last week a number of the most influential Republicans of Pomona formed a company and purchased the Democratic Review and converted it into a straight-out Republican paper.

The people are for Governor Gage because his administration has been in their interest, and the people are never ungrateful.

CANDLES

Their Mellow Light Is Fast Becoming but a Memory.

So markedly is the candle going out of use that the dictionary of a few years hence will probably have to supplement its definition with an illustration. In the glow of electric light, gas and paraffin we are much disposed to pity our immediate forefathers who had to put up with candles.

Yet we retain a strange respect for the candle in certain directions. When we wish to pay the highest reverence, we fall back upon it. The death chamber is lighted with candles. So is the church altar. We cannot but be forced into the conclusion that higher ideas have been brought out and better matter written by candlelight than that by gas or electricity.

Shakespeare could not possibly have written all his plays by daylight. Indeed, it is more probable that the touch of bohemianism in his composition, as in that of his watered-down literary descendants today, preferred night to day for turning out his best work. Haule's soliloquy upon the existing value of things, Portia's tribute to mercy and the advice of Polonius to Laertes as to the best way of conducting himself in life were probably written between the snuffings of a candle. In particular can one imagine the decisive snuffing and the contemptuous tossing away of the scrap of burned wick at the close of the passage rhetorically disposing of "Cassio's imperial day?"—London Globe.

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PASTUR

CAPT. WREDE AND THE MAN WHO DISAPPEARED

The Captain is Cited by the British Consul to Show Cause Why He Should Not Be Considered an Accomplice—His Reply

Capt. Wrede was in from Placentia a few days ago, the warmest man in Orange county. He had just landed at the hotel to C. White Mortimer, British Consul resident at Los Angeles, in reply to one received from that gentleman in which, aspersions were sought to be placed upon him in such manner that his choleric rose to high-choler mark and came near running over.

Thereby hangs an interesting tale. The Captain was loath to speak of it, and was only prevailed upon to tell the story on the solemn assurance that it was not for publication.

Friends of the Captain will recall a good-looking young Englishman who accompanied him on his trips to town, not so long ago. This young man, whose name is Herbert Whitehead, and who seems to be well connected in the old country, has disappeared, and his family is anxious to learn of his whereabouts. The Captain was the other day waited upon by the ponderous officers of the law, bearing a requisition from the San Francisco police, asking him to lay before them such information as he had of the case, and accompanied by a letter from the British Consul to the effect that he was suspected of "complicity" in the case.

Some months ago the Captain's attention was directed to the advertisement in the Los Angeles papers of a young Englishman who desired a situation upon an orange ranch in the country. Being impressed with the nature of the man's request, he investigated the case and found that Whitehead had roomed at the Van Nuys hotel paying therefor \$8 per day—without board. He was attended by a valet, and when the Captain found him his finances were at ebb tide, portending a panicky feeling on the Bourse.

To his benefactor he showed a bank-book indicating that he had recently had the comfortable sum of \$4200. Most of this had been squandered in San Francisco, where Whitehead put up at high-priced hotels, along with whatever you call his valet. After witnessing the frolicsome gambols of the elephant in all its variety, he blew into Los Angeles, his exchequer registering the \$800 mark. Even this magnificent sum could not last forever at a tavern with rates of \$8 per day, and finally the coils of Mr. Van Nuys' hired men were tightening about the innocent victim, with the inevitable purpose of divesting him of his where-withal and throwing him down.

At this interesting stage of the proceedings the kind-hearted Captain came upon the scene, and generously offered employment and food and shelter to the discomfited young man. He was brought down to Placentia and comfortably provided for. He accompanied the Captain on numerous trips into town, and was regarded more as a guest than as an employee of the ranch. He remained several weeks with the Captain, and one day received a remittance of \$500. To this was added nearly \$80, which the Captain paid him for his services. He departed for Los Angeles and had about passed out of mind, when one evening, a week or so later, he returned, in great distress, and penniless, having, he said, paid his last dollar to hire a buggy to be driven to the ranch.

The Captain was quite surprised to see him again, and the gathering darkness and the youth's pitiful tale impelled him to provide shelter again for the young man, who, while not unbalanced, stood evidently in need of a guardian.

A day or two thereafter he again departed and had been quite forgotten until officers of the law, requisitioned as above stated, bore in sight in their search for enlightenments in the mysterious affair.

The Captain readily consented to tell all he knew concerning the subject, but to Mortimer's letter, bidding him appear before that august gentleman, and charging him with "complicity" in Whitehead's mysterious disappearance he takes strenuous exceptions.

Death of Mr. Vinson.
John B. Vinson, an old and highly respected resident of this city, died at his home on Thursday morning at 7:30. He had partaken of a light breakfast while in bed, immediately after which, saying it did not taste right and that he was going to die, he fell back and soon expired.

Deceased had been ill for many months with a complication of disorders, superinduced by an attack of grippe. The immediate cause of death was due to rheumatism of the heart.

Mr. Vinson had lived in Anaheim with his family for a number of years, and was held in high esteem by all who knew him. He had some weeks ago made up his mind to return to Indian Territory, where a married daughter resides, and going thence to his old home in Alabama. His effects were packed and he proposed starting on the day of his death.

Deceased was a native of Alabama and was aged 57. Interment was in Santa Ana cemetery, the funeral being under the auspices of the Knights of Pythias, of which deceased had been a member.

Mr. Vinson leaves a wife and two married daughters to mourn his loss—Mrs. Cayce of Santa Ana, Mrs. King of Indian Territory. They have the sympathy of the entire community in their bereavement.

COAL FIELDS OF ORANGE COUNTY

A Bulletin Issued by the Geological Survey Dealing With Matters of Interest to Local Residents

[CONTINUED TO THE GAZETTE.]
Of the three Pacific Coast States, Washington easily ranks first as a coal producer, with California second, although in 1896 and 1897 Oregon's output exceeded that of California. In the San Francisco market, the coals of the world compete. Foreign coal enters that port chiefly as ballast in tramp steamers seeking grain cargoes, so that the condition of the wheat export trade has a direct bearing upon the coal imports. The coal supply of California comes from England, Wales, Scotland, Australia and Japan, in addition to British Columbia, always a principal source for imported coal. The imports of coal at the California ports have for many years amounted to about three-fourths of the aggregate coal tonnage imported into the United States. Eastern coals reach the Pacific Coast only in small quantities, and the Rocky Mountain field has not been a source of supply for twenty years. The contribution from the three Pacific States to the San Francisco market is growing greatly. In 1891 it was less than 20,000 tons; in 1900 it was about 630,000 tons out of a total of over 1,800,000 tons.

The coal fields of Washington are confined to the western and central parts of the State, as is set forth by George Otis Smith in Part III of the Twenty-second Annual Report of the United States Geological Survey. The larger fields may be mentioned: Four northern and the southern Puget Sound coal fields, the Roslyn Basin and the southwestern field in Lewis and Cowlitz counties. The northern Puget Sound coal field includes the coal mines of Skagit and Whatcom counties in the northern part of the State. The southern Puget Sound field lies in King and Pierce counties, that portion of the Puget Sound basin directly east of the cities of Seattle and Tacoma. In production this is the most important field of the State; and it includes the Wilkeson-Carbonado district in Pierce county and the Green river, Renton-Cedar river and Newcastle-Isaiah districts of King county. The other field of western Washington lies about 40 miles southwest in Lewis and Cowlitz counties. The Roslyn field is in Kittitas county, near the center of the State and on the eastern slope of the Cascade mountains.

Extensions of all the coal fields of western Washington will doubtless be discovered. The number of coal beds in the Puget Sound formation is remarkable, and the workable beds in a single district may vary from five to ten in number. At Wilkeson four seams of coal are mined; at Carbonado several seams have been mined. In the Green river district there are three seams, from 3 to 6 feet thick; in the eastern extension of this field eight workable seams are reported. At Renton three seams are known, two about 8 feet thick. At Cedar Mountain two seams, 3 and 13 feet thick, have been worked. In the Newcastle district four seams from 4 to 15 feet thick have been worked. In the northern field the old Bellingham Bay seam was 14 feet thick. The present Cokedale seam is 20 feet thick in places, and the Blue canyon seam averages 7 feet in thickness. In the Roslyn basin there are three workable beds varying from 4 feet to 19 feet in thickness.

The coals of Washington range from lignite to bituminous cooking coal. In the Newcastle-Isaiah and Renton-Cedar river districts the coal is a hard lignite well suited for domestic use; in this district the coal is a friable bituminous coal, excellent for steam fuel; in the Wilkeson-Carbonado district it is a very soft bituminous coal good for coke making, for gas and for locomotive use. In the Roslyn field the coal is cooking bituminous, but in good lumps and well adapted for steam and gas making. The northern field produces an excellent bituminous cooking coal containing much slack. Both lignite and bituminous coal are reported from the southwestern field, whose product is little known.

The first discovery of coal in the State was made in 1848, lignite of poor quality being found in Cowlitz valley at that time. Four years later coal was discovered on Bellingham Bay in Whatcom county, and shipments began from this, the first mine, in 1860, and continued until 1878, when spontaneous combustion caused fire that closed the mine. Two or more northern mines have been active since 1891. In King county coal was reported in 1859, and mining began near the present Isaiah mine in 1862. The Newcastle mine was the real pioneer mine in this field. It began to ship coal to Seattle in 1867, and by 1870 the means of transportation was well established by way of lakes Washington and Union. By 1877 the King county coal had become an important factor in the San Francisco market, the Talbot and Renton mines having become shippers also. Coal was discovered east of the Cascades and the Roslyn mine was opened early in the eighties, and the same coal was reached by the Cleaveland shaft in 1894. The mines at Roslyn and Cleaveland constitute the largest colliery in the State. Various methods of mining are in use, according to the nature of the mines. The miners are both

white and colored. No machine mining is done in the State, trials in the larger mines not proving successful.

Since 1894 the output of the State has shown a steady increase, and in 1900 King county alone reached the million-ton mark. The prospect is for a steady development. The largest market for Washington coal is San Francisco, and the railroads of the northwest furnish the next largest market. The third important demand is in the local markets of Washington and the adjoining States for fuel for manufacturing and gas works. For example, in Spokane fully 80 per cent of the coal supply comes from the Roslyn mines; the remainder comes from Montana and Wyoming, with a few carloads from British Columbia and 8 or 10 carloads of Pennsylvania anthracite, shipped via the Great Lakes and Duluth. The coal used in Washington is of high grade and is consumed by smelters at Tacoma, Everett, Northport and in California. The Great Northern, the Northern Pacific and the Columbia and Puget Sound railroads afford transportation for the coal, and are interested in the present development of the coal industry.

The coal profit of California comes from four counties—Alameda, Contra Costa, Amador and Riverside; and there are now four productive fields. The Mount Diablo field, the oldest, is about 35 miles north of east of San Francisco, on the northern slope of Mount Diablo of the Coast Range. The belt is not over 24 miles long, and Somersville is the principal town. Corral Hollow, 50 miles southeast of San Francisco on the southeastern slope of Mount Diablo, lies on both sides of the divide between Livermore valley and San Joaquin valley, and is for the most part in Alameda county. The third, the Lone coal field, lies on the foothills of the Sierra Nevada, ninety miles northeast of San Francisco. The fourth field lies in the southern part of the State, in Riverside county, near Elsinore, at the eastern foot of the Sierra de Santa Ana. The field is probably small. The lone field probably has an extension to the south to Laucha Plains, where coal has been mined. Coal veins have been prospected elsewhere, and Butte, Del Norte, Orange, Fresno, Monterey, San Diego and other counties have been coal producers in the past, the mines now being abandoned. Coal prospects more or less promising are reported from Fresno, Trinity, Mendocino, Placer and Orange counties. These beds may prove of some value as a local supply for fuel. It seems certain, however, that California will never rank higher than today as a coal-producing state.

The Mount Diablo field has three workable beds from 2 to 4 feet thick, the Clark, the Little, and the Black Diamond. The Corral Hollow field has two productive seams, the Eureka and the Summit, from 7 to 12 feet thick. The lone coal comes from a seam from 6 to 24 feet thick extending under the whole valley between Lone and Carbonado. The lone coal seam is from 3 to 20 feet thick. The coal of California is lignite, soft and friable. The lone coal distinctly shows the woody texture, and in the Mount Diablo mines carbonized wood, pyrite and gypsum are found with the coal. The Mount Diablo coal fields were early discovered, the Eureka coal seam being first worked in 1866, the Lone coal in 1883. In 1874, 200,000 tons were mined. The product for the year is reported as 6000 tons mined by the Pittsburg company. The Corral Hollow field was discovered in 1862. After various experiences, the present development began in 1897, since which time the output has steadily increased. The lone field, however, was little worked until 1883, and has since greatly increased the output. Mining operations in the Elsinore field have been on a small scale for local consumption. No coal mining machines are used, and there are no miners' unions in the State. The output of California coal is chiefly local. The railroads consume about 20 per cent, steamboats about as much; manufacturing take about 35 per cent, and the remainder is consumed at the mines and for domestic purposes in the colliery towns. The Southern Pacific, the Santa Fe, the Alameda & San Joaquin and the Pittsburg company's railroad deliver the coal to customers or to tide water transportation at low rates for the larger mines.

Oregon has but one productive coal field, the Coos Bay field in Coos county on the coast, about 200 miles south of the mouth of the Columbia and between the Coast Range and the Pacific. It is about 30 miles long north and south, with a maximum breadth of 11 miles, and the total area is about 250 square miles. Other fields showing coal of good quality may be mentioned: The Upper Nehalem field in Columbia county; the Lower Nehalem in Clatsop and Tillamook counties; the Yaquina field in Lincoln county, and the Eukley and Shasta fields in Curry county—all west of the Cascade Range. The commercial value of these fields cannot now be foretold. East of the Cascade, coal has been found in the basin of the John Day river, which includes parts of Grant, Crook, Gilliam and Wasco counties, but little is known of this field.

The Coos Bay coal is lignite, and is preferred to other coals for domestic fuel, but does not generally coke and is not a good steam coal. In 1880 the Pacific Coast field produced about 420,000 tons; in 1890, over 1,435,000 tons; in 1900, over 2,704,000 tons.

FRANK PORTER AND THE SIDEWINDERS

Had to Carry a Lantern and Walk on Ahead to Keep the Horses from Stepping on Them

Frank Porter was in town on Saturday telling about his experiences on a recent trip to the desert. Frank tends the place during the week, and on Saturdays gets the boys to do the chores while he comes to town to talk politics and hear the latest collection of both air outcroppings. That is, he does so if there is no baseball game in sight on that day. On such occasions the boys take a fall out of him. At the beginning of the season he agreed with the boys that if they would tend the farm on Saturdays when there was no ball, they could play in the games that fell on that day. Since then it has generally come all right along.

"I wouldn't give a dollar an acre for all the land on the desert. Not that there are not good portions, where, if water can be secured, good crops can be marketed. Especially if one gets near the railroad. I made an offer for a piece near the railroad at Indio, but would not buy at the price it was held at, and I wouldn't have much of the rest as a gift.

"The heat and dust are stifling, sir, stifling! The dust covered the horses so that it just looked like you'd thrown mud all over them. The sweat just poured off them. You can imagine how hot it was when I tell you both horses were large 1200-pound animals in good condition, the wagon a light one and the load only such camp equipage as was absolutely necessary; and yet at one time I thought we'd never get out alive."

"We went in during the daytime and came out at night. We had to tie a lantern to the tongue of the wagon and one of us had to walk along with another ahead."

"What was that for?" butted in Fritz, who used to sail on the Flying Dutchman.

"Sidewinders, sir, sidewinders! The country is full of them. You have to walk on ahead to scare them out of the road, so the horses won't step on them, and the light on the tongue is to let the horses see where they are, so as not to step on them."

"As we were making the night trip in we were surprised to see ahead of us an outfit approaching us. They had their lanterns out all right. As we drew up to them I raised my lantern to the face of the chap in front, and was surprised to find that he was a youth whom I knew very well. (Naming a friend and friend.)

"Hello! I says to him. 'What yer doing here?'"

"Oh, me and the old man couldn't agree; so we set out for the mines."

SALT LAKE ROAD HEADED THIS WAY

Procuring Rights of Way Through Whittier and the La Habra Valley—Will It Extend Through Placentia?

Agents for the Salt Lake railway have for some weeks past been quietly procuring rights of way and options upon property at Whittier. It is announced that the road will extend a branch from its main line three miles north of Whittier to that city, and continue thence through the La Habra valley.

In Los Angeles the impression prevails the branch will continue from La Habra south through Fullerton, Anaheim and on to Santa Ana. However, parties heretofore conversant with the situation, state the line will build from La Habra through Placentia and up the Santa Ana canyon to Riverside.

J. Ross Clark said on a recent visit to this city the Salt Lake road would be built through Placentia, as soon as work on the main line had sufficiently progressed to enable it to place a construction force upon it.

Information from La Habra yesterday was to the effect that rights of way through that ranch are being procured by the railway company. In the opinion of those well informed upon the subject, it is said there is little doubt the road will be built upon its already surveyed route through Placentia and into the canyon eastward.

GRAVEL DEPOSIT IN RESERVOIR SITE?

Mr. Sheppard Makes Excavations Which It is Reported Show Defects at 15-foot Level

The directors of the water company went on Saturday to the site of the proposed Yorba reservoir for the purpose of inspecting it further. Mr. Sheppard was in charge of operations, and is said to have made borings in the side of the reservoir which revealed, so it is reported, the existence of a gravel stratum of unknown thickness.

Mr. Sheppard brought back a quantity of the gravel, which he exhibited to Mr. Pendleton at Placentia.

Mr. Crowther was not of the party, and said on Tuesday that the deposit of gravel, if it was found, could only be of small area, and would be advantageous for making cement. He still regarded the site as a natural one for a reservoir.

"There was never a reservoir site which did not have a bit of gravel about it. These borings made by Sheppard, I am told, revealed presence of gravel in the side at the fifteen-foot level. They found the site impervious to water up to that depth. I do not believe sufficient gravel was discovered to affect the value of the site."

A prominent stockholder said yesterday the site was undoubtedly one of the best in the country. "A small deposit of gravel on the side is nothing against it. Advantages are all on the side of the reservoir. It ought to be kept in regard Mr. Sheppard, as opposed to it. If he knew of any serious defects in it why did he not make them in plain language, instead of waiting until the last minute to do so? I still rely on the accuracy of Schuyler's and Kellogg's reports endorsing the site."

BIRD'S PETITION WENT FUZZ-FIZZLE

Supervisors Frown Upon the Scheme to Bring Unnecessary Taxation Upon the People

The Supervisors yesterday afternoon unanimously rejected the petition for the division of the Anaheim school district, which former Principal Bird of the West End school has had in incubation for a year.

That gross misrepresentation was made in order to procure signatures to the petition is charged by the school trustees. People were told that by having a new district they would be exempted from taxation for the high school, bonds for the construction of which were issued last year. Also that the two schoolhouses in that portion of the district sought to be segregated would become the property of the new district.

The facts of the case are that the schoolhouse at the West End, and so far as the schoolhouses at the West End and Katella are concerned, they would, if the district were divided, become the property of the Anaheim school district.

Thus the seceders would have had to vote bonds at the outset to build a schoolhouse. Had these facts been laid before those who signed the petition under misapprehension of the facts, it is doubted if a single signer could have been secured.

A remonstrance against division was presented bearing the names of over 100 taxpayers and patrons of the school. A number of signers to the petition for division, which originally bore the names of twenty-six citizens, revoked their signatures and signed the other. Trustee Claiborne said a day or two ago that Bird was fully conversant of the fact that a new schoolhouse would have to be built by the west enders had the district been divided. This was denied by Bird, who kept the knowledge of those who signed the petition. Bird had even gone so far as to inquire into the matter of plans for a new schoolhouse, in which he expected to teach.

The Supervisors, after hearing arguments for and against division, dismissed the petition.

Turner Show

On Sunday evening occurs the entertainment given by the Turner Sisterhood, at Turner hall. Frau Nicolas der Oder and other talent from Los Angeles will participate, and the musical program will be under direction of Prof. Ludwig Thomas.

SMALLPOX PATIENT WELL

Dr. Bickford yesterday reported that Robinson, the Clair smallpox patient, had recovered and that quarantine on the house would be raised today. The place will be fumigated and the patient released. No other case of smallpox has appeared.

Princes of the Orient Attention

There will be a meeting of the Oriental Council on April 4th, at Bank Hall, Fullerton. Work in the defenses. By order of the Grand Padi Shaw. A. S. BRADFORD.

For Sale

A six-foot cutaway disc cultivator, in good condition. Also 14-inch walking plow. See them at Pressel's. 14

PERSONAL MENTION

Ed Morgan has departed for his gold mines in Arizona.

Dr. Bickford has moved into his new residence on Center street.

Arthur Darling has been assigned to the agency of the Southern Pacific depot at Whittier.

Miss Alice Eichborn of Los Angeles is in the city, a guest of her cousin, Miss Caroline Fuhberg.

C. C. Chapman has begun the erection of a residence on his newly purchased tract in the Tuffee ranch.

A. T. Pendleton, prosperous orange grower of Placentia, did business in town a day or two ago.

Guy Duckworth, principal of Bolan school, is off to Santa Barbara on a two weeks' vacation. While there he will be the guest of Prof. C. H. Bruckake.

J. C. Ord was in town from Los Alamitos one day last week. He has gone into the grocery business, sells 22 pounds of sugar for a dollar, and ships quantities of that article to many points in this and adjoining counties.

Prof. J. C. Templeton, Superintendent of Public Schools at Santa Ana, has received a dozen rare trees from United States Senator George C. Perkins, to be planted on the school grounds in that town.

Mrs. Norrish of Pasadena is the guest of Mr. and Mrs. Krick, accompanied by her baby. Mrs. Norrish is a sister of Mrs. Krick, and the wife of the Professor of mathematics at Throop. She will remain for a stay of a week or two.

Clarence Lincoln has been home from Los Angeles during the week, on account of the illness of his wife. Abe has a job on one of Senator Clark's traction cars, and says he has lots of fun ringing the bell to make the people get off the track.

W. L. Hale has removed two old buildings from his recently purchased place at Placentia and will soon begin constructing a new residence. He has just completed cementing 1300 feet of ditch, and is going in for substantial improvements.

T. Anderson was in town from Placentia one day last week. He reports the cabbage crop a failure, and is engaged in plowing in a patch of six acres which failed to make good. Oranges are being shipped in great quantities; the market is good, and blossoms upon deciduous fruits indicate a promising crop.

H. T. Payne, president of the California State Fish and Game Protective Association, was in Santa Ana on Monday to meet members of the Orange county association, and all persons interested in the protection of fish and game in this county. The meeting was for the purpose of creating additional interest in the local organization.

Mrs. König entertained on Wednesday and Thursday a party of friends from St. Louis and Los Angeles, embracing Dr. and Mrs. Spiegelhalter, Mrs. and Miss Rucher and Mrs. Doerner of the former city and Mr. and Mrs. Matthal of the latter. A delightful ride was enjoyed, places of interest heretofore visited. The members of the party are old-time friends of Mr. and Mrs. König.

Theo. Blumhardt has on his place northwest of town some very promising crops of corn, alfalfa and rye. He will plant a few acres to pumpkins, and then will not care how much rain falls. He finds rye an excellent fodder for his stock, as it comes up repeatedly after being eaten off, as long as moist weather continues, while barley, after a cropping, refuses further yield. The present season he regards as one of the most favorable in many years.

BASEBALL

A game of baseball will be played on the Lemon-street grounds on Sunday afternoon at 2, between the Downey and Oil Well baseball clubs.

RESIDENCE ROBBERED

The residence of Peter Weisel was entered some time Thursday night by burglars, and a number of valuable household articles were stolen. Among them were three suits of clothes, an overcoat and some jewelry. In all over \$200 worth of property was taken.

CLAIM FOR DAMAGES

A claim of \$900 made by E. Speers for furnishing orchards on the property of the Brookhurst Ranch company was compromised for \$725 and ordered paid by the Supervisors. The work was done at the instance of Horticultural Commissioner Huntington. The District Attorney will file a lien on the property to protect the county, pending payment of the claim by the owners.

If you are interested in men's shirts it would not be a bad scheme to take a look at the lot of new styles we now have in stock. Yungbluth & Kroeger.

Bicycles and Sporting Goods
A full stock of bicycle supplies. Bicycle repairing of all kinds promptly done. All work guaranteed.

Also agent for the Santa Ana Steam Laundry. I run a laundry wagon that will call for and deliver your linen twice a week. Laundry coming in as late as 9 o'clock Thursday morning will be delivered to you Saturday at 6 o'clock. E. W. MOCULUM.

CIGARS TOBACCOES

CIGARS TOBACCOES
CANDIES
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PAUL KLUSS, PROP.
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Fine Wines, Liquors and Cigars

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MONEY

Can be borrowed on more favorable terms from the SAVINGS, LOAN AND BUILDING ASSOCIATION OF ANAHEIM than from any other similar institution in the State

A Home Institution. . . . conducted by home men
If you want to borrow money, at a low rate to pay off your present mortgage, or to build a home, or to improve your present one, address or call on
Fred A. Backs, Jr., Secretary Anaheim

A Great Gathering of Dress and Walking Skirts

Some time ago we announced that we would pay special attention this season to our Ladies' "Ready-to-Wear" Garment Department. In conformity with that promise we have brought to this city a line of Ladies' Skirts, which in Style, Quality and Reasonableness of Price cannot be excelled in this city or outside. We have placed in our large center window a faint idea of what we are able to show you in this line. Come and see our skirts.

Specials this Week

Boy's Clothing - 20 per cent Discount

Pretty Dresses for little girls, made of good Percale, nicely trimmed with Pique Yoke and Braids large hem to let out, apiece 50c

Luzon Chambrays, the same quality that sells everywhere for 15 to 12 1/2c, we sell for, per yard, 10c

A fine line of washable Calicoes, selling in other stores at 6 1/2 to 7c, this week, per yard 5c

All the novelties in Neckwear, Belts, Lace Collars in large variety. Appliques from 10c to \$1.00 per yard x x

Harris & Falkenstein

Leaders in Novelties

THE C. B. HUGGANS Bottling Works

OF ANAHEIM, CAL.

Bottlers and Shippers of the Celebrated

Rainier Beer x x
THE BEST BEER ON THE COAST

Fresh Oysters in Bulk on Ice x x
ICE delivered to any part of the valley

H.A. DICKEL

has a complete line of

Bissell's Carpet Sweepers

the easiest running and most useful implement for sweeping your carpets and rooms. ☆ ☆ ☆

EVERY FAMILY

Can make these long evenings pleasant for their family and friends by having a few interesting games in the house.

All Kinds of Games

Joseph Helmsen

CIGARS TOBACCOES
CANDIES
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PAUL KLUSS, PROP.
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Fine Wines, Liquors and Cigars

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A. FUHRBERG, Proprietor
Los Angeles Beer on Tap
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Light Biscuit
Delicious Cake
Dainty Pastries
Fine Puddings
Flaky Crusts

Yungbluth & Kroeger
The only Exclusive
Gent's Furnishing Goods Store
in the city

Stylish Suits and Neckwear for Spring
The Latest in Hats and Coats
Fancy, Black and Tan Sox
Fine Dress Gloves and good Working Gloves
Styles in Collars and Cuffs
Colors in ALL-WOOL Sweaters
Complete line Spring and Summer Underwear—cotton and woolen
These are a few of the things in which we take the lead
Yungbluth & Kroeger
Leaders in Gents' Furnishings

