

IN THE DAYS OF LONG AGO

Items of Local Interest Culled from the Files of Former Issues of This Paper

50 YEARS AGO THIS WEEK

August 14, 1875

Quite a large assemblage gathered in front of the Planters hotel last evening to hear the political issues discussed from an independent standpoint. The first speaker, Mr. Hazard, candidate for the Assembly, said that the ticket was not Republican and claimed that the convention which nominated it cared for the political antecedents of any of the nominees if they were honest and capable men. He was followed by Stephen M. White, candidate for district attorney. Mr. White is a very superior speaker and his oratorical abilities created a very favorable impression upon the minds of the audience. Alexander Bailey, Esq., then addressed a few remarks to the audience, which it is needless to say, raised him still higher. If that were possible, in the estimation of the people, the Democratic doctrine of never scratching a guilty, he believe will be very generally ignored on election day. We believe that nine out of ten Democratic voters will cast their ballot for their friend, Alexander Bailey. After a few effective remarks from Mr. Lynell, Mr. Furlong and Mr. Boyd, the audience dispersed, well pleased with the very best prepared for their entertainment.

Following are the names appearing on the People's Independent state ticket: For governor, John Bidwell of Butte; for lieutenant-governor, Remond Pacheco of San Luis Obispo; for secretary of state, William Housh of Placer; for controller, Lauren E. Crane of Sierra; for state treasurer, Ferdinand Baehr of Shasta; for attorney general, Peter Van Cleft of Yuba; for surveyor-general, Edward Twichell of Stanislaus; for clerk of Supreme court, Paul Morrill of Sacramento; for superintendent of public instruction, J. M. Guilan of Los Angeles. Names appearing on the People's Independent County Reform ticket are: For state senator, H. T. Hazard, A. Bailey, county treasurer, F. P. Temple, sheriff, E. Boyd; county clerk, W. B. Caswell; county recorder, J. W. Gillette; assessor, Jere Fryer; tax collector, Horace Burdick; auditor, P. Sabetti; county school superintendent, L. Furlong; district attorney, Stephen M. White; county surveyor, W. I. Humble; coroner, C. V. Richardson.

Democratic County Ticket—For state assembly, J. R. McConnell, Fred Lamborn; treasurer, T. E. Rowan; sheriff, A. David; Alexander, county clerk; W. Potter, recorder; C. E. Smith, assessor; A. W. Ryan; tax collector, M. Kremer; auditor, C. W. Gould; county school superintendent, A. R. Smith; district attorney, Rodney Howard; surveyor, T. J. Ellis; coroner, Dr. Smith; public administrator, Peter Arrillo.

Shortly after midnight a fire was discovered in the stable in the rear of Dr. Youm's residence. An alarm was given, and within a few minutes a bucket brigade was engaged in a struggle with the flames. The hay stored in the stable burned furiously, but the absence of wind and the skillful fight of the citizens succeeded in confining the flames to the shed in which the fire originated. Dr. Youm, who discovered the fire, endeavored instantly to release the horses, but before the curries, which blocked the entrance, could be removed, one of the horses was dead and the other so badly scorched that it had to be shot this morning. A woman was seen to leave the stable when the fire was first discovered, and her presence is supposed to have had something to do with the disaster.

Sheriff Rowland is in town, summoning J. H. in the case of the People vs. Hewitt, charged with poisoning horses belonging to Ashlin.

Rev. J. M. Allen will leave for Santa Barbara tomorrow evening to assist in the installation of Rev. E. Graham as pastor of the First Presbyterian church of that city. He will return in four or five days.

A Langeburger has received a letter from the Pacific Mail Steamship Company, in which they state that their Panama steamer will hereafter stop at Anaheim Landing, if they are guaranteed 75 or 100 pipes of wine or its equivalent in other freight.

Mr. Huntington, who is in Los Angeles, says that the railroad will certainly be running between Los Angeles and San Francisco by next July.

The Tustin City school will reopen on Monday, Mr. Henderson, formerly of Orangeburg, will be in charge.

An auction sale of lots in the new town of Colton, San Bernardino county, will take place on Wednesday, the twenty-fifth instant. The easy terms of sale and the favorable location of the lots are great inducements to purchase. An excursion train will run on the day of the sale.

An entertainment will be given at Ennet on Monday next, for the benefit of the First Presbyterian church. Music, reading, etc., will be given during the evening and refreshments will be in abundance.

Harry D. Polhemus and family have gone to the seaside for a few days. We hope they may be benefitted by the change of air.

The Anaheim public school will open on the sixteenth, J. M. Guilan, Minister of Education, will be in charge. The Des Granges and Miss Hutchinson have been reappointed teachers.

A party was given last night at the residence of R. Luedke, the occasion being the birthday of Mrs. Luedke. The house and grounds were brilliantly lit.

McFadden of Placencia would be the only candidate for the place, but none the name of W. H. Spurgeon is mentioned, and Dr. Luedke is also in the hands of his friends.

The supervisors have instructed the district attorney to begin suit against Chauncey Huggins, the Pullerton schoolmaster, to collect his unpaid salary license.

Mr. and Mrs. L. H. Gilman and family of Placencia went down to Newport on Saturday for their summer outing.

Members of the board of city trustees met, with Trustee Heismann in the chair. Trustee Dickel, Schwendler, Schneider and Weissel met as a board of equalization on Tuesday evening and fixed the city levy \$1.20 cents on Doc \$100 of valuation. The total valuation of all city property, exclusive of railroads, amounts to \$44,000. The railroad of last year were assessed at \$120,000. City Clerk Merritt said yesterday that the total valuation of all property in the city had increased \$20,000 over last year.

SUPERVISORS' PROCEEDINGS

The chairman was authorized to approve the bond on Map Tract No. 727, and same was accepted as the official plat of said tract. Two hundred and fifty dollars was deposited for street work.

A dance hall license was issued to C. G. Lawrence, at San Juan Capistrano.

The bid of William Rohrbacher, at a price of \$42,200, was accepted for the general contract for the construction of an addition to the Juvenile Detention House at Fruit street, near Grand avenue, Santa Ana, Calif.; the bid of George J. Cuckling, at a price of \$17,274, was accepted for the same work.

Fumigating licenses were ordered issued to R. B. Canfield, Keith De Long, and others.

The application of A. Cruz for a dance hall license was ordered denied.

The chairman was authorized to approve the bond on Map Tract No. 773, and same was accepted as the official plat of said tract.

The county auditor was ordered to transfer funds from the county funds to the County Board of Health.

It was ordered that provision be made in the current year's budget for the "lock district" served at the present club house.

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SILK CULTURE IS NEW INDUSTRY

Predicted California Will Supply the United States

D. W. McDonald, better versed than most men in California's resources and possibilities, serving as second vice president of the Chamber of Commerce and secretary, successfully has interested capital in a silk industry in the production of silk and silk culture in every silk producing section of the globe—suddenly rubbed the eyes and said, "Shortly the press of the country will give out the big story from the pen of one of the great writers, and the expert of today. The movement set on foot definitely at Escondido, in northern San Diego county, means the beginning of the United States' independence of all other countries in the matter of its silk supply."

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PERTINENT FACTS ABOUT IRRIGATION

Soil Auger Should Be Used to Determine Moisture Needed

Raymond Nebelung, president of the Anaheim Farm Bureau, writes as follows on the water conservation problem.

Following three unusually dry seasons it is not surprising that there has been a general lowering of the water level in the wells throughout the district. This lack of precipitation has been not only locally, but also in the mountains which form the watershed of our locality. Lakes and streams are low and the situation generally is one that calls for co-operation on the part of all irrigators in making the most possible use of all water and allowing none to be wasted or used when not necessary.

There is a certain definite amount of water that should be used for best results to the growing crop, whether it be tree or truck. More or less than this amount will cause injury to the crop or waste of water and sometimes both. The grower should have some means of determining this optimum amount.

The object of this article is principally to try and show by what means water can be conserved following dry years such as we have had. We wish that this must be done, as figures can be presented to show that there is considerably more water being taken out of the underground basin than is being run into it. Such a condition cannot continue indefinitely and each irrigator owes it to himself and to the entire district to do whatever is possible to save water. Merely because a grower has his own plant and can pump all the water he needs is no excuse for using more water than is necessary for the best condition of his trees. This water all comes from a common source of supply and every bit that is pumped from this source leaves that much less for future use until the supply is replenished much more rapidly than it has been during the last several years.

Probably the most simple method for the grower to practice, where he wishes to make these determinations himself, is by the use of a soil auger. A five-foot auger will give him sufficient information as, except in the case of very large trees, he is not interested below four feet. This depth of irrigation will insure sufficient moisture for the average-sized mature orange trees. Usually any moisture below five feet will be wasted.

Before commencing an irrigation, the grower should thoroughly test out all portions of his orchard with the soil auger to determine whether there is an actual need for irrigation. If the soil feels moist to the touch, and still the auger, it is almost certain that there is still sufficient moisture in the soil and that it will be necessary to apply water. The practice of irrigating before the soil auger shows that there is a need of it is not only detrimental to the crops, but is an actual waste of water.

If the grower has found it necessary to irrigate, he should then know what is becoming of his moisture, that is, how deep it is penetrating into the soil. Too much irrigation is done by the soil until it reaches the end of the furrow, the water being run out the end and then turned into the next one. An auger examination following an irrigation will often show that the moisture has penetrated to only a depth of a foot or sometimes less on the heavier types of soil and to below five feet on the sandy types. This is causing injury on both types of soil, the heavier types not receiving enough moisture, and the sandy types having the soluble plant foods washed down below the feeding area. If the grower will determine the penetration following an irrigation, he can make corrections by the time he again irrigates, running the water longer on some portions and running it more rapidly and in less time over other portions. If he can get an average of a four-foot penetration on all types of soil, he will be giving his trees the irrigation that is required. This takes practice, and only by examining down to a depth of four feet can a grower know what is actually taking place.

As a means of conserving our moisture supply, the writer wishes to offer the following suggestions to all types of irrigation water and irrigation companies. While these may not be in exact order of importance, still they all have a direct bearing upon the amount of water that can be saved.

The first method that should be used is to make a careful test of the soil to determine when it is necessary to irrigate, and not irrigate until that time. Following the irrigation, there should be another test made to determine the depth of penetration, so that especially on the sandy types of soil there will be no waste of water below the feeding area.

Next is the matter of length of irrigation runs. It is often found that where there is a run of water that is here is a waste of water and of plant food near the pipe line. By shortening the runs to not more than 122, 150 or 175 feet, the water will be applied to the heavier types of soil and eight to ten runs on the sandy types a more even distribution can be had. The water will not be wasted below the feeding area.

The matter of cover crops is also important, especially at such a time as the present, in conserving our water supply. It is well known that a cover crop requires water more often than the tree crop, and if we should allow a dry fall this year, the water that is used to keep this cover crop alive will be necessary for the tree crop to be being grown and water is applied only for the trees. While rather late to mention at the present time, the grower should consider seriously before planting a cover crop in the fall and he may be doing a good service to his community by doing so. Any growing summer cover crop he may have, if he feels

that it is going to require many extra irrigations.

A method of irrigating which is coming into popular favor is of employing a qualified chemist to make analysis of the soil to determine the wilting point and the amount of available moisture and to notify the grower when his soil and trees are in need of water. In almost every instance where this system is being used, there is less water being applied than formerly and in some cases the amount is less than in the fall. This means that on these groves only 50 per cent of the amount of water that was formerly used is now being used, resulting in an actual saving of this system to the underground water system or to the irrigation companies. This decreased irrigation has also resulted in the trees being in much better condition, as so much water was being applied formerly.

A different method of distribution by water companies would also result in a saving of our water supply. A grower often has to take water when it is his turn in that particular run or else wait probably three or four days until it will reach him in the next run. He does not need the water at the time, but knows that his trees cannot wait three weeks longer, and of the two evils he chooses the lesser one; that is, he irrigates before it is necessary. If the grower could receive the water on order, he probably would save six or eight weeks between irrigations, instead of four or five, and would save one or two irrigations during the season. This would mean a great saving for the future in our supply of water.

While the writer does not wish to appear unduly alarmed about the water situation, still he feels that the grower who is absolutely dependent upon an adequate irrigation water supply before he can realize the best results from his trees, is in a position where he must take steps to insure his supply for the future. Water reeding in the wells can only mean one thing; that the supply in the underground basin is getting lower. There is only a certain limit which water can be lifted and when the water level gets below this, some other means of bringing it to the surface will have to be found. If there should be an adequate supply left to bring to the surface. It is a matter of co-operation among all the growers and water companies, and the grower who has a great deal of the water now being wasted can be saved for a time when he will be needed.

Tourist Rates Boom Attendance at Rodeo

The summer tourist fare rates now in effect on railroads from Anaheim to Chicago will be the means of increasing traffic considerably between the two points in the next couple of weeks. It is anticipated by railroad passengers that those who predict that many here will take advantage of the lowered fares to run to Chicago to witness the Roundup and Varsity Championship Rodeo, which is to be held in the Grant Park stadium, August 15 to 23, by the Chicago Association of Cowboys.

Late vacationists and business men with an eye on the fall trade are expected to be in the vicinity of this movement on Chicago, August 15, a month before they are "going to town" in stock and the rodeo will enable business men to combine business with pleasure. Each year the Roundup and Varsity Championship Rodeo, which is one of the greatest of the kind in the world, attracts thousands of spectators to the city of Chicago. The rodeo is a combination of the Olympic contests, which for nine days will be held in the Grant Park stadium, and the Varsity Championship Rodeo, which is a combination of the Olympic contests, which for nine days will be held in the Grant Park stadium.

AGRICULTURAL ACTIVITIES

Early harvest reports have tended to confirm previous forecasts of satisfactory yields of the principal crops of the Twelfth Federal Reserve district. Weather conditions continued generally favorable during June and early July, although grain crops in the Pacific Northwest and fruit crops in the interior valleys of California were damaged slightly by hot, dry winds during the last week of June.

The grain harvest is now in progress in most sections of the district. July 1 forecasts of the Department of Agriculture indicated a total district production of fall wheat amounting to 100,374,000 bushels. This is 42.2 per cent more than was produced in the district last year, but is 11.7 per cent below the five-year average production of 111,247,000 bushels. The district's 1923 barley crop is estimated at 46,607,000 bushels, compared with 12,710,000 bushels produced in 1922 and the 1919-1923 average yield of 32,325,000 bushels. In California the forecasted yield of 29,882,000 bushels compares with 10,680,000 bushels produced in this state in 1922, and the 1919-1923 average of 30,558,000 bushels.

The California rice crop has made excellent progress during the past six weeks. Its condition was estimated at 25 per cent of normal on July 1, which compares with a 10-year average of 89 per cent on that date. Approximately 108,000 acres have been planted to rice in California this year, compared with 88,000 acres in 1922. Estimated production is 1.4 per cent less than the five-year average (1912-1923) yield.

Wonder if the winner of Mr. Bok's peace essay contest has gone to Morocco or China?

Climatic Changes May Affect Coast

Switching of Ocean Currents Likely to Alter Climate

Such astonishing phenomena as the removal of the motion picture industry from California to some other sunny land, and the blossoming of the great American desert in the southwestern region of the United States, are forecast by some meteorologists as the result of the changes which have taken place in the Humboldt and other ocean currents. Earlier reports to the United States government indicated that Peru would probably be the only country affected by the current changes. Later developments seem to indicate a vastly more widespread effect, with the change only being begun.

If the predictions of the scientists are borne out, vital changes will take place in several parts of the world, including the United States. Indeed, the reports indicate that such changes already are in progress.

The Humboldt current flows northward along the west coast of South America. It originates in Antarctic waters and, therefore, is a cold stream of water flowing through the ocean. For centuries—in fact throughout known history—the current has held an unaltered course. It flowed northward about as far as Peru and then turned south.

Probably the first change came about six to eight months ago. The result was a sudden change in the weather in some areas to some extent and plunged further northward than ever before. This phenomenon had the greatest effect on the coast of the South American continent and the warm waters of the equatorial region and forced them southward.

The Peruvian climate grew hotter to an extent varying from 10 to 20 degrees, according to reports which have been received at different times, and torrential rains set in, causing tremendous damage to property and crops and costing some human lives. These changes were at first thought to be about the extent of the effects. Further study has revealed the cause of the change and, in turn, has shown other changes.

One of the solar constant—the temperature and radiation of the sun—have caused atmospheric disturbances in the Antarctic region, which have started around the lower end of the world. The three continents which project their southern extremities into the lower seas are Australia, South America and Africa. Of course, South America extends farthest south. The westerly flowing Antarctic winds started a current of sea water flowing through the straits of Magellan, the Gulf of South America and found an obstruction. It also there met the beginning of the Humboldt current. The inevitable result was that the Humboldt current was greatly increased in volume by vast quantities of frigid Antarctic water which enhanced both its volume and velocity and lowered its temperature. It naturally plunged farther north than previously, carrying a tremendous quantity of very cold water to unprecedentedly high altitudes.

This cold water, meeting the warm air and warm water of the equatorial regions, brought about the rains. Since the early reports, these rains have extended up the coast through Central America and even to South America, where a dry spell of three years has been broken by tremendous rainfall. It is predicted by scientists that if the conditions continue, it will rain in California about eight months of the year, destroying the usefulness of the state for the motion picture industry, which requires long periods of clear weather for outdoor work. Presumably the citrus fruit industry would also be affected by these changes. The ocean has many currents flowing northward from the Antarctic. One flows up the western coast of Australia. The freshening effect of the westerly Antarctic winds already has been felt there, the sea continuing to expand, hence the effect. Still another current flows northward along the west coast of Africa. The effect of these winds and freshened currents on these three continents has been that portions of South America have had the heaviest rains in the history of mankind. So far, western Australia has had the heaviest rains in 86 years. The west coast of Africa has had the heaviest in 56 years.

The African current also is expected to affect the United States. This current flows with greater force and volume in a northerly direction, reaching America. It will influence the Gulf stream and, thereby, the climate of the eastern part of the United States. Just as the Humboldt already has affected the west coast, the Gulf coast also will be affected and the scientific prediction is that a climate change will occur which will cause rains to fall in what now is called the great American desert, the region embracing portions of Nevada, Utah, Arizona and New Mexico. Irrigation has shown that the soil of this region is highly productive. If this region is highly productive, the desert and this climatic change would furnish the needed moisture. The southeastern section of the United States would experience increased rainfall and the north Atlantic states would be cooler.

Scientists all over the world are interesting themselves profoundly in these events because it is recognized that fundamental changes may be produced in industries and in the lives of whole populations. Business men with investments in affected regions also are watching the report with care.

The MacMillan expedition to the Arctic is accompanied by scientists who, before departing, obtained data on what is occurring and will look for any changes resulting in the Far North. The German navy has fitted out a special ship to proceed in the southern oceans and make a study of what the ocean currents are doing. Already the United States coast guard has made reports on conditions of change in the Atlantic. The United States weather bureau has collected reports on the phenomenon and is studying it. The sci-

tists of South America are greatly interested, especially as their countries are feeling strong effects. Dispatches from the Argentine say that unusual weather is being experienced, with intense cold and such heavy snowstorms that there has been loss of life of men and animals and killing of crops. The effect of the cold currents swirling northward.

One item of loss alone will run into the millions, it is estimated. The change in the climate of the sea off Peru has added millions of fish, the food of the birds which furnish the basis for the guano fertilizer industry. These food zones, the birds themselves have expanded in numbers far too great to calculate. The event has been called "the greatest biological holocaust in history." What changes may occur in aquatic life elsewhere remains to be seen and is conjectural, but an official weather bureau report says: "Meteorologists will place a large interconnection mark and watch the course of future events with much interest."

California Third in Liquor Prescriptions

California physicians issued almost a million liquor prescriptions during the 1924 fiscal year, according to a survey of the liquor situation which was made public yesterday by Collector of Internal Revenue Rex B. Goodell.

Goodell's figures, of the collector's report were: Liquor sold during the 1924 fiscal year to 923 physicians' prescriptions amounted to 885,540 pints of whiskey and 824 pints of brandy. Only New York and Illinois led California in the number of physicians' prescriptions issued.

A number of arrests for violations of the National Prohibition Act, California headed all states, excepting New York, when the number of arrests made in California was 3189.

Automobiles valued at \$142,500 were seized in California. This figure was exceeded by but one state, New Jersey. Wine shipped and delivered in California for sacramental purposes reached a total of 124,816 gallons, compared with 119,142 gallons in 1923 fiscal year.

Federal taxes collected on distilled spirits in the United States in the fiscal year 1924 was \$27,680,280, as against \$25,252,191 in 1919. Fermented liquor produced a tax of \$3237 in 1924, compared with \$117,429,602 in 1919.

At the close of the 1924 fiscal year, 32,252,643 gallons of distilled spirits was on hand in government warehouses throughout the country, compared with 32,568,766 gallons in 1913. This is the nation's total supply.

In Southern California the total supply of hard liquor consisting of whiskey of 1913 to 1919 vintage, on hand in government warehouses, was 125,055 gallons. The supply on hand in warehouses in San Francisco Internal revenue district was 1,172,722 gallons.

WON'T GIVE UP THE SHIP
New Jersey is not going to give up the navy druggies Shenandoah and Los Angeles without a struggle.

The argument that California weather conditions are ideal for drinkable water "is a lot of bunk," declared Thomas P. Pratt, president of the Ashbury Park Rotary Club. The club will protest the proposed plan to transfer the drinkable base from Lakehurst to California. "It looks like California boaters have been trying to get our skins out there," Pratt said. "Anyway, it is foolish to hamper the navy by this weather argument."

A New York woman, whose husband clear her for cooking, tried to commit suicide by taking iodine, thus reversing the usual procedure, which is to give the iodine to the critic.

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ALL IN THE DAYS WORK

By A. B. CHAPIN

THE EDITOR

GOOD MORNING, MISTER JONES
I HAVE A LITTLE NEWS ITEM HERE THAT I'M SURE YOU WILL BE GLAD TO PRINT. IT'S SHORT, NOT OVER A COLUMN AND A HALF, AND HAS AN ALLEGEDLY GOOD POINT TO IT. IT'S A PIPIN AND YOUR READERS WILL SAY IT UP! IT'S ALL ABOUT THE EAST PORTICO OF THE WHITE HOUSE AND WE'RE GOING TO HAVE THE PRESIDENT FOR US, BUT HE HAD JUST LEFT FOR SWAMPSCOTT, SO WE HAD ONE OF OUR NEW SUBSTITUTES FOR HIM TO DEMONSTRATE OUR NEW, REVERSIBLE, SELF-CLEANING DOOR-MATS. YOU'LL GIVE IT GOOD POSITION, WON'T YOU? HAVE A CIGAR.



CHAPIN

ATTACKING THE TARIFF

Now that Europe owes the United States more than twelve billions of dollars in direct loans, in addition to large private loans, the demand for a change in our international policies to make the repayment of these loans easier is gradually increasing.

The economists of Europe and those in our own country who think along European lines, say that our protective tariff wall should be abolished so that Europe can pay what she owes Uncle Sam in cheap goods, and they are doing what they can to shape public opinion in the United States along free trade lines.

Fortunately, however, for the good of America, these efforts are meeting with little success. They are not the policies of the present administration, nor are they the accepted policies of the American people. If the tariff wall were lowered and an avalanche of cheap foreign goods poured into America, the European debt would not be paid by Europe but by America at the expense of American industry, American labor and the American standard of living. The great bulk of the people realize this, just as President Coolidge realizes it, and Europe's friends in America and elsewhere will have to think up some different scheme for easing the payment of that debt.

Ohio has a new state law for licensing real estate agents, and the next thing we know they'll be bootlegging building lots over in the Buckeye state.

If those French veterans finally succeed in rounding up the Fifth General Andrews ought to send for 'em to come over here and get our bootleggers.



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Boost Home Industry! Practice What You Preach!

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Henry Kuehl, Editor and Proprietor
SUBSCRIPTION PER YEAR \$1.50
SIX MONTHS .85
THREE MONTHS .45
Entered at the Anaheim Postoffice as second-class matter

FIFTY YEARS AGO

In the column on the second page of this issue devoted to items taken from The Gazette of 50 years ago will be found a number of very interesting political notes, which are commended to the perusal of our readers. There was politics in those early days in California, as well as at the present time. Our people talked politics then just as they do today.

One of the contents of particular interest in the column of 1875 was the race between P. D. Wightman of Merced county and S. O. Houghton of San Jose for congressman in this district. The interesting point in this fight is that while the Eleventh district at present comprises the five southernmost counties in this state with Mono and Inyo counties added, which alignment was made following the census of 1900, the district in that early day ran far enough north to take in the two counties referred to, namely, Merced and Santa Clara. This was the Third Congressional district. Los Angeles county embraced Orange, San Bernardino and Riverside counties, and a short time before Kern county as well. This district embraced more than half the territory of the state.

Wrightson spoke in Anaheim from a platform erected in front of the old brewery on Center street, east of the Valencia hotel, which occupies the site of the old Anaheim hotel, while Houghton spoke from a platform erected on Los Angeles street near Center, at the side of the old Platters hotel, near the Houghton drug store now stands. The one was Democratic headquarters, the other was Republican standing ground. The civil war was not so many years over, and there were heated political arguments in those days.

Today California is probably entitled on the basis of its present population, to 17 or 18 congressmen, and when the new re-apportionment bill is passed, following the next census in 1920, the state will be entitled to several more. Just how many more is not so certain as to say. We are approaching the end of the Eleventh Congressional district as it is at present constituted. If a man wants to make a guess, he might say that Orange, San Bernardino and Riverside counties will form another. If that is what it is, what is to become of Binge? Who knows, and who gives a damn?

OUR GAIN IN WEALTH

Those who point to our supposedly great gain in wealth during the World war, and the accompanying impoverishment of Europe, as a reason why Uncle Sam should so kindly forget what Europe owes him, would do well to consult the figures, for they are somewhat surprising.

According to the World Almanac, the total estimated wealth of the United States in 1922 was \$228,842,252,252, against \$188,259,664,000 in 1912, or an increase in that period of about 70 per cent. The purchasing power of the dollar was about one-third less in 1922 than in 1912, so that the increase was not so great after all.

Yet as the August number of the National Republic points out, the wealth of the United States increased from 1890 to 1912, a period of eight years, 72.3 per cent, measured in dollars of practically equal value.

But to go further: Belgium's national wealth in 1912 was five and a half billions. In 1922 it had increased to twelve billions, which is a gain of over 200 per cent, compared with our gain of 70 per cent. From 1908 to 1912, the wealth of France increased by half a billion dollars. But from 1912 to 1922 France's wealth increased from fifty-eight and a half billion to ninety billion dollars, or at the rate of over twice billions every four years.

In other words, to quote again from the National Republic, France is twenty-four and a quarter billions richer than she would have been had her wealth continued to increase from 1912 at only the pre-war rate. And during the ten years beginning in 1912 the wealth of Italy increased 60 per cent.

So it would seem that after all Uncle Sam did not keep pace with her European debtors in percentage increase of wealth during the world struggle.

VALUE OF AN ACRE

What's an acre worth? is a question that used to tantalize the old men far more than the age of Ann or the complexities of a roadside chicken. It was never settled, for each new find in oil lands gave a different answer. Eventually it simmered down to a problem of relativity—the relation between the nerve of the seller and the hypnosis of the come-on.

But here is a new answer, though not for all lands. The city of Chicago has decided to spend \$100,000,000 to dredge up mud from Lake Michigan's bottom and make 1200 acres of new land on the waterfront to be used for parks. That works out at \$83,333 an acre. It sounds steep. And that gives us the answer, that for some purposes land may be worth anything you have to pay for it. If you had to live in a huge, crowded city like Chicago, you would think no price too steep to pay for a bit of park breathing space.

These Chicago figures also give us a fine idea of the value of our own Golden Gate Park, which covers about 1200 acres. Is it too much to say that Golden Gate Park is worth \$100,000,000 to San Francisco? We think not. In fact, every acre of it is worth far more than \$83,333.

Buena Park Notes

(By Mrs. J. P. Robinson)

Mrs. L. T. Wilsey, president of the Women's Club, and Mrs. J. P. Greenwalt, chairman of the Dahlia Show, are very busy with the preparations for the Third Annual Dahlia Show, to be held at Buena Park, September 1.

A baby daughter was born Sunday to Mrs. Charles Hillman of Victorville. Mrs. Hillman has been letting her hair grow, and Mrs. J. H. Whitteell, on Western avenue, for the past month.

Mrs. Francis Bovee and daughters, Elizabeth and Marie, and son, Francis, Jr., of La Habra were guests of Mrs. F. J. Huguenot, Saturday.

J. P. Forrester is building an addition to his plumbing shop and sheet metal works. The addition will cost about \$1000.

Mr. and Mrs. James Calder, Miss Dorothy Wilkins, Mr. and Mrs. H. H. Houghton and son, Dale, are spending two weeks at the Wilkins cottage at Lake Arrowhead.

Mrs. Paul Coffman and baby, who were guests last week of her uncle, C. Spohn and family, returned to her home in Los Angeles, Monday.

A. A. Greer, who has had charge of Homeview subdivision real estate office for the A. B. C. Sales Company, has resigned his position and F. Willard of Los Angeles has been appointed to succeed him.

The Ladies' Aid of the Congregational church is remodeling the parsonage. A new hall, a new bathroom and a new kitchen have been added to the parsonage and plastering repaired, and this week the ladies expect to do papering and painting. The new minister, Rev. W. W. Hart, will move here from Ingleside as soon as the parsonage is ready.

Rev. and Mrs. Hart were weekend guests of Mr. and Mrs. H. H. Houghton.

Mrs. M. S. Berkey returned Saturday afternoon from a party at the home of Mrs. Van Veen. She was accompanied by her daughter, Mrs. O. C. House, and family, who are visiting in the city.

Mrs. Berkey. Other guests for the evening were: Mr. and Mrs. L. B. Berkey and daughter, Elizabeth; Mr. and Mrs. Frank Taylor of Fullerton, and Mrs. J. B. Robinson and son, Albert.

Mr. and Mrs. Luther Wilson of Imperial Valley spent the latter part of last week visiting R. A. Wilson of Tenth street.

Mr. and Mrs. L. C. Spohn and Mrs. C. A. Spohn left Monday for a motor trip to San Diego and Mexico.

Mr. and Mrs. Fred Bastardy and children, Edwin and Barbara, visited relatives in Pasadena, Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. Harry Horn and family and their guests, Mrs. George Thurman and Mr. and Mrs. Harold Thurman of Lodi, spent Sunday at Long Beach.

Mrs. T. H. Payton of Belvidere Gardens visited her parents, Mr. and Mrs. J. B. Robinson, Sunday.

Mrs. C. R. Hendrix and sons, Hollis and Wayne, left Thursday for a motor trip to Lodi. They expect to be gone six weeks.

Mr. and Mrs. B. R. Kratzer were visited Sunday by their daughter, Mrs. Raymond Wilcox of Alhambra. Mrs. Wilcox has just returned from a two months' vacation in Honolulu.

Mr. and Mrs. Murphy Osborne and Mr. and Mrs. Art Osborne left Monday for Imperial Valley.

Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Souder and family of Buena Park and Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Souder and family of Los Angeles enjoyed a family picnic at Seal Beach, Sunday.

R. H. Bacon and family were pleasantly surprised Saturday evening when they were visited by Mr. and Mrs. Cecil, of Girard, Ill., arrived to make their visit.

Mrs. Paul Coffman of Los Angeles and Mr. and Mrs. R. C. Spohn were dinner guests of Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Spohn, Saturday evening.

Mr. and Mrs. R. H. Rock and children of Alhambra visited friends here Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. A. Baublitz and daughter of Pomona were Buena Park visitors Saturday.

Mr. and Mrs. L. J. Robeson and children motored to Lake Arrowhead Saturday, and on to Big Bear Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. H. E. Warren and daughter, Eleanor, motored to Strawberry Plains, Saturday. Misses Florence Warren and Helen Page are staying at the High School cabin at Strawberry Plains.

Mr. and Mrs. Gerald McComber are entertaining a house party of 16 at the McComber cabin at Strawberry Plains.

The Ladies' Aid will give a caterer's supper Friday night at the community hall.

Mr. and Mrs. S. W. Little and Erwin Janke returned Friday from a motor trip to the northern part of the state.

Mr. and Mrs. George Cole and family of Buena Park visited at Huntington Beach, Sunday. Mrs. E. L. Cole remained for a few days' visit.

Martin McDonald is visiting his uncle, George Cole.

Jack Cromwell and family have moved into one of the new duplex houses on Park avenue.

A large number of Buena Park people attended the funeral of Mrs. Margaret Barron at Compton, Monday afternoon.

Mrs. Barron was a former resident of Buena Park.
Mr. and Mrs. Herbert Bixby visited friends at Glendale, Sunday.

Guests of Mr. and Mrs. L. T. Wilsey Sunday were Mr. and Mrs. Harry Krouse of Pomona.

Mrs. Paul Lutzer of Placentia called at the Robeson home Saturday.

W. B. Shaw and family are enjoying a two weeks' vacation at Catalina.

Anaheim's Policemen Declared Too Polite

Anaheim's motorcycle officers are polite, too polite, if one may judge by the rather expensive experience of M. L. Sims of Los Angeles.

Sims was arrested June 15, when he was traveling driving 30 miles an hour in an Anaheim 20-mile zone. He failed to appear on the date set and ignored notices sent to his address.

So George V. Holden, city recorder, issued a bench warrant and had Sims brought to Anaheim. In the meantime, the man had sent \$50 as a bond, and this reached the recorder at the time of the hearing.

Sims came into court charged with exceeding the speed limit and with failure to carry a driver's license. He pleaded guilty to both charges, only to find himself faced with a charge of failing to appear for trial. He pleaded guilty, in Olmstead's complaint, in addition to having his \$50 bond confiscated.

Shell Oil Company Leasing at Talbert

That the Shell Oil Company is likely, within 90 days, to start drilling for oil near Talbert, was indicated when it was learned that 1000 acres east, north and northeast of Talbert recently were leased to the company. This company has been drilling for oil in the area for some time.

This activity is in an area west of the Santa Ana river, across the river from the Santa Ana Gardens tract and Greenville section, where the Standard Oil Company has been drilling for several years. This morning oil lease rental checks were received by farmers in the Greenville section, which takes their rental to the Standard company into September.

The Shell leases, it is reported, are not in the nature of a community leases. Each property is taken separately, with the exception of the provision that if a total of 1500 acres is secured drilling will start within 90 days on some piece of land to be selected by the Shell company as it sees fit. The point of drilling has not been designated.

Captain Bert Moody of the Anaheim police returned some days ago from Catalina, where in company with his wife, he spent his vacation. He declares Catalina the finest place in the world to enjoy a vacation.

Mr. Julia Becker died Thursday morning at the home of her daughter, Mrs. Carl Jungkelt, who resides on a ranch west of this city. Mrs. Becker had been in Anaheim for some time, having come here from Oregon, where she had been home with her son for several years. She is survived by two daughters, Mrs. Jungkelt and Mrs. E. M. Anderson of this city, and three sons, one in Anaheim, one in Los Angeles and one in Chicago.

Funeral services were held Monday afternoon, 2 o'clock, at the Catholic funeral home, 1215 E. R. Schroeder, pastor of the German Baptist church, officiating. Burial was made in the Anaheim cemetery.

FITS TO ORDER
The westernization of Japan includes compulsory teaching of English in the schools, but it does not include a grammatical command of the English language. A Yokohama tailor, for example, has started making suits for the English, but his suits are not good. "Ladies have fits upstairs," his sign reads.

PROGRESS
Two recent developments have focused public attention on Graham Brothers Trucks as never before.

One was the sweeping price reductions of May 15th, ranging from \$80 to \$160. The other was Graham Brothers ascendancy to leadership by building more 1 1/2-ton trucks than any other manufacturer in the world, during the first quarter of 1925, and by achieving second position in the 1-ton and 1 1/2-ton fields combined.

Progress such as this deserves public attention—and eliminates all doubt as to the logical truck to buy!

1-Ton Chassis, \$1280; 1 1/2-Ton Chassis, \$1560; Delivered

CHAS. H. MANN
DODGE DISTRIBUTOR
210 South Los Angeles Street, Anaheim

Graham Brothers Trucks
Sold by Dodge Brothers Dealers Everywhere

Banker Must Give Better Argument

Olmstead Must Show Legal Authority for Injunction

Unless attorneys for E. L. Olmstead, former president of the First National Bank of Breca, can produce legal authority showing that the alleged wrongful conversion of his \$42,000 Breca bank stock by W. D. Howard, president of the Continental National Bank of Los Angeles, should not be considered under the usual rule of law governing such cases, no temporary injunction will be granted by the Superior court to prevent transfer of the stock to F. F. Miller, asserted representative of Howard.

This was indicated by Judge Emerson J. Marks, when the Olmstead case came before him Friday, on an order to Howard to show cause why a temporary injunction should not be issued.

Howard's attorney cited statutes showing that in cases of claimed conversion of personal property, no temporary injunction shall be issued, the court accepted this as the usual rule which would be applied in the case unless authorities could be produced showing that a different rule should apply, by reason perhaps of other damages that might result to Olmstead.

Loss of his bank stock, besides the value of the stock itself, this court said, appeared to be claimed, although, clearly, in Olmstead's complaint, the statement that he faced loss of the presidency of the bank with the loss of his stock.

Attorney W. L. Gilbert, representing Olmstead, declared that he was entitled to the temporary injunction on the ground that the alleged conversion of stock was not yet complete, because the court had not been transferred, and that Olmstead had a right to block the conversion until merits of the case could be heard.

Gilbert objected to statements by Howard's attorneys that damage for loss of his bank presidency could not be claimed as grounds for an injunction because Olmstead had been removed as president of the bank, since the stock was "outside the record." Gilbert declared that the court should decide the matter, which precipitated a heated debate between the attorneys.

The court granted Howard permission to file an affidavit with Olmstead's attorneys, setting forth alleged facts regarding the later developments, which the attorneys of Olmstead are to meet to it. It will be filed with the court within the next few days, the attorneys advised the court. Legal authorities to support the rival contentions will be filed at the same time, it is understood.

Olmstead, who, besides being president of the Breca bank, recently was made vice-president of the Continental National Bank, of which Howard is president, charges that his superior officer is trying to defraud him of the Breca bank stock, which controls that institution.

Howard interested Olmstead in stock in the State Securities company, which Howard also controlled, according to Olmstead. The Breca banker posted his security with the Los Angeles bank for stock in the State Securities corporation. It was understood that the stock would be carried for a long time by the Los Angeles bank, until he could conveniently arrange to carry it off. It was a demand rate.

Without demand upon him or notice to him, Howard sold the Breca bank stock to F. F. Miller, who is Howard's own personal representative, Olmstead claims. Miller promptly appeared at the Breca bank to demand transfer of the stock on the books, but was put off by a demand for further identification.

Meanwhile, Olmstead started the court proceedings to block the transfer. "Outside the record," it is understood, the Breca bank, pending settlement of the stock dispute, Vice-President John D. Stevens submitted him as president and Cashier W. C. Davis was made vice-president.

"DRESS WELL AND SUCCEED"



What This Store is Trying To Do

FIRST of all, to be of service to you; to exercise our best taste and judgment in getting for you the things you need to wear and putting into practice our best business principles to keep costs down.

We buy the best merchandise we know of—Hart Schaffner & Marx clothes and things like that—and sell them just as cheaply as things can be sold.

You'll never find us resorting to poor merchandise bought to meet a price and make a profit. We won't treat our friends that way.

STETSON HATS
FLORESHEIM SHOES
MANHATTAN SHIRTS
DUTCHESS TROUSERS

"By All Means Get a Fit"

F. A. Yungbluth

Home of Hart Schaffner & Marx Clothes

POST WARNINGS AGAINST SEWER

Quarantine posters, reading: "This beach is dangerous from sewage pollution," will be posted by the state health authorities along the beach between Huntington Beach and Newport Beach, within a distance of about two miles on each side of the Orange county fairgrounds. It was announced by Dr. V. G. Presson, county health officer.

Advices setting forth the proposed action of the state authorities were received today by the county health officer, coupled with information that Dr. F. G. Goudy, sanitary engineer of the state health board, had announced that the sewer outfall system be reconstructed and lengthened so as to eliminate pollution of the beach waters and resultant menace to public health.

Action on the recommendations submitted by Sanitary Engineer Goudy will be taken by the state health board at its regular meeting, to be held August 16, in San Francisco. The various city and county communities comprising the joint outfall sewer district, will be represented at the meeting, it was said.

Councilman C. H. Chapman and City Engineer Nat H. Neff will represent Santa Ana. It was learned at the city hall.

Recommendations submitted by Sanitary Engineer Goudy call for the extension of the sewer outfall into the ocean at a length of not less than 2900 feet and at a depth of not less than 40 feet of water. At present the outfall pipe extends but 600 feet into the ocean and the sewage is pumped out at a depth not exceeding six feet.

The recommendations provide further that the communities comprising the joint sewer district shall be given a period of two years for the purpose of completing the work, including necessary financing.

Industries at the city hall, as well as the county health officer, brought out information that the city and county various communities forming the district realize the seriousness of the situation and are heartily in favor of the action recommended by the state sanitary engineer.

AMERICAN LEGION EXTENDS THANKS
"Anaheim, Calif., Aug. 5, 1925."
Editor Anaheim Gazette:

Members of Anaheim Post No. 72, American Legion, desire to thank you for your untiring assistance in aiding us to overcome our enormous debt. Although the American Legion has had an immediate response from some of the people in Anaheim to its appeal for \$1500 for the care of orphans of veterans, the committee in charge of this drive reports that the great majority of our citizens have not yet sent in their contribution. It is necessary that every one assist in this enterprise if we are to reach our goal. Everyone can donate \$1, \$2 or \$5 to this cause and feel that they have helped to make a home for an orphan of a man who gave his life

THURSDAY, FRIDAY & SATURDAY

OLD FASHIONED Rummage Sale

REMNANTS 1-3 to 1-2 Off
Including Silk Wool and Wash Goods Remnants.

Final Clearance of LADIES' WHITE FOOTWEAR
Sensationally underpriced \$3.85 \$4.45 \$4.85

BARGAIN TABLES OF CHILDREN'S AND WOMEN'S APPAREL
Including Underminers, Brassieres, Corsets, Khaki Togs, Bathing Caps, Infants' Bonnets, Wash Dresses, Blouses, etc.

19c 35c 68c \$1.00 \$1.95

\$2.00 RADIUM SILK
One of the greatest values ever offered.

\$1.18 Yard

Daisy OUTING FLANNEL
A popular material for many uses—very special—19c

SCORES OF OTHER ITEMS (SEE OUR WINDOWS)

The S.Q.R. Store
Anaheim, California

Local Brevities

Mr. and Mrs. Fred Backs entertained a company of friends at their Balboa bungalow last evening, when a very fine dinner was served, and the evening was delightfully spent in the guests' presence. Among the guests were Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Carroll, Miss Sophie Himpau, Mrs. Clara Melrose, of San Francisco, Miss Winifred Melrose, and Mrs. A. B. McCord and Mr. and Mrs. F. A. Yungbluth.

The ordinance calling the \$350,000 water bond election for Newport Beach was passed by the city board of trustees at a meeting Monday night.

A \$50,000 bond election will be held at Torja Linda, September 5, in connection with the proposal for a new school building. It was decided Monday by trustees of the district. Following a meeting of electors of the district, at which one of five sites for the proposed building was chosen, the trustees went into session and passed a resolution calling the bond election. Deputy District Attorney D. G. Wetlin was in attendance at the meeting to advise the board regarding bond proceedings.

Prof. J. A. Claves, principal of the Anaheim high school, is this week attending a state convention of Americanization workers in session at Astoria, Ore. Principals of all schools in the state where Americanization work is carried on and others interested in that branch of educational work are present at the convention. Professor Claves will return the latter part of this week.

The Misses Myrtle Winters and Virginia Elam of this city, accompanied by the Misses Lova Hall and Vesta Newman of Garden Grove, returned the latter part of the week from a six weeks' trip which took them as far north as Lake Louise and Calgary, Canada.

Miss Alice Wright of the J. C. Penny store has returned from a vacation spent in Minnesota and Kansas, where she visited with relatives and friends.

Mr. and Mrs. Earl G. Brooks of Centerville, Iowa, are guests at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Harry Kindig of this city. The visitors, who are on their wedding trip, arrived in this city Monday, making the trip from their Iowa home by automobile. They plan to stay in Anaheim several days, and will then continue their trip through northern California. Mrs. Kindig and Mrs. Brooks were friends in Iowa before the former came to Anaheim, two years ago.

The Domestic Art and Science Club, sponsored by the Woman's Institute of Scranton, Pa., held its first regular meeting yesterday afternoon, at the home of Mrs. Alma Timken of Olive.

The membership of the club is open for all students interested in this field of study. It will meet on the second and fourth Wednesdays. Those wishing further information are requested to phone Mrs. E. H. Fuller, 1246-R, or Mrs. Timken, Orange 225-R-4.

Mr. and Mrs. James McCormack of 701 Anasuta avenue enjoyed a visit Sunday with their son and daughter-in-law, Mr. and Mrs. James McCormack of Los Angeles.

Miss Marie Robertson, who has been enjoying a vacation in the Yosemite National Park, has returned and resumed her duties at the office of Dr. J. W. Truxaw.

Champ Life Saver



"Buck" McNeill, dockmaster at New York, is the champion life saver. He has been decorated by many nations for his courage in saving human life—with a net nearly fifty so his credit.

C. J. Harkins of Tulsa, Okla., who has been visiting relatives in this city for the past two months, left Sunday on the Harvard for San Francisco, where he will stay for a few days before continuing his trip to Fairbanks, Alaska.

William J. Larrabee, proprietor of the East Side Grocery, returned the last of the week from a vacation at Catalina, where he and Mrs. Frank C. Haverty and family, of 203 East Alberta street, have returned from a week's vacation at Anaheim Landing.

The Rev. Harry Branton and family of Delano have been spending their vacation in this city at the home of Mrs. Branton's parents, Mr. and Mrs. W. B. Allen.

Miss Lucille Nenno, who has been enjoying a two weeks' vacation, has resumed her duties at the Chamber of Commerce.

Miss Clara Bameberger left Saturday evening for a two weeks' vacation, a week of which will be spent with friends at Lake Arrowhead.

Mrs. George Mattis, Miss Frances Mattis and John Mattis left the last of the week for Berkeley and San Francisco. At Berkeley they will visit Mrs. Mattis' son, Dr. Michael Mattis, whose marriage to Miss Montemphill was an event of the early summer.

Mrs. Floyd West and children are visiting relatives and friends in Toledo, Ohio. They expect to return to this city about the first of September.

Mrs. Raymond Spaulding of Hollywood was a guest at the home of her sister, Mrs. Elida Chandler, 130 South Philadelphia street, Sunday.

Young people of the Free Methodist congregation will meet Friday evening at the church for the first assembly of the conference year. All young people among the Free Methodists are urged to be present and start the new year with a good attendance.

Miss Sara Mattis spent Saturday night with her sister, Mrs. John Nugent of Lawndale.

Mr. and Mrs. E. Larson of North Clementine street have purchased a bungalow court in Los Angeles. Mr. Larson, who has been in the employ of the city, has resigned his position here and expects to make his home in Los Angeles.

David Marsh, who has spent the past several months in San Francisco, has returned to his home in this city.

All meetings of the Woman's Missionary Society of the Nazarene church have been postponed until September, due to the illness of the president, Mrs. Fletcher Galloway.

Mrs. L. McClair has returned to her duties at the S. Q. R. store, after enjoying a three weeks' vacation.

Mr. and Mrs. C. B. Strong of Lawrence, Kansas, have returned to their home, after a visit in this city at the home of Mrs. Ida Hughes.

Rev. and Mrs. Virgil K. Ledbetter of the Calvary Baptist church left Monday for a two months' vacation in South Carolina, where they will visit relatives.

C. W. Heaton, veteran newspaperman of Cleveland, Ohio, is a guest at the home of Mr. and Mrs. W. M. McBride on Placencia avenue. Mr. Heaton is an adjuster on the Cleveland Leader, is making an extensive tour of the western coast, coming by way of Banff and Vancouver, Canada. He expects to remain in this city for a few days before returning to his home.

Mrs. W. E. Alexander, 501 North Lemon street, was hostess on Friday afternoon to a group of bridge players who met informally each month for their favorite game. Light refreshments were served by the hostess, after the awarding of the prizes to high score players.

Mr. and Mrs. L. R. Wilson and Dr. J. W. Wilson were hosts Thursday evening to members of the Lions Club and their wives at a jolly beach party. A winner bake with coffee on the sand was followed by a delightful trip around the bay in the Wilson motor boat. Upon their return the guests were entertained at the beach home of their hosts.

George F. Howard of the Goodrum-Howard Company, Inc., with his family, Mrs. Howard's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Perkins of San Bernardino, left August 1 by automobile for Portland, Ore. They will be gone about three weeks and will visit with relatives near Portland.

Word has been received from Mr. and Mrs. Charles Eganbrood, who are enjoying a three months' vacation in Hecla, S. D. They report making the trip from Anaheim to Hecla in nine days by automobile. They expect to return the latter part of October.

Oscar Gibbs has obtained a job from Contractor Franzén, and is clearing brick at the building being razed at the corner of Center and Lemon streets to make place for the new S. Q. R. store. Oscar receives a minimum of 50 cents per hour, works bankers' hours, gets Saturday afternoons off and is rapidly rolling up a wad of the real McCoy.

Miss Jessie Donaldson, a society belle of Minneapolis, is visiting with relatives and friends on the coast and is a guest of Mr. and Mrs. Frank N. Gibbs, she being a cousin of Mrs. Gibbs. Miss Donaldson is seeing the Pacific ocean for the first time and accompanied by Mr. and Mrs. Gibbs, will go to Coronado to try her luck at deep sea fishing before she returns East.

Rev. and Mrs. A. G. H. Bode and family are spending the summer vacation at Balboa. Mrs. Bode is recovering from a recent very serious illness, and her many friends will be delighted to know, soon will be quite herself again.

Mrs. Allan Melrose arrived this week from San Francisco, coming down on the Yale, accompanied by Dickie Melrose, who has been spending the summer in the North. She will remain for a visit of several weeks, and will spend some time with Miss Winifred Melrose at Balboa.

Mr. and Mrs. Fred Backs and Miss Florence Backs are spending several weeks at Balboa.

C. W. Croner and E. H. Hightower have purchased the Packard agency in this county from Dale & Company. Mr. Croner came to Anaheim in 1921, and has been the manager of the company for the past three years.

The five banks of Anaheim have united to form a clearing house association. This will be of much benefit to the banking industry here. The officers are: J. G. Hilleary, president; A. B. McClair, vice-president; E. E. Smith, secretary-treasurer.

The most expensive hat ever to be seen here arrived recently at the home of Mrs. M. E. Reed of Huntington Beach. The hat didn't cost anything, yet it probably represents more money than any other hat in this city. It is a miniature hat made from worn out paper money which is returned to the treasury department at Washington, D. C. According to Mrs. Reed, the remains of at least three \$100 bills are to be seen in the hat. The small hat was sent to Mrs. Reed by her daughter, Mrs. Grace Sutton, who is spending the summer in Washington, D. C. According to Mrs. Sutton, the hats are given as souvenirs at the treasury department.

A cash consideration of \$20,000 was paid this week by Mrs. C. M. Cyprien of Fullerton for the George Huber five-acre Valencia orange grove east of Anaheim. The deal was a private transfer. Mrs. Cyprien is the owner of a grove adjoining the Huber ranch, but back from the highway, and her new property will give her frontage on Sunkist avenue. The properties are located approximately two and one-half miles east of Fullerton. Mr. Huber has transferred his interests to San Diego, purchasing two semi-business blocks in that city. It is said. He will soon take up his permanent residence in the southern city.

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P. H. McCloskey's CLEARING SALE

Specials for Friday and Saturday Only

SHIRTS

Collar attached and collar to match—French Flannel, Madras and new prints.

\$1.75 or 3 for \$5.00

PHOENIX UNION SUITS

No sleeves, knee length and full cut—a regular dollar seller—

75c

3 for \$2.00

CAPS

Choice of the house, new patterns and styles. They sold up to 3.50.

\$1.95

BOW TIES

in the new plain and fancy colors—

35c

3 for \$1.00

KNIT TIES

\$1.00

50c

Silk and Wool Sleeveless SWEATERS

New patterns and colors—worth double the price. We are selling them for—

\$3.85

HOSIERY

A fancy drop stitch, in French Tan, Brown and the new Blue—Pair

55c

2 Pair for \$1.00

BALLOON PANTS

In plain and stripes. Reduced—

20%

50c HOSE

SUPTORTERS

25c

Any style

Samuel W. Wilbour, 89, Civil war veteran and resident of Anaheim for the past four years, died Friday morning at the home of his daughter, Mrs. Clarence Frank, 828 South Philadelphia street. Mr. Wilbour was a private in Company G, Forty-fourth Illinois Infantry, during the Civil war, and during his residence in Anaheim was a member of the Malvern Hill post, G. A. R. of Fullerton, and was also a member of the Long Beach drum corps, playing in that organization until a few months ago. He is survived by his daughter, Mrs. Wilbour, and by two brothers, Jacob of Los Angeles, and Will of Tulsa, Oklahoma. Funeral services were held at 2 o'clock Saturday afternoon, at the South Undertaking parlors, in Fullerton. Rev. S. P. Lenzford, of the Fullerton Baptist church officiating. Burial was made in Loma Vista cemetery, with the daughters of Veterans in charge of the services at the grave.

The Peerless Market will open a first class delicatessen stand early next week. Mr. Link will be in charge. He will carry a full line of delicatessen goods, first class in every particular.

Our Blue Pencil Sale

All Lines of Merchandise Previously Advertised Remain on Sale As Long As Quantities Last

TODAY the Second DAY

COME AND PARTICIPATE

- IN OUR -

GREATEST EVENT of the YEAR

WATCH OUR WINDOWS FOR NEW VALUES

FALKENSTEIN'S

All Lines of Merchandise Previously Advertised Remain on Sale As Long As Quantities Last

Lines of New Merchandise Arriving Daily For Our Blue Pencil Sale

CORNER PHILOSOPHY

Bigamy is its own punishment.

If you want to succeed, always pay debts and compliments.

The trouble with increased earnings is that they usually bring increased yearnings.

The man who is constantly wrapped up in himself makes a very small parcel.

Husbands get hard-boiled when kept in hot water.

A man tries to live up to his ideals, a woman to her photographs.

Early to bed and early to rise causes the kids to snap with surprise.

A hard-boiled guy these days is one who takes his ice cream straight without any soda.

It is claimed that light-colored stockings on a girl make one look cooler. Not so, they make one look longer.

The real cubist artist is the man who can always make seven come eleven.

The early bird catches the worm, but if the worm didn't get up so early he wouldn't be caught.

Most married couples these days overlook the fact that a baby carriage is necessary for domestic bliss.

Among other scarifies is the bird who wears buttoned shoes.

Bad luck and poor judgment are twins.

Drive your friends ride with you; walk and they run over you.

A friendly old world this would be if we only loved our neighbors as we love ourselves.

While the old songs used to go to the heart, the new songs go to the feet.

He who hesitates loses the parking space.

Almost every man would feel crushed if he knew the ideal man his wife hoped to get.

The man who slaps your face instead of your back plays fair. Ethics permit you to slap him in return.

The only thing that worries more than where the kids go is where father's money goes.

Wild instincts are usually lost by all domesticated creatures except husbands.

Women will never slap each other on the back until they wear more clothes.

An incubator is the nearest thing to a mother's helper that a hen can get.

Sometimes it is the husband who gets the fit when it is the wife who is buying the gown.

Like the babbling brook, gossip goes on and on and never runs dry.

In Bible times the devil got into bags, and this may explain why some cars need all the road.

Recent vital statistics indicate that too much of the midnight oil is fused oil.

"To loosen a fruit jar, ask it."

That is the modern method of making the taxpayer loosen, also.

What we need is an auto that will stop and count ten before it tries to pass another on a narrow road.

Probably makes the road to heaven so unpopulated is the tendency on the part of most persons to make it a toll road.

Perhaps there is a business revival, but the only evidence of it that reaches us is the shouting.

When the time comes for the meek to inherit the earth, it is likely the reformers will have ruined it.

One reason the bootlegging business is crowded is because the jalls aren't.

The old cry of "get a horse" seems to have been changed to "get a pedestrian."

A slip used to mean the little girl, now it means her little clothing.

Some girls go to boarding school.

Some girls go to college.

But the girl that goes with the traveling man accumulates more knowledge.

Farmers' Incomes Gaining Steadily

The gross income of the farmers for the year ending June 30 was larger than their annual income for any year since 1921. The exact figures mounted to \$12,146,000,000, according to a report just made public by the Department of Agriculture at Washington. For the year ending June 30, 1924, the figure was \$11,288,000,000, so that the gain was nearly a billion dollars, or approximately 7 1/2 per cent. The gain was due almost entirely to higher returns from grain and meat animals, particularly wheat and hogs, the department states.

This analysis of expenses and receipts for the agricultural industry, says the department, confirms other indications of further improvement in farm income. Still, the average net income per operator, including all farmers, tenants as well as owners, amounted to only \$376 in 1924-25, compared with \$764 the preceding year, and covers the return on the farmers' equity in his property as well as earnings for the labor of himself and his family for the year.

If a conservative rate (4.5 per cent) of return for the operator's net capital investment is deducted from the net income of \$376, this return for the operator's labor and management and for the labor of his family was only \$450 in 1924-25 and \$531 in 1923-24.

In arriving at the gross income, the department deducts cost of feed, seed, and waste from the value of production.

This great increase in the price of rubber is very hard on the man who is about to re-tire.

Enjoyable Outing At Camp Osceola

Lions Clubs Given Credit for Making Affair Success

Credit for making the undertaking a success is given the various Lions clubs in the county and individual citizens. In a bulletin issued today by Ralph C. Smiley, general secretary of the Santa Ana Y. M. C. A., setting forth the varied activities of the Santa Ana Y. M. C. A. boys' camp in the San Bernardino mountains, officially designated as Camp Osceola. The camp was closed last Tuesday, after what Smiley reported to be a most successful season.

During the six weeks that the camp was open this season, a total of 155 boys attended. Santa Ana had 54 boys, Fullerton and the north county district had 51, Orange 27 and Anaheim 23. There were more than 300 visitors in the camp, in addition to the boys, and with the adult interest and others who attended, the total made up the largest summer camp that the Orange county Y. M. C. A. has ever promoted. There was no serious accident, nor any sickness of great consequence, in any of the company of campers, and all who were in the camp were impressed alike with the beauty of the location and the splendid spirit and influence of the camp.

Knex Finley, of Pomona College, served as business manager of the camp throughout the season. The local Y. M. C. A. secretaries had charge of the camp program. T. P. McKee handled the Santa Ana boys. Archie Hatt, from the north end of the county and C. E. Morrow and John Luidl the Orange and Anaheim groups.

A number of well-known citizens helped the secretaries in putting the camp program of activities into effect. Rev. T. H. Walker of Anaheim was on the ground for a two weeks' period, and M. E. Beebe and others from Anaheim helped. E. E. Campbell, George Sherwood, Frank Henderson and others from Orange spent several days apiece helping the Orange boys to have a good time. E. C. Baeten, John Scott and Charles Lee of Placentia were other valued helpers. At all times during the camp period some of the friends of the boys were in or near the camp, helping to make the work a success.

Not the least factor in the camp life was the excellent food provided. Mr. and Mrs. J. L. Kettline of Costa Mesa had charge of the kitchen, and served an appetizing and well-balanced menu. A most important feature of the year's work is the "Lions Lodge," a permanent camp building made possible by the cooperation of the Lions Clubs of the county. This building will be the social and business center of the camp in years to come. It was dedicated and formally presented to the Y. M. C. A. on August 2, by a group of Lions, headed by Dr. E. H. Rowland, Harold Walberg and other representatives of the Lions Clubs of the county.

Next year it is planned to keep the camp open for the entire summer, and plans are under way to provide for a family camping ground in connection with the boys' camp, so that families may camp on a nearby location, securing their meals at the camp dining room. A camp period for girls is also in prospect as a new feature.

Urges Peace Officers To Give Co-operation

Speaking on the value of co-operation between city and county officers, and officers in one town with those in another, Captain John Finlman, chief of detectives of the Los Angeles police, addressed a large gathering of Orange county peace officers Wednesday night in Kettner's cafe.

The occasion was the regular meeting of the Orange County Peace Officers Association.

In asking for better co-operation, Captain Finlman declared that it was of first necessity to educate the officer as to all of his duties. He said that the nation needed officers who knew their duty.

A beautiful silver loving cup was presented to the association by Dr. J. H. Simpson, to be used as a trophy in inter-county pistol shoots. The cup was turned over to the president of the organization and certain rules regarding competitive shoots for the cup outlined.

No one officer will be allowed to win the cup more than three times, it was said, and all officers who have highest scores in the proposed contests will have their names engraved on the trophy. The cup will be the property of the winners for a month at a time, but always will be kept on display by the president of the association.

Entertainment furnished under the auspices of the Santa Ana police, consisted of musical numbers by Eddie Fosse and F. Kaufman, at the piano, and a string orchestra, directed by Clyde Holland. The Misses Pearl Lewis, Alta Adkinson and Arla Thompson were members of the orchestra.

Regular pistol range contests will be held, with five-inch bullets, according to an agreement made among the officers.

Efforts to change the size of targets to an eight-inch bullseye, on the part of certain city officers, proved futile, and competitive shoots will be made from the 25 and 50-yard ranges with the new targets.

Petition Signed to Extend City Limits

Preparing to Take in 75 Acres on the West

Annexation of approximately 75 acres of land lying directly west of Fullerton's city limits was proposed to the city council at their regular meeting, and report made that the majority of owners in the district had signed petitions identifying their willingness to the proposed action.

According to a description of the property, the plan embraces tracts known as Lansdowne numbers 1 and 2, and a third addition to the subdivision which is now being completed, as well as a 14-acre ranch adjoining the subdivisions.

Majority of the property lies between West Commonwealth avenue and the Buena Park road, according to owners who were present at the meeting, and the annexation would straighten the city limit line, which now follows a crooked line, due to the city sewer farm, it was shown.

City Trustees W. J. Carmichael, Roy Davis and W. A. Moore were appointed a committee by Mayor Crooke to take up all matters connected with the proposed plan, and to report at a later meeting with a recommendation.

Property which is included in the proposed annexation district has an assessed valuation of \$75,000. It was reported to the council. Approximately 62 houses are located within the boundaries of the addition, landowners reported.

A meeting of all owners in the district will be called by the council committee in order to give all an opportunity to express their views on the subject, and to tell residents what would be expected if the district becomes a part of Fullerton.

U. S. Trade Balance Is Growing Rapidly

The favorable trade balance of the United States for the fiscal year ending June 30 exceeded a billion dollars, according to figures just made public by the Department of Commerce. The exports were valued at \$4,857,654,344 and the imports at \$3,824,972,847.

Both the imports and exports for the fiscal year exceeded those of any of the previous five years. The favorable balance was greater than that of any of the last three fiscal years, although it was less than that for the year ended June 30, 1922.

Good movement for June was small, but the tendency for gold to leave the United States was shown to be still in effect. The nation lost \$2,295,245 in gold, imports being \$4,426,135 and exports \$4,712,480.

Figures published by the United States Chamber of Commerce show many substantial gains in exports during the first quarter of 1925. Exports for the quarter were 48 per cent greater than for the same period of 1922.

"A large part of this increase in exports," it is explained, "was due to Europe's recovery of purchasing power shipments to that continent in the first quarter of 1925 being 62 per cent greater in value than for the first quarter of 1922. As a matter of fact, nearly two-thirds of our exports for the first three months of 1925 were purchased by Europe—a far greater proportion than she has taken since the buying orgy of 1919. This European demand was reflected in our heavy exports of cotton, wheat, petroleum products, copper, lead, zinc, oil and coal, machinery and many other lines."

The leading export commodity was raw cotton, with automobiles second. Exports of wheat stood third in the list, and fourth in rank was the petroleum group.

The report continues: "The increasing importance and stability of our export trade is demonstrated by the fact that since the days of the inflated values of 1918, 1920 and the first part of 1921 steady gains, year by year, with no setback, have been made in 15 out of 50 of our principal export commodities. This class consists of raw cotton, automobiles, refined copper, lead, wheat flour, agricultural machinery, hams and shoulders, and fast oil, fish, brass and bronze, printed matter, medicinal and pharmaceuticals, paraffin wax, typewriters, paints, pianos and various other lines."

"Two items only have shown a tendency to keep the downward grade—cigarettes (China is our big market) and fertilizers."

WHY BRYAN QUIT

William Jennings Bryan quit the Wilson cabinet in 1915 because of his "passionate love for peace," William Gibbs McAdoo declared at Hollywood Sunday.

The former secretary of the treasury paid huge tribute to the dead Congressman in a memorial service attended by thousands.

"Mr. Bryan was thoroughly misunderstood by great numbers of his fellow-countrymen," McAdoo said.

"It was his passionate love for peace and his belief that the steps which the administration felt bound to take with respect to Germany in 1915 might lead to war that moved him to resign as secretary of state."

"President Wilson and Mr. Bryan were animated by precisely the same purpose—their differences were merely of opinion as to the best method of accomplishing this end."

A big crop year this will do more than Mr. Brookhart and Mr. Magnus Johnson ever dreamed of doing, to help the agricultural situation.

County Schools Get Half Million Dollars

State school money in the amount of \$557,456 will be apportioned to Orange county schools during the school year of 1925-26, according to advices received today by R. P. Mitchell, county superintendent of schools, from Will C. Wood, state superintendent of public instruction.

The total sum allowed this county is distributed as follows:

- Elementary school, \$409,623.50.
- High schools, \$111,433.
- Junior college, \$32,400.

Of the total amount set aside for junior colleges, Santa Ana will receive \$120,200 and Fullerton \$14,200.

Under the provisions of the California school law, the county board of supervisors must apportion a corresponding amount of county money for the maintenance of elementary schools, and double the amount for support of high schools and junior colleges.

Maybe the Washington clerk who struck the words "so help me God" from his oath of office knew that he didn't deserve any assistance from that quarter.

INCREASE Your Business Not by Earning More but by Better Spending

MANY a man who is earning but \$4,000 a year lives as well, or perhaps better, than the man who is earning \$6,000. How does he do it?

He does it by judicious spending! He makes every dollar buy a dollar's worth . . . and oftentimes more. He does not buy by impulse! He exercises care and judgment in weighing values . . . he is constantly alert as to where his money can be spent to best advantage. Thus he secures more real value for his money than his most affluent friend—the \$6,000 man.

The knack of saving money is easily acquired. Saving does not always mean banking it.

You can buy as well as sell at a profit.

And buying at a profit means a saving! Accordingly, the man who buys intelligently . . . increases his income . . . not by earning more . . . but by better spending.

To buy intelligently is to heed newspaper advertising! Newspaper advertising . . . that never-ending, omnipresent review of the marketing of the world's commodities!

The advertising columns of this newspaper are sound, practical lessons in plain, everyday economy. Not far-fetched theories in high-flown phrases . . . but simple, self-evident facts that point the shortest route to real present-day thrift.

No matter what your income may be—more or less than \$4,000—you can earn more by better spending; by watching . . . every week . . . the advertising in this newspaper.

KNOWING HOW TO BUY IS MERELY KNOWING WHERE!

Friday and Saturday Millinery Specials

STRAW AND SILK HATS . . . \$1.00
Limited Number

ALL SATIN AND FELT HATS . . . \$3.50
Values to \$10.00

ANNOUNCING
Fall Showing of Velvet, Silk and Velvet Combinations and All New Materials and Colors for the Coming Season!

Mr. Stephen Kistler is now owner of the Parisian Millinery, formerly owned by Mrs. Churchill. He will be more than glad to meet all his old acquaintances at his new place of business, and make many new friends as well. He maintains that it is just as human to trim hats as it was wedding cakes. He owned and operated the first bakery and soda fountain in Anaheim, over 25 years ago.

Parisian Millinery

209 East Center Street

Anaheim, California

Orange County Adds To Paved Highways

Good Work Reported During the Past Year

Fourteen miles of new paved road were constructed in Orange county during the last year. In addition to this new paving, more than four miles of road were thickened or widened. All of the new paving was done under assignment districts and county aid, while the work of remodeling the old highways was financed by special bond issues.

The longest stretch of new road built last year by the department was on West Seventeenth street. Five miles of concrete paving were laid in this job. North street, northeast of Anaheim, is another new concrete road which was built in the last year. It is a mile in length.

Tustin avenue and Santa Clara avenue also were paved with asphalt concrete to the width of 16 and 18 feet, respectively. The Buena Park road and Placentia street were among the larger contracts let during the year. Fairview avenue and the Hansen road add more than two miles to the county's paved highways.

Increased traffic necessitated the widening of 8000 feet of Santa Ana canyon highway from 16 to a 16-foot thoroughfare. Likewise, the Santiago boulevard was widened for a length of nearly two-thirds of a mile. Verano street, which approaches Garden Grove from the south, was one of the roads exposed to heavy traffic and required thickening.

All the construction work was done under contract. Two inspectors from the county road department being kept busy most of the time. About the same amount of concrete and asphaltic concrete was laid last year. Although authorities disagree as to just what the best all-around paving material, concrete is the favorite material.

According to J. L. McBride, county engineer, the concrete pavement constructed this year will not have the objectionable feature of rough tar connections. Those, he says, although they may be only a quarter or an eighth of an inch above the surface of the concrete, are sufficient to make heavy wheels bounce over them and damage the pavement on the further side. Inspectors have been instructed to disallow any rough connections in this county.

All the roads constructed by the county are financed by a segregated budget, which provides for the maintenance of the main strip paving itself, and also the "shoulder." This term, in road department parlance, means the curb or the concrete or dirt binding at the edge of the paved way. The "shoulder," no matter how it may be built, will eventually require additional attention and maintenance, and it is remembered in the road budget.

Hundreds of men were employed in the construction of roads in Orange county last year. The new road-building program, as embodied in the plans of the supervisors, will be availed with interest, one county official said today. "It may be more than 14 million next year," he said. The road budget, as formulated by Engineer McBride, was presented to the board of supervisors last week.

Rubber Factory at Huntington Beach

A step toward redemption of the American rubber market will be taken with the start of active operations by the Rubber Products Company of America at Huntington Beach, according to W. H. Yetman, president of the corporation.

Yetman, who spoke before the Chamber of Commerce recently, declared that his company is entirely financed and will start operations at once. That the process used by the company in reclaiming old rubber from worn-out tires and other rubber goods will revolutionize the rubber industry and allow the United States to combat the British prices until American rubber plantations are producing, was the declaration of Yetman.

The process as followed by the company utilizes every piece of old tire or rubber article. By a secret operation, the rubber is removed from the tire and is given almost as much life as originally, it is said.

The success of the plant will demonstrate to other people that the thing is feasible, and it will not be long before many plants of a similar nature will be operating throughout the country, Yetman says. There is already enough rubber in the United States to last for many years, if the old tires are used, he claims.

Santa Ana River Survey Wise Move

Some opposition developed to the appropriation of funds by the counties of Riverside, San Bernardino and Orange to match the state allotment of funds for a study of the problems of flood control and water conservation in the Santa Ana river on the ground that the action would commit the counties to a program of far-reaching magnitude. As the Riverside Press views the situation, that is the best safeguard for action. It would be foolish to spend \$50,000 of state and county money for surveys, investigations, and the formulation of plans unless this is to lead somewhere. Just where it will lead, we cannot tell now; but it ought to lead to a comprehensive program of improvement extending over a period of years, financed by the state, the federal government and the three counties interested, probably by a bond issue.

The Santa Ana watershed is the largest and most important in Southern California; and the water supply of three of the richest and most important counties in the state—San Bernardino, Riverside and Orange—comes largely from that source. By co-operation on the part of the three counties some important work has already been done by surveys, by the construction of diversion and water-sinking works on the debris

cone where the river breaks out into the valley, and by the construction of check dams in the mountains. The irrigation reforestation committee and the conservation committee under the leadership of Francis Cuttle, have pioneered in this good work; but in view of the tremendous importance of the waters of the river and the growing value of all water supply in Southern California, the time has come when the problem should be tackled by state and, if possible, by federal agencies.

We have not had occasion to worry much about floods in Southern California for several years; but a cycle of wet winters will come again, and then the problem of flood control will be vital. The problem of irrigation and a domestic water supply is more urgent. The water plans almost all over Southern California are being lowered by increased pumping and insufficient rainfall, and looking to the future, we can only hope to maintain the supply needed for our present population and for that which we should and can have by means of extensive conservation works. That fact may be well becafe frankly out into the valley, and by the construction of check dams in the mountains. The irrigation reforestation committee and the conservation committee under the leadership of Francis Cuttle, have pioneered in this good work; but in view of the tremendous importance of the waters of the river and the growing value of all water supply in Southern California, the time has come when the problem should be tackled by state and, if possible, by federal agencies.

It will no doubt cost the counties of Riverside, San Bernardino and Orange money in the future for water conservation on the Santa Ana river and elsewhere, but our growth checked, we should make the expenditures cheerfully. The preservation of the water supply and development of the future depend on more water, and it is none too soon to say that we are in a bad way.

That is what we are doing by the appropriation of \$25,000, and we should face the fact cheerfully that this is only the beginning.—Riverside Press.

Automobile Notes

Although the motorists of the country paid nearly \$50,000,000 during 1924 in the form of gasoline tax, it is estimated that the amount will approximate \$100,000,000 in 1925. Thirty-five of the 48 states and the District of Columbia imposed taxes last year ranging from 1 to 4 cents a gallon. Arkansas was the only state having the 4-cent tax last year, but this year is joined by North Carolina, which raised its tax from 2 to 4 cents.

The increase in the total amount to be paid in gasoline taxes by motorists this year is indicated by Kansas and Michigan adopting a 2-cent levy. North Carolina and Tennessee raising their levies 1 cent a gallon, and Wyoming 1½ cents.

In the figures for the year submitted by the bureau of public roads of the United States Department of Agriculture, it is shown that California, with its 2-cent tax, leads all other states in the amount collected from motorists, with \$11,892,826. The only other state approximating this huge sum is Pennsylvania, which collects over \$9,000,000 from a 2-cent tax. The next in line is Indiana, with less than \$5,000,000 and North Carolina with \$1,500,000.

These figures are all of interest to Californians in view of the increase made by the last legislature to attempt the gasoline tax 10 per cent, which move was strenuously opposed by the Automobile Club of Southern California, on the ground that a sufficient amount for maintenance purposes was already being raised by the gasoline tax, and it was wrong to tax the motorist for new construction as was proposed.

It is interesting to note that several great states have made exceptional progress in highway building have never resorted to the gas tax. These include New York, leading all states in paved road mileage, Illinois, Ohio and Massachusetts.

Forest fires of human origin in the national forests so far this season have shown a material decrease over last year, according to reports received by the Automobile Club of Southern California, which has been among the active organizations in its campaign to prevent these disastrous seasonal calamities.

Up to July last year there were 554 fires in the national reserves attributed to human carelessness. This year there have been only 176 on this class of fires up to July, and it is hoped to keep the fires at a minimum.

According to Paul G. Redington, district forester, the results reflect the excellent co-operation those who are responsible for the protection of the forests are getting from the users of these federal playgrounds. He points out, however, that the worst part of the season is still ahead, as August and September usually are the most critical fire months. It is urged that all campers, hunters and other visitors in the national forests will exercise every precaution in preventing fires.

BADGERS TO PICNIC

All who ever lived in Wisconsin are invited to meet for the great picnic reunion all day Saturday, August 23, 1925, in Sycamore Grove Park, Los Angeles. Come as early as you can and spend the day with friends. Registers and headquarters for each county will help you find the old neighbors, even with 10,000 present.

There will be a brief program opening at 2 o'clock, but the main purpose will be to have a good time. All the tourists and visitors from the old home state are wanted, as well as those who are making this their greatest picnic. Coffee will be served free to all who buy the silk souvenir badges. Each one who learns of this picnic is asked to pass the word along. Further information may be had of C. H. Parsons, secretary of the Federation of State Societies, Continental National Bank, 901 S. Main street, Trinity 3511.

Committee Surveys Santa Ana Channel

Gathering Data for Conservation Campaign

Responding to J. W. Newell's call to action which will be found on another page of this paper, an independent examination of the river has been started by a group of prominent private citizens.

The group, operating apart from official investigation, seeks to educate the general public to needs and possibilities of water conservation, and has the incidental purpose, it is said, of placing Francis E. Cuttle of Riverside at the head of whatever work is undertaken.

A party of 17 conservationists, including Horace C. Head of Santa Ana, H. H. Hale, William Birkenstock, John Tufree and J. W. Newell of Placentia, and others, traversed the territory from Santa Ana canyon to Riverside last week, gathering data for their campaign.

The party followed the water course and the Santa Ana river, gathering data on the water supply, the water sources, and was met at Riverside by Cuttle, who conducted them over the territory, explaining salient features of the watershed that controls the water supply of this section of the state, including San Bernardino. This watershed, it is said, is larger in area than the water supply of Los Angeles.

J. W. Newell, a leader in the movement, commented upon plans of the group interested. The survey is in no way connected with the co-operative survey just financed by the three counties and the state, he said.

"Most of us are members of the tri-counties reforestation committee, who have been interested in this work for some time and have noted the serious lowering of water levels," said Newell. "We realize that something must be done to protect the future of this territory, and our chief purpose is to educate the general public to the necessity it is facing. Those of us professionals and in every walk of life must be made to realize that their own personal future here is linked up inevitably to the future water supply for irrigation, for industry and for domestic use."

"We know that our officials understand the need and are ready to act. It is our purpose to make the entire citizenship understand."

Newell declared that it was, likewise, the aim of his group to have Cuttle placed in charge of whatever development program the three counties might eventually undertake.

Cuttle, who is chairman of the tri-counties reforestation committee and has led the organization's activities for many years, is the logical selection for the place, Newell believes.

Life is a practical conservationist and knows this territory, its problems and its watersheds better than any other leader. He has been devoting himself unselfishly to it for 30 years," said Newell.

His excuse that he was intoxicated when he entered a house in Anaheim and stole a coat and vest was not the reason why G. Bustillos, Los Angeles Mexican, got probation Friday from Superior Judge Z. B. West.

Judge West made that plain when he sentenced Bustillos to not less than five years in San Quentin and then suspended execution of judgment for five years.

"This excuse of being drunk when committing crime runs off me like water," a judge's back," remarked the court. "However, I am going to grant probation in this case."

Bustillos was given to understand that during the five years of probation he must walk an exceedingly straight and narrow path, neither touching a drop of liquor nor violating any law of any city, county, state or the nation.

He must report to Probation Officer L. A. Warren every three months during the first two years, and less often thereafter. His movements are circumscribed to the seven southern counties of the state.

The first sign you make will send you to San Quentin for not less than five years and possibly for life," Judge West told Bustillos.

the cool summer way

Santa Fe

Through the Arizona, New Mexico and Colorado Rockies. You are a mile or more from the sky most of the way.

daily back East Acursions

—to principal points in United States and Canada at reduced round trip fares. See Grand Canyon National Park en route.

Santa Fe Ticket Office and Travel Bureau

C. A. WALKER, Agent
Santa Fe Station
Phone 217

NOTICE OF SALE OF REAL PROPERTY BY TRUSTEES UNDER DEED OF TRUST

WHEREAS, Herman P. Noll and Nana J. Noll, his wife, as trustees, did, on the 2nd day of February, 1924, execute of the certain deed of trust, dated February 2nd, 1924, of the Abstract & Title Guaranty Company, a corporation, as trustee, for the benefit and security of The Anaheim National Bank, a corporation, as beneficiary, to secure the payment of a certain promissory note dated February 2nd, 1924, made by Herman P. Noll and Nana J. Noll, his wife, for the sum of Sixty-two Hundred Dollars (\$62,000), due one year after date, with interest from March 11th, 1924, until paid, at the rate of eight per cent per annum, payable quarterly, and if not so paid to be compounded quarterly, which said deed of trust was recorded on the 22nd day of March, 1924, in Book 517 of Deeds, at page 112, Orange County Records, and the following described property, to-wit: Lot 6 in Block "A" of the Zepa Trust Annex, in the City of Anaheim, County of Orange, State of California, as per map thereof recorded in Book 2, page 5 of Miscellaneous Maps, Records of Orange County, California.

Subject to all conditions and reservations contained in the deed from Meta Sophie Dorothea Zepa, et al. to Herman P. Noll, recorded in Book 345, at page 28 of Deeds,

Records of Orange County, California. And WHEREAS, a breach of default under the terms of said deed of trust and under the terms of said note occurred, in that the payment of interest due as above called for on June 11th, 1924, and all payments due subsequently thereto have not been paid; and

WHEREAS, the said The Anaheim National Bank did, on the 8th day of May, 1925, declare the said sum of principal and interest of said note and all other sums secured by said deed of trust immediately due and payable, and did, on the 9th day of May, 1925, execute a written declaration of the above mentioned default under the terms of said note and under the provisions of said Deed of Trust, and on the said 9th day of May, 1925, did make demand in writing that the said Abstract & Title Guaranty Company sell the real property described in said Deed of Trust, under the terms thereof and in the manner therein specified to accomplish the objects of the trust created by said Deed of Trust, and on the said 9th day of May, 1925, delivered the said declaration of default and demand for sale to said Abstract & Title Guaranty Company;

WHEREAS, said Abstract & Title Guaranty Company thereupon, on the 11th day of May, 1925, did record in the office of the Recorder of the said County of Orange, State of California, a notice of the above mentioned breach and default in the payment of the said interest due under the terms of said note, and notice of the election of the said The Anaheim National Bank to sell the property described in said Deed of Trust after three months shall have elapsed following the recording of said notice to satisfy the obligations evidenced by said note and secured by said Deed of Trust; and

WHEREAS, more than three months have now elapsed since the recording of said notice and the sums and obligations secured by said Deed of Trust remain unpaid;

NOW THEREFORE, pursuant to said notice recorded May 11th, 1925, and to said demand dated May 8th, 1925, and in accordance with the terms and under the authority of the hereinbefore mentioned Deed of Trust,

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the Abstract & Title Guaranty Company will on Tuesday, the 8th day of September, 1925, at the hour of ten o'clock, A. M. of said day, at the South front door of the Orange County Courthouse, in the City of Santa Ana, County of Orange, State of California, by virtue of the authority vested in it as trustee, sell at public auction to the highest bidder for cash, lawful money of the United States, all of the real property described in said Deed of Trust and hereinbefore described.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the Abstract & Title Guaranty Company has hereunto caused its corporate name to be signed and its corporate seal to be

Records of Orange County, California.

And WHEREAS, a breach of default under the terms of said deed of trust and under the terms of said note occurred, in that the payment of interest due as above called for on June 11th, 1924, and all payments due subsequently thereto have not been paid; and

WHEREAS, the said The Anaheim National Bank did, on the 8th day of May, 1925, declare the said sum of principal and interest of said note and all other sums secured by said deed of trust immediately due and payable, and did, on the 9th day of May, 1925, execute a written declaration of the above mentioned default under the terms of said note and under the provisions of said Deed of Trust, and on the said 9th day of May, 1925, did make demand in writing that the said Abstract & Title Guaranty Company sell the real property described in said Deed of Trust, under the terms thereof and in the manner therein specified to accomplish the objects of the trust created by said Deed of Trust, and on the said 9th day of May, 1925, delivered the said declaration of default and demand for sale to said Abstract & Title Guaranty Company;

WHEREAS, said Abstract & Title Guaranty Company thereupon, on the 11th day of May, 1925, did record in the office of the Recorder of the said County of Orange, State of California, a notice of the above mentioned breach and default in the payment of the said interest due under the terms of said note, and notice of the election of the said The Anaheim National Bank to sell the property described in said Deed of Trust after three months shall have elapsed following the recording of said notice to satisfy the obligations evidenced by said note and secured by said Deed of Trust; and

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IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the Abstract & Title Guaranty Company has hereunto caused its corporate name to be signed and its corporate seal to be

affixed by its president and assistant secretary thereof duly authorized by resolution of its Board of Directors this 12th day of August, 1925.

Abstract & Title Guaranty Company.
By C. D. BALL, President.
By R. A. KLOESS, Asst. Secretary.

8-12-25

Preparing to Tour Western Canada

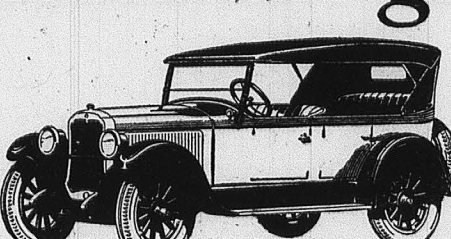
Further details of the proposed tour of western Canada this fall by a delegation from Orange county were discussed at a special meeting of the South Coast Association, Friday, in the Newport Harbor Yacht Club.

It was decided that the greatest value of the trip would be gained if each community of Orange county sends delegates. Already several communities have given assurance that they will have representatives on the tour.

The delegation of 25 in to be divided into small committees to take care of specific duties connected with the trip. During a two weeks' period the party is to stop at 14 Canadian cities, according to plan.

The trip promises to be one of the best advertising features ever attempted for Orange county; it is said. Arrangements are to be made for conferences, radio talks and luncheon club addresses by the delegates.

Thousands Agree



TOURING '875

Oldsmobile outclasses its field in

Greater Beauty -- Finer Performance Lower Price!

Not one -- But All Three

Seldom have motorists paid so whole-hearted a tribute to any newly announced motor car! The thousands who have seen and driven the new Oldsmobile praise the smartened appearance, the swifter acceleration, greater economy and more impressive roadability that have been achieved despite sharply reduced prices. Until you actually drive this newest Oldsmobile, you cannot realize how emphatically it offers those basic qualities that have heretofore been obtainable only in higher priced cars. Make the arrangements today.

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